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TRAVELERS CASUALTY AND SURETY COMPANY OF AMERICA



TRAVELERS CASUALTY AND SURETY COMPANY OF AMERICA

Annual Audited Statutory Financial Statements

December 31, 2025 and 2024

(With Independent Auditors' Report Thereon)

TRAVELERS CASUALTY AND SURETY COMPANY OF AMERICA

Annual Audited Statutory Financial Statements

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KPMG LLP
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Independent Auditors' Report

Audit Committee of the Board of Directors
Travelers Casualty and Surety Company of America:

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of Travelers Casualty and Surety Company of America (the Company), which comprise the statutory balance sheet as of December 31, 2025 and 2024, and the related statutory statements of income, changes in capital and surplus, and cash flow for the years then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

Unmodified Opinion on Statutory Basis of Accounting

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the admitted assets, liabilities, and surplus of the Company as of December 31, 2025 and 2024, and the results of its operations and its cash flow for the years then ended in accordance with accounting practices prescribed or permitted by the Connecticut Insurance Department described in Note 2.

Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

In our opinion, because of the significance of the matter discussed in the Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles section of our report, the financial statements do not present fairly, in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles, the financial position of the Company as of December 31, 2025 and 2024, or the results of its operations or its cash flows for the years then ended.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Company and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audits. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

As described in Note 2 to the financial statements, the financial statements are prepared by the Company using accounting practices prescribed or permitted by the Connecticut Insurance Department, which is a basis of accounting other than U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. Accordingly, the financial statements are not intended to be presented in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. The effects on the financial statements of the variances between the statutory accounting practices described in Note 2 and U.S. generally accepted accounting principles, although not reasonably determinable, are presumed to be material and pervasive.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting practices prescribed or permitted by the Connecticut Insurance Department. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation

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and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern for one year after the date that the financial statements are issued.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

Supplementary Information

Our audits were conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements as a whole. The supplementary information included in the Summary Investment Schedule, Supplemental Investment Risks Interrogatories, and Property and Casualty Interrogatories Relating to Reinsurance is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements but is supplementary information required by the Connecticut Insurance Department. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audits of the

financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with GAAS. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

KPMG LLP

Minneapolis, Minnesota
April 16, 2026

TRAVELERS CASUALTY AND SURETY COMPANY OF AMERICA
Statutory Balance Sheet

(At December 31, in thousands)	2025	2024
Assets		
Bonds	$ 5,600,841	$ 5,367,684
Common stocks	117,962	99,502
Cash and cash equivalents	107,398	69,690
Other invested assets	10,608	9,970
Securities lending reinvested collateral assets	12,318	30,994
Total cash and invested assets	5,849,127	5,577,840
Investment income due and accrued	51,295	45,631
Uncollected premiums and agents' balances in course of collection	142,110	139,585
Deferred premiums, agents' balances and installments booked but deferred and not yet due	212,789	206,432
Reinsurance - Amounts recoverable from reinsurers	50,419	62,035
Reinsurance - Funds held by or deposited with reinsured companies	54	208
Net deferred tax asset	85,065	78,279
Guaranty funds receivable or on deposit	2,300	2,149
Aggregate write-ins for other-than-invested assets	15,213	16,500
Total assets	$ 6,408,372	$ 6,128,659
Liabilities		
Losses	$ 1,735,140	$ 1,648,832
Reinsurance payable on paid losses and loss adjustment expenses	358	15,148
Loss adjustment expenses	175,171	169,493
Commissions payable, contingent commissions and other similar charges	65,061	62,361
Other expenses	72,968	69,184
Taxes, licenses and fees	15,442	16,312
Current federal and foreign income taxes	7,061	7,102
Unearned premiums	1,749,236	1,647,965
Advance premium	4,095	3,971
Dividends declared and unpaid - Policyholders	31,471	26,973
Ceded reinsurance premiums payable	44,766	57,879
Amounts withheld or retained by company for account of others	15,641	17,072
Remittances and items not allocated	5,777	10,456
Provision for reinsurance	12,101	8,747
Payable to parent, subsidiaries and affiliates	90,391	79,937
Payable for securities lending	12,318	30,994
Aggregate write-ins for liabilities	485	600
Total liabilities	4,037,482	3,873,026
Surplus as regards policyholders		
Common capital stock	6,480	6,480
Gross paid in and contributed surplus	433,804	433,804
Unassigned funds (surplus)	1,930,606	1,815,349
Total surplus as regards policyholders	2,370,890	2,255,633
Total liabilities and surplus as regards policyholders	$ 6,408,372	$ 6,128,659

See Notes to Statutory Financial Statements

TRAVELERS CASUALTY AND SURETY COMPANY OF AMERICA
Statutory Statement of Income

(For the year ended December 31, in thousands)	2025	2024
Underwriting Income		
Premiums earned	$ 2,423,623	$ 2,345,143
Losses incurred	696,952	719,233
Loss adjustment expenses incurred	86,937	98,393
Other underwriting expenses incurred	1,013,844	990,563
Net underwriting gain	625,890	536,954
Investment Income		
Net investment income earned	222,490	198,857
Net realized capital losses [net of tax of $(1,634) in 2025 and $(1,032) in 2024]	(1,878)	(4,780)
Net investment gain	220,612	194,077
Other Income		
Net loss from agents' or premium balances charged off	(1,866)	(2,496)
Finance and service charges not included in premiums	740	660
Aggregate write-ins for miscellaneous expense	(2,221)	(2,034)
Total other expense	(3,347)	(3,870)
Net income before dividends to policyholders, after capital gains tax and before all other federal and foreign income taxes	843,155	727,161
Dividends to policyholders	15,274	13,336
Federal and foreign income taxes incurred	173,413	152,500
Net income	$ 654,468	$ 561,325

Statutory Statement of Changes in Capital and Surplus

(For the year ended December 31, in thousands)	2025	2024
Surplus as regards policyholders - December 31, prior year	$ 2,255,633	$ 2,318,235
Net income	654,468	561,325
Change in net unrealized capital gains or (losses)	15,538	(9,483)
Change in net unrealized foreign exchange capital gain (loss)	55	(28)
Change in net deferred income tax	7,452	10,150
Change in nonadmitted assets	2,098	(8,711)
Change in provision for reinsurance	(3,354)	1,145
Dividends to stockholder (cash)	(561,000)	(617,000)
Change in surplus as regards policyholders for the year	115,257	(62,602)
Surplus as regards policyholders - December 31, current year	$ 2,370,890	$ 2,255,633

See Notes to Statutory Financial Statements

TRAVELERS CASUALTY AND SURETY COMPANY OF AMERICA
Statutory Statement of Cash Flow

(For the year ended December 31, in thousands)	2025	2024
Cash from Operations		
Premiums collected net of reinsurance	$ 2,502,611	$ 2,447,052
Net investment income	215,460	195,171
Miscellaneous expense	(3,347)	(3,870)
Total	2,714,724	2,638,353
Benefit and loss related payments	613,664	584,281
Commissions, expenses paid and aggregate write-ins for deductions	1,091,141	1,045,088
Dividends paid to policyholders	10,776	7,752
Federal and foreign income taxes paid	171,820	149,666
Total	1,887,401	1,786,787
Net cash provided by operations	827,323	851,566
Cash from Investments		
Proceeds from investments sold, matured or repaid:		
Bonds	648,799	628,755
Stocks	-	11,000
Miscellaneous proceeds	18,676	-
Total investment proceeds	667,475	639,755
Cost of investments acquired:		
Bonds	881,456	895,663
Other invested assets	1,473	2,956
Miscellaneous applications	-	17,660
Total investments acquired	882,929	916,279
Net cash used in investments	(215,454)	(276,524)
Cash from Financing and Miscellaneous Sources		
Cash provided (applied):		
Dividends to stockholder	(561,000)	(617,000)
Other cash provided (applied)	(13,161)	81,106
Net cash used in financing and miscellaneous sources	(574,161)	(535,894)
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	37,708	39,148
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning of year	69,690	30,542
Cash and cash equivalents - end of year	$ 107,398	$ 69,690

See Notes to Statutory Financial Statements

1. ORGANIZATION

Travelers Casualty and Surety Company of America (the Company) is a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Travelers Casualty and Surety Company (TCS), which in turn is an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of The Travelers Companies, Inc. (TRV).

The following depicts via indentations, the relationship of the Company at December 31, 2025 to TRV, a publicly traded insurance holding company:

The Travelers Companies, Inc.
Travelers Property Casualty Corp.
Travelers Insurance Group Holdings Inc.
Travelers Casualty and Surety Company
Travelers Casualty and Surety Company of America

The Company is a stock property-casualty insurer licensed to write business in 50 states, the District of Columbia, Guam, Puerto Rico, American Samoa and the U.S. Virgin Islands. The Company offers surety, fidelity, management liability, professional liability, and other property and casualty coverages and related risk management services to a wide range of primarily domestic customers, utilizing various degrees of financially-based underwriting approaches. The range of coverages includes performance, payment and commercial surety bonds for construction and general commercial enterprises; management liability coverages including directors' and officers' liability, employment practices liability, fidelity liability, fiduciary liability and cyber risk for private companies and not-for-profit organizations (collectively referred to as Bond).

The Company primarily writes Bond business; however, similar non-Bond management and professional liability business for other customer segments including financial institutions, public companies and certain professionals including, among others, lawyers and design professionals is also written in the Company on a direct basis. Bond business is isolated on a net basis through the Company's participation in a cross-business reinsurance agreement with certain other property-casualty insurance subsidiaries of TRV. Under the terms of this agreement, all non-Bond business written by the Company is reinsured through The Travelers Indemnity Company (Indemnity) and its Pooled Affiliates (together referred to as the "TRV Reinsurance Pool"), and substantially all Bond business written by certain TRV Reinsurance Pool participants is reinsured through the Company.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. The Company prepares its statutory financial statements in conformity with the accounting practices prescribed or permitted by the State of Connecticut Insurance Department. Insurance companies domiciled in Connecticut are required to prepare their statutory basis financial statements in accordance with the National Association of Insurance Commissioners (NAIC) *Accounting Practices and Procedures Manual*, subject to any deviations prescribed or permitted by the Connecticut Insurance Commissioner. The Company does not apply any statutory accounting practices that would be considered a permitted practice in its financial statements.

B. The preparation of financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of certain assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and losses and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

C. Statutory accounting practices differ in certain respects from U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP). The items of greatest significance are as follows:

Nonadmitted Assets: Certain assets are designated as nonadmitted, including uncollected agents' balances over 90 days past due and some or all of deferred tax assets. Nonadmitted assets are excluded from the statutory balance sheet and changes in such amounts are charged or credited directly to unassigned funds, a component of surplus as regards policyholders (policyholders' surplus).

Policy Acquisition Costs: The costs of acquiring both new and renewal insurance business are charged to income as incurred. Under GAAP, such costs are deferred and amortized on a pro rata basis over the contract periods in which the related premiums are earned.

Reinsurance: Reserves for losses, loss adjustment expenses (LAE) and unearned premiums ceded to reinsurers have been reported as reductions of the related reserves rather than as assets as required by GAAP.

Under statutory accounting, a liability is established for unsecured unauthorized reinsurance and overdue authorized reinsurance recoverables. Under GAAP, the reinsurance recoverable asset is reported net of an allowance for estimated uncollectible reinsurance recoverables.

Structured Settlements: Structured settlements for which the Company has not obtained a release from the claimant are disclosed as a contingent liability and not recorded as part of loss reserves provided the annuity is purchased to fund a periodic fixed payment and the claimant is the payee. For GAAP, such structured settlements are included in reinsurance recoverables and the related claim cost is included in the estimated liability for claims and claim adjustment expenses.

Investments: Under GAAP, bonds are categorized based on positive intent as "trading securities" (reported at fair value, with changes in fair value reported in earnings), "available for sale" securities (reported at fair value, with changes in fair value reported in equity), or "held to maturity" securities (reported at amortized cost). Under statutory reporting, bonds are valued according to statutory requirements as described in Note 3A.

Deferred Tax Assets: Under statutory accounting practices, gross deferred tax assets are admitted subject to certain restrictions. The change in net deferred income tax is reported as a charge or credit directly to unassigned funds. Under GAAP, this change is reported as an adjustment to income.

Pensions: Pension expense for Consolidated/Holding Company Plans for which the reporting entity has no legal liability is based on an allocation of the required contributions to the plan. Under GAAP, pension expense is determined in accordance with ASC 715, *Retirement Benefits.*

D. Other significant statutory accounting policies are as follows:

Premiums are recognized as revenues over the period of the contract in proportion to the amount of insurance protection provided, which is generally pro rata over the policy period. Unearned premium reserves represent the unexpired portion of policy premiums, net of reinsurance.

Realized investment gains and losses are included as a component of net income based upon specific identification of the investments sold on the trade date net of capital gains tax. Impairments are charged directly to net realized capital gains (losses) and are determined based on the continual review of investment portfolio valuations.

Unrealized investment gains and losses, net of deferred taxes, are credited or charged directly to unassigned funds.

Amounts recoverable from reinsurers are estimated in a manner consistent with the loss liability associated with the reinsured business. The Company evaluates and monitors the financial condition of its reinsurers under voluntary reinsurance arrangements to minimize its exposure to significant losses from reinsurer insolvencies.

The provision for federal income taxes is comprised of two components: current income taxes and deferred income taxes. Deferred federal income taxes arise from changes during the year in cumulative temporary differences between the statutory basis and tax basis of assets and liabilities. Gross deferred tax assets are reduced by a statutory valuation allowance adjustment if, based on the weight of available evidence, it is more likely than not that some portion or all of the gross deferred tax assets will not be realized.

The Company utilizes anticipated investment income as a factor in the premium deficiency calculation.

Property-casualty reserves are established for loss and LAE and represent management's estimate of the ultimate cost of all unpaid reported and unreported claims incurred and related expenses. In establishing loss and LAE reserves, the Company also takes into account estimated recoveries, reinsurance, salvage and subrogation. The loss and LAE reserves are reviewed regularly by qualified actuaries employed by the Company. The Company continually refines its loss and LAE reserve estimates in a regular ongoing process as historical loss experience develops and additional claims are reported and settled. Because establishment of loss and LAE reserves is an inherently uncertain process involving estimates, currently established reserves may change. The Company reflects adjustments to loss and LAE reserves in the period in which the estimates change. Such changes in estimates could occur in a future period and may be material to the Company's net income in such period.

The Company does not have any discounted loss or LAE liabilities.

Invested assets are valued according to statutory requirements and the bases of valuation adopted by the NAIC as follows:

Cash equivalents consist of the Company's share of the Travelers Money Market Liquidity Pool (TRVMMLP). See Note 3I.

Bonds, consisting of issuer credit obligations (ICO) and asset-backed securities (ABS), are generally stated at amortized cost, except bonds that are defined by the NAIC as non-investment grade (NAIC designation 3-6), which are stated at the lower of amortized cost or fair value. Amortization is calculated using the constant yield method. For a discussion of the adjustment methodology for ABS, see Note 3B.

The Company's subsidiary investment in common stock is based on the net worth of the entity, determined in accordance with statutory accounting valuation methods. Dividends received from the subsidiary are recorded as net investment income and undistributed net income is recorded as net unrealized capital gains or (losses). At December 31, 2025 and 2024, the carrying value of the Company's subsidiary investment was $118.0 million and $99.5 million, respectively.

The Company's investments in partnerships, joint ventures and limited liability companies are reported using the equity method of accounting, determined in accordance with statutory accounting valuation methods. Distributions of accumulated earnings received from these investments are recorded as net investment income earned and undistributed net income is recorded as net unrealized capital gains or (losses).

The Company has investments in "Other invested assets" that generate certain federal and state tax credits which are used to offset federal taxes and state premium taxes. These investments are amortized as the tax credits are utilized. See Note 3E for additional detail.

E. Noncash Investing and Financing Activities:

The following items were excluded from the Statutory Statement of Cash Flow:

During 2025 and 2024, the Company exchanged bonds valued at $0.8 million and $2.0 million, respectively.

Other noncash activity in 2025 and 2024 was not significant.

F. Accounting Changes:

The NAIC adopted substantive revisions to the guidance in SSAP No. 26, *Bonds* (SSAP No. 26) to include a principles-based definition of a bond, to be applied prospectively beginning January 1, 2025. Investments that qualify as an ICO under the new guidance shall follow the accounting guidance of SSAP No. 26; investments that qualify as an ABS shall follow the accounting guidance in SSAP No. 43, *Asset-Backed*

Securities (SSAP No. 43). Investments that do not qualify as either an ICO or an ABS shall be reclassified from "Bonds" to the appropriate investment type. The adoption of the new guidance had no effect on the Company's surplus, results of operations, financial position or liquidity.

3. INVESTMENTS

As discussed in Note 2F, revisions to SSAP No. 26 and SSAP No. 43 were adopted on a prospective basis effective January 1, 2025. As a result, the Company's bond holdings have been disaggregated into the newly required ICO and ABS categories at December 31, 2025 as follows, and the holdings at December 31, 2024 have not been restated to reflect these new bond categories.

A. Bonds:

Bonds by investment type (in millions):

At December 31, 2025	Carrying Value	Excess of Fair Value Over Carrying Value	Excess of Carrying Value Over Fair Value	Fair Value
Issuer credit obligations:				
U.S. government obligations	$ 127.0	$ 0.7	$ (3.5)	$ 124.2
Non-U.S. sovereign jurisdiction securities	10.0	-	(0.1)	9.9
Municipal bonds - general obligations (direct & guaranteed)	1,451.9	9.3	(83.2)	1,378.0
Municipal bonds - special revenue	498.8	3.1	(21.2)	480.7
Corporate bonds (unaffiliated)	2,313.9	24.1	(69.3)	2,268.7
Other issuer credit obligations (unaffiliated)	1.2	-	(0.1)	1.1
Subtotal - Issuer credit obligations	$ 4,402.8	$ 37.2	$ (177.4)	$ 4,262.6
Asset-backed securities:				
Financial asset-backed securities - Self-liquidating				
Agency RMBS - Guaranteed	$ 116.1	$ 2.5	$ (0.8)	$ 117.8
Agency CMBS - Guaranteed	50.7	0.3	(0.5)	50.5
Agency RMBS - Not/partially guaranteed	698.5	13.5	(2.3)	709.7
Non-agency RMBS (unaffiliated)	222.0	2.7	(5.2)	219.5
Non-agency CMBS (unaffiliated)	80.8	0.1	(3.5)	77.4
Other financial asset-backed securities - Self-liquidating (unaffiliated)	29.9	-	(3.1)	26.8
Subtotal - Asset-backed securities	$ 1,198.0	$ 19.1	$ (15.4)	$ 1,201.7
Total bonds	$ 5,600.8	$ 56.3	$ (192.8)	$ 5,464.3

RMBS – Residential mortgage-backed securities
CMBS – Commercial mortgage-backed securities

At December 31, 2024	Carrying Value	Excess of Fair Value Over Carrying Value	Excess of Carrying Value Over Fair Value	Fair Value
U.S. government and government agencies and authorities	$ 97.5	$ 0.1	$ (5.8)	$ 91.8
All other governments	10.0	-	(0.4)	9.6
States, territories and possessions	33.0	-	(1.9)	31.1
U.S. political subdivisions of states, territories and possessions	1,289.6	1.3	(118.9)	1,172.0
U.S. special revenue and special assessment obligations	535.9	0.4	(29.0)	507.3
Industrial and miscellaneous	2,180.7	3.1	(135.5)	2,048.3
Loan-backed securities	809.9	1.7	(17.6)	794.0
Structured securities	411.1	1.4	(21.9)	390.6
Total bonds	$ 5,367.7	$ 8.0	$ (331.0)	$ 5,044.7

The carrying value of bonds is generally amortized cost, except bonds that are rated by the NAIC as non-investment grade (i.e. NAIC designation 3-6), which are reported at the lower of amortized cost or fair value. Fair value amounts disclosed are generally provided by the Securities Valuation Office (SVO) or, if not available from the SVO, by third party pricing services.

The carrying value and fair value of bonds at December 31, 2025, by maturity are shown below, separating out ICO and ABS. For ABS, expected maturities will differ from contractual maturities because borrowers may have the right to call or prepay obligations with or without call or prepayment penalties.

	Issuer Credit Obligations		Asset-Backed Securities	
(in millions)	Carrying Value	Fair Value	Carrying Value	Fair Value
One year or less	$ 213.5	$ 213.1	$ 158.4	$ 160.0
Over 1 year through 5 years	1,061.0	1,033.9	483.2	484.3
Over 5 years through 10 years	1,579.1	1,543.6	307.7	306.7
Over 10 years	1,549.2	1,472.0	248.7	250.7
Total bonds	$ 4,402.8	$ 4,262.6	$ 1,198.0	$ 1,201.7

Proceeds from sales of ICO were $134.7 million in 2025. Gross gains of $0.7 million thousand and gross losses of $0.9 million were realized on those sales. There were no sales of ABS during 2025.

In 2024, proceeds from sales of bonds were $164.1 million. Gross gains of $0.6 million and gross losses of $1.4 million were realized on those sales.

At December 31, 2025, included in bonds are non-investment grade ICO totaling $4.4 million. At December 31, 2024, investments in non-investment grade bonds were $3.0 million.

Investment income related to prepayment penalties and/or acceleration fees recognized by the Company on ICO and bonds called by various issuers during 2025 and 2024, respectively, was as follows:

	2025	2024
Number of unique CUSIPs	5	5
Aggregate amount of investment income (in thousands)	$ 48	$ 831

B. Asset-Backed Securities:

The effective yield used to determine amortization for ABS is recalculated and adjusted periodically based upon actual historical and/or projected future cash flows, which are obtained from a widely-accepted securities data provider. The adjustments to the yield for highly rated prepayable fixed maturities are accounted for using the retrospective method. The adjustments to the yield for non-highly rated prepayable fixed maturities are accounted for using the prospective method. The Company uses the prospective method for valuing the securities when an other-than-temporary impairment has been recorded.

Fair value amounts disclosed are generally provided by the SVO or, if not available from the SVO, by third party pricing services.

The Company determines an other-than-temporary impairment by utilizing discounted cash flow modeling to determine the present value of the security and comparing the present value with the amortized cost of the security. If the amortized cost is greater than the present value of the expected cash flows, the difference is considered a credit loss and recognized in net realized capital gains (losses). The Company estimates the present value of the security by projecting future cash flows of the assets underlying the securitization, allocating the flows to the various tranches based on the structure of the securitization, and determining the present value of the cash flows using the effective yield of the security at the date of acquisition (or the most recent implied rate used to accrete the security if the implied rate has changed as a result of changes in expected cash flows). The Company incorporates levels of delinquencies, defaults and severities as well as credit attributes of the remaining assets in the securitization, along with other economic data, to arrive at its best estimate of the parameters applied to the assets underlying the securitization.

The Company had no ABS with other-than-temporary impairments recognized in 2025.

C. Concentrations:

At December 31, 2025 and 2024, other than U.S. Treasury securities and obligations of U.S. government and government agencies and authorities, the Company was not exposed to any concentration of credit risk of a single issuer greater than 5% of policyholders' surplus of the Company.

The Company participates in a private liquidity pool maintained by TRV. See Note 7 for discussion.

The Company seeks to mitigate credit risk by actively monitoring the creditworthiness of counterparties, obtaining collateral as deemed appropriate and applying controls that include credit approvals, limits of credit exposure and other monitoring procedures.

D. Other-Than-Temporary Impairment of Certain Securities:

The Company recognizes an impairment loss when an invested asset's value declines below cost, adjusted for accretion, amortization and previous other-than-temporary impairments (new cost basis), and the change is deemed to be other-than-temporary, or if it is determined that the Company will not be able to recover all amounts due pursuant to the issuers' contractual obligations prior to sale or maturity. When the Company determines that an invested asset is other-than-temporarily impaired, the invested asset is written down to fair value for securities

other than ABS, and the amount of the impairment is included in earnings as a realized capital loss. The fair value then becomes the new cost basis of the investment and any subsequent recoveries in fair value are recognized at disposition.

The Company recognizes a realized loss when impairment is deemed to be other-than-temporary even if a decision to sell an invested asset has not been made. When the Company intends to sell a temporarily impaired invested asset and the Company does not expect the fair value of the invested asset to fully recover prior to the expected time of sale, the invested asset is deemed to be other-than-temporarily impaired in the period in which the decision to sell is made.

Factors considered in determining whether a decline is other-than-temporary include the Company's ability and intent to hold the investment for a period of time sufficient to allow for any anticipated recovery, the length of time and the extent to which fair value has been below cost and the financial condition and near-term prospects of the issuer.

The Company's process for reviewing invested assets for impairments during any quarter includes the following:

- Identification and evaluation of investments that have possible indications of other-than-temporary impairment, which includes an analysis of investments with gross unrealized investment losses that have fair values less than 80% of cost for six consecutive months or more;
- Review of portfolio manager(s) recommendations for other-than-temporary impairments based on the investee's current financial condition, liquidity, near-term recovery prospects and other factors;
- Consideration of evidential matter, including an evaluation of factors or triggers that would or could cause individual investments to qualify as having other-than-temporary impairments; and
- Determination of the status of each analyzed investment as other-than-temporary or not, with documentation of the rationale for the decision.

The following tables summarize, for all bonds in an unrealized loss position at December 31, 2025 and 2024, the aggregate fair value and gross unrealized loss by length of time those securities that have been continuously in an unrealized loss position. The gross unrealized loss is the amount by which cost or amortized cost exceeds fair value for securities rated in all NAIC designations.

	Less Than 12 Months		12 Months or Longer		Total	
(in millions)	Fair Value	Gross Unrealized Losses	Fair Value	Gross Unrealized Losses	Fair Value	Gross Unrealized Losses
At December 31, 2025						
Issuer credit obligations:						
U.S. government obligations	$ -	$ -	$ 58.7	$ 3.5	$ 58.7	$ 3.5
Non-U.S. sovereign jurisdiction securities	-	-	9.9	0.1	9.9	0.1
Municipal bonds - general obligations (direct & guaranteed)	30.8	0.4	817.9	82.8	848.7	83.2
Municipal bonds - special revenue	7.7	0.1	291.1	21.1	298.8	21.2
Corporate bonds (unaffiliated)	45.5	0.3	1,204.6	69.3	1,250.1	69.6
Other issuer credit obligations (unaffiliated)	-	-	1.1	0.1	1.1	0.1
Subtotal - Issuer credit obligations	$ 84.0	$ 0.8	$ 2,383.3	$ 176.9	$ 2,467.3	$ 177.7
Asset-backed securities:						
Financial ABS - Self-liquidating						
Agency RMBS - Guaranteed	$ 14.4	$ -	$ 4.5	$ 0.8	$ 18.9	$ 0.8
Agency CMBS - Guaranteed	-	-	34.7	0.5	34.7	0.5
Agency RMBS - Not/partially guaranteed	-	-	99.4	2.3	99.4	2.3
Non-agency RMBS (unaffiliated)	14.5	0.1	85.6	5.1	100.1	5.2
Non-agency CMBS (unaffiliated)	-	-	56.9	3.5	56.9	3.5
Other financial ABS Self-liquidating (unaffiliated)	-	-	22.1	3.1	22.1	3.1
Subtotal - Asset-backed securities	$ 28.9	$ 0.1	$ 303.2	$ 15.3	$ 332.1	$ 15.4
Total bonds	$ 112.9	$ 0.9	$ 2,686.5	$ 192.2	$ 2,799.4	$ 193.1

(in millions)	Less Than 12 Months Fair Value	Less Than 12 Months Gross Unrealized Losses	12 Months or Longer Fair Value	12 Months or Longer Gross Unrealized Losses	Total Fair Value	Total Gross Unrealized Losses
At December 31, 2024						
U.S. government and government agencies and authorities	$ 4.7	$ 0.1	$ 55.9	$ 5.7	$ 60.6	$ 5.8
All other governments	-	-	9.6	0.4	9.6	0.4
States, territories and possessions	17.2	0.3	13.9	1.6	31.1	1.9
U.S. political subdivisions of states, territories and possessions	364.4	6.6	664.0	112.3	1,028.4	118.9
U.S. special revenue and special assessment obligations	189.2	2.9	247.8	26.1	437.0	29.0
Industrial and miscellaneous	348.3	7.2	1,394.1	128.3	1,742.4	135.5
Loan-backed securities	619.3	13.8	44.5	3.8	663.8	17.6
Structured securities	115.6	2.2	177.3	19.7	292.9	21.9
Total bonds	$ 1,658.7	$ 33.1	$ 2,607.1	$ 297.9	$ 4,265.8	$ 331.0

Impairments related to ICO were $38 thousand in 2025. There were no impairments related to bonds in 2024.

E. Investments in Tax Credit Structures:

The Company has investments in certain federal and state sponsored low-income housing tax credit (LIHTC) properties.

The federally sponsored LIHTC property investments primarily generate federal tax credits which allow the Company to offset federal taxes. The state sponsored LIHTC property investments primarily generate premium tax credits which allow the Company to offset premium taxes in Georgia, Missouri, and South Carolina.

The Company recognized $1.4 million of tax credits and other benefits during both 2025 and 2024.

At December 31, 2025 and 2024, these investments were carried at a statement value of $9.2 million and $10.0 million, respectively.

During 2025 and 2024, $1.3 million and $1.2 million, respectively, of investment amortization was recognized as a component of net investment income.

Aggregate schedule of tax credits expected to be generated each year for the subsequent five years and thereafter (in millions):

	Non-Transferable
2026	$ 1.9
2027	1.9
2028	1.8
2029	1.4
2030	1.3
Thereafter	3.0
	$ 11.3

At December 31, 2025, the Company did not have any transferable/certificated tax credit investments or unfunded commitments related to tax credit investments.

Management of the Company is not aware of any tax credit structure investments or underlying projects subject to any regulatory reviews.

Management of the Company is not aware of any significant modifications or events that resulted in a change in the nature of the investment or a change in the relationship with the underlying project for investments in scope.

The Company did not recognize any impairment losses of tax credit investments during the years ended December 31, 2025 or 2024.

F. State and Federal Tax Credits:

1. Carrying value of state and federal tax credits, gross of any related tax liabilities by jurisdiction and in total, at December 31, 2025 (in millions):

Description of Non-transferable Tax Credits	Jurisdiction	Carrying Value	Unused Amount
Capital Partners Series T-GA	GA	$ -	$ -
Capital Partners Series T-GA III	GA	0.4	0.5
Capital Partners Series T-GA IV	GA	0.7	0.7
Capital Partners Series T-GA V	GA	0.9	1.0
Capital Partners Series T-GA VI	GA	1.6	2.1

Description of Non-transferable Tax Credits	Jurisdiction	Carrying Value	Unused Amount
Georgia Tax Credit Fund T II	GA	1.1	1.7
Capital Partners Series T-MOSC I	MO	0.8	1.2
Capital Partners Series T-MOSC I	SC	0.9	0.7
Subtotal - State		6.4	7.9
Capital Partners Series T-GA III	FED	0.5	0.5
Capital Partners Series T-GA IV	FED	0.6	0.7
Capital Partners Series T-GA V	FED	0.5	0.6
Capital Partners Series T-GA VI	FED	0.6	0.8
Capital Partners Series T-MOSC I	FED	0.6	0.8
Georgia Tax Credit Fund T II	FED	-	-
Subtotal - Federal		2.8	3.4
Total		$ 9.2	$ 11.3

2. Total unused tax credits by jurisdiction at December 31, 2025 (in millions):

	Jurisdiction	Non-transferable
a. State	GA	$ 6.0
	MO	1.2
	SC	0.7
		7.9
b. Federal		3.4
c. Total		$ 11.3

The Company did not have any transferable/certificated tax credits investments at December 31, 2025.

3. Method of Estimating Utilization of Remaining State and Federal Tax Credits:

The Company estimated the utilization of the remaining state and federal tax credits by projecting future premium, (i) taking into account policy growth and rate changes, (ii) projecting future tax liability based on projected premium, tax rates and tax credits, and (iii) comparing projected future tax liability to the availability of remaining state and federal tax credits.

4. There were no impairment losses on these tax credit investments during 2025 or 2024.

The Company did not have any transferable or nonadmitted tax credit investments or commitments to purchase tax credits at December 31, 2025.

G. Restricted Assets:

Admitted restricted assets by category (in millions):

	December 31, 2025	December 31, 2024	As a percent of admitted assets at December 31, 2025	As a percent of admitted assets at December 31, 2024
Collateral held under security lending agreements	$ 12.3	$ 31.0	0.2%	0.5%
Assets on deposit with states	7.7	7.7	0.1%	0.1%
Total	$ 20.0	$ 38.7	0.3%	0.6%

The Company did not hold any nonadmitted restricted assets at December 31, 2025 or 2024.

H. 5GI Securities:

The Company did not own any securities with an NAIC designation of 5GI at December 31, 2025 or 2024.

I. The TRVMMLP was comprised of the following underlying asset types at December 31:

Asset Type	2025 Percent Share	2024 Percent Share
Cash	2.0%	0.3%
Cash equivalents	73.2%	75.7%
Short-term investments	24.8%	24.0%

4. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

The Company's estimates of fair value for financial assets and financial liabilities are based on the framework established in the fair value accounting guidance. The framework is based on the inputs used in valuation, gives the highest priority to quoted prices in active markets, and requires that observable inputs be used in the valuations when available. The disclosure of fair value estimates in the fair value accounting guidance hierarchy is based on whether the significant inputs into the valuation are observable. In determining the level of the hierarchy in which the estimate is disclosed, the highest priority is given to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs that reflect the Company's significant market assumptions. The level in the fair value hierarchy within which the fair value measurement is reported is based on the lowest level input that is significant to the measurement in its entirety. The three levels of the hierarchy are as follows:

- Level 1 - Unadjusted quoted market prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets that the Company has the ability to access.
- Level 2 - Quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets; quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in inactive markets; or valuations based on models where the significant inputs are observable (e.g., interest rates, yield curves, prepayment speeds, default rates, loss severities, etc.) or can be corroborated by observable market data.
- Level 3 - Valuations based on models where significant inputs are not observable. The unobservable inputs reflect the Company's own assumptions about the inputs that market participants would use.

A. Securities measured and reported at fair value for the years ended:

December 31, 2025 (in millions)

Description	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Bonds – Issuer credit obligations	$ -	$ 3.7	$ -	$ 3.7
Total securities at fair value	$ -	$ 3.7	$ -	$ 3.7

December 31, 2024 (in millions)

Description	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Bonds - Industrial and miscellaneous	$ -	$ 3.0	$ -	$ 3.0
Total securities at fair value	$ -	$ 3.0	$ -	$ 3.0

Reconciliation of Level 3 securities during 2025 (in millions):

Description	Beginning Balance at 1/1/2025	Transfers into Level 3	Transfers out of Level 3	Total Gains & (Losses) Included in Net Income	Total Gains & (Losses) Included in Surplus	Purchases	Issuances	Sales	Settlements	Ending Balance at 12/31/2025
Bonds - ICO	$ -	$ 0.2	$ (0.2)	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ -
Total	$ -	$ 0.2	$ (0.2)	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ -

During 2025, a change in the NAIC designation caused bonds previously carried at cost to transfer into the fair value hierarchy at Level 3. A subsequent change in the NAIC designation caused the same bonds to return to being carried at cost, causing a transfer out of Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy.

At December 31, 2024, the Company held Level 3 industrial and miscellaneous bonds measured and reported at their fair value of zero.

Level 2 and Level 3 valuation techniques:

The fair values of bonds are generally provided by the SVO or, if not available from the SVO, by third party pricing services.

B. The Company uses various financial instruments in the normal course of its business. Certain insurance contracts are excluded by SSAP No. 100, *Fair Value*, and, therefore, are not included in the amounts discussed.

The carrying values of cash and investment income due and accrued approximate their fair values.

C. The following tables provide the aggregate fair value and reported aggregate admitted asset value by type of financial instrument; and the hierarchy level in which the fair values fall (in millions):

(At December 31, 2025)

Description	Aggregate Fair Value	Admitted Assets	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Cash equivalents	$ 134.4	$ 134.4	$ 33.7	$ 100.7	$ -
Bonds - ICO	4,262.6	4,402.8	124.2	4,137.3	1.1
Bonds - ABS	1,201.7	1,198.0	-	1,201.7	-

(At December 31, 2024)

Description	Aggregate Fair Value	Admitted Assets	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Cash equivalents	$ 90.6	$ 90.6	$ 36.5	$ 54.1	$ -
Long-term bonds	5,044.7	5,367.7	91.8	4,951.6	1.3

5. INVESTMENT INCOME

A. Policyholders' surplus excludes due and accrued investment income if amounts are over 90 days past due.

B. The Company had no past due accrued investment income at December 31, 2025 and 2024.

C. The gross, nonadmitted and admitted amounts for interest income due and accrued at December 31, 2025 (in millions):

Interest Income Due and Accrued	Amount
1. Gross	$ 50.0
2. Nonadmitted	$ -
3. Admitted	$ 50.0

D. At December 31, 2025, the cumulative amounts of paid-in-kind interest included in the current principal balance was $50 thousand.

6. INCOME TAXES

A. The components of the net deferred tax asset/(liability) are as follows (in millions):

	December 31, 2025		
	Ordinary	Capital	Total
1. a. Gross deferred tax assets	$ 117.3	$ 0.3	$ 117.6
b. Statutory valuation allowance adjustment	-	-	-
c. Adjusted gross deferred tax assets	117.3	0.3	117.6
d. Deferred tax assets nonadmitted	21.1	-	21.1
e. Subtotal net deferred tax assets	96.2	0.3	96.5
f. Deferred tax liabilities	4.4	7.0	11.4
g. Net admitted deferred tax asset/(liability)	$ 91.8	$ (6.7)	$ 85.1

	December 31, 2024		
	Ordinary	Capital	Total
a. Gross deferred tax assets	$ 108.4	$ 0.3	$ 108.7
b. Statutory valuation allowance adjustment	-	-	-
c. Adjusted gross deferred tax assets	108.4	0.3	108.7
d. Deferred tax assets nonadmitted	20.3	-	20.3
e. Subtotal net deferred tax assets	88.1	0.3	88.4
f. Deferred tax liabilities	3.1	7.0	10.1
g. Net admitted deferred tax asset/(liability)	$ 85.0	$ (6.7)	$ 78.3

		Change		
	Ordinary	Capital	Total
a. Gross deferred tax assets	$ 8.9	$ -	$ 8.9
b. Statutory valuation allowance adjustment	-	-	-
c. Adjusted gross deferred tax assets	8.9	-	8.9
d. Deferred tax assets nonadmitted	0.8	-	0.8
e. Subtotal net deferred tax assets	8.1	-	8.1
f. Deferred tax liabilities	1.3	-	1.3
g. Net admitted deferred tax asset/(liability)	$ 6.8	$ -	$ 6.8

2. Admission Calculation Components SSAP No. 101:

	December 31, 2025		
	Ordinary	Capital	Total
a. Federal income taxes paid in prior years recoverable through loss carrybacks.	$ 68.7	$ -	$ 68.7
b. Adjusted gross deferred tax assets expected to be realized (excluding the amount of deferred tax assets from 2(a) above) after application of the threshold limitation. (the lesser of 2(b)1 and 2(b)2 below)	16.3	0.1	16.4
1. Adjusted gross deferred tax assets expected to be realized following the balance sheet date.	16.3	0.1	16.4
2. Adjusted gross deferred tax assets allowed per limitation threshold.	xxxx	xxxx	342.9
c. Adjusted gross deferred tax assets (excluding the amount of deferred tax assets from 2(a) and 2(b) above) offset by gross deferred tax liabilities.	11.2	0.2	11.4
d. Deferred tax assets admitted as the result of application of SSAP No. 101. Total (2(a) + 2(b) + 2(c))	96.2	0.3	96.5
Deferred tax liabilities netted against deferred tax assets	4.4	7.0	11.4
Total	$ 91.8	$ (6.7)	$ 85.1

	December 31, 2024		
	Ordinary	Capital	Total
a. Federal income taxes paid in prior years recoverable through loss carrybacks.	$ 63.5	$ -	$ 63.5
b. Adjusted gross deferred tax assets expected to be realized (excluding the amount of deferred tax assets from 2(a) above) after application of the threshold limitation. (the lesser of 2(b)1 and 2(b)2 below)	14.7	0.1	14.8
1. Adjusted gross deferred tax assets expected to be realized following the balance sheet date.	14.7	0.1	14.8
2. Adjusted gross deferred tax assets allowed per limitation threshold.	xxxx	xxxx	326.6
c. Adjusted gross deferred tax assets (excluding the amount of deferred tax assets from 2(a) and 2(b) above) offset by gross deferred tax liabilities.	9.9	0.2	10.1
d. Deferred tax assets admitted as the result of application of SSAP No. 101. Total (2(a) + 2(b) + 2(c))	88.1	0.3	88.4
Deferred tax liabilities netted against deferred tax assets	3.1	7.0	10.1
Total	$ 85.0	$ (6.7)	$ 78.3

	Change		
	Ordinary	Capital	Total
a. Federal income taxes paid in prior years recoverable through loss carrybacks.	$ 5.2	$ -	$ 5.2
b. Adjusted gross deferred tax assets expected to be realized (excluding the amount of deferred tax assets from 2(a) above) after application of the threshold limitation. (the lesser of 2(b)1 and 2(b)2 below)	1.6	-	1.6
1. Adjusted gross deferred tax assets expected to be realized following the balance sheet date.	1.6	-	1.6
2. Adjusted gross deferred tax assets allowed per limitation threshold.	xxxx	xxxx	16.3
c. Adjusted gross deferred tax assets (excluding the amount of deferred tax assets from 2(a) and 2(b) above) offset by gross deferred tax liabilities.	1.3	-	1.3
d. Deferred tax assets admitted as the result of application of SSAP No. 101. Total (2(a) + 2(b) + 2(c))	8.1	-	8.1
Deferred tax liabilities netted against deferred tax assets	1.3	-	1.3
Total	$ 6.8	$ -	$ 6.8

	2025	2024
3. a. Ratio percentage used to determine recovery period and threshold limitation amount.	781%	817%
b. Amount of adjusted capital and surplus used to determine recovery period and threshold limitation in 2(b)2 above.	$ 2,285.8	$ 2,177.4

4. Impact of Tax-Planning Strategies:

	December 31, 2025	
	Ordinary	Capital
a. Determination of adjusted gross deferred tax assets and net admitted deferred tax assets, by tax character, as a percentage.		
1. Adjusted gross deferred tax assets amounts from Note 6A1(c).	$ 117.3	$ 0.3
2. Percentage of adjusted gross deferred tax assets by tax character attributable to the impact of tax-planning strategies.	0%	0%
3. Net admitted adjusted gross deferred tax assets amounts from Note 6A1(e).	$ 96.2	$ 0.3
4. Percentage of net admitted adjusted gross deferred tax assets by tax character attributable to the impact of tax-planning strategies.	0%	0%

	December 31, 2024	
	Ordinary	Capital
a. Determination of adjusted gross deferred tax assets and net admitted deferred tax assets, by tax character, as a percentage.		
1. Adjusted gross deferred tax assets amounts from Note 6A1(c).	$ 108.4	$ 0.3
2. Percentage of adjusted gross deferred tax assets by tax character attributable to the impact of tax-planning strategies.	0%	0%

3. Net admitted adjusted gross deferred tax assets amounts from Note 6A1(e).	$ 88.1	$ 0.3
4. Percentage of net admitted adjusted gross deferred tax assets by tax character attributable to the impact of tax-planning strategies.	6%	47%

	Change	
	Ordinary	Capital
a. Determination of adjusted gross deferred tax assets and net admitted deferred tax assets, by tax character, as a percentage.		
1. Adjusted gross deferred tax assets amounts from Note 6A1(c).	$ 8.9	$ -
2. Percentage of adjusted gross deferred tax assets by tax character attributable to the impact of tax-planning strategies.	0%	0%
3. Net admitted adjusted gross deferred tax assets amounts from Note 6A1(e).	$ 8.1	$ -
4. Percentage of net admitted adjusted gross deferred tax assets by tax character attributable to the impact of tax-planning strategies.	-6%	-47%

b. Does the Company's tax-planning strategies include the use of reinsurance? Yes ____ No X

B. The provisions for incurred tax on earnings are as follows (in millions):

	December 31, 2025	2024	Change
1. Current Income Tax:			
Federal	$ 173.1	$ 152.3	$ 20.8
Foreign	0.3	0.2	0.1
Subtotal	173.4	152.5	20.9
Federal income taxes on net capital gains	(1.6)	(1.0)	(0.6)
Federal and foreign income taxes incurred	$ 171.8	$ 151.5	$ 20.3

2. The tax effects of temporary differences that give rise to significant portions of the deferred tax assets are as follows:

	December 31, 2025	2024	Change
Ordinary:			
Discounting of unpaid losses	$ 26.5	$ 23.8	$ 2.7
Unearned premium reserve	73.7	69.4	4.3
Receivables – nonadmitted	13.4	13.3	0.1
Other	3.7	1.9	1.8
Total ordinary deferred tax assets	$ 117.3	$ 108.4	$ 8.9
Statutory valuation allowance adjustment	-	-	-
Nonadmitted deferred tax assets	21.1	20.3	0.8
Admitted ordinary deferred tax assets	$ 96.2	$ 88.1	$ 8.1
Capital:			
Investments	$ 0.3	$ 0.3	$ -
Total capital deferred tax assets	$ 0.3	$ 0.3	$ -
Statutory valuation allowance adjustment	-	-	-
Nonadmitted deferred tax assets	-	-	-
Admitted capital deferred tax assets	$ 0.3	$ 0.3	$ -
Total admitted deferred tax assets	$ 96.5	$ 88.4	$ 8.1

3. The tax effects of temporary differences that give rise to significant portions of the deferred tax liabilities are as follows:

	December 31, 2025	2024	Change
Ordinary:			
Investments	$ 3.7	$ 1.7	$ 2.0
Other	0.7	1.4	(0.7)
Total ordinary deferred tax liabilities	$ 4.4	$ 3.1	$ 1.3
Capital:			
Investments	$ 7.0	$ 7.0	$ -
Total capital deferred tax liabilities	$ 7.0	$ 7.0	$ -
Total deferred tax liabilities	$ 11.4	$ 10.1	$ 1.3
4. Net admitted deferred tax asset/(liability)	$ 85.1	$ 78.3	$ 6.8

5. Deferred income taxes do not include any benefit from investment tax credits.

6. Deferred income taxes do not include a benefit from net operating losses.

7. There are no adjustments to a deferred tax asset or deferred tax liability for enacted changes in tax laws or rates or a change in the tax status of the Company.

   The Inflation Reduction Act was enacted on August 16, 2022, and includes a new corporate alternative minimum tax (CAMT). Based on the projected "adjusted financial statement income" for 2025, TRV has determined it is an "applicable corporation" and its adjusted financial statement income is above the thresholds for the 2025 tax year. Under the guidance provided in INT 23-03, the Company is an applicable reporting entity for 2025.

   On July 4, 2025, the U.S. enacted a budget reconciliation package known as the One Big Beautiful Bill Act of 2025 (OBBBA), which includes both tax and non-tax provisions. The changes resulting from the tax provisions in OBBBA did not have a material impact on the Company's income tax expense and results of operations.

8. There are no adjustments to gross deferred tax assets because of a change in circumstances that causes a change in judgment about the realizability of the related deferred tax asset.

9. The change in net deferred income taxes is comprised of the following:

	December 31, 2025	2024	Change
Total deferred tax assets	$ 117.6	$ 108.7	$ 8.9
Total deferred tax liabilities	11.4	10.1	1.3
Net deferred tax asset/(liability)	$ 106.2	$ 98.6	7.6
Tax effect of unrealized gains (losses)			(0.1)
Change in net deferred income tax			$ 7.5

C. The provision for federal and foreign income taxes incurred is different from that which would be obtained by applying the statutory federal income tax rate before income tax. The significant items causing this difference are as follows (in millions):

Rate Reconciliation:

	December 31, 2025
Pretax net income	$ 826.2
Taxes at statutory rate	173.5
Increase (decrease) attributable to:	
Nontaxable investment income	(10.4)
Other	1.2
	$ 164.3
Federal and foreign taxes incurred	$ 171.8
Change in net deferred income tax	(7.5)
Total statutory income tax	$ 164.3
Effective tax rate	19.9%

D. 1. The Company has no net operating loss carryforward available for tax purposes.

2. Current and prior year federal income taxes available for recoupment in the event of future net losses are as follows (in millions):

2025 Total	$	173.3
2024 Total		151.7
2023 Capital Gains		-

3. The Company has no protective tax deposits with the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) under Section 6603 of the Internal Revenue Code.

E. 1. The Company is included in a consolidated federal income tax return with its ultimate parent company, TRV. See Exhibit 4 for a listing of the entities included with the Company in a consolidated federal income tax return filing.

2. The Company is a party to a tax allocation agreement that sets forth the manner in which total consolidated federal income tax is allocated among companies included in the consolidated return. Member companies included in the TRV consolidated return are allocated taxes annually based upon their separate taxable income. Companies with a current federal income tax receivable from TRV will receive settlement to the extent that such receivables are for tax benefits that have been utilized in the consolidated federal income tax return. Member companies are reimbursed by TRV in the event the IRS levies upon a member's assets for unpaid taxes in excess of the amount specifically allocated to a member.

F. The Company does not believe it is reasonably possible that the liability related to any federal or foreign tax loss contingencies may significantly increase within the next 12 months.

7. INFORMATION CONCERNING PARENT, SUBSIDIARIES, AFFILIATES AND OTHER RELATED PARTIES

A. (1) The principal banking functions for the U.S. domestic property-casualty operations of TRV and its U.S. domiciled affiliated property-casualty insurance companies are handled by Indemnity. Settlements between the companies are made at least monthly.

(2) TRV maintains a private liquidity pool, known as the TRVMMLP, in which affiliated companies may participate. The TRVMMLP is managed by Indemnity. Each company may convert its position in the TRVMMLP into cash at any time and may also use its position in the TRVMMLP to settle transactions with other affiliated participants in the TRVMMLP. The position of each company in the TRVMMLP is calculated and adjusted daily. Each participating insurance company carries its share of the TRVMMLP as a cash equivalent investment. At December 31, 2025 and 2024, the Company's share of the TRVMMLP was $134.4 million and $90.6 million, respectively.

(3) The Company participates in a cross-business reinsurance agreement and two excess of loss reinsurance agreements with certain affiliates who participate in the TRV Reinsurance Pool. See Note 13 for additional detail.

B. Material transactions with related parties:

(1) In 2025, the Company sold $95.1 million of securities and accrued interest to Indemnity.

(2) In 2024, the Company sold $44.5 million of securities and accrued interest to TCS.

C. 1. At December 31, 2025 and 2024, the Company had $90.4 million and $79.9 million payable to affiliates, respectively. Substantially all of the accounts between and among the Company and its affiliates are settled at least monthly. Accounts between and among the Company and certain international affiliates are settled within the timeframe specified in the related service and reimbursement agreements. All settlements are through the TRVMMLP or in cash.

2. The Company participates in intercompany reinsurance agreements, as described in Note 13. The following represents the unsettled balances resulting from affiliated reinsurance that are reported in the respective balance sheet accounts (in millions):

	December 31, 2025	December 31, 2024
Assumed reinsurance premiums receivable	$ 24.4	$ 19.9
Amounts recoverable from reinsurers	36.2	43.3
Reinsurance payable on paid losses and LAE	0.4	15.1
Ceded reinsurance premiums payable	23.2	29.2

These balances were settled net through the intercompany settlement process according to the terms of the affiliated reinsurance agreements.

D. Material management or service contracts and cost sharing arrangements involving the Company and any affiliate are as follows:

Type of Contract and Description	Servicing Company	Other Party
Intercompany Liquidity Agreement	The Travelers Companies, Inc.	Travelers P&C [1]
Amended and Restated Expense Allocation Agreement	The Travelers Indemnity Company	Travelers P&C [1]

Type of Contract and Description	Servicing Company	Other Party
Reinsurance Allocation Agreement	The Travelers Indemnity Company	Travelers P&C [1]

[1] "Travelers P&C" includes The Travelers Indemnity Company and some or all of its insurance subsidiaries and affiliates.

E. The table below provides information on subsidiary, controlled and affiliated (SCA) investments:

1. Balance Sheet Value All SCAs (in millions):

SCA Entity	Percentage of SCA Ownership	12/31/2025 Gross Amount	12/31/2025 Admitted Amount	12/31/2025 Nonadmitted Amount
SSAP No. 97 8b(iii) Entities				
Travelers Global, Inc.	100.00%	$ 119.2	$ 118.0	$ 1.2

2. NAIC Filing Response Information:

SCA Entity	Type of NAIC Filing	Date of Filing to the NAIC	12/31/2024 NAIC Valuation Amount (in millions)	NAIC Response Received Y/N	NAIC Disallowed Entities Valuation Method, Resubmission Required Y/N
SSAP No. 97 8b(iii) Entities					
Travelers Global, Inc.	Sub 2	12/01/2025	$ 99.5	Y	N

8. RETIREMENT PLANS, DEFERRED COMPENSATION, POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS AND COMPENSATED ABSENCES AND OTHER POSTRETIREMENT BENEFIT PLANS

The Company accounts for pension and postretirement benefit expenses as consolidated/holding company plans under SSAP No. 102, *Pensions*, SSAP No. 92, *Postretirement Benefits Other Than Pensions* and SSAP No. 104, *Share-Based Payments*.

Consolidated/Holding Company Plans:

The Company has no direct employees, as all management and personnel services are allocated to the Company in accordance with an intercompany expense allocation agreement. The pension, postretirement and share-based incentive compensation plans sponsored by TRV are as follows:

A. Employee Retirement Plans:

TRV is the plan sponsor of a qualified noncontributory defined benefit pension plan that provides benefits, primarily under a cash balance formula, for substantially all employees of its property-casualty subsidiaries. In addition, TRV is the plan sponsor of a nonqualified defined benefit pension plan which covers certain highly-compensated employees of its property-casualty subsidiaries. The Company recognizes pension expense equal to its allocable share of the required contribution for the qualified plan and the benefits paid for the nonqualified plan, in accordance with an expense allocation agreement. The Company has no legal obligation for benefits under these plans. The Company's allocated share of the pension expense was $735 thousand and $723 thousand for 2025 and 2024, respectively.

B. Postretirement Benefit Plan:

TRV is the plan sponsor of a postretirement health and life insurance benefit plan which covers employees of its property-casualty subsidiaries that satisfy certain age and service requirements and for certain retirees. The Company is charged for its allocable share of postretirement benefit expense for this plan based on its allocated salary costs in accordance with an expense allocation agreement. The Company has no legal obligation for benefits under this plan. The Company's allocated share of the postretirement benefit plan expense (benefit) was $(885) thousand and $(666) thousand for 2025 and 2024, respectively.

C. 401(k) Savings Plan:

TRV is the plan sponsor of a 401(k) savings plan which covers substantially all employees of its property-casualty subsidiaries. The Company is charged for its allocable share of expense for this plan based on its allocated salary costs in accordance with an expense allocation agreement. The Company has no legal obligation for benefits under this plan. The Company's allocated share of the 401(k) savings plan expense was $12.2 million and $11.5 million for 2025 and 2024, respectively.

D. Incentive Plans:

TRV is the plan sponsor of a share-based incentive compensation plan, The Travelers Companies, Inc. 2023 Stock Incentive Plan (the 2023 Incentive Plan), which covers substantially all employees of its property-casualty subsidiaries. The purposes of the 2023 Incentive Plan are to align the interests of TRV's non-employee directors, executive officers and other employees with those of TRV's shareholders and to attract and retain personnel by providing incentives in the form of share-based awards. The 2023 Incentive Plan permits grants of nonqualified stock

options, incentive stock options, stock appreciation rights, restricted stock, restricted stock units, deferred stock, deferred stock units, performance awards and other share-based or share-denominated awards with respect to TRV's common stock.

In connection with the adoption of the 2023 Incentive Plan, The Travelers Companies, Inc. Amended and Restated 2014 Stock Incentive Plan was terminated, joining several other legacy share-based incentive compensation plans that had been terminated in prior years (together, the legacy plans). Outstanding grants were not affected by the termination of the legacy plans. The 2023 Incentive Plan is currently the only plan pursuant to which future stock-based awards may be granted.

The Company is charged for its allocable share of expense for the 2023 Incentive Plan based on its allocated salary costs in accordance with an expense allocation agreement. The Company has no legal obligation for benefits under this plan. The Company's allocated share of the 2023 Incentive Plan expense was $21.0 million and $17.4 million in 2025 and 2024, respectively.

9. CAPITAL AND SURPLUS AND DIVIDEND RESTRICTIONS

The Company has 10,000 shares of common capital stock authorized and 5,400 shares issued and outstanding with a par value of $1,200 per share.

On December 22, 2025 and December 20, 2024, the Company paid ordinary dividends of $561.0 million and $617.0 million, respectively, to its parent company, TCS. Timely notice of each dividend was provided to the State of Connecticut Insurance Department.

Dividends to the shareholder and the proportion of the profits of the Company that may be paid to the shareholder is not limited by charter. The maximum amount of dividends which can be paid by the Company to the shareholder without prior approval of the Insurance Commissioner of the State of Connecticut is subject to restrictions relating to statutory surplus or net income. The maximum amount of dividends to the shareholder that can be made during 2026 without prior approval is $654.4 million.

There are no restrictions on the use of the Company's unassigned funds and such funds are held for the benefit of the shareholder, except for the dividend restrictions indicated above.

As of December 31, 2025, unassigned funds have been decreased by cumulative net unrealized losses of $338.9 million.

10. LIABILITIES, CONTINGENCIES AND ASSESSMENTS

A. Contingent Commitments:

At December 31, 2025, the Company did not have any contingent commitments to fund investments.

At December 31, 2024, the Company had commitments to fund investments of $0.5 million.

B. Assessments:

1. The Company does not have any net accrued liabilities for guaranty fund and other insurance-related assessments due to its cross-business reinsurance agreement with certain affiliates. At December 31, 2025, the Company reported $2.3 million in accrued premium tax offsets on a direct basis.

	(in thousands)
2. Assets recognized from paid and accrued premium tax offsets December 31, 2024	$ 2,149
Decreases current year:	
Premium tax offset applied	266
Premium tax offset refund	16
Increases current year:	
Premium tax offset accrued	433
Assets recognized from paid and accrued premium tax offsets December 31, 2025	$ 2,300

C. Claims Related Extra-Contractual Obligation and Bad Faith Losses Stemming from Lawsuits:

The Company paid $117 thousand in 2025 on one claim to settle claims related extra-contractual obligations or bad faith claims stemming from lawsuits. This claim count information is disclosed on a per claim direct basis.

D. All Other Contingencies:

The Company has purchased annuities from life insurance companies to fund structured settlements. For a discussion of the Company's contingent liabilities for structured settlements, see Note 15.

In the ordinary course of business, the Company is a defendant or codefendant in various litigation matters.

11. INFORMATION ABOUT FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS WITH OFF-BALANCE-SHEET RISK AND FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS WITH CONCENTRATIONS OF CREDIT RISK

The Company has unfunded commitments to certain investments. At December 31, 2025 and 2024, the off-balance-sheet risk of these financial instruments was zero and $0.5 million, respectively.

12. SALE, TRANSFER AND SERVICING OF FINANCIAL ASSETS AND EXTINGUISHMENTS OF LIABILITIES

The Company engages in securities lending activities from which it generates net investment income from the lending of certain of its investments to other institutions for short periods of time. Borrowers of these securities provide collateral equal to at least 102% of the market value of the loaned securities plus accrued interest. This collateral is held by a third-party custodian, and the Company has the right to access the collateral only in the event that the institution borrowing the Company's securities is in default under the lending agreement. The loaned securities remain a recorded asset of the Company. The Company accepts only cash as collateral for securities on loan and restricts the manner in which that cash is invested to U.S. Treasury securities and U.S. Treasury repurchase agreements. These securities typically have a duration of 1 day. At December 31, 2025 and 2024, the amortized cost of the Company's aggregate reinvested cash collateral was $12.3 million and $31.0 million, respectively. Fair value approximates amortized cost at both December 31, 2025 and 2024. At December 31, 2025 and 2024, the Company had fixed maturity investments on loan with fair values totaling $12.0 million and $30.1 million, respectively.

13. REINSURANCE

A. The Company participates in reinsurance in order to limit losses, minimize exposure to large risks, provide additional capacity for future growth, and to effect affiliate business-sharing arrangements. The Company remains primarily liable as the direct insurer on all risks reinsured.

Bond business is isolated through the Company's participation in a cross-business reinsurance agreement with certain other property-casualty insurance subsidiaries of TRV. Under the terms of this agreement, all non-Bond business written by the Company is reinsured through the TRV Reinsurance Pool, and Bond business written by certain TRV Reinsurance Pool participants is reinsured through the Company.

In addition, the Company cedes surety business under the following two affiliated excess reinsurance agreements:

The Company is a party to a Per Bond Excess Reinsurance Agreement with certain other property-casualty insurance subsidiaries of TRV. Under the terms of this agreement, the Company reinsures business classified as surety, written or assumed during the term of this agreement, for losses in excess of the Company's single risk limitation authorized by the U.S. Treasury on a per bond basis.

Also, the Company is a party to a Per Principal Excess Reinsurance Agreement with certain other property-casualty insurance subsidiaries of TRV. Under the terms of this agreement the Company reinsures business classified as surety, written or assumed during the term of this agreement, for losses in excess of the Company's single risk limitation authorized by the U.S. Treasury, under all bonds written for each principal.

B. Unsecured Reinsurance Recoverables:

Affiliated Company Recoverables:

The Company had $2.31 billion of unsecured aggregate recoverables for ceded losses, LAE and unearned premiums that exceeded 3% of its policyholders' surplus recoverable from Indemnity at December 31, 2025.

C. Reinsurance Assumed and Ceded at December 31, 2025 (in millions):

1.

	Assumed Reinsurance		Ceded Reinsurance		Net	
	Premium Reserve	Commission Equity	Premium Reserve	Commission Equity	Premium Reserve	Commission Equity
(in millions)						
Affiliates	$ 228.7	$ 22.1	$ 502.6	$ 48.1	$ (273.9)	$ (26.0)
All Other	11.2	1.1	106.9	9.4	(95.7)	(8.3)
Total	$ 239.9	$ 23.2	$ 609.5	$ 57.5	$ (369.6)	$ (34.3)

Direct Unearned Premium Reserve $ 2,118.8

2. Accruals for contingent commissions, net of reinsurance assumed and ceded, amounted to $11.6 million at December 31, 2025:

(in millions)	
Direct Business	$ 11.6
Add: Reinsurance Assumed	1.0
Less: Reinsurance Ceded	1.0
Net	$ 11.6

14. LOSSES AND LOSS ADJUSTMENT EXPENSES

A. The table below is a reconciliation of beginning and ending reserve balances for losses and LAE for the years ended December 31, 2025 and 2024.

(in millions)	2025	2024
Losses and LAE at beginning of year	$ 1,818.3	$ 1,641.8
Provision for losses and LAE for claims arising in:		
Current year	931.6	922.9
Prior years	(147.7)	(105.3)
Total incurred	783.9	817.6
Losses and LAE payments for claims arising in:		
Current year	169.8	164.4
Prior years	522.1	476.7
Total payments	691.9	641.1
Losses and LAE at end of year	$ 1,910.3	$ 1,818.3

The Company's unpaid losses are reported net of anticipated salvage and subrogation of $182.1 million and $181.6 million at December 31, 2025 and 2024, respectively.

B. Changes in Incurred Losses and LAE:

In 2025, the prior year-end total loss and LAE reserves developed favorably by $147.7 million, resulting primarily from better than expected loss experience in multiple accident years in the fidelity & surety lines. The remaining changes are generally the result of ongoing analyses of recent loss data and trends. There are no material additional premiums or return premiums as a result of these prior year effects.

15. STRUCTURED SETTLEMENTS

The Company has purchased annuities from life insurance companies, under which the claimant is the payee and the Company is contingently liable as the owner of the annuity contract, to fund structured settlements. These annuity contracts are now the direct responsibility of the life insurance companies from whom they have been purchased and claims settled by the purchase of such annuity contracts are treated as closed claims. In the event that the life insurance company fails to make the required annuity payments, the Company would be required to make such payments if and to the extent the purchased annuities are not covered by state guaranty associations.

Loss reserves reduced by the purchase of these annuities totaled $59 thousand at December 31, 2025.

16. FIXED ASSETS

A. Electronic Data Processing (EDP) Equipment and Software:

TRV capitalizes software and EDP equipment in certain insurance subsidiaries. Depreciation and amortization are allocated among companies in accordance with normal expense and cost allocation methods. Depreciation and amortization expense related to EDP equipment and software allocable to the Company totaled $18.1 million and $15.9 million in 2025 and 2024, respectively.

B. Furniture, Fixtures, Equipment and Leasehold Improvements:

TRV capitalizes furniture, fixtures, equipment and leasehold improvements in certain insurance subsidiaries. Depreciation and amortization are allocated among companies in accordance with normal expense and cost allocation methods. Depreciation of furniture, fixtures and equipment and amortization of leasehold improvements allocable to the Company totaled $2.4 million both in 2025 and 2024.

17. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

There were no material subsequent events requiring adjustment to the financial statements or disclosure through April 16, 2026, the date the Company's statutory financial statements were available to be issued.

TRAVELERS CASUALTY AND SURETY COMPANY OF AMERICA

SUMMARY INVESTMENT SCHEDULE

Investment Categories	Gross Investment Holdings		Admitted Assets as Reported in the Annual Statement			
	1	2	3	4	5	6
	Amount	Percentage of Column 1 Line 14	Amount	Securities Lending Reinvested Collateral Amount	Total (Col. 3 + 4) Amount	Percentage of Column 5 Line 14
1. Issuer credit obligations:						
1.01 U.S. government obligations	127,016,018	2.2	127,016,018	12,318,369	139,334,387	2.4
1.02 Other U.S. government obligations	—	0.0	—	—	—	0.0
1.03 Non-U.S. sovereign jurisdiction securities	10,000,000	0.2	10,000,000	—	10,000,000	0.2
1.04 Municipal bonds - general obligations (direct & guaranteed)	1,451,867,475	24.8	1,451,867,475	—	1,451,867,475	24.8
1.05 Municipal bonds - special revenue	498,802,920	8.5	498,802,920	—	498,802,920	8.5
1.06 Project finance bonds issued by operating entities	—	0.0	—	—	—	0.0
1.07 Corporate bonds	2,313,923,174	39.6	2,313,923,174	—	2,313,923,174	39.6
1.08 Mandatory convertible bonds	—	0.0	—	—	—	0.0
1.09 Single entity backed obligations	—	0.0	—	—	—	0.0
1.10 SVO-Identified bond exchange traded funds - fair value	—	0.0	—	—	—	0.0
1.11 SVO-Identified bond exchange traded funds - systematic value	—	0.0	—	—	—	0.0
1.12 Bonds issued by funds representing operating entities	—	0.0	—	—	—	0.0
1.13 Bank loans - issued	—	0.0	—	—	—	0.0
1.14 Bank loans - acquired	—	0.0	—	—	—	0.0
1.15 Mortgage loans that qualify as SVO-Identified credit tenant loans	—	0.0	—	—	—	0.0
1.16 Certificates of deposit	—	0.0	—	—	—	0.0
1.17 Other issuer credit obligations	1,222,737	0.0	1,222,737	—	1,222,737	0.0
1.18 Total issuer credit obligations	4,402,832,324	75.3	4,402,832,324	12,318,369	4,415,150,693	75.5
2. Asset-backed securities:						
2.01 Financial asset-backed securities - self-liquidating	1,198,008,733	20.5	1,198,008,733	—	1,198,008,733	20.5
2.02 Financial asset-backed securities - not self-liquidating	—	0.0	—	—	—	0.0
2.03 Non-financial asset-backed securities	—	0.0	—	—	—	0.0
2.04 Total asset-backed securities	1,198,008,733	20.5	1,198,008,733	—	1,198,008,733	20.5
3. Preferred stocks:						
3.01 Industrial and miscellaneous (unaffiliated)	—	0.0	—	—	—	0.0
3.02 Parent, subsidiaries and affiliates	—	0.0	—	—	—	0.0
3.03 Total preferred stocks	—	0.0	—	—	—	0.0
4. Common stocks:						
4.01 Industrial and miscellaneous - Publicly traded (unaffiliated)	—	0.0	—	—	—	0.0
4.02 Industrial and miscellaneous - Other (unaffiliated)	—	0.0	—	—	—	0.0
4.03 Parent, subsidiaries and affiliates - Publicly traded	—	0.0	—	—	—	0.0
4.04 Parent, subsidiaries and affiliates - Other	119,248,406	2.0	117,961,887	—	117,961,887	2.0
4.05 Mutual funds	—	0.0	—	—	—	0.0
4.06 Unit investment trusts	—	0.0	—	—	—	0.0
4.07 Closed-end funds	—	0.0	—	—	—	0.0
4.08 Exchange traded funds	—	0.0	—	—	—	0.0
4.09 Total common stocks	119,248,406	2.0	117,961,887	—	117,961,887	2.0

TRAVELERS CASUALTY AND SURETY COMPANY OF AMERICA

SUMMARY INVESTMENT SCHEDULE

Investment Categories	Gross Investment Holdings		Admitted Assets as Reported in the Annual Statement			
	1 Amount	2 Percentage of Column 1 Line 14	3 Amount	4 Securities Lending Reinvested Collateral Amount	5 Total (Col. 3 + 4) Amount	6 Percentage of Column 5 Line 14
5. Mortgage loans:						
5.01 Farm mortgages	—	0.0	—	—	—	0.0
5.02 Residential mortgages	—	0.0	—	—	—	0.0
5.03 Commercial mortgages	—	0.0	—	—	—	0.0
5.04 Mezzanine real estate loans	—	0.0	—	—	—	0.0
5.05 Total valuation allowance	—	0.0	—	—	—	0.0
5.06 Total mortgage loans	—	0.0	—	—	—	0.0
6. Real estate:						
6.01 Properties occupied by company	—	0.0	—	—	—	0.0
6.02 Properties held for production of income	—	0.0	—	—	—	0.0
6.03 Properties held for sale	—	0.0	—	—	—	0.0
6.04 Total real estate	—	0.0	—	—	—	0.0
7. Cash, cash equivalents and short-term investments:						
7.01 Cash	(27,044,817)	(0.5)	(27,044,817)	—	(27,044,817)	(0.5)
7.02 Cash equivalents	134,443,002	2.3	134,443,002	—	134,443,002	2.3
7.03 Short-term investments	—	0.0	—	—	—	0.0
7.04 Total cash, cash equivalents and short-term investments	107,398,185	1.8	107,398,185	—	107,398,185	1.8
8. Contract loans	—	0.0	—	—	—	0.0
9. Derivatives	—	0.0	—	—	—	0.0
10. Other invested assets	10,607,862	0.2	10,607,862	—	10,607,862	0.2
11. Receivables for securities	—	0.0	—	—	—	0.0
12. Securities lending	12,318,369	0.2	12,318,369	XXX	XXX	XXX
13. Aggregate write-ins for invested assets	—	0.0	—	—	—	0.0
14. Total invested assets	5,850,413,879	100.0	5,849,127,360	12,318,369	5,849,127,360	100.0

TRAVELERS CASUALTY AND SURETY COMPANY OF AMERICA

SUPPLEMENTAL INVESTMENT RISKS INTERROGATORIES

For the year ended December 31, 2025
of Travelers Casualty and Surety Company of America
Hartford, CT 06183

NAIC Group Code: 3548 NAIC Company Code: 31194 Employer's ID Number: 06-0907370

The Investment Risks Interrogatories are to be filed by April 1. They are also to be included with the Audited Statutory Financial Statements.

Answer the following interrogatories by reporting the applicable U.S. dollar amounts and percentages of the reporting entity's total admitted assets held in that category of investments.

1. Reporting entity's total admitted assets as reported on Page 2 of this annual statement. $ 6,408,372,409

2. Ten largest exposures to a single issuer/borrower/investment.

	Issuer	Description of Exposure	Amount	Percentage of Total Admitted Assets
2.01	VARIOUS FANNIE MAE	BOND	$ 377,847,484	5.9 %
2.02	VARIOUS FREDDIE MAC	BOND	$ 320,806,261	5.0 %
2.03	TRAVELERS M MKT LIQUIDITY POOL	PRIVATE LIQUIDITY POOL	$ 134,443,002	2.1 %
2.04	TRAVELERS GLOBAL INC	EQUITY	$ 117,961,887	1.8 %
2.05	VARIOUS MONTGOMERY CNTY MD GO	BOND	$ 43,075,279	0.7 %
2.06	UNIVERSITY OF NOTRE DAME	BOND	$ 38,750,000	0.6 %
2.07	VARIOUS DUKE ENERGY CORP	BOND	$ 37,901,969	0.6 %
2.08	PRINCETON UNIVERSITY	BOND	$ 33,339,096	0.5 %
2.09	VARIOUS MORGAN STANLEY	BOND	$ 31,874,313	0.5 %
2.10	VARIOUS AVANGRID INC	BOND	$ 31,020,556	0.5 %

3. Amounts and percentages of the reporting entity's total admitted assets held in bonds and preferred stocks by NAIC designation.

	Bonds		
3.01	NAIC 1	$ 4,720,174,262	73.7 %
3.02	NAIC 2	$ 876,243,097	13.7 %
3.03	NAIC 3	$ 4,423,698	0.1 %
3.04	NAIC 4	$ —	0.0 %
3.05	NAIC 5	$ —	0.0 %
3.06	NAIC 6	$ —	0.0 %
	Preferred Stocks		
3.07	NAIC 1	$ —	0.0 %
3.08	NAIC 2	$ —	0.0 %
3.09	NAIC 3	$ —	0.0 %
3.10	NAIC 4	$ —	0.0 %
3.11	NAIC 5	$ —	0.0 %
3.12	NAIC 6	$ —	0.0 %

4. Assets held in foreign investments:

4.01	Are assets held in foreign investments less than 2.5% of the reporting entity's total admitted assets?	No	
	If response to 4.01 above is yes, responses are not required for interrogatories 5-10.		
4.02	Total admitted assets held in foreign investments	$ 203,124,011	3.2 %
4.03	Foreign-currency-denominated investments	$ —	0.0 %
4.04	Insurance liabilities denominated in that same foreign currency	$ —	0.0 %

5. Aggregate foreign investment exposure categorized by NAIC sovereign designation:

5.01	Countries designated NAIC 1	$ 203,124,011	3.2 %
5.02	Countries designated NAIC 2	$ —	0.0 %
5.03	Countries designated NAIC 3 or below	$ —	0.0 %

TRAVELERS CASUALTY AND SURETY COMPANY OF AMERICA

SUPPLEMENTAL INVESTMENT RISKS INTERROGATORIES

6. Largest foreign investment exposures by country, categorized by the country's NAIC sovereign designation:

	Countries designated NAIC 1:			
6.01	Country 1: UNITED KINGDOM	$ 60,690,624	0.9 %
6.02	Country 2: NETHERLANDS	$ 29,447,754	0.5 %
	Countries designated NAIC 2:			
6.03	Country 1:	$ —	0.0 %
6.04	Country 2:	$ —	0.0 %
	Countries designated NAIC 3 or below:			
6.05	Country 1:	$ —	0.0 %
6.06	Country 2:	$ —	0.0 %

7. Aggregate unhedged foreign currency exposure $ — 0.0 %

8. Aggregate unhedged foreign currency exposure categorized by NAIC sovereign designation:

8.01	Countries designated NAIC 1	$ —	0.0 %
8.02	Countries designated NAIC 2	$ —	0.0 %
8.03	Countries designated NAIC 3 or below	$ —	0.0 %

9. Largest unhedged foreign currency exposures by country, categorized by the country's NAIC sovereign designation:

	Countries designated NAIC 1:			
9.01	Country 1:	$	—	0.0 %
9.02	Country 2:	$	—	0.0 %
	Countries designated NAIC 2:			
9.03	Country 1:	$	—	0.0 %
9.04	Country 2:	$	—	0.0 %
	Countries designated NAIC 3 or below:			
9.05	Country 1:	$	—	0.0 %
9.06	Country 2:	$	—	0.0 %

10. Ten largest non-sovereign (i.e. non-governmental) foreign issues:

	Issuer	NAIC Designation			
10.01	VARIOUS RIO TINTO PLC	1.F FE	$	15,017,881	0.2 %
10.02	VARIOUS BAE SYSTEMS PLC	1.G FE	$	14,796,425	0.2 %
10.03	VARIOUS DIAGEO PLC	1.G FE	$	14,018,151	0.2 %
10.04	VARIOUS UBS GROUP AG	1.F FE	$	11,885,756	0.2 %
10.05	VARIOUS SANOFI	1.D FE	$	10,999,173	0.2 %
10.06	FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF GERMANY	1.A FE	$	10,000,000	0.2 %
10.07	L'OREAL SA	1.C FE	$	9,932,991	0.2 %
10.08	CSL LTD	1.G FE	$	9,751,172	0.2 %
10.09	VARIOUS WESTPAC BANKING CORP	1.C FE, 1.D FE	$	8,995,864	0.1 %
10.10	GENERAL ELECTRIC CO	1.G FE	$	8,755,087	0.1 %

11. Amounts and percentages of the reporting entity's total admitted assets held in Canadian investments and unhedged Canadian currency exposure:

11.01	Are assets held in Canadian investments less than 2.5% of the reporting entity's total admitted assets?	Yes		
	If response to 11.01 is yes, detail is not required for the remainder of Interrogatory 11.			
11.02	Total admitted assets held in Canadian Investments	$	50,963,733	0.8 %
11.03	Canadian currency-denominated investments	$	—	0.0 %
11.04	Canadian-denominated insurance liabilities	$	—	0.0 %
11.05	Unhedged Canadian currency exposure	$	—	0.0 %

TRAVELERS CASUALTY AND SURETY COMPANY OF AMERICA

SUPPLEMENTAL INVESTMENT RISKS INTERROGATORIES

12. Report aggregate amounts and percentages of the reporting entity's total admitted assets held in investments with contractual sales restrictions:

12.01	Are assets held in investments with contractual sales restrictions less than 2.5% of the reporting entity's total admitted assets?		Yes	
	If response to 12.01 is yes, responses are not required for the remainder of Interrogatory 12.			
12.02	Aggregate statement value of investments with contractual sales restrictions	$	—	0.0 %
	Largest three investments with contractual sales restrictions:			
12.03		$	—	0.0 %
12.04		$	—	0.0 %
12.05		$	—	0.0 %

13. Amounts and percentages of admitted assets held in the ten largest equity interests:

13.01	Are assets held in equity interest less than 2.5% of the reporting entity's total admitted assets?		Yes	
	If response to 13.01 above is yes, responses are not required for the remainder of Interrogatory 13.			
	Issuer			
13.02		$	—	0.0 %
13.03		$	—	0.0 %
13.04		$	—	0.0 %
13.05		$	—	0.0 %
13.06		$	—	0.0 %
13.07		$	—	0.0 %
13.08		$	—	0.0 %
13.09		$	—	0.0 %
13.10		$	—	0.0 %
13.11		$	—	0.0 %

14. Amounts and percentages of the reporting entity's total admitted assets held in nonaffiliated, privately placed equities:

14.01	Are assets held in nonaffiliated, privately placed equities less than 2.5% of the reporting entity's total admitted assets?		Yes	
	If response to 14.01 above is yes, responses are not required for 14.02 through 14.05.			
14.02	Aggregate statement value of investments held in nonaffiliated, privately placed equities	$	10,607,862	0.2 %
	Largest three investments held in nonaffiliated, privately placed equities:			
14.03		$	—	0.0 %
14.04		$	—	0.0 %
14.05		$	—	0.0 %

Ten Largest Fund Managers:

	Fund Manager	Total Invested	Diversified	Non-Diversified
14.06		$ —	$ —	$ —
14.07		$ —	$ —	$ —
14.08		$ —	$ —	$ —
14.09		$ —	$ —	$ —
14.10		$ —	$ —	$ —
14.11		$ —	$ —	$ —
14.12		$ —	$ —	$ —
14.13		$ —	$ —	$ —
14.14		$ —	$ —	$ —
14.15		$ —	$ —	$ —

TRAVELERS CASUALTY AND SURETY COMPANY OF AMERICA

SUPPLEMENTAL INVESTMENT RISKS INTERROGATORIES

15. Amounts and percentages of the reporting entity's total admitted assets held in general partnership interests:

15.01	Are assets held in general partnership interests less than 2.5% of the reporting entity's total admitted assets?	Yes		
	If response to 15.01 above is yes, responses are not required for the remainder of Interrogatory 15.			
15.02	Aggregate statement value of investments held in general partnership interests	$	—	0.0 %
	Largest three investments in general partnership interests:			
15.03		$	—	0.0 %
15.04		$	—	0.0 %
15.05		$	—	0.0 %

16. Amounts and percentages of the reporting entity's total admitted assets held in mortgage loans:

16.01	Are mortgage loans reported in Schedule B less than 2.5% of the reporting entity's total admitted assets?	Yes		
	If response to 16.01 above is yes, responses are not required for the remainder of Interrogatory 16 and Interrogatory 17.			
	Type (Residential, Commercial, Agricultural)			
16.02		$	—	0.0 %
16.03		$	—	0.0 %
16.04		$	—	0.0 %
16.05		$	—	0.0 %
16.06		$	—	0.0 %
16.07		$	—	0.0 %
16.08		$	—	0.0 %
16.09		$	—	0.0 %
16.10		$	—	0.0 %
16.11		$	—	0.0 %

Amount and percentage of the reporting entity's total admitted assets held in the following categories of mortgage loans:

		Loans	
16.12	Construction loans	$ —	0.0 %
16.13	Mortgage loans over 90 days past due	$ —	0.0 %
16.14	Mortgage loans in the process of foreclosure	$ —	0.0 %
16.15	Mortgage loans foreclosed	$ —	0.0 %
16.16	Restructured mortgage loans	$ —	0.0 %

17. Aggregate mortgage loans having the following loan-to-value ratios as determined from the most current appraisal as of the annual statement date:

		Residential		Commercial		Agricultural	
17.01	above 95%	$ —	0.0 %	$ —	0.0 %	$ —	0.0 %
17.02	91% to 95%	$ —	0.0 %	$ —	0.0 %	$ —	0.0 %
17.03	81% to 90%	$ —	0.0 %	$ —	0.0 %	$ —	0.0 %
17.04	71% to 80%	$ —	0.0 %	$ —	0.0 %	$ —	0.0 %
17.05	below 70%	$ —	0.0 %	$ —	0.0 %	$ —	0.0 %

18. Amounts and percentages of the reporting entity's total admitted assets held in each of the five largest investments in real estate:

18.01	Are assets held in real estate reported less than 2.5% of the reporting entity's total admitted assets?	Yes		
	If response to 18.01 above is yes, responses are not required for the remainder of Interrogatory 18.			
	Largest five investments in any one parcel or group of contiguous parcels of real estate:			
	Description			
18.02		$	—	0.0 %
18.03		$	—	0.0 %
18.04		$	—	0.0 %
18.05		$	—	0.0 %
18.06		$	—	0.0 %

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SUPPLEMENTAL INVESTMENT RISKS INTERROGATORIES

19. Report aggregate amounts and percentages of the reporting entity's total admitted assets held in investments held in mezzanine real estate loans.

19.01	Are assets held in investments held in mezzanine real estate loans less than 2.5% of the reporting entity's admitted assets?		Yes	
	If response to 19.01 is yes, responses are not required for the remainder of Interrogatory 19.			
19.02	Aggregate statement value of investments held in mezzanine real estate loans	$	—	0.0 %
	Largest three investments held in mezzanine real estate loans:			
19.03		$	—	0.0 %
19.04		$	—	0.0 %
19.05		$	—	0.0 %

20. Amounts and percentages of the reporting entity's total admitted assets subject to the following types of agreements:

					At End of Each Quarter		
		At Year End		1st Qtr	2nd Qtr	3rd Qtr	
20.01	Securities lending agreements (do not include assets held as collateral for such transactions)	$ 12,072,441	0.2 %	$ 23,236,373	$ 23,923,902	$ 22,349,368	
20.02	Repurchase agreements	$ —	0.0 %	$ —	$ —	$ —	
20.03	Reverse repurchase agreements	$ —	0.0 %	$ —	$ —	$ —	
20.04	Dollar repurchase agreements	$ —	0.0 %	$ —	$ —	$ —	
20.05	Dollar reverse repurchase agreements	$ —	0.0 %	$ —	$ —	$ —	

21. Amounts and percentages of the reporting entity's total admitted assets for warrants not attached to other financial instruments, options, caps and floors:

		Owned		Written	
21.01	Hedging	$ —	0.0 %	$ —	0.0 %
21.02	Income generation	$ —	0.0 %	$ —	0.0 %
21.03	Other	$ —	0.0 %	$ —	0.0 %

22. Amounts and percentages of the reporting entity's total admitted assets of potential exposure for collars, swaps, and forwards:

				At End of Each Quarter		
		At Year End		1st Qtr	2nd Qtr	3rd Qtr
22.01	Hedging	$ —	0.0 %	$ —	$ —	$ —
22.02	Income generation	$ —	0.0 %	$ —	$ —	$ —
22.03	Replications	$ —	0.0 %	$ —	$ —	$ —
22.04	Other	$ —	0.0 %	$ —	$ —	$ —

23. Amounts and percentages of the reporting entity's total admitted assets of potential exposure for futures contracts:

				At End of Each Quarter		
		At Year End		1st Qtr	2nd Qtr	3rd Qtr
23.01	Hedging	$ —	0.0 %	$ —	$ —	$ —
23.02	Income generation	$ —	0.0 %	$ —	$ —	$ —
23.03	Replications	$ —	0.0 %	$ —	$ —	$ —
23.04	Other	$ —	0.0 %	$ —	$ —	$ —

TRAVELERS CASUALTY AND SURETY COMPANY OF AMERICA

PROPERTY AND CASUALTY INTERROGATORIES RELATING TO REINSURANCE

1.	Has the reporting entity reinsured any risk with any other entity under a quota share reinsurance contract that includes a provision that would limit the reinsurer's losses below the stated quota share percentage (e.g., a deductible, a loss ratio corridor, a loss cap, an aggregate limit or any similar provisions)?	Yes [X]	No [ ]
2.	If yes, indicate the number of reinsurance contracts containing such provisions:	3	
3.	If yes, does the amount of reinsurance credit taken reflect the reduction in quota share coverage caused by any applicable limiting provision(s)?	Yes [X]	No [ ]
4.	Has the reporting entity ceded any risk under any reinsurance contract (or under multiple contracts with the same reinsurer or its affiliates) for which during the period covered by the statement: (i) it recorded a positive or negative underwriting result greater than 5% of prior year-end surplus as regards policyholders or it reported calendar year written premium ceded or year-end loss and loss expense reserves ceded greater than 5% of prior year-end surplus as regards policyholders; (ii) it accounted for that contract as reinsurance and not as a deposit; and (iii) the contract(s) contain one or more of the following features or other features that would have similar results: (a) A contract term longer than two years and the contract is noncancellable by the reporting entity during the contract term; (b) A limited or conditional cancellation provision under which cancellation triggers an obligation by the reporting entity, or an affiliate of the reporting entity, to enter into a new reinsurance contract with the reinsurer, or an affiliate of the reinsurer; (c) Aggregate stop loss reinsurance coverage; (d) A unilateral right by either party (or both parties) to commute the reinsurance contract, whether conditional or not, except for such provisions which are only triggered by a decline in the credit status of the other party; (e) A provision permitting reporting of losses, or payment of losses, less frequently than on a quarterly basis (unless there is no activity during the period); or (f) Payment schedule, accumulating retentions from multiple years or any features inherently designed to delay timing of the reimbursement to the ceding entity.	Yes [ ]	No [X]
5.	Has the reporting entity during the period covered by the statement ceded any risk under any reinsurance contract (or under multiple contracts with the same reinsurer or its affiliates), for which, during the period covered by the statement, it recorded a positive or negative underwriting result greater than 5% of prior year-end surplus as regards policyholders or it reported calendar year written premium ceded or year-end loss and loss expense reserves ceded greater than 5% of prior year-end surplus as regards policyholders; excluding cessions to approved pooling arrangements or to captive insurance companies that are directly or indirectly controlling, controlled by, or under common control with (i) one or more unaffiliated policyholders of the reporting entity, or (ii) an association of which one or more unaffiliated policyholders of the reporting entity is a member where: (a) The written premium ceded to the reinsurer by the reporting entity or its affiliates represents fifty percent (50%) or more of the entire direct and assumed premium written by the reinsurer based on its most recently available financial statement; or (b) Twenty-five percent (25%) or more of the written premium ceded to the reinsurer has been retroceded back to the reporting entity or its affiliates in a separate reinsurance contract.	Yes [ ]	No [X]
6.	Except for transactions meeting the requirements of paragraph 36 of SSAP No. 62R, *Property and Casualty Reinsurance*, has the reporting entity ceded any risk under any reinsurance contract (or multiple contracts with the same reinsurer or its affiliates) during the period covered by the financial statement, and either: (a) Accounted for that contract as reinsurance (either prospective or retroactive) under statutory accounting principles (SAP) and as a deposit under generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP); or (b) Accounted for that contract as reinsurance under GAAP and as a deposit under SAP?	Yes [ ]	No [X]

TRAVELERS CASUALTY AND SURETY COMPANY OF AMERICA

TRV CONSOLIDATED FEDERAL INCOME TAX RETURN FILING: LIST OF INCLUDED COMPANIES

Companies included with The Travelers Companies, Inc. (TRV) in the December 31, 2025 consolidated federal income tax return filing:

Company Name	EIN
American Equity Insurance Company	86-0703220
American Equity Specialty Insurance Company	86-0868106
BMR Sports Properties, Inc.	52-1852190
Camperdown Corporation	41-1762781
Corvus Reinsurance Company	86-3282639
English Turn Fidelity Realty, Inc.	52-1466734
English Turn Realty Management, Inc.	52-1715225
Farmington Casualty Company	06-1067463
Fidelity and Guaranty Insurance Company	42-1091525
Fidelity and Guaranty Insurance Underwriters, Inc.	52-0616768
First Floridian Auto and Home Insurance Company	59-3372141
Gulf Underwriters Insurance Company	56-1371361
Laurel Village Fidelity Realty, Inc.	52-1551225
Northbrook Holdings, Inc.	51-0375653
Northfield Insurance Company	41-0983992
Northland Casualty Company	94-6051964
Northland Insurance Company	41-6009967
Select Insurance Company	75-6013697
SPC Insurance Agency, Inc.	41-1888760
St. Paul Fire and Marine Insurance Company	41-0406690
St. Paul Guardian Insurance Company	41-0963301
St. Paul Mercury Insurance Company	41-0881659
St. Paul Protective Insurance Company	36-2542404
St. Paul Surplus Lines Insurance Company	41-1230819
TCI Global Services, Inc.	52-1965525
The Automobile Insurance Company of Hartford, Connecticut	06-0848755
The Charter Oak Fire Insurance Company	06-0291290
The Phoenix Insurance Company	06-0303275
The Standard Fire Insurance Company	06-6033509
The Travelers Casualty Company	41-1435765
The Travelers Home and Marine Insurance Company	35-1838079
The Travelers Indemnity Company	06-0566050
The Travelers Indemnity Company of America	58-6020487
The Travelers Indemnity Company of Connecticut	06-0336212
The Travelers Lloyds Insurance Company	76-0002592
TINDY Foreign, Inc.	20-4403403
TPC Investments, Inc.	06-1534005
TravCo Insurance Company	35-1838077
TravCo Personal Insurance Company	36-2999370
Travelers (Bermuda) Limited	98-0190863
Travelers Casualty and Surety Company	06-6033504
Travelers Casualty and Surety Company of America	06-0907370
Travelers Casualty Company of Connecticut	06-1286266
Travelers Casualty Insurance Company of America	06-0876835
Travelers Commercial Casualty Company	95-3634110
Travelers Commercial Insurance Company	06-1286268
Travelers Constitution State Insurance Company	41-1435766
Travelers Distribution Alliance, Inc.	62-1657094
Travelers Excess and Surplus Lines Company	06-1203698
Travelers Global, Inc.	47-2215437
Travelers Group Captive Insurance Company	93-2131852
Travelers Insurance Group Holdings Inc.	06-1445591
Travelers Lloyds Management Company	20-4312440
Travelers Lloyds of Texas Insurance Company	75-1732040
Travelers MGA, Inc.	75-2676034
Travelers Personal Insurance Company	36-3703200
Travelers Personal Security Insurance Company	06-1286264
Travelers Property Casualty Company of America	36-2719165
Travelers Property Casualty Corp.	06-1008174
Travelers Property Casualty Insurance Company	06-1286274
Travelers Specialty Insurance Company	52-1925132
Travelers Texas MGA, Inc.	27-4469564
United States Fidelity and Guaranty Company	52-0515280
USF&G Retail Associates GP, Inc.	52-1704255
Yonkers Financing Corp.	20-3033027