

NUVEI CORPORATION
BY-LAW NO. 2020-1 – GENERAL BY-LAW

1. INTERPRETATION

1.1 Definitions. For the purposes of this By-law, unless otherwise provided:

“Act” means the *Canada Business Corporations Act*, R.S.C. (1985) ch. C-44, as well as any amendment which may be made thereto, and any act which may be substituted therefor.

“Board” means the Board of Directors of the Corporation.

“Corporation” means Nuvei Corporation or its successor.

All terms used in this By-law and which are defined in the Act shall have the meanings given to such terms in the Act.

1.2 Conflict with the Articles. In the event of conflict between the provisions of this By-law and those of the Articles, the latter shall prevail.

2. BUSINESS OF THE CORPORATION

2.1 Registered Office. The registered office of the Corporation is situated in the Province specified in the Articles, at such address as the Board may determine.

2.2 Corporate Seal. The Corporation may, but need not, adopt one or more corporate seals which shall be such as the Board may approve by resolution from time to time.

2.3 Financial Year. The financial year of the Corporation shall end on such date in each year as shall be determined from time to time by the Board.

3. SHAREHOLDERS

3.1 Annual Meeting. The annual meeting of the shareholders of the Corporation shall be held on such date each year and at such time as may be fixed by the Board in accordance with the Act.

3.2 Special Meetings. Special meetings of the shareholders may be called at any time as determined by the Board and shall be called by the Board when required by one or more shareholders holding no less than 5% of the outstanding voting shares in accordance with the Act.

3.3 Place of Meetings. Meetings of the shareholders shall be held at the registered office of the Corporation or at any other place in Canada that may be fixed by the Board. Meetings of the shareholders may also be held at a place outside Canada specified in the Articles.

3.4 Notice of Meetings. Notice of each meeting of the shareholders shall be sent to the shareholders entitled to vote thereat, the directors and the auditor not less than 10 days (or 21 days if the Corporation is a distributing corporation) and not more than 60 days prior

to the date fixed for the meeting. If such notice is delivered personally or mailed, it shall be directed to the last address of the intended recipient as shown in the records of the Corporation or its agent. The signature to any notice of meeting may be written, stamped, typewritten, printed or otherwise mechanically reproduced thereon.

The irregularity in the notice of meeting or the delivery thereof, including the accidental omission of giving it or the non-reception by a shareholder, a director or the auditor, does not affect the validity of the procedures at the meeting.

In the case of joint shareholders, the notice of meeting and any document pertaining to the meeting may be sent to whichever of such persons is named first in the securities register of the Corporation. Any notice and documents so given shall be sufficient for all of them.

A certificate of the Secretary or of any other duly authorized officer of the Corporation in office at the time of the making of the certificate shall be conclusive evidence of the sending or delivery of a notice of meeting.

- 3.5 Meeting Chairperson and Secretary. The Chair of the Board, or such other person as may from time to time be appointed for that purpose by the Board, shall preside at meetings of shareholders. The Secretary, or such other person as may be appointed for that purpose by the chairperson of the meeting, shall act as secretary of the meeting.
- 3.6 Quorum. Two or more persons present in person or represented by proxy and holding not less than 25% of the aggregate number of votes attached to all the voting shares for such meeting shall constitute a quorum at an annual or special meeting of the shareholders, regardless of the actual number of persons actually present.
- 3.7 Proxy. Shareholders may be represented and vote by proxy. A proxyholder need not be a shareholder of the Corporation and may serve as proxyholder for several shareholders.
- 3.8 Participation by Telephone or Electronic Means. Any person entitled to attend a meeting of shareholders may participate in the meeting using means permitting all participants to communicate adequately with each other, if the Corporation makes available such a communication facility, in particular, telephonic or electronic means. A person participating in a meeting by such means is deemed to be present at the meeting. The Board may determine that the meeting shall be held entirely by means permitting all participants to communicate adequately with each other, in particular, by telephonic or electronic means.
- 3.9 Voting. Unless a ballot is ordered or requested, the vote shall be taken by a show of hands. In such case, the shareholders or their proxyholders shall vote by raising their hands, and the number of votes shall be calculated in accordance with the number of raised hands.

If the chairperson so orders or a shareholder or proxyholder entitled to vote so requests, the vote shall be taken by ballot. A request for a vote by ballot may be made at any time during the meeting, even after the holding of a vote by a show of hands, and such a request may also be withdrawn. Whether or not a vote by a show of hands has previously

been taken on the same matter, the result of a ballot shall be deemed to represent the resolution of the meeting in respect thereof.

The Corporation may allow the shareholders and their proxyholders to vote by means of a telephonic, electronic or other communication facility it makes available for that purpose and in accordance with the explanation and instructions it provides them, inasmuch as this facility complies with the requirements contained in the Act.

In the case of joint shareholders and if more than one of such persons is present at any meeting, in person or by proxy, that one of the said persons so present whose name stands first in the securities register of the Corporation in respect of such shares shall alone be entitled to vote in respect thereof.

- 3.10 Procedure at Meetings. The chairperson of any meeting of shareholders shall preside over its deliberations and ensure its orderly conduct. The chairperson has all powers necessary to ensure that the meeting is able to effectively conduct the business for which it was called. To this end, the chairperson shall determine and conduct the procedure in all respects, and his or her decisions, including those pertaining to the validity or invalidity of proxies, shall be conclusive and binding. Everyone attending the meeting, whether or not a shareholder, must comply with the instructions of the chairperson.

Unless a ballot is requested, a declaration by the chairperson that a resolution has been carried or defeated, with or without qualification of unanimity, by a particular majority, and an entry to this effect in the minutes of the meeting shall be conclusive evidence of the fact.

At all times during the meeting, the chairperson may, of his own initiative, suspend the meeting for a specified amount of time. He may also adjourn the meeting for a valid reason such as a disturbance or confusion rendering the harmonious and orderly conduct of the meeting impossible.

- 3.11 Scrutineers. The chairperson at any meeting of shareholders may appoint scrutineers (who may but need not be directors, officers, employees, or shareholders of the Corporation), who shall act in accordance with the directives of the chairperson.

4. BOARD OF DIRECTORS

- 4.1 Number. The Corporation shall be managed by a Board composed of the fixed number of directors indicated in its Articles. If the Articles establish a minimum and a maximum number of directors, the Board shall be composed of the fixed number of directors established by resolution passed by the Board or, failing this, selected by the shareholders within such limits.
- 4.2 Board Meetings. Meetings of the Board may be called by or by order of the Chair of the Board, if any, the President or any two directors and may be held anywhere in or outside Canada.
- 4.3 Place of Meetings. Meetings of the Board may be held anywhere in or outside Canada.

- 4.4 Notice of Meetings. Notice of a meeting shall be sent to the directors no less than two days prior to the date fixed for the meeting. Every year, immediately after the annual meeting of the shareholders, a meeting of the new directors present shall be held without further notice if they constitute a quorum, to elect or appoint the officers of the Corporation and consider, deal with and dispose of any other matter. Decisions made during the course of a meeting of the Board shall be valid notwithstanding any irregularity, thereafter discovered, in the calling of the meeting of the Board.
- 4.5 Meeting Chairperson and Secretary. Meetings of the Board shall be chaired by the Chair of the Board, if any, or, failing him, by the Lead Director, if any, or, failing him, by the President if he is a director. The Secretary shall act as secretary of the meetings. The directors present at a meeting may nevertheless appoint any other person as chairperson or secretary of such meeting.
- 4.6 Quorum. A majority of the directors in office shall constitute a quorum for a meeting of the Board. A quorum shall be present for the entire duration of the meeting.
- 4.7 Participation by Telephone or Electronic Means. Directors may, if all are in agreement, participate in a Board meeting using means permitting all participants to communicate adequately with each other, in particular, by telephonic or electronic means. A director participating in the meeting by such means shall be deemed to have been present at that meeting. A telephonic or electronic vote is deemed to have been given by show of hands or by ballot, as the case may be.
- 4.8 Voting. Each director shall be entitled to one vote and all matters shall be decided by the majority of the votes cast. The vote shall be taken by a show of hands unless the chairperson orders or a director requests a ballot, in which case the vote shall be taken by ballot. If the vote is taken by ballot, the secretary shall act as scrutineer and count the ballots. The fact of having voted by ballot shall not deprive a director of the right to express his dissidence in respect of the resolution concerned and to cause such dissidence to be entered. Voting by proxy shall not be permitted. The chairperson shall have no casting vote in the case of an equality of votes.
- 4.9 Procedure. The chairperson ensures that the meeting is conducted smoothly and submits to the Board the motions on which a vote is to be taken and generally conducts the procedure thereat in all respects, in which regard his decision shall be final and binding on all the directors. At the request of the chairperson or any director, a director who has an interest in a contract with the Corporation and is prohibited by the Act to vote on the contract shall leave the meeting while the Board discusses and votes on the contract concerned.
- 4.10 Signed Resolution. A resolution in writing, signed by all the directors entitled to vote on that resolution at a meeting of directors, shall be as valid as if it had been passed at a meeting of directors. A copy of each signed resolution shall be kept with the minutes of the proceedings of the directors.

5. COMMITTEES AND OFFICERS

- 5.1 Committees. The Board may, by resolution, appoint any committee that it may deem fit. Subject to the provisions of the Act and except as otherwise provided by the Board, each such committee shall have the power to fix its quorum (which quorum shall consist of no less than a majority of its members) to appoint its own Chair and to determine its own procedures.
- 5.2 Officers. The Board may, by resolution, appoint all officers it deems appropriate and, subject to the provisions of the Act, determine their powers, functions and duties. The same person may hold more than one office.

6. INDEMNIFICATION

- 6.1 Indemnity. Subject to the limitations provided by the Act, the Corporation shall indemnify a director or officer of the Corporation, a former director or officer of the Corporation or a person who acts or acted at the Corporation's request as a director or officer, or a person acting in a similar capacity, of another entity, and his or her heirs and legal representatives, against all costs, charges and expenses, including an amount paid to settle an action or satisfy a judgment, reasonably incurred by him in respect of any civil, criminal, administrative or investigative or other proceeding in which he or she is involved by reason of being or having been a director or officer of the Corporation or as a director or officer, or a person acting in a similar capacity, of such entity, if:
- a) he or she acted honestly and in good faith with a view to the best interests of the Corporation or, as the case may be, the entity; and
 - b) in the case of a criminal or administrative action or proceeding that is enforced by a monetary penalty, he or she had reasonable grounds for believing that his or her conduct was lawful.
- 6.2 Insurance. The Corporation may purchase and maintain insurance for the benefit of any person referred to in Section 6.1 against such liability as the Board may from time to time determine, and as permitted by the Act.
- 6.3 Reimbursement and advance of costs. Subject to a contract specifying and restraining this obligation, the Corporation shall reimburse the director, officer and any other agent for the reasonable and necessary costs paid by him or her during the execution of his duties. This reimbursement shall be done after the presentation of all relevant documents. Moreover, subject to the limitations provided by the Act, the Corporation shall, upon request, advance moneys to such individual for the costs, charges and expenses referred to in Section 6.1, and the individual must repay the moneys if he or she does not fulfil the conditions set out in Section 6.1.

7. SHARE CAPITAL

- 7.1 Issue of Shares. Subject to all provisions contained in the Articles or in a unanimous shareholders agreement limiting the allocation or issue of shares in the share capital of the Corporation, the directors may accept subscriptions for, allot, distribute, issue, in

whole or in part, the unissued shares of the Corporation, grant options thereon or otherwise dispose thereof to any person, corporation, company, body corporate or other entity, upon the conditions and for the lawful consideration in compliance with the Articles and the Act which is determined by the directors, without any requirement to offer such unissued shares to persons who are already shareholders rateably to the shares held by them.

- 7.2 Securities Register. A central securities register shall be maintained by the Corporation or its agent at the registered office or at any other place in Canada designated by the directors. The directors may from time to time provide that one or more branch securities registers shall be maintained at such places within Canada or elsewhere as may be designated by a resolution and may appoint one or more agents to maintain the same and to effect and record therein transfers of shares of the capital stock of the Corporation. Such an agent may be designated as transfer agent or registrar according to their functions and one person may be designated as both registrar and transfer agent.
- 7.3 Share Certificates. Subject to the Act and applicable laws, share certificates, if required, will be in the form that the Board approves from time to time or that the Corporation adopts.
- 7.4 Lost or Destroyed Certificates. The Board may, upon conditions it shall establish, direct that one or more new certificates of shares may be issued to replace any certificate or certificates of shares theretofore issued by the Corporation that have been worn out, lost, stolen, or destroyed, and the Board, when authorizing the issuance of such new certificate or certificates, may, in its discretion, and as a condition precedent thereto, require the owner of the worn-out, lost, stolen or destroyed certificate or certificates or his legal representatives to give to the Corporation and/or its agent, a bond in such sum as it may direct, as indemnity against any claim that may be made against them for or in respect of the shares represented by such certificates alleged to have been worn out, lost, stolen or destroyed.

8. DIVIDENDS AND OTHER PAYMENTS

- 8.1 Dividends. The Board may, periodically and in compliance with the law, declare and pay dividends to the shareholders, in accordance with their respective rights.
- 8.2 Payment. Any cash dividend or other payment to shareholders will be paid by cheque or by electronic means or by such other method as the directors may determine.

The payment will be made to or to the order of each registered holder of shares in respect of which the payment is to be made. Cheques will be sent to the registered holder's last address as shown in the records of the Corporation or its agent, unless the holder otherwise directs. In the case of joint holders, the payment will be made to the order of all such joint holders and, if applicable, sent to whichever of such joint holders is named first in the securities register of the Corporation, unless such joint holders otherwise direct.

The sending of the cheque or the sending of the payment by electronic means or the sending of the payment by a method determined by the directors in an amount equal to

the dividend or other distribution to be paid less any tax that the Corporation is required to withhold will satisfy and discharge the liability for the payment, unless payment is not made upon presentation, if applicable.

In the event of non-receipt of any payment made as contemplated above by the person to whom it is sent, the Corporation may issue re-payment to such person for a like amount. The directors may determine, whether generally or in any particular case, the terms on which any re-payment may be made, including terms as to indemnity, reimbursement of expenses, and evidence of non-receipt and of title.

To the extent permitted by law, any dividend or other payment that remains unclaimed after a period of six years from the date on which the dividend has been declared to be payable or the payment has been made is forfeited and will revert to the Corporation.

9. BORROWING AND SECURITY

9.1 Borrowing Power. (1) Without limiting the borrowing powers of the Corporation as set forth in the Act, but subject to the Articles, the Board may from time to time on behalf of the Corporation, without authorization of the shareholders:

- a) borrow money upon the credit of the Corporation;
- b) issue, reissue, sell or pledge bonds, debentures, notes or other debt obligations or guarantees of the Corporation, whether secured or unsecured;
- c) give, directly or indirectly, financial assistance to any person by means of a loan, a guarantee on behalf of the Corporation to secure performance of any present or future indebtedness, liability or obligation of any person, or otherwise; and
- d) mortgage, hypothecate, pledge or otherwise create a security interest in all or any currently owned or subsequently acquired real or personal, movable or immovable, property of the Corporation, including, without limitation, accounts, rights, powers, franchises and undertakings to secure any such bonds, debentures, notes or other debt obligations or guarantees or any other present or future indebtedness, liability or obligation of the Corporation.

(2) Nothing in Section 9.1 limits or restricts the borrowing of money by the Corporation on bills of exchange or promissory notes made, drawn, accepted or endorsed by or on behalf of the Corporation.

9.2 Delegation. Subject to the Act and the Articles, the Board may from time to time delegate to a committee of the Board, a Director or an officer of the Corporation or any other person as may be designated by the Board all or any of the powers conferred on the Board by Section 9.1 or by the Act to such extent and in such manner as the Board may determine at the time of such delegation

10. REPRESENTATION

- 10.1 Judicial Proceedings. Each of the President, the Secretary, any Vice-President and, with the authorization of the Board, any other officer, employee or person shall be authorized and empowered to answer for the Corporation to all writs, orders or examinations upon articulated facts issued by any court and to declare for and on behalf of the Corporation any answer to writs of attachment by way of garnishment in which the Corporation is garnishee and to sign all affidavits and sworn declarations in connection therewith or any and all judicial proceedings to which the Corporation is a party and to make demands for assignment of property or petition for winding-up or receivership orders upon any debtor of the Corporation and to attend and vote at all meetings of creditors of the Corporation's debtors and grant proxies in connection therewith.
- 10.2 Representation at Meetings. Each of the President, the Secretary, any Vice-President and, with the authorization of the Board, any other officer, employee or person shall be authorized and empowered to represent the Corporation and attend and vote at any and all meetings of shareholders or members of any entity in which the Corporation holds shares or is otherwise interested, and any action taken or vote cast by them at any such meeting shall be deemed to be the act or vote of the Corporation.
- 10.3 Signature of Documents. Contracts, documents, written acts, including discharges and releases, requiring the signature of the Corporation may be validly executed by the President and hence be binding on the Corporation. The Board may also authorize and empower any other officer, employee or person to execute, alone or in conjunction with one or more other persons, and to deliver on behalf of the Corporation all contracts, documents and written acts, and such authorization may be given by resolution in general or specific terms.
- 10.4 Declarations in the Register. Any director or officer having ceased to hold such office as a result of his or her resignation, removal or otherwise shall be authorized to sign on behalf of the Corporation and file with the Enterprise Registrar or similar authority an amending declaration to the effect that he has ceased to be a director or officer, as applicable, from 15 days after the date of such cessation, unless he or she receives proof that the Corporation has filed such a declaration.

11. MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

- 11.1 Repeal and Effective Date. This By-law is effective as of the date of the resolution of the Board of the Corporation, that is, on September _____, 2020. As a result, the general by-law in force prior to the date of such resolution of the Board, that is, the "General By-Laws" adopted as of September 1, 2017, shall be repealed on the date of the resolution of the Board. This repeal shall not affect any past application of the general by-law, nor affect the validity of steps taken, resolutions adopted, or rights, privileges or obligations stemming from the general by-law prior to said repeal, nor of any contract entered into or commitment made under the former general by-law. If the adoption of this By-Law is not confirmed during the next annual or special meeting of shareholders, it will cease to apply, but only from this date.

(s) Philip Fayer

Philip Fayer
President

NUVEI CORPORATION
BY-LAW NO. 2020-2 - ADVANCE NOMINATIONS OF DIRECTORS OF THE
CORPORATION

Section 1.1 Introduction

The purpose of this by-law of the Corporation is to provide shareholders, directors and management of the Corporation with guidance on the nomination of directors. This by-law is the framework by which the Corporation seeks to fix a deadline by which shareholders of the Corporation must submit director nominations to the Corporation prior to any annual or special meeting of shareholders and sets forth the information that a shareholder must include in the notice to the Corporation for the notice to be in proper written form. This by-law is intended to: (i) facilitate orderly and efficient annual general meetings or, where the need arises, special meetings; (ii) ensure that all shareholders receive adequate notice of director nominations and sufficient information with respect to all nominees; and (iii) allow shareholders to register an informed vote.

It is the belief of the Corporation and the board of directors of the Corporation that this by-law is in the best interests of the Corporation. This by-law will be subject to periodic review and, subject to the Act (as defined herein), will reflect changes as required by securities regulatory or stock exchange requirements and, at the discretion of the board of directors of the Corporation, amendments necessary to meet evolving industry standards.

Section 1.2 Definitions

As used in this by-law, the following terms have the following meanings:

“**Act**” means the *Canada Business Corporations Act* and the regulations under the Act, all as amended, re-enacted or replaced from time to time.

“**Applicable Securities Laws**” means the applicable securities legislation of each relevant province of Canada, as amended from time to time, the written rules, regulations and forms made or promulgated under any such statute and the published national instruments, multilateral instruments, policies, bulletins and notices of the securities commissions and similar regulatory authorities of each province of Canada.

“**Board**” means the board of directors of the Corporation.

“**Corporation**” means Nuvei Corporation.

“**person**” means a natural person, partnership, limited partnership, limited liability partnership, corporation, limited liability company, unlimited liability company, joint stock company, trust, unincorporated association, joint venture or other entity or governmental or regulatory entity, and pronouns have a similarly extended meaning.

“**public announcement**” means disclosure in a press release reported by a national news service in Canada, or in a document publicly filed by the Corporation under its profile on

the System for Electronic Document Analysis and Retrieval at www.sedar.com, or any system that is a replacement or successor thereto.

Terms used in this by-law that are defined in the Act have the meanings given to such terms in the Act.

Section 1.3 Nomination Procedures

Subject only to the Act, Applicable Securities Laws and the articles of the Corporation, only persons who are nominated in accordance with the procedures set out in this by-law shall be eligible for election as directors of the Corporation. Nominations of persons for election to the Board may be made at any annual meeting of shareholders, or at a special meeting of shareholders if the election of directors is a matter specified in the notice of meeting:

- (a) by or at the direction of the Board, including pursuant to a notice of meeting;
- (b) by or at the direction or request of one or more shareholders pursuant to a proposal made in accordance with the provisions of the Act, or a requisition of a shareholders meeting by one or more shareholders made in accordance with the provisions of the Act; or
- (c) by any person (a “**Nominating Shareholder**”) who:
 - (i) at the close of business on the date of the giving of the notice provided for below in this by-law and on the record date for notice of such meeting, is entered in the securities register of the Corporation as a holder of one or more shares carrying the right to vote at such meeting or who beneficially owns shares that are entitled to be voted at such meeting and provides evidence of such beneficial ownership to the Corporation; and
 - (ii) complies with the notice procedures set forth below in this by-law.

Section 1.4 Nominations for Election

For the avoidance of doubt, the procedures set forth in this by-law shall be the exclusive means for any person to bring nominations for election to the Board before any annual or special meeting of shareholders of the Corporation.

Section 1.5 Timely Notice

In addition to any other applicable requirements, for a nomination to be validly made by a Nominating Shareholder, the Nominating Shareholder must have given timely notice thereof in proper written form to the corporate secretary of the Corporation in accordance with this by-law.

Section 1.6 Manner of Timely Notice

To be timely, a Nominating Shareholder’s notice to the corporate secretary of the Corporation must be made:

- (a) in the case of an annual meeting of shareholders (including an annual and special meeting), not less than thirty (30) days prior to the date of the meeting, provided, however, that if the first public announcement of the date of the meeting (the “**Notice Date**”) is less than fifty (50) days before the meeting date, notice by the Nominating Shareholder shall be made not later than the close of business on the fifteenth (15th) day following the Notice Date;
- (b) in the case of a special meeting (which is not also an annual meeting) of shareholders called for any purpose which includes electing directors (whether or not also called for other purposes), not later than the close of business on the fifteenth (15th) day following the Notice Date;

provided that, in either instance, if notice-and-access (as defined in National Instrument 54-101 – *Communication with Beneficial Owners of Securities of a Reporting Issuer*) is used for delivery of proxy related materials in respect of a meeting described in Section 1.6(a) or (b) above, and the Notice Date in respect of the meeting is not less than fifty (50) days prior to the date of the applicable meeting, the notice must be received not later than the close of business on the fortieth (40th) day before the applicable meeting (but in any event, not prior to the Notice Date); provided, however, that in the event that the meeting is to be held on a date that is less than fifty (50) days after the Notice Date, notice by the Nominating Shareholder shall be made, in the case of an annual meeting of shareholders, not later than the close of business on the fifteenth (15th) day following the Notice Date and, in the case of a special meeting of shareholders, not later than the close of business on the fifteenth (15th) day following the Notice Date.

In the event of an adjournment or postponement of an annual meeting or special meeting of shareholders or any announcement thereof, a new time period shall commence for the giving of a timely notice under this Section 1.6.

Section 1.7 Proper Form of Notice

To be in proper written form, a Nominating Shareholder’s notice to the corporate secretary of the Corporation must be in writing and must set forth or be accompanied by, as applicable:

- (a) as to each person whom the Nominating Shareholder proposes to nominate for election as a director (each a “**Proposed Nominee**”):
 - (i) the name, age, business address and residential address of the Proposed Nominee;
 - (ii) the principal occupation, business or employment of the Proposed Nominee, both present and for the five years preceding the notice;
 - (iii) whether the Proposed Nominee is a resident Canadian within the meaning of the Act;

- (iv) the number of securities of each class of voting securities of the Corporation or any of its subsidiaries beneficially owned, or controlled or directed, directly or indirectly, by the Proposed Nominee, as of the record date for the meeting of shareholders (if such date shall then have been made publicly available and shall have occurred) and as of the date of such notice;
 - (v) a description of any relationship, agreement, arrangement or understanding (including financial, compensatory or indemnity related or otherwise) between the Nominating Shareholder and the Proposed Nominee, or any affiliates or associates of, or any person or entity acting jointly or in concert with the Nominating Shareholder or the Proposed Nominee, in connection with the Proposed Nominee's nomination and election as director;
 - (vi) whether the Proposed Nominee is party to any existing or proposed relationship, agreement, arrangement or understanding with any competitor of the Corporation or its affiliates or any other third party which may give rise to a real or perceived conflict of interest between the interests of the Corporation and the interests of the Proposed Nominee;
 - (vii) whether the Proposed Nominee is eligible for consideration as an independent director under the relevant standards contemplated by Applicable Securities Laws or any stock exchange rules that may be applicable to the Corporation; and
 - (viii) any other information relating to the Proposed Nominee that would be required to be disclosed in a dissident's proxy circular or other filings required to be made in connection with the solicitation of proxies for election of directors pursuant to the Act or any Applicable Securities Laws;
- (b) as to each Nominating Shareholder:
- (i) the name, business and, if applicable, residential address of such Nominating Shareholder;
 - (ii) the number of securities of each class of voting securities of the Corporation or any of its subsidiaries beneficially owned, or controlled or directed, directly or indirectly, by such Nominating Shareholder or any other person with whom such Nominating Shareholder is acting jointly or in concert (and for each such person any options or other rights to acquire shares in the capital of the Corporation, any derivatives or other securities, instruments or arrangements for which the price or value or delivery, payment or settlement obligations are derived from, referenced to, or based on any such shares, and any hedging transactions, short positions and borrowing or lending arrangements relating to such shares) with respect to the Corporation or any of its securities, as of the record date for

the meeting (if such date shall then have been made publicly available and shall have occurred) and as of the date of such notice;

- (iii) the interests in, or rights or obligations associated with, any agreement, arrangement or understanding, the purpose or effect of which may be to alter, directly or indirectly, such Nominating Shareholder's economic interest in a security of the Corporation or such Nominating Shareholder's economic exposure to the Corporation;
 - (iv) full particulars regarding any proxy, contract, arrangement, agreement, understanding or relationship pursuant to which such Nominating Shareholder, or any of its affiliates or associates, or any person acting jointly or in concert with such person, has any interests, rights or obligations relating to the voting of any securities of the Corporation or the nomination of directors to the Board; and
 - (v) any other information relating to such Nominating Shareholder that would be required to be disclosed in a dissident's proxy circular or other filings required to be made in connection with the solicitation of proxies for election of directors pursuant to the Act or any Applicable Securities Laws; and
- (c) a written consent duly signed by each Proposed Nominee to being named as a nominee for election to the Board and to serve as a director of the Corporation, if elected.

Reference to "Nominating Shareholder" in this Section 1.7 shall be deemed to refer to each shareholder that nominates or seeks to nominate a person for election as director in the case of a nomination proposal where more than one shareholder is involved in making the nomination proposal.

The Corporation may also require any Proposed Nominee to furnish such other information, including completion of the Corporation's directors questionnaire, as it may reasonably require to determine whether the Proposed Nominee would be considered "independent" as a director or as a member of the audit committee of the Board under the various rules and standards applicable to the Corporation in the same manner as such rules and standards are applicable to the Corporation's other directors.

In addition to the provisions of this by-law, a Nominating Shareholder and any Proposed Nominee shall also comply with all of the applicable requirements of the Act, Applicable Securities Laws and applicable stock exchange rules regarding the matters set forth herein.

Section 1.8 Currency of Notice

All information to be provided in a Nominating Shareholder's notice pursuant to this by-law shall be provided as of the date of such notice. To be considered timely and in proper form, a Nominating Shareholder's notice shall be promptly updated and supplemented if necessary, so

that the information provided or required to be provided in such notice shall be true and correct as of the record date for the meeting.

Section 1.9 Power of the Chair

The chair of the meeting shall have the power and duty to determine whether a nomination was made in accordance with the procedures set forth in this by-law and, if any proposed nomination is not in compliance with this by-law, to declare that such defective nomination shall be disregarded.

Section 1.10 Delivery of Notice

Notwithstanding any other provision of this by-law, notice given to the corporate secretary of the Corporation pursuant to this by-law may only be given by personal delivery or by email (at such email address as stipulated from time to time by the corporate secretary of the Corporation for purposes of this notice), and shall be deemed to have been given and made only at the time it is served by personal delivery or email (at the aforesaid address) to the corporate secretary of the Corporation, at the address of the head office of the Corporation, provided that if such delivery or electronic communication is made on a day which is not a business day or later than 5:00 p.m. (Montreal time) on a day which is a business day, then such delivery or electronic communication shall be deemed to have been made on the subsequent day that is a business day.

Section 1.11 Board Discretion

Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Board may, in its sole discretion, waive any requirement in this by-law.

Section 1.12 Effective Date

This by-law shall come into force on September 22, 2020.

NUVEI CORPORATION
BY-LAW NO. 2020-3 - FORUM SELECTION

Unless the Corporation approves or consents in writing to the selection of an alternative forum, the courts of the Province of Québec and appellate courts therefrom shall be the sole and exclusive forum for: (i) any derivative action or proceeding brought on behalf of the Corporation; (ii) any action or proceeding asserting a claim for breach of a fiduciary duty owed by any director, officer or employee of the Corporation to the Corporation; (iii) any action or proceeding asserting a claim arising pursuant to any provision of the Act or the Articles or By-laws (as either may be amended from time to time); or (iv) any action or proceeding asserting a claim otherwise related to the Corporation's "affairs" (as defined in the Act). If any action or proceeding the subject matter of which is within the scope of the preceding sentence is filed in a Court other than a court located within the Province of Québec (a "Foreign Action") in the name of any securityholder, such securityholder shall be deemed to have consented to (i) the personal jurisdiction of the courts located within the Province of Québec in connection with any action or proceeding brought in any such Court to enforce the preceding sentence and (ii) having service of process made upon such securityholder in any such action or proceeding by service upon such securityholder's counsel in the Foreign Action as agent for such securityholder.