

UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-K

ANNUAL REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d)
OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

ANNUAL REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(D) OF THE
SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2011

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(D) OF THE
SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the Transition period from _____ to
Commission File Number 1-14788

Capital Trust, Inc.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Maryland
(State or other jurisdiction of
incorporation or organization)

94-6181186
(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

410 Park Avenue, 14th Floor, New York, NY
(Address of principal executive offices)

10022
(Zip Code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: **(212) 655-0220**
Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of Each Class	Name of Each Exchange on Which Registered
class A common stock, \$0.01 par value ("class A common stock") Preferred Stock Purchase Rights	New York Stock Exchange

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(g) of the Act: **None**

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is a well-known seasoned issuer, as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act.
Yes No

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is not required to file reports pursuant to Section 13 or Section 15(d) of the
Exchange Act. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the
Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was
required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Website, if any,
every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of
this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and
post such files). Yes No (not required)

Indicate by check mark if disclosure of delinquent filers pursuant to Item 405 of Regulation S-K (§229.405 of this
chapter) is not contained herein, and will not be contained, to the best of registrant's knowledge, in definitive proxy or
information statements incorporated by reference in Part III of this Form 10-K or any amendment to this Form 10-K.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer or

a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of “large accelerated filer,” “accelerated filer” and “smaller reporting company” in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large accelerated filer Accelerated filer Non-accelerated filer Smaller reporting company

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Act). Yes No

MARKET VALUE

The aggregate market value of the outstanding class A common stock held by non-affiliates of the registrant was approximately \$85,956,988 as of June 30, 2011 (the last business day of the registrant’s most recently completed second fiscal quarter) based on the closing sale price on the New York Stock Exchange on that date.

OUTSTANDING STOCK

As of February 7, 2012 there were 22,211,108 outstanding shares of class A common stock. The class A common stock is listed on the New York Stock Exchange (trading symbol “CT”).

DOCUMENTS INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE

Part III incorporates information by reference from the registrant’s definitive proxy statement to be filed with the Commission within 120 days after the close of the registrant’s fiscal year.

CAPITAL TRUST , INC.

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PART I

Item 1. Business

References herein to “we,” “us” or “our” refer to Capital Trust, Inc., a Maryland corporation, and its subsidiaries unless the context specifically requires otherwise.

Overview

We are a fully integrated, self-managed, real estate finance and investment management company that specializes in credit sensitive financial products. To date, our investment programs have focused on loans and securities backed by commercial real estate assets. We invest for our own account directly on our balance sheet and for third parties through a series of investment management vehicles. Our business model is designed to produce a mix of net interest margin from our balance sheet investments, and fee income and co-investment income from our investment management vehicles. In managing our operations, we focus on originating investments, managing our portfolios and capitalizing our businesses. From the inception of our finance business in 1997 through December 31, 2011, we have completed approximately \$12.0 billion of commercial real estate debt investments. We conduct our operations as a real estate investment trust, or REIT, for federal income tax purposes. We are traded on the New York Stock Exchange, or NYSE, under the symbol “CT”, and are headquartered in New York City.

Developments during Fiscal Year 2011

Current Market Conditions

Despite improvement relative to 2008/2009, the U.S economy and many economies around the world continue to be in a state of economic volatility, driven most recently by events in Europe. Global capital markets, while also improving, continue to be impaired relative to pre-recession levels. The recession and capital markets turmoil have severely impacted the commercial real estate sector resulting in decreased property level cash flows. In addition, many properties financed prior to the credit crisis remain overleveraged and create a headwind for the normalization of the commercial real estate property and capital markets. These factors decrease property values relative to pre-recession levels, and have and will continue to impact the performance of our existing portfolio of assets. Conversely, these factors create investment opportunities for well capitalized and experienced commercial real estate investors, such as the private equity vehicles that we sponsor and manage.

March 2011 Restructuring

On March 31, 2011, we completed a comprehensive restructuring of our balance sheet. The restructuring involved contributing substantially all of our legacy assets into a newly formed subsidiary, CT Legacy REIT Mezz Borrower, Inc., or CT Legacy REIT. CT Legacy REIT assumed all of our remaining secured, recourse debt, and our former unsecured lenders converted their loans into debt and equity interests in CT Legacy REIT. The transaction was capitalized primarily by a loan provided by a third party, who also took an equity interest in CT Legacy REIT. As a result of the transaction, we eliminated all of our recourse debt, while retaining an upside interest in the net recovery of our legacy portfolio. Furthermore, the restructuring was accomplished while preserving our 100% ownership of our investment management business, and without the issuance of shares of Capital Trust stock. See below for additional discussion of our March 2011 restructuring.

Investment Management Platform

During 2011, we continued to focus on our investment management platform, CT Investment Management Co., LLC, or CTIMCO. On a standalone basis, CTIMCO earned management and special servicing fees of \$16.5 million during the year, and had assets under management of \$4.5 billion as of December 31, 2011. Significant developments during 2011 included:

- We invested \$80.7 million for the CT Opportunities Partners I, LP, or CTOPI, account. In December, our CTOPI investors voted to extend its investment period until September 2012.
- CT High Grade Partners II, LLC, or CT High Grade II, completed its investment period this year after investing a final \$66.9 million dollars. Total invested capital in CT High Grade II was \$588.1 million at the end of its investment period.
- Our CT High Grade Mezzanine SM, or CT High Grade I, platform was re-opened with our one separate account investor to resume investment activity on a discretionary basis, and invested an additional \$71.8 million during the year.
- Gross special servicing fees of \$9.1 million were recorded during the year, and we are named special servicer on \$2.5 billion of loans as of December 31, 2011.

- CTIMCO's special servicer rating was upgraded by Fitch Ratings to 'CSS3+' from 'CSS3.'

See below for additional discussion of our investment management platform as well as our active investment management mandates.

CT Legacy REIT

Subsequent to our March 31, 2011 restructuring, the CT Legacy REIT portfolio received repayments of 54% of the initial net book value of the CT Legacy REIT portfolio, totaling \$269.6 million of repayments. These repayments included full loan satisfactions of \$266.4 million and partial repayments of \$3.2 million. Proceeds from these repayments have primarily been used to repay debt, including (i) a \$20.0 million repayment of the CT Legacy REIT mezzanine loan, and (ii) repayments of \$246.3 million of legacy repurchase obligations, including the full repayment and termination of the Morgan Stanley and Citigroup facilities and a release of the remaining collateral thereunder, as well as a \$115.1 million repayment of the JPMorgan facility. In the aggregate, 69% of CT Legacy REIT's debt obligations have been repaid since our March 2011 restructuring, with a debt balance of \$123.7 million as of December 31, 2011, down from an initial balance of \$387.8 million of March 31, 2011.

Subsequent to year-end, in February 2012, we refinanced the JPMorgan repurchase facility and the mezzanine loan with a single, new \$124.0 million repurchase facility with JPMorgan. The new facility matures in December 2014, carries a rate of LIBOR+5.50%, and has paydown hurdles and associated potential rate increases over the term of the facility. See Note 22, Subsequent Events, to our consolidated financial statements for additional discussion.

Capital Trust, Inc.

During 2011, Capital Trust, Inc. completed a number of corporate actions including, (i) the filing of a new \$500.0 million shelf registration statement with the SEC, (ii) the adoption of a net operating loss, or NOL, preservation plan to protect our tax-basis NOLs which are carried-forward from prior years and can be used to offset future taxable income, and (iii) the approval of a 2011 long-term incentive plan.

Our consolidated financial statements continue to include the assets and liabilities of consolidated securitization vehicles, as well as our restructuring vehicle, CT Legacy REIT. On a consolidated basis, our assets and liabilities declined during 2011 by \$2.8 billion and \$3.0 billion, respectively, as these consolidated securitization vehicles' collateral assets continue to repay. Equity increased during the year from a deficit of \$411.2 million to a deficit of \$110.4 million. This increase was driven primarily by gains realized on the extinguishment of debt in conjunction with our March 2011 restructuring, as well as the termination of certain loan participation agreements and the deconsolidation of certain securitization vehicles which previously had a negative impact on equity.

Beginning in the first quarter of 2011, we began reporting adjusted operating results as part of our quarterly discussion and analysis. These adjusted results exclude the impact of consolidated securitization vehicles, as well as certain other items. See below in "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" for our adjusted financial statements.

March 2011 Restructuring

On March 31, 2011, we restructured, amended, or extinguished all of our outstanding recourse debt obligations. Our March 2011 restructuring involved: (i) the contribution of certain of our legacy assets to a newly formed subsidiary, CT Legacy REIT Mezz Borrower, Inc., or CT Legacy REIT, (ii) the assumption of our legacy repurchase obligations by CT Legacy REIT, and (iii) the extinguishment of the remainder of our recourse obligations, our senior credit facility and junior subordinated notes. The restructuring was financed with a new \$83.0 million mezzanine loan obtained by CT Legacy REIT from an affiliate of Five Mile Capital Partners LLC, or Five Mile, and the issuance of equity interests in the common stock of CT Legacy REIT to the former lenders under our senior credit facility and our former junior subordinated noteholders, as well as to an affiliate of Five Mile.

Capital Trust, Inc.

Following the completion of our March 2011 restructuring, we no longer have any recourse debt obligations, and retain unencumbered ownership of 100% of (i) our investment management platform, CTIMCO, (ii) our co-investment in CTOPI, (iii) our residual ownership interests in three of the CDOs that we issued, CT CDOs I, II, and IV, and (iv) our tax-basis net operating losses. Furthermore, we have a 52% equity interest in the common stock of CT Legacy REIT. Our economic interest in CT Legacy REIT is, however, subject to (i) the secured notes, which are non-recourse obligations that are collateralized by certain of our retained equity interests in the common stock of CT Legacy REIT, (ii) incentive awards that provide for the participation in our retained equity interests in CT Legacy REIT, and (iii) the subordinate class B common stock of CT Legacy REIT owned by our former junior subordinate noteholders. See below for further discussion of the secured notes, management incentive awards plan, and class B common stock.

In addition to our interest in the common stock of CT Legacy REIT, we also own 100% of its outstanding class A preferred stock. The class A preferred stock initially entitles us to cumulative preferred dividends of \$7.5 million per annum, which dividends will be reduced in January 2013 to the greater of (i) 2.5% of CT Legacy REIT's assets, and (ii) \$1.0 million per annum.

CT Legacy REIT

In connection with the restructuring, we transferred substantially all of our directly held interest earning assets to CT Legacy REIT. The transferred assets included: (i) all of the loans and securities which serve as collateral for the legacy repurchase obligations, except for certain subordinate interests in CT CDOs I and II, (ii) our subordinate interests in CT CDO III, and (iii) 100% of our previously unencumbered loans and securities, which we collectively refer to as our Legacy Assets.

CT Legacy REIT, which is expected to be taxed as a REIT in 2011, is beneficially owned 52% by us, 24% by an affiliate of Five Mile, and 24% by the former lenders under our senior credit facility. In addition, the former holders of our junior subordinated notes received class B common stock, a subordinate class of common stock of CT Legacy REIT, which is described below. Capital Trust, Inc. will manage CT Legacy REIT and the Legacy Assets as a liquidating portfolio.

Mezzanine Loan

CT Legacy REIT entered into an \$83.0 million mezzanine loan (which was subsequently reduced to \$65.3 million, including deferred interest, as of December 31, 2011) that carries a 15.0% per annum interest rate, of which 7.0% per annum may be deferred, and that matures on March 31, 2016. The mezzanine loan is not recourse to Capital Trust, Inc. except for certain limited non-recourse, "bad boy" carve outs. Proceeds from the mezzanine loan were used to (i) extinguish the senior credit facility, (ii) extinguish the junior subordinated notes, (iii) provide for cash paydowns of the repurchase obligations, (iv) pay transaction expenses, and (v) establish liquidity reserves at CT Legacy REIT.

The mezzanine loan is collateralized by 100% of the equity interests in a subsidiary of CT Legacy REIT, which in-turn owns all of our Legacy Assets, subject in part to the repurchase obligations. Five Mile has consent rights with respect to material actions on the Legacy Assets such as material modifications, sales, and/or the pursuit of certain remedies with regard to the Legacy Assets. The mezzanine loan also contains covenants that (i) prohibit CT Legacy REIT from paying common stock cash dividends until the mezzanine loan has been repaid, (ii) prohibit us from selling or otherwise transferring our equity interests in CT Legacy REIT, and (iii) require the continued employment of certain key employees.

In addition, as discussed above, an affiliate of Five Mile acquired a 24% equity interest in the common stock of CT Legacy REIT in conjunction with the making of the mezzanine loan.

Repurchase Obligations

Our \$339.6 million of legacy repurchase obligations (which were subsequently reduced to \$58.5 million as of December 31, 2011) with JPMorgan, Morgan Stanley and Citigroup were assumed by wholly-owned subsidiaries of CT Legacy REIT, and the recourse to Capital Trust, Inc. was eliminated. In addition, the facilities were amended with the following terms:

- Each of the repurchase lenders received cash paydowns equal to 10% of their then outstanding balances, in the aggregate \$33.9 million.
- Except for certain key man provisions, all restrictive covenants governing the operations of Capital Trust, Inc. were eliminated, including covenants restricting employee compensation, dividend payments, and new balance sheet investments.
- Net interest margin sweep and periodic amortization provisions were eliminated.
- All forms of margin call or similar requirements under the facilities were eliminated.
- Maturity dates were extended to December 15, 2014 in the case of JPMorgan, January 31, 2013 in the case of Morgan Stanley, and March 31, 2013 in the case of Citigroup, subject in all three cases to periodic required repayment thresholds.
- Interest rates were increased to LIBOR + 2.50% per annum in the cases of JPMorgan and Morgan Stanley, and LIBOR + 1.50% per annum in the case of Citigroup, subject in all three cases to periodic rate increases over the term of each respective facility.

Senior Credit Facility

Our \$98.1 million senior credit facility was fully satisfied and all collateral for the senior credit facility was released in exchange for (i) a cash payment of \$22.9 million, (ii) a 24% equity interest in the common stock of CT Legacy REIT, and (iii) \$2.8 million of secured notes, as further discussed below.

Junior Subordinated Notes

Our \$143.8 million of junior subordinated notes were fully satisfied in exchange for (i) a cash payment of \$4.6 million, (ii) 100% of the subordinate class B common stock of CT Legacy REIT, as further described below, and (iii) \$5.0 million of secured notes, as further discussed below. The subordinate class B common stock is a subordinate class that entitles its holders to receive approximately 25% of the dividends that would otherwise be payable to us on certain of our equity interest in the common stock of CT Legacy REIT, after aggregate cash distributions of \$50.0 million have been paid to all other classes of common stock.

In April 2011, we purchased 118,651 shares of class B common stock of CT Legacy REIT for an average price of \$1.20 per share.

Secured Notes

In conjunction with our March 2011 restructuring and the corresponding satisfaction of our senior credit facility and junior subordinated notes, wholly-owned subsidiaries issued secured notes to these former creditors, which secured notes are non-recourse to us. The secured notes had an aggregate initial face balance of \$7.8 million and are secured by 93.5% of our equity interests in the class A-1 and class A-2 common stock of CT Legacy REIT, which represents 48.3% of the total outstanding class A-1 and class A-2 common stock of CT Legacy REIT. The secured notes mature on March 31, 2016 and bear interest at a rate of 8.2% per annum, which interest may be deferred until maturity. All dividends we receive from our equity interests in the common stock of CT Legacy REIT which serve as collateral under the secured notes must be used to pay, or prepay, interest and principal due thereunder, and only after the notes' full satisfaction will we receive any cash flow from the common equity interests in CT Legacy REIT that serve as collateral for the notes. Any prepayment, or partial prepayment, of the remaining secured notes will incur a prepayment premium resulting in a total payment of principal and interest under the secured notes of \$11.1 million.

In April 2011, we purchased \$405,000 of the secured notes at par.

Management Incentive Awards Plan

Upon completion of our March 2011 restructuring, we granted senior level employees incentive awards issued under our long term incentive plan that participate in amounts earned from our retained equity interest in CT Legacy REIT. The awards provide payments to certain senior level employees equal to as much as 6.75% of the total recovery (subject to certain caps) of our Legacy Assets, net of CT Legacy REIT's obligations, when and if distributed to us as dividends.

Operating Segments

Segment revenue and profit information is presented in Note 21 to our consolidated financial statements.

Platform

Our platform consists of 29 full time professionals with extensive real estate credit, capital markets and structured finance expertise and our senior management team has, on average, over 20 years of industry experience. Founded in 1997, our business has been built on long-standing relationships with borrowers, brokers and our origination partners. This extensive network produces a pipeline of investment opportunities from which we select only those transactions that we believe exhibit a compelling risk/return profile. Once a transaction that meets our parameters is identified, we apply a disciplined process founded on four elements:

- intense credit underwriting;
- creative financial structuring;
- efficient capitalization; and
- aggressive asset management.

The first element, and the foundation of our platform, is our credit underwriting. For each prospective investment, an in-house underwriting team is assigned to perform an intense ground-up analysis of all aspects of credit risk. Our underwriting process is embodied in our proprietary credit policies and procedures that detail the due diligence steps

from initial client contact through closing. We have developed the capability to apply this methodology to a high volume of investment opportunities, including CMBS transactions with a large number of underlying loans, through the combination of personnel, procedures and technology. On all levels, we incorporate input received from our finance, capital markets, credit and legal teams, as well as from various third parties, including our credit providers.

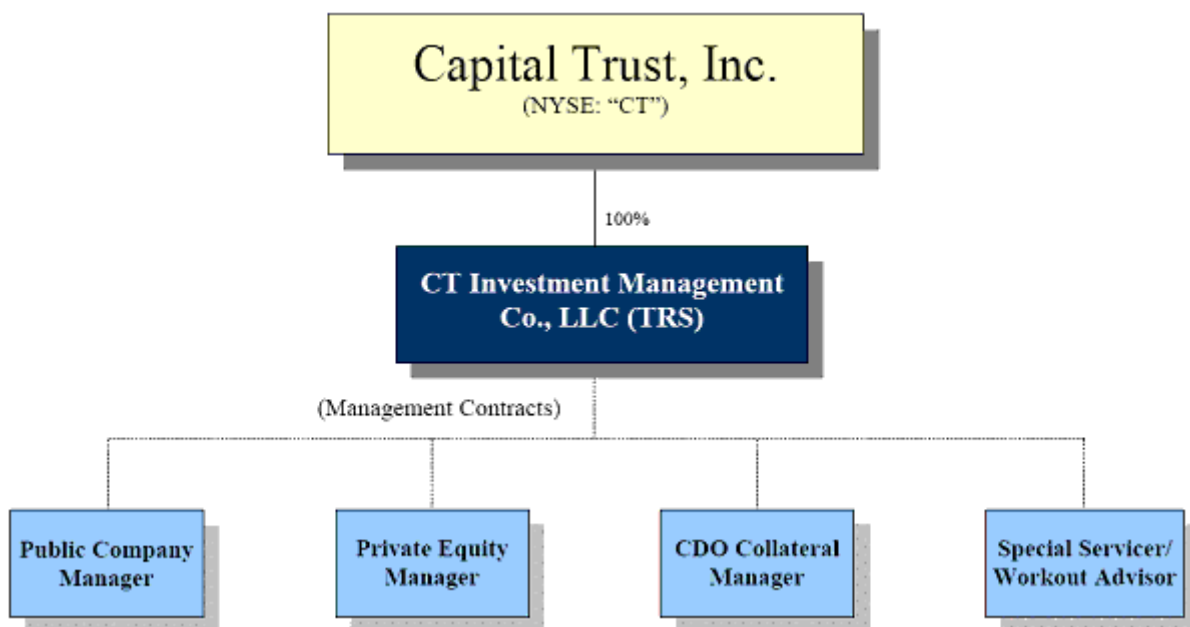
The first element, and the foundation of our platform, is our credit underwriting. For each prospective investment, an in-house underwriting team is assigned to perform an intense ground-up analysis of all aspects of credit risk. Our underwriting process is embodied in our proprietary credit policies and procedures that detail the due diligence steps from initial client contact through closing. We have developed the capability to apply this methodology to a high volume of investment opportunities, including CMBS transactions with a large number of underlying loans, through the combination of personnel, procedures and technology. We incorporate input received from our finance, capital markets, credit and legal teams, as well as from various third parties.

Creative structuring is the second critical element of our platform. In our direct originations programs, we strive to design a customized structure for each investment that provides us with the necessary credit, yield and protective structural features while meeting the varying, and often complex, needs of our clients. We believe our ability to structure creative solutions gives us a competitive advantage. In the structured products arena, our broad capital markets expertise enables us to better analyze the risks and opportunities embedded in complex vehicles such as CMBS and CDOs.

The final element of our platform is aggressive asset management. We pride ourselves on our active style of managing our portfolios. From the closing of an investment through its final repayment, our dedicated asset management team is in constant contact with our borrowers and servicers, monitoring performance of our collateral and enforcing our rights as necessary. We are rated/approved as a special servicer by all three rating agencies, allowing us to directly manage workouts on loans that have been securitized.

Business Model

As depicted below, our business model is designed to produce a unique mix of net interest income from our balance sheet investments and fee income from our investment management and special servicing operations.



Public Company Manager

Capital Trust, Inc. is internally managed and earns net interest income on its balance sheet portfolio. Following our March 2011 restructuring, a significant portion of the balance sheet portfolio has been transferred to CT Legacy REIT, which is also managed by us. In addition to our interest in the common stock of CT Legacy REIT, we also own 100% of its outstanding class A preferred stock. The class A preferred stock initially entitles us to cumulative preferred dividends of \$7.5 million per annum, which dividends will be reduced in January 2013 to the greater of (i) 2.5% of CT Legacy REIT's assets, and (ii) \$1.0 million per annum.

CDO Collateral Manager

CTIMCO currently serves as collateral manager to four CDOs, all of which are included in our consolidated financial statements. We earn fees from these CDOs generally based on a percentage (ranging from 0.05% to 0.10% per annum) of the CDO collateral assets, which fees eliminate in consolidation and therefore are not included in our consolidated operating results.

Special Servicer

We are named special servicer on loans in our balance sheet portfolio, loans held by CDOs that we manage, as well as for third-parties. We earn fees for ongoing workout services we provide and, in certain cases, upon the final resolution of the loan. As of December 31, 2011, we are named special servicer on \$2.5 billion of loans.

Private Equity Manager

Our active investment management mandates are described below:

- CT Opportunity Partners I, LP, or CTOPI, is currently investing capital. The fund held its final closing in July 2008 with \$540 million in total equity commitments from 28 institutional and individual investors. Currently, \$325 million of committed equity remains undrawn. We have a \$25 million commitment to invest in the fund (\$10 million currently funded, \$15 million unfunded) and entities controlled by the chairman of our board of directors have committed to invest \$20 million. In May 2010, the fund's investment period was extended to December 13, 2011. In December 2011, the fund's investment period was further extended to September 13, 2012. The fund targets opportunistic investments in commercial real estate, specifically high yield debt, equity and hybrid instruments, as well as non-performing and sub-performing loans and securities. We earn base management fees of 1.3% per annum of invested capital, as well as net incentive management fees of 17.7% of profits after a 9% preferred return and a 100% return of capital. As of December 31, 2011, CTOPI has invested \$469.5 million in 37 transactions, of which \$207.9 million remains outstanding.
- CT High Grade Partners II, LLC, or CT High Grade II, is no longer investing capital (its investment period expired in May 2011). The fund closed in June 2008 with \$667 million of commitments from two institutional investors. The fund targeted senior debt opportunities in the commercial real estate sector and did not employ leverage. We earn a base management fee of 0.40% per annum on invested capital. As of December 31, 2011, CT High Grade II has invested \$588.1 million in 33 transactions, of which \$553.6 million remains outstanding.
- CT High Grade Mezzanine SM, or CT High Grade I, is no longer formally investing capital (its investment period officially expired in July 2008); however, we have continued investing the "high grade" strategy through CT High Grade I on a non-discretionary basis since the end of the CT High Grade II investment period in May 2011. The fund closed in November 2006, with a single, related party institutional investor committing \$250 million, which was subsequently increased to \$350 million in July 2007. As a result of the re-opening of the platform in May 2011 and the reinvesting of certain realized assets, as of December 31, 2011, we have invested \$492.8 million for this account. This separate account has a single investor, W. R. Berkley Corporation, or WRBC, which is our largest shareholder and designates an appointee to our board of directors. CT High Grade I targets lower LTV subordinate debt investments without leverage and invested \$420.9 million in 12 transactions during its initial investment period, as well as \$71.9 million in two transactions since the platform was re-opened in May 2011. We earn management fees of 0.25% per annum on invested capital for all CT High Grade I investments. As of December 31, 2011, \$250.3 million of these investments remain outstanding.
- CT Large Loan 2006, Inc., or CT Large Loan, is no longer investing capital (its investment period expired in May 2008). The fund closed in May 2006 with total equity commitments of \$325 million from eight institutional investors. In light of the performance of this fund, we do not charge the full management fee of 0.75% per annum of fund assets (capped at 1.5% on invested equity), and instead voluntarily capped our fee at \$805,000 per annum.

Investment Strategies

Since 1997, our investment programs have focused on various strategies designed to take advantage of opportunities that have developed in the commercial real estate finance sector.

Depending on our assessment of relative value, our real estate investments may take a variety of forms including, but not limited to:

- Mortgage Loans—These are secured property loans evidenced by a first mortgage which is senior to any mezzanine financing and the owner's equity. These loans may finance stabilized properties, may serve as bridge loans providing required interim financing to property owners or may provide construction and development financing. Our mortgage loans vary in duration and typically require a balloon payment of principal at maturity.

These investments may include pari passu participations in mortgage loans. We may also originate and fund first mortgage loans in which we intend to sell the senior tranche, thereby creating what we refer to as a subordinate mortgage interest.

- **Subordinate Mortgage Interests**—Sometimes known as B Notes, these are loans evidenced by a junior participation in a first mortgage, with the senior participation known as an A Note. Although sometimes evidenced by its own promissory note, subordinate mortgage interests have the same borrower and benefit from the same underlying obligation and collateral as the A Note lender. The subordinate mortgage interest is subordinated to the A Note by virtue of a contractual arrangement between the A Note lender and the subordinate mortgage interest lender and in most instances is contractually limited in rights and remedies in the case of default. In some cases, there may be multiple senior and/or junior interests in a single mortgage loan. When achievable, generally in instances where our investment is the most subordinate interest in the mortgage and the senior participation is securitized, we obtain special servicer designation. This enables us to control any loan extension or modification process, as well as earn special servicing fees.
- **Mezzanine Loans**—These include both property and corporate mezzanine loans. Property mezzanine loans are secured property loans that are subordinate to a first mortgage loan, but senior to the owner’s equity. A mezzanine property loan is evidenced by its own promissory note and is typically made to the owner of the property-owning entity, which is typically the first mortgage borrower. It is not secured by a mortgage on the property, but by a pledge of the borrower’s ownership interest in the property-owning entity. Subject to negotiated contractual restrictions, the mezzanine lender generally has the right, following foreclosure, to become the owner of the property, subject to the lien of the first mortgage. Corporate mezzanine loans, on the other hand, are investments in or loans to real estate related operating companies, including REITs. Such investments may take the form of secured debt, preferred stock and other hybrid instruments such as convertible debt. Corporate mezzanine loans may finance, among other things, operations, mergers and acquisitions, management buy-outs, recapitalizations, start-ups and stock buy-backs generally involving real estate and real estate related entities.
- **CMBS**—These are securities collateralized by pools of individual first mortgage loans. Cash flows from the underlying mortgages are aggregated and allocated to the different classes of securities in accordance with their seniority, typically ranging from the AAA-rated through the unrated, first loss tranche. Administration and servicing of the pool is performed by a trustee and servicers, who act on behalf of all security holders in accordance with contractual agreements. When achievable, we obtain designation as the special servicer for the CMBS trusts in which we have appropriate ownership interests, enabling us to control the resolution of matters which require special servicer approval. We also include select investments in CDOs in this category.

Business Plan

Our near term business plan is to continue to invest for our investment management vehicles and launch new follow-on vehicles as the investment periods of our exiting mandates expire. We also continue to grow our third-party special servicing business, and leverage our existing asset base to obtain special servicing assignments. In addition, we will continue to manage our balance sheet investments, a substantial portion of which are held by CT Legacy REIT, and our existing investment management vehicles through the current volatile market. Finally, with the elimination of our legacy recourse debt and its restrictive covenants, we may look to resume our balance sheet investment activities and raise new capital.

Competition

We are engaged in a competitive business. In our investment activities, we compete for opportunities with numerous public and private investment vehicles, including financial institutions, specialty finance companies, mortgage banks, pension funds, opportunity funds, hedge funds, REITs and other institutional investors, as well as individuals. Many competitors are significantly larger than us, have well established operating histories and may have greater access to capital, more resources and other advantages over us. These competitors may be willing to accept lower returns on their investments or to compromise underwriting standards and, as a result, our origination volume and profit margins could be adversely affected. In our investment management business, we compete with other investment management companies in attracting third-party capital for our vehicles and many of our competitors are well-established, possessing substantially greater financial, marketing and other resources.

Government Regulation

Our activities in the United States, including the financing of our operations, are subject to a variety of federal and state regulations. We expect CTIMCO to register under the Investment Advisors Act of 1940, and thereby will be subject to the extensive regulation prescribed by the statute and the regulations thereunder. In addition, a majority of states have ceilings on interest rates chargeable to certain customers in financing transactions. Furthermore, our international activities are also subject to local regulations.

Employees

As of December 31, 2011, we had 29 full-time employees. Our staff is employed under a co-employment agreement with a third-party human resources firm, Ambrose Employer Group, LLC. None of our employees are covered by a collective bargaining agreement and management considers the relationship with our employees to be good. In addition to our staff in New York, we contract for the services of 15 additional dedicated professionals employed by a commercial real estate underwriting services firm in Chennai, India.

Website Access to Reports

We maintain a website at <http://www.capitaltrust.com>. We are providing the address to our website solely for the information of investors. We do not intend to incorporate the contents of the website into this report. Through our website, we make available, free of charge, our annual proxy statement, annual reports on Form 10-K, quarterly reports on Form 10-Q, current reports on Form 8-K and amendments to those reports filed or furnished pursuant to Section 13 (a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, or the Exchange Act, as soon as reasonably practicable after we electronically file such material with, or furnish them to, the Securities and Exchange Commission, or the SEC. The SEC maintains a website that contains these reports at <http://www.sec.gov>.

Item 1A. Risk Factors**FORWARD LOOKING INFORMATION**

Our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2011, our 2011 Annual Report, any of our Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q or Current Reports on Form 8-K of the Company, or any other oral or written statements made in press releases or otherwise by or on behalf of Capital Trust, Inc., may contain forward looking statements within the meaning of the Section 21E of the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, which involve certain risks and uncertainties. Forward looking statements predict or describe our future operations, business plans, business and investment strategies and portfolio management and the performance of our investments and our investment management business. These forward-looking statements are identified by their use of such terms and phrases as “intend,” “goal,” “estimate,” “expect,” “project,” “projections,” “plans,” “seeks,” “anticipates,” “should,” “could,” “may,” “designed to,” “foreseeable future,” “believe,” “scheduled” and similar expressions. Our actual results or outcomes may differ materially from those anticipated. Readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on these forward looking statements, which speak only as of the date the statement was made. We assume no obligation to publicly update or revise any forward looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise.

Our actual results may differ significantly from any results expressed or implied by these forward looking statements. Some, but not all, of the factors that might cause such a difference include, but are not limited to:

- the effects of the recent turmoil in the financial markets and general economic recession upon our ability to invest and manage our investments;
- the general political, economic and competitive conditions in the United States and foreign jurisdictions where we invest;
- the level and volatility of prevailing interest rates and credit spreads, magnified by the current turmoil in the credit markets;
- adverse changes in the real estate and real estate capital markets;
- difficulty in obtaining financing or raising capital, especially in the current constrained financial markets;
- the deterioration of performance and thereby credit quality of property securing our investments, borrowers and, in general, the risks associated with the ownership and operation of real estate that may cause cash flow deterioration to us and potentially principal losses on our investments;
- a compression of the yield on our investments and the cost of our liabilities, as well as the level of leverage available to us;
- adverse developments in the availability of desirable loan and investment opportunities whether they are due to competition, regulation or otherwise;
- events, contemplated or otherwise, such as acts of God including hurricanes, earthquakes, and other natural disasters, acts of war and/or terrorism (such as the events of September 11, 2001) and others that may cause unanticipated and uninsured performance declines and/or losses to us or the owners and operators of the real estate securing our investment;
- the cost of operating our platform, including, but not limited to, the cost of operating a real estate investment platform and the cost of operating as a publicly traded company;
- authoritative generally accepted accounting principles, or GAAP, or policy changes from such standard-setting bodies as the Financial Accounting Standards Board, the Securities and Exchange Commission, or SEC, Internal Revenue Service, or IRS, the New York Stock Exchange, or NYSE, and other authorities that we are subject to, as well as their counterparts in any foreign jurisdictions where we might do business; and
- the risk factors set forth below, including those related to the restructuring of our debt obligations and the implementation of our tax benefits preservation plan.

Risks Related to Our Investment Activities

Our current business is subject to a high degree of risk. Our assets and liabilities are subject to increasing risk due to the impact of market turmoil in commercial real estate. Our efforts to stabilize our business with the restructuring of our debt obligations may not be successful as our balance sheet portfolio is subject to the risk of further deterioration and ongoing turmoil in the financial markets.

Our portfolio is comprised of debt and related interests, directly or indirectly secured by commercial real estate. A significant portion of these investments are in subordinate positions, increasing the risk profile of our investments as underlying property performance deteriorates. Furthermore, we have leveraged our portfolio at the corporate level, effectively further increasing our exposure to loss on our investments. The recent financial market turmoil and economic recession has resulted in a material deterioration in the value of commercial real estate and dramatically reduced the amount of capital to finance the commercial real estate industry (both at the property and corporate level). Given the composition of our portfolio, the leverage in our capital structure and the continuing negative impact of the commercial real estate market turmoil, the risks associated with our business have dramatically increased. Even with our March 2009 and March 2011 debt restructurings, we may not be able to satisfy our obligations to our lenders. The impact of the economic recession on the commercial real estate sector in general, and our portfolio in particular, cannot be predicted and we expect to experience significant defaults by borrowers and other impairments to our investments. These events may trigger defaults under our restructured debt obligations that may result in the exercise of remedies that may cause severe (and potentially complete) losses in the book value of our investments. Therefore, an investment in our class A common stock is subject to a high degree of risk.

We need to recapitalize our business in order to commence balance sheet investment activity and this may involve a high cost of capital and significant dilution to our shareholders.

In order to commence balance sheet investment activity, we will need to obtain substantial additional capital for which we can provide no assurances. The capital markets have not completely recovered from the financial crisis and even if we can access the capital markets, any new capital we raise may be at a high cost and/or involve significant dilution to our shareholders.

The U.S. and other financial markets have been in turmoil, and the U.S. and other economies in which we invest are in the midst of a weak recovery from the recent severe recession that can be expected to negatively impact our operations.

The U.S. and other financial markets have been experiencing extreme dislocations and a severe contraction in available liquidity globally as important segments of the credit markets are frozen as lenders are unwilling or unable to originate new credit. Global financial markets have been disrupted by, among other things, volatility in security prices, credit rating downgrades, sovereign debt default concerns, currency devaluation, and the failure and near failure of a number of large financial institutions and declining valuations, and this disruption has been acute in real estate related markets. This disruption has led to a decline in business and consumer confidence and increased unemployment and has precipitated a severe economic recession around the globe where recoveries have been weak and may not be sustained. As a consequence, owners and operators of commercial real estate that secure or back our investments have experienced distress and commercial real estate values have declined substantially. We are unable to predict the likely duration or severity of the current disruption in financial markets and adverse economic conditions which could materially and adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations, including leading to significant impairment to our assets and our ability to generate income.

Our existing loans and investments expose us to a high degree of risk associated with investing in real estate assets.

Real estate historically has experienced significant fluctuations and cycles in performance that may result in reductions in the value of our real estate related investments. The performance and value of our loans and investments once originated or acquired by us depends upon many factors beyond our control. The ultimate performance and value of our investments is subject to the varying degrees of risk generally incident to the ownership and operation of the properties which collateralize or support our investments. The ultimate performance and value of our loans and investments depends upon, in large part, the commercial property owner's ability to operate the property so that it produces sufficient cash flows necessary either to pay the interest and principal due to us on our loans and investments or pay us as an equity advisor.

Revenues and cash flows may be adversely affected by:

- changes in national economic conditions;
- changes in local real estate market conditions due to changes in national or local economic conditions or changes in local property market characteristics;
- the extent of the impact of the current turmoil in the financial markets, including the lack of available debt financing for commercial real estate;
- tenant bankruptcies;
- competition from other properties offering the same or similar services;
- changes in interest rates and in the state of the debt and equity capital markets;
- the ongoing need for capital improvements, particularly in older building structures;
- changes in real estate tax rates and other operating expenses;
- adverse changes in governmental rules and fiscal policies, civil unrest, acts of God, including earthquakes, hurricanes and other natural disasters, and acts of war or terrorism, which may decrease the availability of or increase the cost of insurance or result in uninsured losses;
- adverse changes in zoning laws;
- the impact of present or future environmental legislation and compliance with environmental laws;
- the impact of lawsuits which could cause us to incur significant legal expenses and divert management's time and attention from our day-to-day operations; and
- other factors that are beyond our control and the control of the commercial property owners.

In the event that any of the properties underlying or collateralizing our loans or investments experiences any of the foregoing events or occurrences, the value of, and return on, such investments, our profitability and the market price of our class A common stock would be negatively impacted. In addition, our restructured debt obligations contain covenants which limit the amount of protective investments we may make to preserve value in collateral securing our investments.

A prolonged economic slowdown, a lengthy or severe recession characterized by a weak recovery, a continuing credit crisis, or declining real estate values could harm our operations or may adversely affect our liquidity.

We believe the risks associated with our business are more severe during periods of economic slowdown or recession like those we are currently experiencing, particularly if these periods are accompanied by declining real estate values. The recent dislocation of the global credit markets and anticipated collateral consequences to commercial activity of businesses unable to finance their operations as required has led to a weakening of general economic conditions and precipitated declines in real estate values and otherwise exacerbated troubled borrowers' ability to repay loans in our portfolio or backing our CMBS. We have made loans to hotels, an industry whose performance has been severely impacted by the recent recession. Declining real estate values would likely reduce the level of new mortgage loan originations, since borrowers often use increases in the value of their existing properties to support the purchase of or investment in additional properties, which in turn could lead to fewer opportunities for our investment. Borrowers may also be less able to pay principal and interest on our loans as the real estate economy continues to weaken. Continued weakened economic conditions could negatively affect occupancy levels and rental rates in the markets in which the collateral supporting our investments are located, which, in turn, may have a material adverse impact on our cash flows and operating results of our borrowers. Further, declining real estate values like those occurring in the commercial real estate sector significantly increase the likelihood that we will incur losses on our loans in the event of default because the value of our collateral may be insufficient to cover our basis in the loan. Any sustained period of increased payment delinquencies, foreclosures or losses could adversely affect both our net interest income from loans in our portfolio as well as our ability to operate our investment management business, which would significantly harm our revenues, results of operations, financial condition, liquidity, business prospects and our share price.

We are exposed to the risks involved with making subordinated investments.

Our subordinated investments involve the risks attendant to investments consisting of subordinated loans and similar positions. Subordinate positions incur losses before the senior positions in a capital structure and, as a result, foreclosures on the underlying collateral can reduce or eliminate the proceeds available to satisfy our subordinate investment. Also, in certain cases where we experience appraisal reductions, we may lose our controlling class status or special servicer designation rights. In many cases, management of our investments and our remedies with respect thereto, including the ability to foreclose on or direct decisions with respect to the collateral securing such investments, is subject to the rights of senior lenders and the rights set forth in inter-creditor or servicing agreements. Our interests and those of the senior lenders and other interested parties may not be aligned, which can lead to disputes and litigation.

We are subject to counterparty risk associated with our debt obligations and interest rate swaps.

Our counterparties for these critical financial relationships include both domestic and international financial institutions. Many of them have been severely impacted by the credit market turmoil and have been experiencing financial pressures. In some cases, our counterparties have filed bankruptcy, leading to financial losses for us.

We may guarantee many of our debt and contingent obligations.

We may guarantee the performance of many of our obligations, including, but not limited to, our repurchase agreements, derivative agreements, obligations to co-invest in our investment management vehicles and unsecured indebtedness. The non-performance of such obligations may cause losses to us in excess of the capital we initially may have invested or committed under such obligations and there is no assurance that we will have sufficient capital to cover any such losses.

Our success depends on the availability of attractive investments and our ability to identify, structure, consummate, leverage, manage and realize returns on attractive investments.

Our operating results are dependent upon the availability of, as well as our ability to identify, structure, consummate, leverage, manage and realize returns on, credit sensitive investment opportunities for our managed vehicles and our balance sheet assuming we are able to resume balance sheet investment activity. In general, the availability of desirable investment opportunities and, consequently, our balance sheet returns and our investment management vehicles' returns, will be affected by the level and volatility of interest rates, conditions in the financial markets, general economic conditions, the demand for credit sensitive investment opportunities and the supply of capital for such investment opportunities. We cannot make any assurances that we will be successful in identifying and consummating investments which satisfy our rate of return objectives or that such investments, once consummated, will perform as anticipated. In addition, if we are not successful in investing for our investment management vehicles, the potential revenues we earn from management fees and co-investment returns will be reduced. We may expend significant time and resources in identifying and pursuing targeted investments, some of which may not be consummated.

The real estate investment business is highly competitive. Our success depends on our ability to compete with other providers of capital for real estate investments.

Our business is highly competitive. Competition may cause us to accept economic or structural features in our investments that we would not have otherwise accepted and it may cause us to search for investments in markets outside of our traditional product expertise. We compete for attractive investments with traditional lending sources, such as insurance companies and banks, as well as other REITs, specialty finance companies and private equity vehicles with similar investment objectives, which may make it more difficult for us to consummate our target investments. Many of our competitors have greater financial resources and lower costs of capital than we do, which provides them with greater operating flexibility and a competitive advantage relative to us.

Our loans and investments may be subject to fluctuations in interest rates which may not be adequately protected, or protected at all, by our hedging strategies.

Our current balance sheet investments include loans with both floating interest rates and fixed interest rates. Floating rate investments earn interest at rates that adjust from time to time (typically monthly) based upon an index (typically one month LIBOR). These floating rate loans are insulated from changes in value specifically due to changes in interest rates; however, the coupons they earn fluctuate based upon interest rates (again, typically one month LIBOR) and, in a declining and/or low interest rate environment, these loans will earn lower rates of interest and this will impact our operating performance. Fixed interest rate investments, however, do not have adjusting interest rates and, as prevailing interest rates change, the relative value of the fixed cash flows from these investments will cause potentially significant changes in value. We may employ various hedging strategies to limit the effects of changes in interest rates (and in some cases credit spreads), including engaging in interest rate swaps, caps, floors and other interest rate derivative products. We believe that no strategy can completely insulate us or our investment management vehicles from the risks associated with interest rate changes and there is a risk that they may provide no protection at all and potentially compound the impact of changes in interest rates. Hedging transactions involve certain additional risks such as counterparty risk, the legal enforceability of hedging contracts, the early repayment of hedged transactions and the risk that unanticipated and significant changes in interest rates may cause a significant loss of basis in the contract and a change in current period expense. We cannot make assurances that we will be able to enter into hedging transactions or that such hedging transactions will adequately protect us or our investment management vehicles against the foregoing risks.

Accounting for derivatives under GAAP is extremely complicated. Any failure by us to account for our derivatives properly in accordance with GAAP on our consolidated financial statements could adversely affect our earnings. In particular, cash flow hedges which are not perfectly correlated (and appropriately designated and/or documented as such) with a variable rate financing will impact our reported income as gains and losses on the ineffective portion of such hedges.

Our use of leverage may create a mismatch with the duration and index of the investments that we are financing.

We attempt to structure our leverage to minimize the difference between the term of our investments and the leverage we use to finance each investment. In March 2009 and March 2011, we restructured our recourse debt obligations; however, there can be no assurances that our restructuring will enable the successful collection of our assets. The risks of a duration mismatch are further magnified by the trends we are experiencing in our portfolio which results from extending loans made to our borrowers in order to maximize the likelihood and magnitude of our recovery on our assets. This trend effectively extends the duration of our assets, while our liabilities have set maturity dates.

Our loans and investments are illiquid, which will constrain our ability to vary our portfolio of investments.

Our real estate investments and structured financial product investments are relatively illiquid and some are highly illiquid. Such illiquidity may limit our ability to vary our portfolio or our investment management vehicles' portfolios of investments in response to changes in economic and other conditions. Illiquidity may result from the absence of an established market for investments as well as the legal or contractual restrictions on their resale. In addition, illiquidity may result from the decline in value of a property securing these investments. We cannot make assurances that the fair market value of any of the real property serving as security will not decrease in the future, leaving our or our investment management vehicles' investments under-collateralized or not collateralized at all, which could impair the liquidity and value, as well as our return on such investments.

We may not have control over certain of our loans and investments.

Our ability to manage our portfolio of loans and investments may be limited by the form in which they are made. In certain situations, we or our investment management vehicles may:

- acquire investments subject to rights of senior classes and servicers under inter-creditor or servicing agreements;
- acquire only a minority and/or a non-controlling participation in an underlying investment;
- co-invest with third parties through partnerships, joint ventures or other entities, thereby acquiring non-controlling interests; or
- rely on independent third party management or strategic partners with respect to the management of an asset.

Therefore, we may not be able to exercise control over the loan or investment. Such financial assets may involve risks not present in investments where senior creditors, servicers or third party controlling investors are not involved. Our rights to control the process following a borrower default may be subject to the rights of senior creditors or servicers whose interests may not be aligned with ours. A third party partner or co-venturer may have financial difficulties resulting in a negative impact on such asset, may have economic or business interests or goals which are inconsistent with ours and those of our investment management vehicles, or may be in a position to take action contrary to our or our investment management vehicles' investment objectives. In addition, we and our investment management vehicles may, in certain circumstances, be liable for the actions of our third party partners or co-venturers.

Developments with our CDO financings have negatively impacted our cash flow.

The terms of CDOs generally provide that the principal amount of investments must exceed the principal balance of the related bonds by a certain amount and that interest income must exceed interest expense by a certain ratio. Certain of our CT CDOs provide that, if defaults, losses, or rating agency downgrades cause a decline in collateral value or cash flow levels, the cash flow otherwise payable to our retained subordinated classes may be redirected to repay classes of CDOs senior to ours until the tests are returned to compliance. We have breached these tests and cash flow has been redirected for three of our four CT CDOs and there can be no assurances that this will not occur with the remaining CT CDO. Once breached there is no certainty about when or if the cash flow redirection will remedy the tests' failure or that cash flow will be restored to our subordinated classes. Other than collateral management fees, we currently receive cash payments from only one of our four CDOs, CT CDO III, which has caused a material deterioration in our cash flow available for operations, debt service, debt repayments, and unfunded commitments to our investment management vehicles.

We may be required to repurchase loans that we have sold or to indemnify holders of our CDOs.

If any of the loans we originate or acquire, and sell or securitize, through our CT CDOs do not comply with representations and warranties that we make about certain characteristics of the loans, the borrowers and the underlying properties, we may be required to repurchase those loans or replace them with substitute loans. In addition, in the case of loans that we have sold instead of retained, we may be required to indemnify persons for losses or expenses incurred as a result of a breach of a representation or warranty. Repurchased loans typically require a significant allocation of working capital to carry on our books, and our ability to borrow against such assets is limited. Any significant repurchases or indemnification payments could adversely affect our financial condition and operating results.

The commercial mortgage and mezzanine loans we originate or acquire and the commercial mortgage loans underlying the commercial mortgage backed securities in which we invest are subject to delinquency, foreclosure and loss, which could result in losses to us.

Our commercial mortgage and mezzanine loans are secured by commercial property and are subject to risks of delinquency and foreclosure, and risks of loss that are greater than similar risks associated with loans made on the security of single-family residential property. The ability of a borrower to repay a loan secured by an income-producing property typically is dependent primarily upon the successful operation of the property rather than upon the existence of independent income or assets of the borrower. If the net operating income of the property is reduced, the borrower's ability to repay the loan may be impaired. Net operating income of an income-producing property can be affected by, among other things, tenant mix, success of tenant businesses, property management decisions, property location and condition, competition from comparable types of properties, changes in laws that increase operating expenses or limit rents that may be charged, any need to address environmental contamination at the property, changes in national, regional or local economic conditions and/or specific industry segments, declines in regional or local real estate values, declines in regional or local rental or occupancy rates, increases in interest rates, real estate tax rates and other operating expenses, and changes in governmental rules, regulations and fiscal policies, including environmental legislation, acts of God, terrorism, social unrest and civil disturbances. In addition, we are exposed to the risk of judicial proceedings with our borrowers, including bankruptcy or other litigation, as a strategy to avoid foreclosure or enforcement of other rights by us as a lender.

Our investments in subordinated commercial mortgage backed securities and similar investments are subject to losses.

In general, losses on an asset securing a mortgage loan included in a securitization will be borne first by the equity holder of the property and then by the most junior security holder, referred to as the "first loss" position. In the event of default and the exhaustion of any equity support and any classes of securities junior to those in which we invest (and in some cases we may be invested in the junior-most classes of securitizations), we may not be able to recover all of our investment in the securities we purchase. In addition, if the underlying mortgage portfolio has been overvalued by the originator, or if the values subsequently decline and, as a result, less collateral is available to satisfy interest and principal payments due on the related mortgage backed securities, the securities in which we invest may incur significant losses. Subordinate interests generally are not actively traded and are relatively illiquid investments and recent volatility in CMBS trading markets has caused the value of these investments to decline.

The prices of lower credit quality CMBS are generally less sensitive to interest rate changes than more highly rated investments, but more sensitive to adverse economic downturns and underlying borrower developments. A projection of an economic downturn, for example, could cause a decline in the price of lower credit quality CMBS because the ability of borrowers to make principal and interest payments on the mortgages underlying the mortgage backed securities may be impaired, as has occurred throughout the recent economic recession and weak recovery. In such event, existing credit support in the securitization structure may be insufficient to protect us against the loss of our principal on these securities.

We may have difficulty or be unable to sell some of our loans and commercial mortgage backed securities.

A prolonged period of frozen capital markets, decline in commercial real estate values and an out of favor real estate sector may prevent us from selling our loans and CMBS. Given the terms of our March 2011 debt restructuring, we may be forced to sell assets in order to meet required debt reduction levels. If the market for real estate loans and CMBS is disrupted or dislocated, this may be difficult or impossible, causing further losses or events of default.

The impact of the events of September 11, 2001 and the effect thereon on terrorism insurance expose us to certain risks.

The terrorist attacks on September 11, 2001 disrupted the U.S. financial markets, including the real estate capital markets, and negatively impacted the U.S. economy in general. Any future terrorist attacks, the anticipation of any such attacks, and the consequences of any military or other response by the U.S. and its allies may have a further adverse impact on the U.S. financial markets and the economy generally. We cannot predict the severity of the effect that such future events would have on the U.S. financial markets, the economy or our business.

In addition, the events of September 11, 2001 created significant uncertainty regarding the ability of real estate owners of high profile assets to obtain insurance coverage protecting against terrorist attacks at commercially reasonable rates, if at all. This led to the creation of The Terrorism Risk Insurance Act of 2002, to provide a federal backstop against insurance claims related to acts of terrorism. This law was extended in December 2007 and then again under a new law, the Terrorism Risk Insurance Program Reauthorization Act, or TRIPRA, which expires in 2014. There is no assurance that TRIPRA will be extended beyond 2014. The absence of affordable insurance coverage may adversely affect the general real estate lending market, lending volume and the market's overall liquidity and may reduce the number of suitable investment opportunities available to us and the pace at which we are able to make investments. If the properties that we invest in are unable to obtain affordable insurance coverage, the value of those investments could decline and in the event of an uninsured loss, we could lose all or a portion of our investment.

The economic impact of any future terrorist attacks could also adversely affect the credit quality of some of our loans and investments. Some of our loans and investments will be more susceptible to such adverse effects than others. We may suffer losses as a result of the adverse impact of any future attacks and these losses may adversely impact our results of operations.

There are increased risks involved with construction lending activities.

We originate loans for the construction of commercial and residential use properties. Construction lending generally is considered to involve a higher degree of risk than other types of lending due to a variety of factors, including generally larger loan balances, the dependency on successful completion of a project, the dependency upon the successful operation of the project (such as achieving satisfactory occupancy and rental rates) for repayment, the difficulties in estimating construction costs and loan terms which often do not require full amortization of the loan over its term and, instead, provide for a balloon payment at stated maturity.

Some of our investments and investment opportunities may be in synthetic form.

Synthetic investments are contracts between parties whereby payments are exchanged based upon the performance of an underlying obligation. In addition to the risks associated with the performance of the obligation, these synthetic interests carry the risk of the counterparty not performing its contractual obligations. Market standards, GAAP accounting methodology, regulatory oversight and compliance requirements, tax and other regulations related to these investments are evolving, and we cannot be certain that their evolution will not adversely impact the value or sustainability of these investments. Furthermore, our ability to invest in synthetic investments, other than through taxable REIT subsidiaries, may be severely limited by the REIT qualification requirements because synthetic investment contracts generally are not qualifying assets and do not produce qualifying income for purposes of the REIT asset and income tests.

Risks Related to Our Investment Management Business and Management of CDOs

Our current financial condition may adversely impact our investment management business.

In large part, our ability to raise capital and garner other investment management and advisory business is dependent upon our reputation as a balance sheet manager and credit underwriter, as well as the ability to demonstrate that we have the resources to manage and co-invest in our internal funds. Our recent losses and our March 2009 and March 2011 debt restructurings may have a negative impact on our reputation. In addition, further credit deterioration in our balance sheet portfolio and our overall financial condition could jeopardize our status as an approved special servicer by the three major rating agencies, which would impair our ability to generate future special servicing revenues.

We may not maintain our special servicer approval or rating.

Our status as an approved special servicer by the three major rating agencies, as well as our special servicer rating by these agencies is subject to periodic review and may be impacted by our overall financial condition, the operations of our investment management business, as well as other factors which may be beyond our control. Any reduction in our special servicer rating, or a loss of our status as an approved special servicer, would impair our ability to generate future special servicing revenues.

We are subject to risks and uncertainties associated with operating our investment management business, and we may not achieve the investment returns that we expect.

We will encounter risks and difficulties as we operate our investment management business. In order to achieve our goals as an investment manager, we must:

- manage our investment management vehicles successfully by investing their capital in suitable investments that meet their respective investment criteria;
- actively manage the assets in our portfolios in order to realize targeted performance;
- create incentives for our management and professional staff to develop and operate the investment management business; and
- structure, sponsor and capitalize future investment management vehicles that provide investors with attractive investment opportunities.

If we do not successfully operate our investment management business to achieve the investment returns that we or the market anticipates, our operations may be adversely impacted.

We may expand our investment management business to involve other investment classes where we do not have prior investment experience. We may find it difficult to attract third party investors without a performance track record involving such investments. Even if we attract third party capital, there can be no assurance that we will be successful in deploying the capital to achieve targeted returns on the investments.

We face substantial competition from established participants in the private equity market as we offer investment management vehicles to third party investors.

We face significant competition from large financial and other institutions that have proven track records in marketing and managing vehicles and otherwise have a competitive advantage over us because they have access to pre-existing third party investor networks into which they can channel competing investment opportunities. If our competitors offer investment products that are competitive with products offered by us, we will find it more difficult to attract investors and to capitalize our investment management vehicles.

Our investment management vehicles are subject to the risk of defaults by third party investors on their capital commitments.

The capital commitments made by third party investors to our investment management vehicles represent unsecured promises by those investors to contribute cash to the investment management vehicles from time-to-time as investments are made by the investment management vehicles. Accordingly, we are subject to general credit risks that the investors may default on their capital commitments. If defaults occur, we may not be able to close loans and investments we have identified and negotiated or make protective advances to support existing investments which could materially and adversely affect the investment management vehicles' investment program or make us liable for breach of contract, in either case to the detriment of our franchise in the private equity market.



CTIMCO's role as collateral manager for our CT CDOs and investment manager for our funds may expose us to liabilities to investors.

We are subject to potential liabilities to investors as a result of CTIMCO's role as collateral manager for our CT CDOs and our investment management business generally. In serving in such roles, we could be subject to claims by CDO investors and investors in our funds that we did not act in accordance with our duties under our CT CDO and investment fund documentation or that we were negligent in taking or refraining from taking actions with respect to the underlying collateral in our CT CDOs or in making investments. In particular, the discretion that we exercise in managing the collateral for our CT CDOs and the investments in our investment management business could result in a liability due to the current negative conditions in the commercial real estate market and the inherent uncertainties surrounding the course of action that will result in the best long term results with respect to such collateral and investments. This risk could be increased due to the affiliated nature of our roles. If we were found liable for our actions as collateral manager or investment manager and we were required to pay significant damages to our CT CDO and investment advisory investors, our financial condition could be materially adversely effected.

Our investment management agreements contain "clawback" provisions which may require repayment of incentive management fees previously received by us.

As part of our investment management business we earn incentive fees based on the performance of certain of our investment management vehicles. The investment management agreements which govern our relationships with these vehicles contain "clawback" provisions which may require the repayment of incentive fees previously received by us. If certain predetermined performance thresholds are not met upon the ultimate dissolution of such entities, we could be required to refund either a portion, or all of incentive fees previously received.

We are exposed to litigation risks in our role as an investment manager and special servicer.

CTIMCO's role as an investment manager for third-parties, including investors in our private equity platforms and our CT CDOs, as well as CTIMCO's role as a special servicer expose us to litigation risks. In these roles, we make investment, asset management, loan work-out, and other decisions which could result in adverse financial impacts to third-parties. These parties may pursue legal action against us as a result of these decisions, the outcomes of which cannot be certain.

Risks Related to Our Company

We are dependent upon our senior management team to develop and operate our business.

Our ability to develop and operate our business depends to a substantial extent upon the experience, relationships and expertise of our senior management and key employees. We cannot assure you that these individuals will remain in our employ. Our chief executive officer, Stephen D. Plavin, our chief financial officer, Geoffrey G. Jervis, and our chief credit officer, Thomas C. Ruffing, are currently not employed pursuant to employment agreements. There can be no assurance that Messrs. Plavin, Jervis, and Ruffing will enter into new employment agreements pursuant to which they agree to long-term employment with us. In addition, the departure of Mr. Plavin from his employment with us constitutes an event of default under the repurchase facility of our restructuring subsidiary, CT Legacy REIT, unless we hire a suitable replacement acceptable to the lender.

There may be conflicts between the interests of our investment management vehicles and us.

We are subject to a number of potential conflicts between our interests and the interests of our investment management vehicles. We are subject to potential conflicts of interest in the allocation of investment opportunities between our balance sheet, once our balance sheet investment activity resumes, and our investment management vehicles. In addition, we may make investments that are senior or junior to, participations in, or have rights and interests different from or adverse to, the investments made by our investment management vehicles. Our interests in such investments may conflict with the interests of our investment management vehicles in related investments at the time of origination or in the event of a default or restructuring of the investment. Finally, our officers and employees may have conflicts in allocating their time and services among us and our investment management vehicles.

We must manage our portfolio in a manner that allows us to rely on an exclusion from registration under the Investment Company Act of 1940 in order to avoid the consequences of regulation under that Act.

We rely on an exclusion from registration as an investment company afforded by Section 3(a)(1)(C) of the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended, or the Investment Company Act. To qualify for this exclusion, we are not engaged in the business of investing, reinvesting, owning, holding, or trading securities and we do not own "investment securities" with a value that exceeds 40% of the value of our total assets (exclusive of government securities and cash items) on a consolidated basis. We may not be able to maintain such a mix of assets in the future, and attempts to maintain such an asset mix may impair our ability to pursue otherwise attractive investments. In addition, these rules are subject to change and such changes may have an adverse impact on us. We may need to avail ourselves of

alternative exclusions and exemptions which may require a change in the organizational structure of our business.

Furthermore, as it relates to our investment in our restructuring subsidiary, CT Legacy REIT, we rely on an exclusion from registration as an investment company afforded by Section 3(c)(5)(C) of the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended. Given the material size of CT Legacy REIT relative to our 3(a)(1)(C) exclusion, were CT Legacy REIT to be required to register as an investment company, we may not qualify for our 3(a)(1)(C) exclusion. Under this exclusion, CT Legacy REIT is required to maintain, on the basis of positions taken by the SEC staff in interpretive and no-action letters, a minimum of 55% of the value of the total assets of our portfolio in “mortgages and other liens on and interests in real estate,” which we refer to as Qualifying Interests, and a minimum of 80% in Qualifying Interests and real estate related assets. Because registration as an investment company would significantly affect CT Legacy REIT’s ability to engage in certain transactions or to organize itself in the manner it is currently organized, we intend to maintain its qualification for this exclusion from registration. In the past, based on SEC staff positions, when required due to the mix of assets in our balance sheet portfolio, we have purchased agency residential mortgage backed securities that represent the entire beneficial interests in the underlying pools of whole residential mortgage loans, which we treat as Qualifying Interests. Investments in such pools of whole residential mortgage loans may not represent an optimum use of our investable capital when compared to the available investments we target pursuant to our investment strategy. These investments present additional risks to us, and these risks are compounded by our inexperience with such investments. We continue to analyze our investments and may acquire other pools of whole loan residential mortgage backed securities when and if required for compliance purposes.

We treat certain of our investments in CMBS, B Notes and mezzanine loans as Qualifying Interests for purposes of determining our eligibility for the exclusion provided by Section 3(c)(5)(C) to the extent such treatment is consistent with guidance provided by the SEC or its staff. In the absence of such guidance that otherwise supports the treatment of these investments as Qualifying Interests, we will treat them, for purposes of determining our eligibility for the exclusion provided by Section 3(c)(5)(C), as real estate related assets or miscellaneous assets, as appropriate.

We understand the SEC staff has recently reconsidered its interpretive policy under Section 3(c)(5)(C) and whether to advance rulemaking to define the basis for the exclusion. We cannot predict the outcome of this reconsideration or potential rulemaking initiative and its impact on our ability to rely on the exclusion.

If CT Legacy REIT’s portfolio does not comply with the requirements of the exclusion we rely upon, it could be forced to alter its portfolio by selling or otherwise disposing of a substantial portion of the assets that are not Qualifying Interests or, with the consent of its shareholders, by acquiring a significant position in assets that are Qualifying Interests. Altering CT Legacy REIT’s portfolio in this manner may have an adverse effect on its investments if it is forced to dispose of or acquire assets in an unfavorable market, and may adversely affect our stock price.

If it were established that we were an unregistered investment company, there would be a risk that we would be subject to monetary penalties and injunctive relief in an action brought by the SEC, that we would be unable to enforce contracts with third parties, that third parties could seek to obtain rescission of transactions undertaken during the period it was established that we were an unregistered investment company, and that we would be subject to limitations on corporate leverage that would have an adverse impact on our investment returns.

Our investment management subsidiary, CTIMCO, is required to register under the Investment Advisors Act of 1940, and is subject to regulation under that Act.

Following the registration of CTIMCO under the Investment Advisors Act of 1940, or the Investment Advisors Act, we will be subject to the extensive regulation prescribed by that statute and the regulations thereunder. The SEC will oversee CTIMCO's activities as a registered investment adviser under this regulatory regime. A failure to comply with the obligations imposed by the Investment Advisors Act, including record-keeping, advertising and operating requirements, disclosure obligations and prohibitions on fraudulent activities, could result in fines, censure, suspensions of personnel or investing activities or other sanctions, including revocation of our registration as an investment adviser. The regulations under the Investment Advisors Act are designed primarily to protect investors in our funds and other clients. They are not designed to protect holders of our publicly traded common stock. Even if a sanction imposed against CTIMCO or its personnel involves a small monetary amount, the adverse publicity related to such sanction could harm our reputation and our relationship with our fund investors and impede our ability to raise additional capital or new funds. In addition, compliance with the Investment Advisors Act may require us to incur additional costs, and these costs may be material.

Changes in accounting pronouncements have materially changed the presentation and content of our financial statements.

Beginning January 1, 2010, we adopted new accounting guidance which required us to consolidate certain securitization trust entities in which we have subordinate investments. This consolidation resulted in a significant increase to our GAAP-basis assets and liabilities, which may be misleading to readers of our financial statements. In addition, we are required to record losses under GAAP on consolidated assets which may be in excess of our economic interest in the respective consolidated entities.

We may not have sufficient cash flow to satisfy our tax liability arising from the use of CDO financing.

Due to the redirection provisions of our CDOs, which reallocate principal and interest otherwise distributable to us to repay senior note holders, assets financed through our CDOs may generate current taxable income without a corresponding cash distribution to us. In order to raise the cash necessary to meet our tax and/or distribution requirements, we may be required to borrow funds, sell a portion of our assets at disadvantageous prices or find other alternatives. In any case, there can be no assurances that we will be able to generate sufficient cash from these endeavors to meet our tax and/or distribution requirements.

In the event we experience an “ownership change” for purposes of Section 382 of the Internal Revenue Code, of 1986, as amended, our ability to utilize our net operating losses and net capital losses against future taxable income will be limited, increasing our dividend distribution requirement for which we may not have sufficient cash flow.

We have substantial net operating and net capital loss carry forwards which we use to offset our tax and/or distribution requirements. In the event that we experience an “ownership change” for purposes of Section 382 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, or the Internal Revenue Code, our ability to use these losses will be effectively eliminated. An “ownership change” is determined based upon the changes in ownership that occur in our class A common stock for a trailing three year period. Such ownership change provisions may be triggered by regular trading activity in our common stock, and are generally beyond our control. The issuance of our preferred stock purchase rights pursuant to our tax preservation shareholder rights plan deters but does not prevent such an ownership change. In addition, such efforts to preserve these tax benefits may significantly constrain our ability to raise additional capital through offerings of class A common stock.

Risks Relating to Our Class A Common Stock

Sales or other dilution of our equity may adversely affect the market price of our class A common stock.

In connection with the 2009 restructuring our debt obligations, we issued warrants to purchase 3,479,691 shares of our class A common stock, which represents approximately 15.3% of our outstanding class A common stock as of February 7, 2012. These warrants become exercisable on March 16, 2012. The market price of our class A common stock could decline as a result of sales of a large number of shares of class A common stock acquired upon exercise of the warrants in the market. If the warrants are exercised, the issuance of additional shares of class A common stock would dilute the ownership interest of our existing shareholders.

Because a limited number of shareholders, including members of our management team, own a substantial number of our shares, they may make decisions or take actions that may be detrimental to your interests.

Our executive officers and directors, along with vehicles for the benefit of their families, collectively own and control 1,123,845 shares of our class A common stock representing approximately 5.3% of our outstanding common stock as of February 7, 2012. W. R. Berkley Corporation, or WRBC, which employs one of our directors, owns 3,843,413 shares of our class A common stock, which represents approximately 16.9% of our outstanding common stock as of February 7, 2012. By virtue of their voting power, these shareholders have the power to significantly influence our affairs and are able to influence the outcome of matters required to be submitted to shareholders for approval, including the election of our directors, amendments to our charter, mergers, sales of assets and other acquisitions or sales. The influence exerted by these shareholders over our affairs might not be consistent with the interests of some or all of our other shareholders. In addition, the concentration of ownership in our officers or directors or shareholders associated with them may have the effect of delaying or preventing a change in control of our company, including transactions in which you might otherwise receive a premium for your class A common stock, and might negatively affect the market price of our class A common stock.

Some provisions of our charter and bylaws, tax benefits preservation rights plan and Maryland law may deter takeover attempts, which may limit the opportunity of our shareholders to sell their shares at a favorable price.

Some of the provisions of our charter and bylaws and Maryland law discussed below could make it more difficult for a third party to acquire us, even if doing so might be beneficial to our shareholders by providing them with the opportunity to sell their shares at a premium to the then current market price.

Issuance of Preferred Stock Without Shareholder Approval . Our charter authorizes our board of directors to authorize the issuance of up to 100,000,000 shares of preferred stock and up to 100,000,000 shares of class A common stock. Our charter also authorizes our board of directors, without shareholder approval, to classify or reclassify any unissued shares of our class A common stock and preferred stock into other classes or series of stock and to amend our charter to increase or decrease the aggregate number of shares of stock of any class or series that may be issued. Our board of directors, therefore, can exercise its power to reclassify our stock to increase the number of shares of preferred stock we may issue without shareholder approval. Preferred stock may be issued in one or more series, the terms of which may be determined without further action by shareholders. These terms may include preferences, conversion or other rights, voting powers, restrictions, limitations as to dividends or other distributions, qualifications or terms or conditions of redemption. The issuance of any preferred stock, however, could materially adversely affect the rights of holders of our class A common stock and, therefore, could reduce the value of the class A common stock. In addition, specific rights granted to future holders of our preferred stock could be used to restrict our ability to merge with, or sell assets to, a third party. The power of our board of directors to issue preferred stock could make it more difficult, delay, discourage, prevent or make it more costly to acquire or effect a change in control, thereby preserving the current shareholders’ control.



Advance Notice Bylaw . Our bylaws contain advance notice procedures for the introduction of business and the nomination of directors. These provisions could discourage proxy contests and make it more difficult for you and other shareholders to elect shareholder-nominated directors and to propose and approve shareholder proposals opposed by management.

Maryland Takeover Statutes . We are subject to the Maryland Business Combination Act which could delay or prevent an unsolicited takeover of us. The statute substantially restricts the ability of third parties who acquire, or seek to acquire, control of us to complete mergers and other business combinations without the approval of our board of directors even if such transaction would be beneficial to shareholders. “Business combinations” between such a third party acquirer or its affiliate and us are prohibited for five years after the most recent date on which the acquirer or its affiliate becomes an “interested shareholder.” An “interested shareholder” is defined as any person who beneficially owns 10 percent or more of our shareholder voting power or an affiliate or associate of ours who, at any time within the two-year period prior to the date interested shareholder status is determined, was the beneficial owner of 10 percent or more of our shareholder voting power. If our board of directors approved in advance the transaction that would otherwise give rise to the acquirer or its affiliate attaining such status, the acquirer or its affiliate would not become an interested shareholder and, as a result, it could enter into a business combination with us. Our board of directors could choose not to negotiate with an acquirer if the board determined in its business judgment that considering such an acquisition was not in our strategic interests. Even after the lapse of the five-year prohibition period, any business combination with an interested shareholder must be recommended by our board of directors and approved by the affirmative vote of at least:

- 80% of the votes entitled to be cast by shareholders; and
- two-thirds of the votes entitled to be cast by shareholders other than the interested shareholder and affiliates and associates thereof.

The super-majority vote requirements do not apply if the transaction complies with a minimum price requirement prescribed by the statute.

The statute permits various exemptions from its provisions, including business combinations that are exempted by the board of directors prior to the time that an interested shareholder becomes an interested shareholder. Our board of directors has exempted any business combination involving a limited liability company indirectly controlled by a trust for the benefit of Samuel Zell, our chairman of the board, and his family and approved in advance, the issuance of shares to WRBC. As a result, these parties may enter into business combinations with us without compliance with the super-majority vote requirements and the other provisions of the statute.

We are also subject to the Maryland Control Share Acquisition Act. With certain exceptions, the Maryland General Corporation Law provides that “control shares” of a Maryland corporation acquired in a control share acquisition have no voting rights except to the extent approved by a vote of two-thirds of the votes entitled to be cast on the matter, excluding shares owned by the acquiring person or by our officers or by our directors who are our employees, and may be redeemed by us. “Control shares” are voting shares which, if aggregated with all other shares owned or voted by the acquirer, would entitle the acquirer to exercise voting power in electing directors within one of the specified ranges of voting power. A person who has made or proposes to make a control share acquisition, upon satisfaction of certain conditions, including an undertaking to pay expenses, may compel our board to call a special meeting of shareholders to be held within 50 days of demand to consider the voting rights of the “control shares” in question. If no request for a meeting is made, we may present the question at any shareholders’ meeting.

If voting rights are not approved at the shareholders' meeting or if the acquiring person does not deliver the statement required by Maryland law, then, subject to certain conditions and limitations, we may redeem for fair value any or all of the control shares, except those for which voting rights have previously been approved. If voting rights for control shares are approved at a shareholders' meeting and the acquirer may then vote a majority of the shares entitled to vote, then all other shareholders may exercise appraisal rights. The fair value of the shares for purposes of these appraisal rights may not be less than the highest price per share paid by the acquirer in the control share acquisition. The control share acquisition statute does not apply to shares acquired in a merger, consolidation or share exchange if we are not a party to the transaction, nor does it apply to acquisitions approved or exempted by our charter or bylaws. Our bylaws contain a provision exempting certain holders identified in our bylaws from this statute, including WRBC, and a limited liability company indirectly controlled by a trust for the benefit of Samuel Zell and his family.

We are also subject to the Maryland Unsolicited Takeovers Act which permits our board of directors, among other things and notwithstanding any provision in our charter or bylaws, to elect on our behalf to stagger the terms of directors and to increase the shareholder vote required to remove a director. Such an election would significantly restrict the ability of third parties to wage a proxy fight for control of our board of directors as a means of advancing a takeover offer. If an acquirer was discouraged from offering to acquire us, or prevented from successfully completing a hostile acquisition, you could lose the opportunity to sell your shares at a favorable price.

Shareholder rights plans such as the plan we recently adopted for the purpose of preserving our tax benefits, are commonly understood to have anti-takeover effects. Under our tax benefit preservation rights agreement, if any person or group acquires 4.9% or more of our outstanding class A common stock without the approval of our board of directors under specific circumstances, our existing shareholders have the right to purchase shares of our class A common stock at a substantial discount to the public market price. The agreement is intended to act as a deterrent to any person or entity seeking to acquire 4.9% or more of our outstanding common stock without the prior approval of our board of directors.

The price of our class A common stock may be impacted by many factors.

As with any public company, a number of factors may impact the trading price of our class A common stock, many of which are beyond our control. These factors include, in addition to other risk factors mentioned in this section:

- the level of institutional interest in us;
- the perception of REITs generally and REITs with portfolios similar to ours, in particular, by market professionals;
- the attractiveness of securities of REITs in comparison to other companies;
- the market's perception of our ability to successfully manage our portfolio; and
- the general economic environment and the commercial real estate property and capital markets.

Your ability to sell a substantial number of shares of our class A common stock may be restricted by the low trading volume historically experienced by our class A common stock.

Although our class A common stock is listed on the New York Stock Exchange, the daily trading volume of our shares of class A common stock has historically been lower than the trading volume for certain other companies. As a result, the ability of a holder to sell a substantial number of shares of our class A common stock in a timely manner without causing a substantial decline in the market value of the shares, especially by means of a large block trade, may be restricted by the limited trading volume of the shares of our class A common stock.

Our shares of class A common stock may be delisted from the NYSE if the price per share trades below \$1.00 for an extended period of time, which could negatively affect our business, our financial condition, our results of operations and our ability to service our debt obligations.

Our class A common stock at times has traded below \$1.00. In the event the average closing price of our class A common stock for a 30-day period is below \$1.00, our stock could be delisted from the NYSE. The threat of delisting and/or a delisting of our class A common stock could have adverse effects by, among other things:

- reducing the trading liquidity and market price of our class A common stock;
- reducing the number of investors willing to hold or acquire our class A common stock, thereby further restricting our ability to obtain equity financing; and
- reducing our ability to retain, attract and motivate directors, officers and employees.

Risks Related to our REIT Status and Certain Other Tax Items

Our charter does not permit any individual to own more than 9.9% of our class A common stock, and attempts to acquire our class A common stock in excess of the 9.9% limit would be void without the prior approval of our board of directors.

For the purpose of preserving our qualification as a REIT for federal income tax purposes, our charter prohibits direct or constructive ownership by any individual of more than a certain percentage, currently 9.9%, of the lesser of the total number or value of the outstanding shares of our class A common stock as a means of preventing ownership of more than 50% of our class A common stock by five or fewer individuals. The charter's constructive ownership rules are complex and may cause the outstanding class A common stock owned by a group of related individuals or entities to be deemed to be constructively owned by one individual. As a result, the acquisition of less than 9.9% of our outstanding class A common stock by an individual or entity could cause an individual to own constructively in excess of 9.9% of our outstanding class A common stock, and thus be subject to the charter's ownership limit. There can be no assurance that our board of directors, as permitted in the charter, will increase, or will not decrease, this ownership limit in the future. Any attempt to own or transfer shares of our class A common stock in excess of the ownership limit without the consent of our board of directors will be void, and will result in the shares being transferred by operation of the charter to a charitable trust, and the person who acquired such excess shares will not be entitled to any distributions thereon or to vote such excess shares.

The 9.9% ownership limit may have the effect of precluding a change in control of us by a third party without the consent of our board of directors, even if such change in control would be in the interest of our shareholders or would result in a premium to the price of our class A common stock (and even if such change in control would not reasonably jeopardize our REIT status). The ownership limit exemptions and the reset limits granted to date would limit our board of directors' ability to reset limits in the future and at the same time maintain compliance with the REIT qualification requirement prohibiting ownership of more than 50% of our class A common stock by five or fewer individuals.

There are no assurances that we will be able to pay dividends in the future.

We expect in the future when we generate taxable income to pay quarterly dividends and to make distributions to our shareholders in amounts so that all or substantially all of our taxable income in each year, subject to certain adjustments, is distributed. This, along with our compliance with other requirements, should enable us to qualify for the tax benefits accorded to a REIT under the Internal Revenue Code. All distributions will be made at the discretion of our board of directors and will depend on our earnings, our financial condition, maintenance of our REIT status and such other factors as our board of directors may deem relevant from time to time. There are no assurances that we will be able to pay dividends in the future, and we may use our substantial net operating losses carried forward to offset future taxable income, and therefore reduce our dividend requirements. In addition, some of our distributions may include a return of capital, which would reduce the amount of capital available to operate our business.

We will be dependent on external sources of capital to finance our growth.

As with other REITs, but unlike corporations generally, our ability to finance our growth must largely be funded by external sources of capital because we generally will have to distribute to our shareholders 90% of our taxable income in order to qualify as a REIT, including taxable income where we do not receive corresponding cash. Our access to external capital will depend upon a number of factors, including general market conditions, the market's perception of our growth potential, our current and potential future earnings, cash distributions and the market price of our class A common stock.

If we do not maintain our qualification as a REIT, we will be subject to tax as a regular corporation and face a substantial tax liability. Our taxable REIT subsidiaries are subject to income tax.

We expect to continue to operate so as to qualify as a REIT under the Internal Revenue Code. However, qualification as a REIT involves the application of highly technical and complex Internal Revenue Code provisions for which only a limited number of judicial or administrative interpretations exist. Notwithstanding the availability of cure provisions in the tax code, various compliance requirements could be failed and could jeopardize our REIT status. Furthermore, new tax legislation, administrative guidance or court decisions, in each instance potentially with retroactive effect, could make it more difficult or impossible for us to qualify as a REIT. If we fail to qualify as a REIT in any tax year, then:

- we would be taxed as a regular domestic corporation, which under current laws, among other things, means being unable to deduct distributions to shareholders in computing taxable income and being subject to federal income tax on our taxable income at regular corporate income tax rates;
- any resulting tax liability could be substantial and could have a material adverse effect on our book value;
- unless we were entitled to relief under applicable statutory provisions, we would be required to pay taxes, and thus, our cash available for distribution to shareholders would be reduced for each of the years during which we did not qualify as a REIT; and
- we generally would not be eligible to requalify as a REIT for four full taxable years.

Fee income from our investment management business is expected to be realized by one of our taxable REIT subsidiaries, and, accordingly, will be subject to income tax.

Complying with REIT requirements may cause us to forego otherwise attractive opportunities and limit our expansion opportunities.

In order to qualify as a REIT for federal income tax purposes, we must continually satisfy tests concerning, among other things, our sources of income, the nature of our investments in commercial real estate and related assets, the amounts we distribute to our shareholders and the ownership of our stock. We may also be required to make distributions to shareholders at disadvantageous times or when we do not have funds readily available for distribution. Thus, compliance with REIT requirements may hinder our ability to operate solely on the basis of maximizing profits.

Complying with REIT requirements may force us to liquidate or restructure otherwise attractive investments.

In order to qualify as a REIT, we must also ensure that at the end of each calendar quarter, at least 75% of the value of our assets consists of cash, cash items, government securities and qualified REIT real estate assets. The remainder of our investments in securities cannot include more than 10% of the outstanding voting securities of any one issuer or 10% of the total value of the outstanding securities of any one issuer unless we and such issuer jointly elect for such issuer to be treated as a “taxable REIT subsidiary” under the Internal Revenue Code. The total value of all of our investments in taxable REIT subsidiaries cannot exceed 25% of the value of our total assets. In addition, no more than 5% of the value of our assets can consist of the securities of any one issuer other than a taxable REIT subsidiary. If we fail to comply with these requirements, we must dispose of a portion of our assets within 30 days after the end of the calendar quarter in order to avoid losing our REIT status and suffering adverse tax consequences.

Since we have not originated new balance sheet investments since 2009 and transferred a substantial portion of our investments to CT Legacy REIT, our ability to satisfy the asset and income REIT qualification requirements will be more difficult and unless we are able to raise the capital to originate new balance sheet investments, our status as a REIT will ultimately be jeopardized.

Complying with REIT requirements may force us to borrow to make distributions to shareholders.

From time to time, our taxable income may be greater than our cash flow available for distribution to shareholders. If we do not have other funds available in these situations, we may be unable to distribute substantially all of our taxable income as required by the REIT provisions of the Internal Revenue Code. Thus, we could be required to borrow funds, sell a portion of our assets at disadvantageous prices or find another alternative. These options could increase our costs or reduce our equity. Our interests in CT Legacy REIT and our CT CODs may cause us to recognize taxable income without any corresponding cash income and we may be required to distribute additional dividends in cash and/or class A common stock.

Certain of our legacy assets are subject to separate REIT qualifications and restrictions as a result of our March 2011 debt restructuring.

In conjunction with our March 2011 debt restructuring, we transferred certain of our legacy assets to CT Legacy REIT, a special purpose entity which will be taxed as a REIT for purposes of federal income taxes. As a REIT, CT Legacy REIT is generally subject to the same risks described above with respect to distribution requirements, limitations on the types and quantities of permissible assets and income, and penalties for non-compliance with REIT regulations. As a result of restrictions under our mezzanine loan at CT Legacy REIT, cash distributions cannot be made to the shareholders of CT Legacy REIT until such debt has been fully repaid. Should a dividend be required to comply with REIT regulations, CT Legacy REIT may declare a “consent dividend” which will pass a pro-rata share of its taxable income to us without a corresponding cash payment.

In addition, CT Legacy REIT is generally precluded from making new investments, and a portion of the legacy assets which are held by CT Legacy REIT may not qualify as REIT real estate assets. Accordingly, there is a risk that as the portfolio liquidates in the ordinary course, the asset mix at CT Legacy REIT, or income thereon, may violate REIT regulations and force CT Legacy REIT to either sell assets, potentially at disadvantageous prices, and/or terminate REIT status, which could result in material taxes and penalties, and which would constitute a default under the mezzanine loan.

Item 1B. Unresolved Staff Comments

None.

Item 2. Properties

Our principal executive and administrative offices are located in approximately 12,000 square feet of office space leased at 410 Park Avenue, New York, New York 10022. Our telephone number is (212) 655-0220 and our website address is <http://www.capitaltrust.com>. Our lease for office space expires in October 2018.

Item 3. Legal Proceedings

On June 2, 2011, Philips International Investments, LLC, as plaintiff, commenced a lawsuit against us, several of our affiliates, as well as other unaffiliated entities and individuals, in the Supreme Court of the State of New York, County of New York, arising out of the acquisition of certain real properties in the Lehigh Valley, Pennsylvania area by a private equity fund managed by our investment management subsidiary. The properties were purchased from Liberty Property Trust, a publicly traded REIT, after the plaintiff failed to close on the acquisition of the properties, an acquisition effort that was undertaken by plaintiff before our investment management subsidiary pursued the purchase of the properties. Plaintiff alleges causes of action against, and seeks damages from, us for (i) breaches of fiduciary duty and fraud of co-defendants not affiliated with us on the theory that we were either a partner of the co-defendants or their agent, (ii) aiding and abetting the alleged fraud and (iii) tortious interference with contract. Plaintiff seeks damages from us in the amount of \$100 million. We are vigorously defending against these claims and believe that they are wholly without merit. Our motion to dismiss the action is currently pending before the court.

Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosure

Not applicable.

PART II

Item 5. Market for the Registrant's Common Equity, Related Stockholder Matters and Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities

Our class A common stock is listed for trading on the NYSE under the symbol "CT." The table below sets forth, for the calendar quarters indicated, the reported high and low sale prices for our class A common stock as reported on the NYSE composite transaction tape and the per share cash dividends declared on our class A common stock.

	<u>High</u>	<u>Low</u>	<u>Dividend</u>
2011			
Fourth quarter	\$2.75	\$1.73	\$0.00
Third quarter	4.03	2.11	0.00
Second quarter	5.48	2.30	0.00
First quarter	2.95	1.44	0.00
2010			
Fourth quarter	\$1.80	\$1.15	\$0.00
Third quarter	1.90	1.52	0.00
Second quarter	2.81	1.52	0.00
First quarter	1.89	1.27	0.00
2009			
Fourth quarter	\$3.00	\$1.10	\$0.00
Third quarter	3.47	1.15	0.00
Second quarter	2.88	1.09	0.00
First quarter	4.25	0.87	0.00

The last reported sale price of the class A common stock on February 7, 2012 as reported on the NYSE composite transaction tape was \$2.72. As of February 7, 2012, there were 504 holders of record of the class A common stock. By including persons holding shares in broker accounts under street names, however, we estimate our shareholder base to be approximately 7,560 holders.

We generally intend to distribute each year substantially all of our taxable income (which does not necessarily equal net income as calculated in accordance with GAAP) to our shareholders so as to comply with the REIT provisions of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended.

In addition, our dividend policy remains subject to revision at the discretion of our board of directors. All distributions will be made at the discretion of our board of directors and will depend upon our taxable income, our financial condition, our maintenance of REIT status and other factors as our board of directors deems relevant. In accordance with Internal Revenue Service guidance, we are required to report the amount of excess inclusion income earned by us. In 2011, we calculated excess inclusion income to be de minimis.

Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities

We did not purchase any shares of our class A common stock during the three months ended December 31, 2011.

Equity Compensation Plan Information

The following table summarizes information, as of December 31, 2011, relating to our equity compensation plans pursuant to which shares of our common stock or other equity securities may be granted from time to time.

Plan category	(a) Number of securities to be issued upon exercise of outstanding options	(b) Weighted average exercise price of outstanding options	(c) Number of securities remaining available for future issuance under equity compensation plans (excluding securities reflected in column (a))
Equity compensation plans approved by security holders ⁽¹⁾	—	\$ —	944,469
Equity compensation plans not approved by security holders ⁽²⁾	—	—	—
Total	—	\$ —	944,469

(1) The number of securities remaining for future issuance consists of 944,469 shares issuable under our 2011 long-term incentive stock plan which was approved by our shareholders. Awards under the plan may include restricted stock, unrestricted stock, stock options, stock units, stock appreciation rights, performance shares, performance units, deferred share units or other equity-based awards, as the board of directors may determine.

(2) All of our equity compensation plans have been approved by security holders.

Item 6. Selected Financial Data

The following table sets forth selected consolidated financial data, which was derived from our historical consolidated financial statements included in our Annual Reports on Form 10-K, for the years ended December 31, 2007 through 2011.

You should read the following information together with “Item 7. Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations” and the consolidated financial statements and the notes thereto included in “Item 8. Financial Statements and Supplementary Data.”

	Years ended December 31				
	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007
	(in thousands, except for per share data)				
STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS DATA:					
REVENUES:					
Interest and related income	117,162	158,733	121,818	196,215	254,505
Management fees and other revenues	15,115	15,006	13,575	13,308	10,330
Total revenues	132,277	173,739	135,393	209,523	264,835
OPERATING EXPENSES:					
Interest expense	96,974	123,963	79,794	129,665	162,377
General and administrative expenses	23,867	18,799	22,173	25,136	31,766
Impairments	49,121	72,366	114,106	2,917	—
(Recovery of) provision for loan losses	(19,326)	146,478	482,352	63,577	—
Valuation allowance on loans held-for-sale	1,456	2,119	—	48,259	—
Total operating expenses	152,092	363,725	698,425	269,554	194,143
(Loss) gain on sale of investments	—	—	(10,363)	374	15,077
Gain on extinguishment of debt	271,031	3,134	—	6,000	—
Income (loss) from equity investments	3,649	3,608	(3,736)	(1,988)	(2,109)
Income (loss) before income taxes	254,865	(183,244)	(577,131)	(55,645)	83,660
Income tax provision (benefit)	2,546	2,100	(694)	1,893	(706)
NET INCOME (LOSS) ALLOCABLE TO COMMON STOCK	\$252,319	(\$185,344)	(\$576,437)	(\$57,538)	\$84,366
Less: Net (income) loss attributable to noncontrolling interest	5,823	—	—	—	—
Net income (loss) attributable to Capital Trust, Inc.	\$258,142	(\$185,344)	(\$576,437)	(\$57,538)	\$84,366
PER SHARE INFORMATION:					
Net income (loss) per share of common stock:					
Basic	\$11.39	(\$8.28)	(\$25.76)	(\$2.73)	\$4.80
Diluted	\$10.78	(\$8.28)	(\$25.76)	(\$2.73)	\$4.77
Dividends declared per share of common stock	\$—	\$—	\$—	\$2.20	\$5.10
Weighted average shares of common stock outstanding:					
Basic	22,660	22,371	22,379	21,099	17,570
Diluted	23,950	22,371	22,379	21,099	17,690
	Years ended December 31				
	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007
	(in thousands)				
BALANCE SHEET DATA:					
Total assets	\$1,366,316	\$4,120,690	\$1,936,635	\$2,837,529	\$3,211,482
Total liabilities	1,495,255	4,531,877	2,105,802	2,436,085	2,803,245
Noncontrolling interest	(18,515)	—	—	—	—
(Deficit) equity	(110,424)	(411,187)	(169,167)	401,444	408,237

Item 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operation

References herein to "we," "us" or "our" refer to Capital Trust, Inc. and its subsidiaries unless the context specifically requires otherwise.

Introduction

We are a fully integrated, self-managed, real estate finance and investment management company that specializes in credit sensitive financial products. To date, our investment programs have focused on loans and securities backed by commercial real estate assets. We invest for our own account directly on our balance sheet and for third parties through a series of investment management vehicles. Our business model is designed to produce a mix of net interest margin from our balance sheet investments, and fee income and co-investment income from our investment management vehicles. In managing our operations, we focus on originating investments, managing our portfolios and capitalizing our businesses. From the inception of our finance business in 1997 through December 31, 2011, we have completed approximately \$12.0 billion of commercial real estate debt investments. We conduct our operations as a real estate investment trust, or REIT, for federal income tax purposes. We are traded on the New York Stock Exchange, or NYSE, under the symbol "CT", and are headquartered in New York City.

March 2011 Restructuring

On March 31, 2011, we restructured, amended, or extinguished all of our outstanding recourse debt obligations, which we refer to as our March 2011 restructuring. Our March 2011 restructuring involved: (i) the contribution of certain of our legacy assets to a newly formed subsidiary, CT Legacy REIT Mezz Borrower, Inc., or CT Legacy REIT, (ii) the assumption of our legacy repurchase obligations by CT Legacy REIT, and (iii) the extinguishment of the remainder of our recourse obligations, our senior credit facility and junior subordinated notes. The restructuring was financed with a new \$83.0 million mezzanine loan obtained by CT Legacy REIT from an affiliate of Five Mile Capital Partners LLC, or Five Mile, and the issuance of equity interests in the common stock of CT Legacy REIT to the former lenders under our senior credit facility and our former junior subordinated noteholders, as well as to an affiliate of Five Mile.

Capital Trust, Inc.

Following the completion of our March 2011 restructuring, we no longer have any recourse debt obligations, and retain unencumbered ownership of 100% of (i) our investment management platform, CT Investment Management Co., LLC, (ii) our co-investment in CT Opportunity Partners I, LP, (iii) our residual ownership interests in three of the CDOs that we issued, CT CDOs I, II, and IV, and (iv) our tax-basis net operating losses. Furthermore, we have a 52% equity interest in the common stock of CT Legacy REIT. Our economic interest in CT Legacy REIT is, however, subject to (i) the secured notes, which are collateralized by certain of our retained equity interests in the common stock of CT Legacy REIT, (ii) incentive awards that provide for the participation in amounts earned from our retained equity interests in the common stock of CT Legacy REIT, and (iii) the subordinate common stock of CT Legacy REIT owned by our former junior subordinate noteholders, all of which are further described in Note 1 to our consolidated financial statements. In addition to our interest in the common stock of CT Legacy REIT, we also own 100% of its outstanding class A preferred stock. See Note 1 to our consolidated financial statements for additional discussion of our March 2011 restructuring.

CT Legacy REIT

In connection with the restructuring, we transferred substantially all of our directly held interest earning assets to CT Legacy REIT. The transferred assets included: (i) all of the loans and securities which serve as collateral for the legacy repurchase obligations, except for certain subordinate interests in CT CDOs I and II, (ii) our subordinate interests in CT CDO III, and (iii) 100% of our previously unencumbered loans and securities, which we collectively refer to as our Legacy Assets.

CT Legacy REIT, which is expected to be taxed as a REIT in 2011, is beneficially owned 52% by us, 24% by an affiliate of Five Mile, and 24% by the former lenders under our senior credit facility. In addition, the former holders of our junior subordinated notes received class B common stock, a subordinate class of common stock of CT Legacy REIT, which is described in Note 1 to our consolidated financial statements. Capital Trust, Inc. will manage CT Legacy REIT and the Legacy Assets as a liquidating portfolio.

Subsequent to our March 31, 2011 restructuring, the CT Legacy REIT portfolio received repayments of \$269.6 million, including full loan satisfactions of \$266.4 million and partial repayments of \$3.2 million, which repayments represent approximately 54% of the initial net book value of the CT Legacy REIT portfolio. Proceeds from these repayments have primarily been used to repay debt, including (i) a \$20.0 million repayment of the CT Legacy REIT mezzanine loan, and (ii) repayments of \$246.3 million of legacy repurchase obligations, including the full repayment and termination of the Morgan Stanley and Citigroup facilities and a release of the remaining collateral thereunder, as well as a \$115.1 million repayment of the JPMorgan facility. In the aggregate, 69% of CT Legacy REIT's debt obligations have been repaid since our March 2011 restructuring.

Subsequent to year-end, in February 2012, we refinanced the JPMorgan repurchase facility and the mezzanine loan with a single, new \$124.0 million repurchase facility with JPMorgan. The new facility matures in December 2014, carries a rate of LIBOR+5.50%, and has paydown hurdles and associated potential rate increases over the term of the facility. See Note 22, Subsequent Events, to our consolidated financial statements for additional discussion.

Principles of Consolidation and Balance Sheet Presentation

The accompanying financial statements include, on a consolidated basis, our accounts, the accounts of our wholly-owned subsidiaries, and variable interest entities, or VIEs, in which we are the primary beneficiary, prepared in accordance with GAAP. All significant intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

Our consolidated balance sheets separately present: (i) our direct assets and liabilities, (ii) the direct assets and liabilities of CT Legacy REIT, and (iii) the assets and liabilities of consolidated securitization vehicles, some of which are subsidiaries of CT Legacy REIT. Assets of all consolidated VIEs can generally only be used to satisfy the obligations of those VIEs, and the liabilities of consolidated VIEs are non-recourse to us. Similarly, the following discussion separately describes (i) our direct assets and liabilities, (ii) the direct assets and liabilities of CT Legacy REIT, and (iii) the assets and liabilities of consolidated securitization vehicles, some of which are subsidiaries of CT Legacy REIT.

Current Market Conditions

Despite improvement relative to 2008/2009, the U.S economy and many economies around the world continue to be in a state of economic volatility, driven most recently by events in Europe. Global capital markets, while also improving, continue to be impaired relative to pre-recession levels. The recession and capital markets turmoil have severely impacted the commercial real estate sector resulting in decreased property level cash flows. In addition, many properties financed prior to the credit crisis remain overleveraged and create a headwind for the normalization of the commercial real estate property and capital markets. These factors decrease property values relative to pre-recession levels, and have and will continue to impact the performance of our existing portfolio of assets. Conversely, these factors create investing opportunities for well capitalized and experienced commercial real estate investors, such as the private equity vehicles that we sponsor and manage.

Discussion of Operations

We include below in our discussion of operations: (i) an overview of the operations of our parent company, Capital Trust, Inc., including its wholly-owned investment management subsidiary, (ii) a discussion of the consolidated balance sheet and operating results of Capital Trust, Inc. prepared in accordance with GAAP, (iii) a discussion of the adjusted balance sheet and operating results of Capital Trust, Inc., and (iv) a discussion of CT Legacy REIT on an adjusted, deconsolidated basis.

We believe that our adjusted balance sheet and operating results provide meaningful information to consider, in addition to our consolidated balance sheet and statement of operations prepared in accordance with GAAP. These adjusted measures help us to evaluate our financial position and performance without the effects of certain transactions and GAAP adjustments that are not necessarily indicative of our current investment portfolio, operations, capitalization, or equity.

See section III below for a presentation and discussion of our adjusted balance sheet and operating results.

I. Capital Trust, Inc.

Subsequent to our March 2011 restructuring, our business has focused on managing the operations of our investment management and special servicing platform, and the recovery from the legacy investments within CT Legacy REIT's portfolio. Our investment management business is operated through our wholly-owned taxable subsidiary, CT Investment Management Co., LLC, or CTIMCO, and includes: (i) management of our public company parent, Capital Trust, Inc.; (ii) collateral management of the four CT CDOs which we have sponsored; (iii) special servicing of investments within both our public company and private equity portfolios, as well as for third parties; and (iv) sponsorship and management of our private equity management mandates, which are described below.

Investment Management Overview

We act as an investment manager for ourselves and third parties and as special servicer for certain of our loan investments, as well as for third-parties. The table below details investment management and special servicing fee revenue generated by CTIMCO for the years ended December, 2011, 2010 and 2009:

Investment Management Revenues

(in thousands)	December 31, 2011	December 31, 2010	December 31, 2009
Fees generated as:			
Public company manager ⁽¹⁾	\$1,863	\$—	\$1,769
Private equity manager	6,618	8,541	11,743
CDO collateral manager	765	937	240
Special servicer	9,124	7,252	1,679
Total fees	\$18,370	\$16,730	\$15,431
Eliminations ⁽²⁾	(3,255)	(1,785)	(2,009)
Total fees, net	\$15,115	\$14,945	\$13,422

(1) Beginning in the fourth quarter of 2009, public company management fees related to the management of Capital Trust, Inc. were offset by special servicing and CDO collateral management fees generated by our balance sheet portfolio. Gross public company management fees were \$3.5 million, \$3.5 million, and \$4.8 million for the years ended December 31, 2011, 2010, and 2009, respectively. These fees were offset by special servicing and CDO collateral management fees in excess of \$3.5 million for 2011 and 2010, and of \$3.0 million in 2009.

(2) Fees received by CTIMCO from Capital Trust, Inc., or other consolidated subsidiaries, have been eliminated in consolidation.

We have developed our investment management business in order to create operating leverage within our platform, generating fee revenue from investing third party capital and, in certain instances, earning co-investment income. Our active investment management mandates are described below:

- CT Opportunity Partners I, LP, or CTOPI, is currently investing capital. The fund held its final closing in July 2008 with \$540 million in total equity commitments from 28 institutional and individual investors. Currently, \$325 million of committed equity remains undrawn. We have a \$25 million commitment to invest in the fund (\$10 million currently funded, \$15 million unfunded) and entities controlled by the chairman of our board of directors have committed to invest \$20 million. In May 2010, the fund's investment period was extended to December 13, 2011. In December 2011, the fund's investment period was further extended to September 13, 2012. The fund targets opportunistic investments in commercial real estate, specifically high yield debt, equity and hybrid instruments, as well as non-performing and sub-performing loans and securities. We earn base management fees of 1.3% per annum of invested capital, as well as net incentive management fees of 17.7% of profits after a 9% preferred return and a 100% return of capital. As of December 31, 2011, CTOPI has invested \$469.5 million in 37 transactions, of which \$207.9 million remains outstanding.
- CT High Grade Partners II, LLC, or CT High Grade II, is no longer investing capital (its investment period expired in May 2011). The fund closed in June 2008 with \$667 million of commitments from two institutional investors. The fund targeted senior debt opportunities in the commercial real estate sector and did not employ leverage. We earn a base management fee of 0.40% per annum on invested capital. As of December 31, 2011, CT High Grade II has invested \$588.1 million in 33 transactions, of which \$553.6 million remains outstanding.
- CT High Grade Mezzanine SM, or CT High Grade I, is no longer formally investing capital (its investment period officially expired in July 2008), however, we have continued investing the "high grade" strategy through CT High Grade I on a non-discretionary basis since the end of the CT High Grade II investment period in May 2011. The fund closed in November 2006, with a single, related party institutional investor committing \$250 million, which was subsequently increased to \$350 million in July 2007. As a result of the re-opening of the platform in May 2011 and the reinvesting of certain realized assets, as of December 31, 2011, we have invested \$492.8 million for this account. This separate account has a single investor, W. R. Berkley Corporation, or WRBC, which is our largest shareholder and designates an appointee to our board of directors. CT High Grade I targets lower LTV subordinate debt investments without leverage and invested \$420.9 million in 12 transactions during its initial investment period, as well as \$71.9 million in two transactions since the platform was re-opened in May 2011. We earn management fees of 0.25% per annum on invested capital for all CT High Grade I investments. As of December 31, 2011, \$250.3 million of these investments remain outstanding.

- CT Large Loan 2006, Inc., or CT Large Loan, is no longer investing capital (its investment period expired in May 2008). The fund closed in May 2006 with total equity commitments of \$325 million from eight institutional investors. In light of the performance of this fund, we do not charge the full management fee of 0.75% per annum of fund assets (capped at 1.5% on invested equity), and instead voluntarily capped our fee at \$805,000 per annum.

The table below provides additional information regarding the three private equity funds and one separate account we managed as of December 31, 2011.

Investment Management Mandates, as of December 31, 2011

(in millions)

	<u>Type</u>	<u>Total Investments</u> ⁽¹⁾	<u>Total Capital Commitments</u>	<u>Co-Investment %</u>	<u>Base Management Fee</u>	<u>Incentive Management Fee</u>
Investing:						
CTOPI	Fund	\$208	\$540	4.63% ⁽²⁾	1.28% (Assets)	(3)
CT High Grade I	Sep. Acc.	250	422 ⁽⁴⁾	—	0.25% (Assets)	N/A
Liquidating:						
CT High Grade II	Fund	554	667	—	0.40% (Assets)	N/A
CT Large Loan	Fund	172	325	— ⁽⁵⁾	0.75% (Assets) ⁽⁶⁾	N/A

(1) Represents total investments, on a cash basis, as of period-end.

(2) We have committed to invest \$25.0 million in CTOPI.

(3) CTIMCO earns net incentive management fees of 17.7% of profits after a 9% preferred return on capital and a 100% return of capital, subject to a catch-up. We have allocated 45% of the CTOPI incentive management fees to our employees as long-term performance awards.

(4) CT High Grade I closed with capital commitments of \$350 million. Subsequent to the expiration of the CT High Grade I investment period, we continued to invest on behalf of WRBC under the CT High Grade I platform on a non-discretionary basis, bringing WRBC's total allocated capital to \$422 million as of December 31, 2011.

(5) We have co-invested on a pari passu, asset by asset basis with CT Large Loan.

(6) Capped at 1.5% of equity. In light of the performance of this fund, we do not charge the full management fee, and instead voluntarily capped our fee at \$805,000 per annum.

Originations

We have historically allocated investment opportunities between our balance sheet and investment management vehicles based upon our assessment of risk and return profiles, the availability and cost of capital, and applicable regulatory restrictions associated with each opportunity. Currently, we are originating investments only for our investment management business, which are summarized in the table below for the years ended December 31, 2011 and 2010.

Originations ⁽¹⁾

(\$ in millions)

	<u>Year ended December 31, 2011</u>		<u>Year ended December 31, 2010</u>	
	<u>#</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>#</u>	<u>\$</u>
Investment management	11	\$219	20	\$306

(1) Includes total commitments, both funded and unfunded, net of any related purchase discounts.

Asset Management

We actively manage the CT Legacy REIT portfolio and the assets held by our investment management vehicles with our in-house team of asset managers. While these investments are primarily in the form of debt, we are aggressive in exercising the rights afforded to us as a lender. These rights may include collateral level budget approvals, lease approvals, loan covenant enforcement, escrow/reserve management/collection, collateral release approvals and other rights that we may negotiate. In light of the recent deterioration in property level performance, property valuation, and the real estate capital markets, a significant number of our loans are either non-performing and/or on our watch list. This requires intensive efforts on the part of our asset management team to maximize the recovery of those investments.

We actively manage our various securities portfolios using a combination of quantitative tools and loan/property level analysis to monitor the performance of the securities and their collateral against original expectations. Securities are analyzed to monitor underlying loan delinquencies, transfers to special servicing, and changes to the servicer's watch list. Realized losses on underlying loans are tracked and compared to original loss expectations. On a periodic basis, individual loans of concern are also re-underwritten.

Investment in CT Legacy REIT

Following the completion of our March 2011 restructuring, we retained a 52% equity interest in the class A common stock of CT Legacy REIT, comprised of 4,393,750 shares of class A-1 common stock and 775,000 shares of class A-2 common stock. Also, in April 2011, we purchased 118,651 shares of class B common stock of CT Legacy REIT for an average price of \$1.20 per share. The outstanding common stock of CT Legacy REIT is comprised of 4.4 million shares of class A-1 common stock, 5.6 million shares of class A-2 common stock, and 1.5 million shares of class B common stock. We also own 100% of the outstanding class A preferred stock of CT Legacy REIT, which initially entitles us to cumulative preferred dividends of \$7.5 million per annum. These dividends will be reduced in January 2013 to the greater of (i) 2.5% of CT Legacy REIT's assets, and (ii) \$1.0 million per annum. As a result of our consolidation of CT Legacy REIT, these class A preferred shares are not represented on our financial statements.

The following table details the allocation of CT Legacy REIT's adjusted equity by class of common stock, and Capital Trust Inc.'s aggregate investment in the common stock of CT Legacy REIT on an adjusted basis as of December 31, 2011. The adjusted equity balance is used to evaluate our investment in CT Legacy REIT because it excludes from GAAP equity the securitization vehicles consolidated at CT Legacy REIT, and other items which are not indicative of our economic interests in the recovery of our legacy portfolio. See section III below for a presentation and discussion of CT Legacy REIT's adjusted balance sheet and operating results.

Capital Trust, Inc.'s Investment in CT Legacy REIT as of December 31, 2011

(in thousands)

CT Legacy REIT total adjusted assets (1)	\$259,932
CT Legacy REIT total adjusted liabilities (1)	(123,785)
Total CT Legacy REIT adjusted equity (1)	\$136,147
CT Legacy REIT equity:	
Allocable to Class B preferred stock	\$125
Allocable to Class A-1 common stock	50,316
Allocable to Class A-2 common stock	76,257
Allocable to Class B common stock	9,449
	\$136,147
Capital Trust, Inc. ownership by class:	
Class A-1 common stock	100%
Class A-2 common stock	14%
Class B common stock (2)	8%
Capital Trust, Inc. adjusted equity allocation:	
Class A-1 common stock	50,316
Class A-2 common stock	10,542
Class B common stock (2)	765
Total Capital Trust investment in CT Legacy REIT	\$61,623

(1) See section III below for a presentation and discussion of CT Legacy REIT's adjusted balance sheet.

(2) The class B common stock is a subordinate class that entitles its holders to receive approximately 25% of the dividends that would otherwise be payable to the class A-1 common stock, after aggregate cash distributions of \$50.0 million have been paid to all other classes of common stock.

As discussed above, our \$61.6 million interest in the common stock of CT Legacy REIT is subject to (i) the secured notes, which are collateralized by certain of our equity interests in the common stock of CT Legacy REIT, and (ii) incentive awards that provide for the participation in amounts earned from our retained equity interests in the common stock of CT Legacy REIT.

The following table details our interest in CT Legacy REIT's adjusted equity, net of the secured notes and management incentive awards as of December 31, 2011:

Capital Trust, Inc.'s Net Investment in CT Legacy REIT as of December 31, 2011

(in thousands)

Gross investment in CT Legacy REIT ⁽¹⁾	\$61,623
Secured notes, including prepayment premium ⁽²⁾	(11,059)
Management incentive awards plan, fully vested ⁽³⁾	(8,976)
Investment in CT Legacy REIT, net	\$41,588

- (1) Gross investment in CT Legacy REIT is calculated on an adjusted basis as detailed in the preceding table. See section III below for a presentation and discussion of CT Legacy REIT's adjusted balance sheet.
- (2) Includes the full potential prepayment premium on secured notes, as described below. We carry this liability at its accreted basis of \$7.8 million on our balance sheet as of December 31, 2011. The remaining interest and prepayment premium will be recognized, as applicable, over the term of the secured notes as a component of interest expense.
- (3) Assumes full payment of the management incentive awards plan, as described below, based on the hypothetical GAAP liquidation value of CT Legacy REIT as of December 31, 2011. We periodically accrue a payable for the management incentive awards plan based on the vesting schedule for the awards and continued employment of the award recipients. As of December 31, 2011, our balance sheet includes \$3.1 million in accounts payable and accrued expenses for the management incentive awards plan.

Secured Notes

In conjunction with our March 2011 restructuring and the corresponding satisfaction of our senior credit facility and junior subordinated notes, wholly-owned subsidiaries issued secured notes to these former creditors, which secured notes are non-recourse to us. The secured notes had an aggregate initial face balance of \$7.8 million and are secured by 93.5% of our equity interests in the class A-1 and class A-2 common stock of CT Legacy REIT, which represents 48.3% of the total outstanding class A-1 and class A-2 common stock of CT Legacy REIT. The secured notes mature on March 31, 2016 and bear interest at a rate of 8.2% per annum, which interest may be deferred until maturity. All dividends we receive from our equity interests in the common stock of CT Legacy REIT which serve as collateral under the secured notes must be used to pay, or prepay, interest and principal due thereunder, and only after the notes' full satisfaction will we receive any cash flow from the common equity interests in CT Legacy REIT that serve as collateral for the notes. Any prepayment, or partial prepayment, of the secured notes will incur a prepayment premium resulting in a total payment of principal and interest under the secured notes of \$11.1 million.

In April 2011, we purchased \$405,000 of the secured notes at par.

Management Incentive Awards Plan

Upon completion of our March 2011 restructuring, we granted senior level employees incentive awards issued under our long term incentive plan that participate in amounts earned from our retained equity interest in CT Legacy REIT. The awards provide payments to certain senior level employees equal to as much as 6.75% of the total recovery (subject to certain caps) of our Legacy Assets, net of CT Legacy REIT's obligations, when and if distributed to us as dividends.

Class A Preferred Stock

In addition to our interest in the common stock of CT Legacy REIT, we also own 100% of its outstanding class A preferred stock, which initially entitles us to cumulative preferred dividends of \$7.5 million per annum. These dividends will be reduced in January 2013 to the greater of (i) 2.5% of CT Legacy REIT's assets, and (ii) \$1.0 million per annum. As a result of our consolidation of CT Legacy REIT, these shares of class A preferred stock are not represented on our balance sheet.

Taxes

We account for our operations using accounting principles generally accepted in the United States, or GAAP. Below, we reconcile the differences between our GAAP-basis reporting and the equivalent amounts prepared on an income tax basis.

Our consolidated financial results include three separate taxable entities, Capital Trust, Inc. (a real estate investment trust, or REIT), CTIMCO (a wholly-owned taxable REIT subsidiary, or TRS, of Capital Trust, Inc.), and CT Legacy REIT. These entities are presented on a consolidated basis under GAAP, however they are separate taxpayers.

The table below shows GAAP net income (loss), estimated taxable income (loss), and our GAAP income tax provision for the year ended December 31, 2011 disaggregated for each of these separate taxpaying entities:

Disaggregated Income (Loss) Information by Taxpayer, for the Year Ended December 31, 2011

(in thousands)

	GAAP Net Income (Loss)	Estimated Taxable Income	Income Tax Provisison
Capital Trust	\$258,629	\$26,216	\$675
CTIMCO	(2,986)	4,745	1,121
CT Legacy REIT	(3,324)	(7,426)	750
Consolidated GAAP net income and tax provision	<u>\$252,319</u>		<u>\$2,546</u>

During 2011, in our GAAP-basis consolidated financial statements, we recorded an income tax provision of \$2.5 million, which was primarily comprised of a \$3.2 million current year tax provision, offset by a \$610,000 non-cash deferred income tax provision at CTIMCO due primarily to timing differences of compensation expenses as well as the use of NOL carryforwards.

Capital Trust, Inc.

Capital Trust, Inc. has made a tax election to be treated as a REIT. The primary benefit from this election is that we are able to deduct dividends paid to our shareholders from the calculation of taxable income, effectively eliminating corporate taxes on the operations of the REIT. In order to qualify as a REIT, our activities must focus on real estate investments and we must meet certain asset, income, ownership and distribution requirements. These qualifications have become more difficult to meet in light of the transfer of our legacy portfolio to CT Legacy REIT in conjunction with our March 2011 restructuring, and the lack of new, replacement investment activity. If we fail to maintain our qualification as a REIT in any year, we may be subject to material penalties as well as federal, state, and local income taxes on our taxable income at regular corporate rates. As of December 31, 2011 and 2010, we were in compliance with all REIT requirements.

In addition, we are subject to taxation on the income generated by investments in our CT CDOs. Due to the redirection provisions of our CT CDOs, which reallocate principal proceeds and interest otherwise distributable to us to repay senior note holders, assets financed through our CT CDOs may generate current taxable income without a corresponding cash distribution to us.

As of December 31, 2011, we have approximately \$163.1 million of NOLs, and \$120.8 million of NCLs available to be carried forward and utilized in future periods. If we are unable to utilize our NOLs, they will expire in 2029. If we are unable to utilize our NCLs, \$2.0 million will expire in 2013, \$87.4 million will expire in 2014, and \$31.4 million will expire in 2015. The availability of these NOLs and NCLs is subject to certain change of control provisions promulgated by the Internal Revenue Service with respect to the ownership of Capital Trust, Inc.

The table below reconciles the differences between GAAP net income and estimated taxable income for Capital Trust, Inc.:

Capital Trust GAAP to Tax Reconciliation

(in thousands)	<u>Year Ended December 31, 2011</u>
GAAP net income	\$258,629
LESS: GAAP net income of entities not consolidated for tax ⁽¹⁾	(197,289)
Subtotal	61,340
GAAP to tax differences:	
Losses, allowances and provisions on investments ⁽²⁾	(51,460)
Gain recognition related to March 31, 2011 restructuring	18,114
Non-cash interest expense not deductible for tax	5,271
Equity investments ⁽³⁾	(1,582)
GAAP income tax provision	675
Other	(6,142)
Subtotal	(35,124)
Capital Trust estimated taxable income ⁽⁴⁾	<u>\$26,216</u>

- (1) Represents the GAAP net income of securitization vehicles which are consolidated into Capital Trust under GAAP, but which are separate taxpayers.
- (2) Comprised of 2011 tax losses that were recognized for GAAP in prior periods. This is offset by GAAP losses that may be recognized in future tax periods.
- (3) GAAP to tax differences relating to our co-investments in CTOPI, primarily the elimination of unrealized gains and losses recorded under GAAP.
- (4) We expect to utilize our net operating losses and net capital losses carried forward from prior periods to offset taxable income for 2011.

For tax year 2011, we expect to utilize net operating losses, or NOLs, and net capital losses, or NCLs, carried forward from prior periods to offset taxable income. The utilization of NOLs will also require us to pay alternative minimum taxes of approximately \$400,000.

CTIMCO

CTIMCO is a wholly-owned subsidiary that operates our investment management business (including the management of Capital Trust, Inc.) and holds some of our assets. As a TRS, CTIMCO is subject to corporate taxation. The table below reconciles GAAP net loss to estimated taxable income for CTIMCO:

CTIMCO GAAP to Tax Reconciliation

(in thousands)	<u>Year Ended December 31, 2011</u>
GAAP net loss	(\$2,986)
GAAP to tax differences:	
General and administrative ⁽¹⁾	4,940
GAAP income tax provision	1,121
Other	1,670
Subtotal	7,731
CTIMCO estimated taxable income	<u>\$4,745</u>

- (1) Primarily differences associated with stock-based and other compensation to our employees.

For tax year 2011, we paid approximately \$1.7 million of estimated taxes at CTIMCO.

CT Legacy REIT

The table below reconciles the differences between GAAP net loss and estimated taxable loss for CT Legacy REIT:

Legacy REIT GAAP to Tax Reconciliation

(in thousands)	Year Ended December 31, 2011
GAAP net loss	(\$3,324)
LESS: GAAP net income of entities not consolidated for tax ⁽¹⁾	(13,174)
Subtotal	(16,498)
GAAP to tax differences:	
Losses, allowances and provisions on investments ⁽²⁾	3,225
Non-cash interest expense not deductible for tax	1,857
GAAP income tax provision	750
Other	3,240
Subtotal	9,072
CT Legacy REIT estimated taxable loss	<u><u>(\$7,426)</u></u>

(1) Represents the GAAP net income of securitization vehicles which are consolidated into CT Legacy REIT under GAAP, but which are separate taxpayers.

(2) Comprised of 2011 GAAP losses that may be recognized in future tax periods.

Certain of CT Legacy REIT's assets have been transferred to taxable REIT subsidiaries, or TRSs. For tax year 2011, CT Legacy REIT recorded a \$750,000 current tax provision related to the operations of one of its TRS entities which had net taxable income for the year, which is not included in the table above. No income taxes were due or paid directly by CT Legacy REIT.

As of December 31, 2011, CT Legacy REIT has approximately \$7.4 million of NOLs available to be carried forward and utilized in future periods. If CT Legacy REIT is unable to utilize its NOLs, they will expire in 2031.

II. Discussion of Consolidated Operations of Capital Trust, Inc.

Balance Sheet Investments

Our consolidated balance sheet investments include various types of commercial mortgage backed securities and collateralized debt obligations, or Securities, and commercial real estate loans and related instruments, or Loans, all of which are assets of either CT Legacy REIT or consolidated securitization vehicles. We collectively refer to these as Interest Earning Assets. The table below shows our Interest Earning Assets as of December 31, 2011 and 2010.

Consolidated Interest Earning Assets

(in millions)	December 31, 2011		December 31, 2010	
	Book Value	Yield ⁽¹⁾	Book Value	Yield ⁽¹⁾
Securities held-to-maturity	\$—	—	\$3	10.54%
Loans receivable, net ⁽²⁾	—	—	519	4.09
Loans held-for-sale, net	—	—	6	—
Subtotal / Weighted Average	\$—	—	\$528	4.08%
Consolidated VIE Assets				
CT Legacy REIT				
Securities held-to-maturity	\$3	3.31%	\$—	—
Loans receivable, net ⁽²⁾	207	5.21	—	—
Loans held-for-sale, net	31	6.26	—	—
Subtotal / Weighted Average	\$241	5.32%	\$—	—
Securitization Vehicles				
Securities held-to-maturity	\$359	7.41%	\$504	6.97%
Loans receivable, net	613	5.72	2,891	2.27
Subtotal / Weighted Average	\$972	6.34%	\$3,395	2.97%
Total / Weighted Average	\$1,213	6.14%	\$3,923	3.12%

(1) Yield on floating rate assets assumes LIBOR of 0.24% and 0.30% at December 31, 2011 and 2010, respectively.

(2) Excludes loan participations sold with a net book value of \$19.3 million and \$86.8 million as of December 31, 2011 and 2010, respectively. These participations are net of \$97.5 million and \$172.5 million of provisions for loan losses as of December 31, 2011 and 2010, respectively.

In addition to our investments in Interest Earning Assets, we also hold equity investments in unconsolidated subsidiaries, which represent our co-investments in private equity funds that we manage. As of December 31, 2011, our \$10.4 million investment balance relates to one such fund, CT Opportunity Partners I, LP, or CTOPI.

Asset Management

The table below details the overall credit profile of CT Legacy REIT's Interest Earning Assets, excluding those held by consolidated securitization vehicles, which includes: (i) Loans against which we have recorded a provision for loan losses, or reserves, (ii) Securities which have been other-than-temporarily impaired, and (iii) Loans and Securities that are categorized as Watch List Assets, which are currently performing but pose a higher risk of non-performance and/or loss. We actively monitor and manage Watch List Assets to mitigate these risks in our portfolio.

Portfolio Performance - CT Legacy REIT ⁽¹⁾

(in millions, except for number of investments)

	December 31, 2011	December 31, 2010 ⁽²⁾
Interest earning assets, CT Legacy REIT (\$ / #)	\$241 / 24	\$528 / 38
Impaired Loans ⁽³⁾		
Performing loans (\$ / #)	\$42 / 3	\$59 / 7
Non-performing loans (\$ / #)	\$22 / 3	\$21 / 3
Total (\$ / #)	\$64 / 6	\$80 / 10
Percentage of interest earning assets	26.6%	15.2%
Impaired Securities ⁽³⁾ (\$ / #)		
Percentage of interest earning assets	0.6%	0.4%
Watch List Assets ⁽⁴⁾		
Watch list loans (\$ / #)	\$83 / 7	\$158 / 9
Watch list securities (\$ / #)	\$1 / 1	\$1 / 1
Total (\$ / #)	\$84 / 8	\$159 / 10
Percentage of interest earning assets	34.9%	30.1%

(1) Portfolio statistics exclude loan participations sold, but includes loans held-for-sale.

(2) CT Legacy REIT was formed during 2011. Balances as of December 31, 2010 represent the portfolio when it was held directly by Capital Trust, Inc., before transfer to CT Legacy REIT.

(3) Amounts represent net book value after provisions for loan losses, valuation allowances on loans-held-for-sale and other-than-temporary impairments of securities.

(4) Watch List Assets exclude Loans against which we have recorded a provision for loan losses or valuation allowance, and Securities which have been other-than-temporarily impaired.

The table below details the overall credit profile of Interest Earning Assets held in consolidated securitization vehicles, which includes: (i) Loans where we have foreclosed upon the underlying collateral and own an equity interest in real estate, (ii) Loans against which we have recorded a provision for loan losses, or reserves, (iii) Securities which have been other-than-temporarily impaired, and (iv) Loans and Securities that are categorized as Watch List Assets, which are currently performing but pose a higher risk of non-performance and/or loss. We actively monitor and manage Watch List Assets to mitigate these risks in our portfolio.

Portfolio Performance - Consolidated Securitization Vehicles

(in millions, except for number of investments)	<u>December 31, 2011</u>	<u>December 31, 2010</u>
Interest earning assets of consolidated securitization vehicles (\$ / #)	\$972 / 123	\$3,395 / 151
Real estate owned (\$ / #)	\$10 / 2	\$8 / 1
Percentage of interest earning assets	1.1%	0.2%
Impaired Loans ⁽¹⁾		
Performing loans (\$ / #)	\$17 / 4	\$168 / 7
Non-performing loans (\$ / #)	\$26 / 7	\$69 / 7
Total (\$ / #)	\$43 / 11	\$237 / 14
Percentage of interest earning assets	4.4%	7.0%
Impaired Securities ⁽¹⁾ (\$ / #)	\$16 / 14	\$14 / 11
Percentage of interest earning assets	1.6%	0.4%
Watch List Assets ⁽²⁾		
Watch list loans (\$ / #)	\$78 / 6	\$514 / 12
Watch list securities (\$ / #)	\$16 / 5	\$65 / 9
Total (\$ / #)	\$94 / 11	\$579 / 21
Percentage of interest earning assets	9.7%	17.1%

(1) Amounts represent net book value after provisions for loan losses, valuation allowances on loans-held-for-sale and other-than-temporary impairments of securities.

(2) Watch List Assets exclude Loans against which we have recorded a provision for loan losses or valuation allowances, and Securities which have been other-than-temporarily impaired.

As of December 31, 2011, there were significant differences between the estimated fair value and the book value of some of the Securities in our consolidated securitization vehicles portfolio. We believe these differences to be related to the high degree of structural complexity combined with poor reporting available on these securities and a general negative bias against structured financial products and not reflective of a change in cash flow expectations from these securities. Accordingly, we have not recorded any additional other-than-temporary impairments against such Securities. See note 11 to our consolidated financial statements for additional discussion of securities with unrealized losses.

The ratings activity of our consolidated Securities portfolio over the years ended December 31, 2011 and 2010 is detailed below:

Rating Activity ⁽¹⁾

	<u>Year ended December 31, 2011</u>	<u>Year ended December 31, 2010</u>
Securities Upgraded	5	2
Securities Downgraded	22	28

(1) Represents activity from any of Fitch Ratings, Standard & Poor's or Moody's Investors Service.

Capitalization

We capitalize our business with a combination of debt and equity which has included common equity, preferred equity, unsecured debt, and secured debt.

On March 31, 2011, we restructured, amended, or extinguished all of our outstanding recourse debt obligations, which involved: (i) the assumption of our legacy repurchase obligations by CT Legacy REIT, and (ii) the extinguishment of the remainder of our recourse obligations, our senior credit facility and junior subordinated notes. The restructuring was financed with a new \$83.0 million mezzanine loan obtained by CT Legacy REIT. See Note 1 to our consolidated financial statements for further discussion of our March 2011 restructuring.

Commencing in April 2011, our consolidated debt obligations, which we collectively refer to as Interest Bearing Liabilities, include (i) our secured notes, which are non-recourse to us and secured only by certain of our equity interests in the common stock of CT Legacy REIT, (ii) CT Legacy REIT's repurchase obligations and mezzanine loan, which are non-recourse to us, and (iii) non-recourse securitized debt obligations of consolidated securitization vehicles. Our equity capital is currently comprised entirely of common stock.

The table below describes our consolidated Interest Bearing Liabilities including those of CT Legacy REIT and our consolidated securitization vehicles, as of December 31, 2011 and 2010:

Consolidated Interest Bearing Liabilities ⁽¹⁾

(Principal balance, in millions)	December 31, 2011	December 31, 2010
Recourse debt obligations		
Secured credit facilities		
Repurchase obligations	\$—	\$373
Senior credit facility	—	98
Subtotal	—	471
Unsecured credit facilities		
Junior subordinated notes	—	144
Total recourse debt obligations	\$—	\$615
Weighted average effective cost of debt ^{(2) (3)}	N/A	3.25%
Non-Recourse debt obligations		
<u>Capital Trust, Inc.</u>		
Secured notes	\$8	\$—
Weighted average effective cost of Capital Trust, Inc. debt	8.19%	N/A
<u>CT Legacy REIT</u>		
Repurchase obligations	\$58	\$—
Mezzanine loan	65	—
Total CT Legacy REIT debt obligations	\$123	\$—
Weighted average effective cost of CT Legacy REIT debt ^{(2) (4)}	11.14%	N/A
<u>Consolidated Securitization Vehicles</u>		
CT collateralized debt obligations	\$742	\$982
Other consolidated securitization vehicles	469	2,639
Total securitization vehicles debt obligations	\$1,211	\$3,621
Weighted average effective cost of securitization vehicles debt ^{(2) (5)}	2.68%	1.34%
Total interest bearing liabilities	\$1,334	\$4,236
Shareholders' deficit	(\$110)	(\$411)

(1) Excludes loan participations sold.

(2) Floating rate debt obligations assume LIBOR of 0.30% and 0.26% at December 31, 2011 and 2010, respectively.

(3) Including the impact of interest rate hedges with an aggregate notional balance of \$64.1 million as of December 31, 2010, the effective all-in cost of our recourse debt obligations would be 3.77% per annum.

(4) Including the impact of interest rate hedges with an aggregate notional balance of \$60.8 million as of December 31, 2011, the effective all-in cost of CT Legacy REIT's debt obligations would be 13.46% per annum.

(5) Including the impact of interest rate hedges with an aggregate notional balance of \$296.6 million as of December 31, 2011 and \$339.7 million as of December 31, 2010, the effective all-in cost of our consolidated securitization vehicles' debt obligations would be 3.98% and 1.78% per annum, respectively.

Secured Notes

In conjunction with our March 2011 restructuring and the corresponding satisfaction of our senior credit facility and junior subordinated notes, wholly-owned subsidiaries issued secured notes to these former creditors, which secured notes are non-recourse to us. The secured notes had an aggregate initial face balance of \$7.8 million and are secured by 93.5% of our equity interests in the class A-1 and A-2 common stock of CT Legacy REIT, which represents 48.3% of the total outstanding class A-1 and A-2 common stock of CT Legacy REIT. The secured notes mature on March 31, 2016 and bear interest at a rate of 8.2% per annum, which interest may be deferred until maturity. All dividends we receive from our equity interests in the common stock of CT Legacy REIT which serve as collateral under the secured notes must be used to pay, or prepay, interest and principal due thereunder, and only after the notes' full satisfaction will we receive any cash flow from the common equity interests in CT Legacy REIT that serve as collateral for the notes. Any prepayment, or partial prepayment, of the secured notes will incur a prepayment premium resulting in a total payment of principal and interest under the secured notes of \$11.1 million.

During the second quarter of 2011, we purchased \$405,000 of the secured notes at par.

Repurchase Obligations

As of December 31, 2011, CT Legacy REIT was party to one repurchase obligation with JPMorgan, which is non-recourse to Capital Trust, Inc., has an aggregate outstanding balance of \$58.5 million, and an all-in cost of LIBOR plus 2.50% per annum (2.80% at December 31, 2011).

Subsequent to the March 31, 2011 restructuring, \$246.3 million of the legacy repurchase obligations were repaid, including the full repayment and termination of the Morgan Stanley and Citigroup facilities and a release of the remaining collateral thereunder, as well as a \$115.1 million repayment of the JPMorgan facility.

See Note 10 to our consolidated financial statements for additional discussion of the terms of CT Legacy REIT's repurchase obligations.

Subsequent to year-end, in February 2012, we refinanced the JPMorgan repurchase facility and the mezzanine loan with a single, new \$124.0 million repurchase facility with JPMorgan. The new facility matures in December 2014, carries a rate of LIBOR+5.50%, and has paydown hurdles and associated potential rate increases over the term of the facility. See Note 22, Subsequent Events, to our consolidated financial statements for additional discussion.

Mezzanine Loan

In order to finance our March 2011 restructuring, CT Legacy REIT entered into an \$83.0 million mezzanine loan with Five Mile that carries a 15.0% per annum interest rate, of which 7.0% per annum may be deferred, and that matures on March 31, 2016. The mezzanine loan is non-recourse to Capital Trust, Inc. except for certain limited non-recourse, "bad boy" carve outs.

During the second quarter of 2011, \$20.0 million of the mezzanine loan was repaid using proceeds from the satisfaction of former Morgan Stanley and Citigroup repurchase facility collateral assets.

See Note 10 to our consolidated financial statements for additional discussion of the terms of CT Legacy REIT's mezzanine loan.

Subsequent to year-end, in February 2012, we refinanced the JPMorgan repurchase facility and the mezzanine loan with a single, new \$124.0 million repurchase facility with JPMorgan. See Note 22, Subsequent Events, to our consolidated financial statements for additional discussion.

Securitized Debt Obligations

Non-recourse debt obligations of consolidated securitization vehicles include our four CT CDOs, as well as securities issued by other consolidated securitization vehicles which are not sponsored by us.

These consolidated non-recourse securitized debt obligations are described below:

Non-Recourse Securitized Debt Obligations

(in millions)	December 31, 2011		December 31, 2010	
	Book Value	All-in Cost	Book Value	All-in Cost
		(1)		(1)
CT CDOs				
CT CDO I	\$121	1.19%	\$200	0.96%
CT CDO II	200	1.22	262	1.06
CT CDO III	200	5.17	240	5.16
CT CDO IV	222	1.21	281	1.04
Total CT CDOs	\$743	2.28%	\$983	2.03%
Other securitization vehicles				
GMACC 1997-C1	\$84	7.09%	\$97	7.12%
GECMC 00-1 H	25	5.50	N/A	N/A
GSMS 2006-FL8A	51	1.43	126	0.81
JPMCC 2005-FL1A	—	—	96	0.82
MSC 2007-XLFA	—	—	751	0.49
MSC 2007-XLCA	310	2.44	522	1.52
CSFB 2006-HC1	—	—	1,046	0.77
Total other securitization vehicles	\$470	3.33%	\$2,638	1.08%
Total non-recourse debt obligations	\$1,213	2.68%	\$3,621	1.34%

(1) Includes amortization of premiums and issuance costs of CT CDOs. Floating rate debt obligations assume LIBOR of 0.30% and 0.26% at December 31, 2011 and 2010, respectively.

Shareholders' Equity

We did not issue any new shares of class A common stock during the year ended December 31, 2011. Changes in the number of outstanding shares during the year ended December 31, 2011 resulted from employee restricted common stock grants, forfeitures and vesting, as well as stock unit grants to our board of directors.

The following table calculates our book value per share as of December 31, 2011 and 2010:

Shareholders' Equity

	December 31, 2011	December 31, 2010
Book value (in millions)	(\$110)	(\$411)
Shares:		
Class A common stock	21,966,684	21,916,716
Restricted common stock	244,424	32,785
Stock units	562,335	485,399
Warrants & Options ⁽¹⁾	—	—
Total	22,773,443	22,434,900
Book value per share	(\$4.85)	(\$18.33)

(1) Excludes shares issuable upon the exercise of outstanding warrants and options. These shares are not dilutive as of both December 31, 2011 and 2010 because an increase in shares would decrease our book deficit per share.

As of December 31, 2011, there were 22,211,108 shares of our class A common stock and restricted common stock outstanding. There were also outstanding warrants to purchase 3,479,691 shares of our class A common stock at an exercise price of \$1.79 per share. The warrants will become exercisable on March 16, 2012 and expire on March 16, 2019, and may be exercised in a cashless manner.

In addition, the equity section of our consolidated balance sheet includes amounts attributable to noncontrolling interests. Noncontrolling interests represent the equity interests in CT Legacy REIT not owned by us, and is currently a deficit on a consolidated basis due to losses recognized on loans in securitization vehicles in excess of CT Legacy REIT's investment in such entities. As these excess losses are reversed and CT Legacy REIT generates earnings, these noncontrolling interests will be adjusted to reflect the value of CT Legacy REIT's net assets not owned by us.



Other Balance Sheet Items

Participations sold represent interests in certain loans that we originated and subsequently sold to one of our investment management vehicles or to third parties. We present these participations sold as both assets and non-recourse liabilities because these arrangements do not qualify as sales under GAAP. Generally, participations sold are recorded as assets and liabilities in equal amounts on our consolidated balance sheets, and an equivalent amount of interest income and interest expense is recorded on our consolidated statements of operations. However, impaired loan assets must be reduced through the provision for loans losses while the associated non-recourse liability cannot be reduced until the participation has been contractually extinguished. This can result in an imbalance between the loan participations sold asset and liability. We have no economic exposure to these liabilities.

As of December 31, 2011, we had two such participations sold with a total gross book value of \$116.7 million, one of which was transferred to CT Legacy REIT in conjunction with our March 2011 restructuring. We have recorded a \$97.5 million provision for loan losses against one of these participation sold assets, resulting in a net book value of \$19.3 million as of December 31, 2011. As described above, we have not adjusted the related liability of the impaired loan participation sold, resulting in a negative \$97.5 million impact to equity.

Interest Rate Exposure

We endeavor to manage a book of assets and liabilities that are generally matched with respect to interest rates, typically financing floating rate assets with floating rate liabilities and fixed rate assets with fixed rate liabilities. In some cases, we finance fixed rate assets with floating rate liabilities and, in those cases, we may use interest rate derivatives, such as swaps, to effectively convert the floating rate debt to fixed rate debt. In such instances, the equity we have invested in fixed rate assets is not typically swapped, leaving a portion of our equity capital exposed to changes in value of the fixed rate assets due to interest rate fluctuations. The balance of our assets earn interest at floating rates and are financed with floating rate liabilities, leaving a portion of our equity capital exposed to cash flow variability from fluctuations in rates. Generally, these assets and liabilities earn interest at rates indexed to one-month LIBOR.

Our counterparties in these transactions are large financial institutions and we are dependent upon the financial health of these counterparties and a functioning interest rate derivative market in order to effectively execute our hedging strategy.

The table below details our interest rate exposure as of December 31, 2011 and 2010:

Interest Rate Exposure

(in millions)	December 31, 2011	December 31, 2010
Value exposure to interest rates ⁽¹⁾		
Fixed rate assets	\$844	\$898
Fixed rate debt	(394)	(493)
Interest rate swaps	(357)	(404)
Net fixed rate exposure	<u>\$93</u>	<u>\$1</u>
Weighted average coupon (fixed rate assets)	7.29%	7.18%
Cash flow exposure to interest rates ⁽¹⁾		
Floating rate assets	\$863	\$3,616
Floating rate debt less cash	(901)	(3,717)
Interest rate swaps	357	404
Net floating rate exposure	<u>\$319</u>	<u>\$303</u>
Weighted average coupon (floating rate assets) ⁽²⁾	3.59%	2.13%
Net income impact from 100 bps change in LIBOR	\$3.2	\$3.0

(1) All values are in terms of face or notional amounts, and include loans classified as held-for-sale.

(2) Weighted average coupon assumes LIBOR of 0.30% and 0.26% at December 31, 2011 and 2010, respectively.

Results of Operations

Comparison of Results of Operations: Year Ended December 31, 2011 vs. December 31, 2010

(in thousands, except per share data)

	2011	2010	\$ Change	% Change
Income from loans and other investments:				
Interest and related income	\$117,162	\$158,794	(\$41,632)	(26.2%)
Less: Interest and related expenses	96,974	123,963	(26,989)	(21.8%)
Income from loans and other investments, net	20,188	34,831	(14,643)	(42.0%)
Other revenues:				
Management fees from affiliates	6,618	7,808	(1,190)	(15.2%)
Incentive management fees from affiliates	—	733	(733)	(100.0%)
Servicing fees	8,497	6,404	2,093	32.7%
Total other revenues	15,115	14,945	170	1.1%
Other expenses:				
General and administrative	23,867	18,799	5,068	27.0%
Total other expenses	23,867	18,799	5,068	27.0%
Total other-than-temporary impairments of securities	(49,309)	(77,960)	28,651	(36.8%)
Portion of other-than-temporary impairments of securities recognized in other comprehensive income	1,243	9,594	(8,351)	(87.0%)
Impairment of real estate held-for-sale	(1,055)	(4,000)	2,945	(73.6%)
Net impairments recognized in earnings	(49,121)	(72,366)	23,245	(32.1%)
Recovery of (provision for) loan losses	19,326	(146,478)	165,804	N/A
Valuation allowance on loans held-for-sale	(1,456)	(2,119)	663	(31.3%)
Gain on extinguishment of debt	271,031	3,134	267,897	N/A
Income from equity investments	3,649	3,608	41	1.1%
Income (loss) before income taxes	254,865	(183,244)	438,109	N/A
Income tax provision	2,546	2,100	446	21.2%
Net income (loss)	\$252,319	(\$185,344)	\$437,663	N/A
Add: Net loss attributable to noncontrolling interests	5,823	—	—	100.0%
Net income (loss) attributable to Capital Trust, Inc.	\$258,142	(\$185,344)	\$437,663	N/A
Net income (loss) per share - diluted	\$10.78	(\$8.28)	\$19.06	N/A
Dividend per share	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	N/A
Average LIBOR	0.30%	0.27%	0.03%	9.7%

Income from loans and other investments, net

A decline in consolidated Interest Earning Assets of \$2.7 billion, or 70%, from December 31, 2010 to December 31, 2011 and an increase in non-performing loans contributed to a \$41.6 million, or 26%, decrease in interest income during the year ended December 31, 2011 compared to the year ended December 31, 2010. Interest expense decreased by \$27.0 million due to decreases in leverage of \$3.0 billion, or 67%, offset by non-cash interest expense of \$11.9 million recorded at CT Legacy REIT in 2011 due to the discontinuation of hedge accounting and the amortization of costs associated with the mezzanine loan. On a net basis, net interest income decreased by \$14.6 million, or 42%.

Management fees from affiliates

Base management fees from our investment management business decreased \$1.2 million, or 15%, during 2011 compared to 2010. The decrease was attributed primarily to a decrease of \$1.3 million in fees from CTOPI due to an amendment to the fund's management agreement which reduced management fees and extended the fund's investment period. This decrease was primarily offset by increased fees at CT High Grade II due to additional investment activity.

Incentive management fees from affiliates

We recorded \$733,000 of incentive management fees during 2010 in conjunction with the liquidation of CT Mezzanine Partners III, Inc. We recorded no such fees during 2011.

Servicing fees

Servicing fees increased \$2.1 million during 2011 compared to 2010. The increase in fees was primarily due to modification activity on loans for which we are named special servicer.

General and administrative expenses

General and administrative expenses include personnel costs, operating expenses, professional fees and expenses associated with consolidated securitization vehicles. Excluding expenses from consolidated securitization vehicles, general and administrative expenses increased by \$5.7 million year over year, from 2010 to 2011. The increase was primarily due to restructuring awards and the non-cash management incentive plan. Net of these items, general and administrative expenses decreased by \$124,000 relative to 2010.

Net impairments recognized in earnings

During 2011, we recorded a gross other-than-temporary impairment of \$49.3 million on nine of our securities that had an adverse change in cash flow expectations. Of this amount, \$1.2 million (the amount considered fair value adjustments in excess of credit impairment) was included in other comprehensive income, resulting in a net \$48.1 million impairment (the amount considered credit impairment) included in earnings. In addition, we recorded a \$1.0 million impairment on Real Estate Held-for-Sale to reflect the property at estimated fair value, less cost to sell.

During 2010, we recorded a gross other-than-temporary impairment of \$78.0 million on 14 of our securities that had an adverse change in cash flow expectations. Of this amount, \$9.6 million was included in other comprehensive income, resulting in a net \$68.4 million impairment included in earnings. In addition, we recorded a \$4.0 million impairment on Real Estate Held-for-Sale to reflect the property at estimated fair value, less cost to sell.

Recovery of (provision for) loan losses

During 2011, we recorded a \$49.3 million recovery of provisions for loan losses on seven loans that had been previously impaired, offset by \$30.0 million of provisions for loan losses against four loans. During 2010, we recorded a \$163.2 million provision for loan losses against 12 loans, offset by a \$16.7 million recovery on four loans that had previously been impaired.

Valuation allowance on loans held-for-sale

During 2011, we recorded a \$1.5 million valuation allowance related to one loan that was classified as held-for-sale to reflect this asset at estimated fair value. During 2010, we recorded a \$2.1 million valuation allowance on two loans that we classified as held-for-sale to reflect these assets at estimated fair value.

Gain on extinguishment of debt

During 2011, we recorded a \$271.0 million gain on the extinguishment of debt due to (i) the extinguishment of the senior credit facility and junior subordinated notes of \$174.8 million as part of March 2011 restructuring, (ii) termination of loan participations sold of \$75.0 million, and (iii) realized losses in consolidated securitization vehicles of \$21.2 million. During 2010, we recorded a \$3.1 million gain on the extinguishment of debt due to the restructuring of one of our loan participations sold, and realized losses in consolidated securitization vehicles.

Income from equity investments

The income from equity investments during 2011 of \$3.6 million was from our co-investment in CTOPI. CTOPI's income was largely the result of fair value adjustments on its investment portfolio, and the recognition of income on investments purchased at a discount. The income from equity investments during 2010 of \$3.6 million was similarly from our co-investment in CTOPI.

Income tax provision

During 2011, we recorded an income tax provision of \$2.5 million as a result of a \$3.2 million current income tax provision, offset by a \$611,000 non-cash income tax benefit due to an increase in the deferred tax asset of our taxable REIT subsidiary, CTIMCO.

During 2010, we recorded an income tax provision of \$2.1 million, comprised of \$735,000 in current year taxes paid and \$1.4 million in non-cash tax expense due primarily to our utilization of net operating losses to partially offset taxable income. These taxes were exclusively the result of taxable income generated by CTIMCO.

Dividends

We did not pay any dividends on our class A common stock in 2011 or 2010.

Comparison of Results of Operations: Year Ended December 31, 2010 vs. December 31, 2009

(in thousands, except per share data)

	2010	2009	\$ Change	% Change
Income from loans and other investments:				
Interest and related income	\$158,794	\$121,971	\$36,823	30.2%
Less: Interest and related expenses	123,963	79,794	44,169	55.4%
Income from loans and other investments, net	34,831	42,177	(7,346)	(17.4%)
Other revenues:				
Management fees from affiliates	7,808	11,743	(3,935)	(33.5%)
Incentive management fees from affiliates	733	—	733	N/A
Servicing fees	6,404	1,679	4,725	281.4%
Total other revenues	14,945	13,422	1,523	11.3%
Other expenses:				
General and administrative	18,799	22,173	(3,374)	(15.2%)
Total other expenses	18,799	22,173	(3,374)	(15.2%)
Total other-than-temporary impairments of securities	(77,960)	(123,894)	45,934	(37.1%)
Portion of other-than-temporary impairments of securities recognized in other comprehensive income	9,594	14,256	(4,662)	(32.7%)
Impairment of goodwill	—	(2,235)	2,235	N/A
Impairment of real estate held-for-sale	(4,000)	(2,233)	(1,767)	79.1%
Net impairments recognized in earnings	(72,366)	(114,106)	41,740	(36.6%)
Provision for loan losses	(146,478)	(482,352)	335,874	(69.6%)
Valuation allowance on loans held-for-sale	(2,119)	—	(2,119)	N/A
Gain on extinguishment of debt	3,134	—	3,134	N/A
Loss on sale of investments	—	(10,363)	10,363	N/A
Income (loss) from equity investments	3,608	(3,736)	7,344	N/A
Loss before income taxes	(183,244)	(577,131)	390,753	(68.2%)
Income tax provision (benefit)	2,100	(694)	2,794	(402.6%)
Net loss	(<u>\$185,344</u>)	(<u>\$576,437</u>)	<u>\$387,959</u>	N/A
Net loss per share - diluted	(\$8.28)	(\$25.76)	\$17.48	(67.8%)
Dividend per share	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	N/A
Average LIBOR	0.27%	0.33%	(0.06%)	(17.2%)

Income from loans and other investments, net

As discussed in Note 2 to our consolidated financial statements, recent accounting guidance requires us to consolidate additional VIEs, primarily CMBS and CDO trusts, beginning January 1, 2010. As a result, our interest earning assets increased \$2.1 billion from December 31, 2009 to December 31, 2010. This increase resulted in a material increase in interest income during 2010 compared to 2009. Similarly, an increase in interest bearing liabilities of \$2.4 billion resulted in a material increase in interest expense during 2010 compared to 2009. In addition, an increase in non-performing loans contributed to an offsetting decrease in net interest income during 2010 compared to 2009.

Management fees from affiliates

Base management fees from our investment management business decreased \$3.9 million, or 34%, during 2010 compared to 2009. The decrease was attributed primarily to a decrease of \$4.5 million in fees from CTOPI due to an amendment to the fund's management agreement, which reduced management fees and extended the fund's investment period. This decrease was offset by increased fees at CT High Grade II due to additional investment activity.

Incentive management fees from affiliates

We recorded \$733,000 of incentive management fees during 2010 in conjunction with the liquidation of Fund III. We recorded no such fees during 2009.

Servicing fees

Servicing fees increased \$4.7 million during 2010 compared to 2009. The increase in fees was primarily due to modification activity on loans for which we are named special servicer.

General and administrative expenses

General and administrative expenses include personnel costs, operating expenses, professional fees, and for 2010, \$1.3 million of expenses associated with newly consolidated VIEs, as described in Note 2 to our consolidated financial statements. Excluding expenses from newly consolidated VIEs, general and administrative expenses decreased 21% between 2010 and 2009 due to lower personnel costs and lower professional fees and other operating costs. Personnel costs decreased \$1.8 million relative to the year ended December 31, 2009 and \$3.0 million of costs associated with our March 2009 debt restructuring were included in general and administrative expenses for the year ended December 31, 2009. This overall decrease was partially offset by \$166,000 of previously awarded incentive compensation paid during 2010 to employees and former employees as a result of incentive management fees received from Fund III.

Net impairments recognized in earnings

During 2010, we recorded a gross other-than-temporary impairment of \$78.0 million on 14 of our Securities that had an adverse change in cash flow expectations. Of this amount, \$9.6 million (the amount considered fair value adjustments in excess of credit impairment) was included in other comprehensive income, resulting in a net \$68.4 million impairment (the amount considered credit impairment) included in earnings. In addition, we recorded a \$4.0 million impairment on Real Estate Held-for-Sale to reflect the property at fair value, less cost to sell.

During 2009, we recorded a gross other-than-temporary impairment of \$123.9 million on 13 of our securities that had an adverse change in cash flow expectations. Of this amount, \$109.6 million was included in earnings and the remainder, \$14.3 million, was included in other comprehensive income. We also recorded an other-than-temporary impairment of \$2.2 million on our Real Estate Held-for-Sale to reflect the property at fair value and a \$2.2 million impairment of goodwill related to our June 2007 acquisition of a healthcare loan origination platform.

Provision for loan losses

During 2010, we recorded a \$146.5 million provision for loan losses. This provision included \$163.2 million of provisions against 12 loans, offset by a \$16.7 million recovery on four loans that had previously been impaired. During 2009, we recorded a \$482.4 million provision for loan losses against 20 loans. This included \$172.5 million of provisions recorded on loan participations sold which did not qualify for sale accounting under GAAP and remain on our consolidated balance sheet as both assets and equivalent liabilities. Although provisions were recorded against these assets in 2009, the liabilities will not be eliminated until the loans are contractually extinguished.

Valuation allowance on loans held-for-sale

During 2010 we recorded \$2.1 million of valuation allowances on two loans that we classified as held-for-sale to reflect these assets at fair value. We did not record a valuation allowance on loans held-for-sale in 2009.

Gain on extinguishment of debt

During 2010, we recorded a \$3.1 million gain on the extinguishment of debt due to one of our participations sold being restructured and due to realized losses from collateral assets held by consolidated securitization vehicles. We recorded no such gains in 2009.

Loss on sale of investments

We recorded no losses on sale of investments for the year ended December 31, 2010. During the year ended December 31, 2009, we recorded a \$10.4 million loss on the sale of two loans that were classified as held-for-sale.

Income (loss) from equity investments

The income from equity investments during 2010 was primarily \$3.7 million from our co-investment in CTOPI. CTOPI's income for the year was largely the result of fair value adjustments on its investment portfolio. The loss from equity investments during 2009 resulted primarily from our share of losses from CTOPI, also largely derived from fair value adjustments on the underlying investments.

Income tax provision (benefit)

During 2010, we recorded an income tax provision of \$2.1 million, comprised of \$735,000 in current year taxes paid and \$1.4 million in non-cash tax expense due primarily to our utilization of net operating losses to partially offset

taxable income. These taxes were exclusively the result of taxable income generated by our taxable REIT subsidiary, CTIMCO. During 2009, we recorded an income tax benefit of \$694,000 which was primarily due to a \$408,000 tax refund. The remaining balance was primarily a result of changes to our deferred tax asset relating to (i) GAAP-to-tax differences for stock-based compensation to our employees, (ii) changes in intangible assets, and (iii) utilization of net operating losses.

Dividends

We did not pay any dividends on our class A common stock in 2010 or 2009.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Liquidity

As of December 31, 2011, our primary sources of liquidity include: (i) \$34.8 million of cash on deposit at Capital Trust, Inc. and CTIMCO; (ii) the class A preferred dividends we receive from CT Legacy REIT; (iii) management fees we earn from private equity funds and CDOs we manage; and (iv) fees earned from special servicing assignments. Uses of liquidity include operating expenses; various capital commitments to our managed funds; taxes; and any dividends necessary to maintain our REIT status. We generally have no obligations to provide financial support to CT Legacy REIT or our consolidated securitization vehicles, and all debt obligations of such entities, though consolidated onto our financial statements, are non-recourse to us. We believe our current sources of capital will be adequate to meet our near-term cash requirements.

We currently do not have access to liquidity from our portfolio of Interest Earning Assets. CT Legacy REIT owns a substantial portion of our Interest Earning Assets, the proceeds of which cannot be distributed to CT Legacy REIT's common shareholders, including us, until the related repurchase obligation and mezzanine loan have been repaid. In addition, the first \$11.1 million of distributions to us from CT Legacy REIT must be used to repay our secured notes before any cash flow is available to us. Accordingly, other than the preferred dividends discussed above, we will not receive distributions from CT Legacy REIT in the near term. We will, however, receive our proportionate share of the proceeds generated from the CT Legacy REIT portfolio, subject to repayment of our secured notes, once CT Legacy REIT's leverage has been repaid.

In addition, as described in Note 11 to our consolidated financial statements, covenant breaches in our CT CDOs have resulted in a redirection of cash flow to amortize senior noteholders, which amounts would otherwise have been available to us. The additional principal amortization to senior CT CDO notes are a function of cash received under each respective collateral pool, and are only required to the extent there is cash flow in excess of the interest expense otherwise due under each respective vehicle. Accordingly, these redirection provisions cannot result in a cash outflow from us to our CT CDOs, only a diminution of liquidity available to us.

Cash Flows

Our consolidated statements of cash flows include the cash inflows and outflows of the consolidated VIEs described in Note 2 to our consolidated financial statements. While this does not impact our net cash flow, it does increase certain gross cash flow disclosures.

We experienced a net increase in cash of \$10.4 million for the year ended December 31, 2011, compared to a net decrease of \$3.5 million for the year ended December 31, 2010.

Cash provided by operating activities during the year ended December 31, 2011 was \$28.9 million, compared to cash provided by operating activities of \$36.4 million during 2010. The decrease was primarily due to a decrease in our cash net interest margin and expenses related to our March 2011 restructuring.

During the year ended December 31, 2011, cash provided by investing activities was \$2.1 billion, compared to \$328.9 million provided by investing activities during 2010. The increase was primarily due to additional asset principal repayments inside of consolidated securitization vehicles in 2011.

During the year ended December 31, 2011, cash used in financing activities was \$2.1 billion, compared to \$368.8 million during the same period in 2010. This increase was primarily due to (i) additional repayments of securitized debt obligations of \$1.5 billion during 2011, (ii) additional repayments of our repurchase obligations of \$236.2 million, (iii) a combined \$27.6 million of repayments to extinguish our senior credit facility and junior subordinated notes at a discount, and (iv) the payment of \$11.1 million of finance costs associated with our March 2011 restructuring. This was offset by net borrowings of \$63.0 million under the mezzanine loan at CT Legacy REIT.

Capitalization

Our authorized capital stock consists of 100,000,000 shares of class A common stock, of which 22,211,108 shares were issued and outstanding as of December 31, 2011, and 100,000,000 shares of preferred stock, none of which were outstanding as of December 31, 2011.

Pursuant to the terms of our prior debt restructuring completed on March 16, 2009, we issued to JPMorgan, Morgan Stanley and Citigroup warrants to purchase 3,479,691 shares of our class A common stock at an exercise price of \$1.79 per share, the closing bid price on the New York Stock Exchange on March 13, 2009. The warrants will become exercisable on March 16, 2012 and expire on March 16, 2019, and may be exercised in a cashless manner.

Secured Notes

As of December 31, 2011, we had non-recourse notes outstanding with a face balance of \$7.8 million which are secured by 93.5% of our equity interests in the class A-1 and class A-2 common stock of CT Legacy REIT. The terms of these agreements are described in Note 7 to our consolidated financial statements.

CT Legacy REIT

As of December 31, 2011, CT Legacy REIT was an obligor under a \$58.5 million outstanding repurchase obligation, as well as a \$65.3 million mezzanine loan. These facilities are all non-recourse to us, and are further described in Note 10 to our consolidated financial statements.

Consolidated Securitization Vehicles

As of December 31, 2011, our consolidated securitization vehicles had non-recourse securitized debt obligations with a total face value of \$1.2 billion. The terms of these obligations are described in Note 11 to our consolidated financial statements.

Contractual Obligations

The following table sets forth information about certain of our contractual obligations as of December 31, 2011:

Contractual Obligations ⁽¹⁾

(in millions)

	Payments due by period				
	Total	Less than 1 year	1-3 years	3-5 years	More than 5 years
Parent Level					
Secured notes ⁽²⁾	\$11	\$—	\$—	\$11	\$—
Equity investments ⁽³⁾	15	15	—	—	—
Operating lease obligations	7	1	2	2	2
Subtotal	33	16	2	13	2
CT Legacy REIT					
Repurchase obligations	58	—	58	—	—
Mezzanine loan	65	—	—	65	—
Subtotal	123	—	58	65	—
Consolidated Securitization Vehicles					
CT CDOs	742	—	—	—	742
Other securitization vehicles	469	—	—	—	469
Subtotal	1,211	—	—	—	1,211
Total contractual obligations	\$1,367	\$16	\$60	\$78	\$1,213

- (1) We are also subject to interest rate swaps for which we cannot estimate future payments due. Excludes events which have occurred subsequent to year-end. See Note 22, Subsequent Events, to our consolidated financial statements for additional discussion.
- (2) The secured notes mature on March 31, 2016. As of December 31, 2011, \$7.8 million of principal is outstanding, however we will ultimately pay \$11.1 million at maturity.
- (3) CTOPI's investment period expires in September 2012, at which point our obligation to fund capital calls will be limited. It is possible that our unfunded capital commitment will not be entirely called, and the timing and amount of such required contributions is not estimable. Our entire unfunded commitment is assumed to be funded by September 2012 for purposes of the above table.



Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

We have no off-balance sheet arrangements.

III. Non-GAAP Disclosures: Adjusted Balance Sheet and Operating Results

We believe that our adjusted balance sheet and operating results provide meaningful information to consider, in addition to our consolidated balance sheet and statement of operations prepared in accordance with GAAP. These adjusted measures help us to evaluate our financial position and performance without the effects of certain transactions and GAAP adjustments that are not necessarily indicative of our current investment portfolio, operations, capitalization, or shareholders' equity.

We believe that the accounting for loan participations sold as well as the consolidation of VIEs, in particular the consolidation of non-recourse securitization vehicles, while in accordance with GAAP, has resulted in a presentation of gross assets and liabilities, provisions/impairments, and operations being recorded in excess of our economic interests in such entities. Accordingly, our adjusted balance sheet and operating results (i) eliminate loan participations sold, and (ii) deconsolidate securitization vehicles which are presented gross in accordance with GAAP, and show instead our cash investment in these non-recourse entities, adjusted for losses expected or incurred, and the cash income earned thereon. Due to the non-recourse nature of these entities, our investment amount as well as our income cannot be less than zero on a cash basis. In addition, we eliminate the interest expense recognized due to interest rate swaps no longer designated as cash flow hedges, which is a non-cash reclassification from other comprehensive income into earnings that does not impact book value. We also separately show our financial position and operations from those of CT Legacy REIT.

Adjusted Balance Sheet

Our adjusted balance sheet is not an alternative or substitute for our consolidated balance sheet prepared in accordance with GAAP as a measure of our financial position. Rather, we believe that our adjusted balance sheet is an additional measure that is a valuable tool for analyzing our business. Our adjusted balance sheet should not be viewed as an alternative measure of shareholders' equity, and we may not prepare our adjusted balance sheet in the same manner as other companies that use a similarly titled measure.

The following table details the transition from our consolidated balance sheet prepared in accordance with GAAP to the adjusted balance sheets of Capital Trust, Inc. and CT Legacy REIT, as of December 31, 2011:

Adjusted Balance Sheet as of December 31, 2011

(in thousands, except per share data)

	Consolidated GAAP		Adjusted Balance Sheet	
	Capital Trust, Inc.	Adjustments ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾⁽³⁾	CT Legacy REIT	Capital Trust, Inc.
Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$34,818	\$—	\$—	\$34,818
Loans receivable, net	19,282	(19,282)	—	—
Equity investments in unconsolidated subsidiaries	10,399	—	—	10,399
Investment in CT Legacy REIT	—	61,623	—	61,623
Deferred income taxes	1,268	—	—	1,268
Prepaid expenses and other assets	4,533	947	—	5,480
Subtotal	70,300	43,288	—	113,588
Assets of Consolidated VIEs				
CT Legacy REIT, Excluding Securitization Vehicles				
Restricted cash	12,985	—	12,985	—
Securities held-to-maturity	2,602	4,837	7,439	—
Loans receivable, net	206,514	—	206,514	—
Loans held-for-sale, net	30,875	—	30,875	—
Accrued interest receivable and other assets	2,119	—	2,119	—
Subtotal	255,095	4,837	259,932	—
Assets of consolidated securitization vehicles	1,040,921	(1,040,921)	—	—
Total/adjusted assets	\$1,366,316	(\$992,796)	\$259,932	\$113,588
Liabilities & Shareholders' Equity				
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$8,075	\$—	\$—	\$8,075
Secured notes	7,847	—	—	7,847
Participations sold	19,282	(19,282)	—	—
Subtotal	35,204	(19,282)	—	15,922
Non-Recourse Liabilities of Consolidated VIEs				
CT Legacy REIT, Excluding Securitization Vehicles				
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	743	650	1,393	—
Repurchase obligations	58,464	—	58,464	—
Mezzanine loan, net of unamortized discount	55,111	—	55,111	—
Participations sold	97,465	(97,465)	—	—
Interest rate hedge liabilities	8,817	—	8,817	—
Subtotal	220,600	(96,815)	123,785	—
Liabilities of consolidated securitization vehicles	1,239,451	(1,239,451)	—	—
Total/adjusted liabilities	1,495,255	(1,355,548)	123,785	15,922
Total/adjusted equity	(110,424)	344,237	136,147	97,666
Noncontrolling interests	(18,515)	18,515	—	—
Total/adjusted liabilities and shareholders' equity	\$1,366,316	(\$992,796)	\$259,932	\$113,588
Capital Trust, Inc. book value/adjusted book value per share:				
Basic	(\$4.85)			\$4.29
Diluted	(\$4.85)			\$3.94

(1) All securitization vehicles have been deconsolidated and reported at our cash investment amount, adjusted for current losses relative to our equity investment in each vehicle. Due to the non-recourse nature of these entities, our investment cannot be less than zero on a cash basis. See note 11 to our consolidated financial statements for discussion of consolidated securitization vehicles.

(2) Loan participations which have been sold to third-parties, and did not qualify for sale accounting, have been eliminated. See Note 8 to our consolidated financial statements for discussion of loan participations sold.

(3) Non-cash interest expense recognized due to interest rate swaps no longer designated as cash flow hedges has been eliminated. See Note 10 to

Adjusted Operating Results

Our adjusted earnings is not an alternative or substitute for net income as a measure of our performance. Rather, we believe that adjusted earnings is an additional measure that is a valuable tool for analyzing our performance. Adjusted earnings should not be viewed as an alternative measure of either our operating liquidity, or funds available for our cash needs. In addition, we may not calculate adjusted earnings in the same manner as other companies that use a similarly titled measure.

The following table details the transition from our consolidated statement of operations prepared in accordance with GAAP to the adjusted operating results of Capital Trust, Inc. and CT Legacy REIT for the year ended December 31, 2011:

Adjusted Income Statement for the Year Ended December 31, 2011*(in thousands, except per share data)*

	Consolidated GAAP		Adjusted Income Statement	
	Capital Trust, Inc.	Adjustments ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾⁽³⁾	CT Legacy REIT	Capital Trust, Inc.
Income from loans and other investments:				
Interest and related income	\$117,162	(\$89,929)	\$18,479	\$8,754
Less: Interest and related expenses	96,974	(73,154)	19,554	4,266
Income from loans and other investments, net	20,188	(16,775)	(1,075)	4,488
Other revenues:				
Management fees from affiliates	6,618	—	—	6,618
Servicing fees	8,497	1,392	—	9,889
Total other revenues	15,115	1,392	—	16,507
Other expenses:				
General and administrative	23,867	(758)	2,585	20,524
Total other expenses	23,867	(758)	2,585	20,524
Total other-than-temporary impairments on securities	(49,309)	24,698	(24,598)	(13)
Portion of other-than-temporary impairments on securities recognized in other comprehensive income	1,243	(2,883)	—	(1,640)
Impairments on real estate held-for-sale	(1,055)	1,055	—	—
Net impairments recognized in earnings	(49,121)	22,870	(24,598)	(1,653)
Recovery of provision for loan losses	19,326	(1,011)	10,401	7,914
Valuation allowance on loans held-for-sale	(1,456)	—	(1,456)	—
Gain on extinguishment of debt	271,031	(96,185)	—	174,846
Income from equity investments	3,649	—	—	3,649
Loss from CT Legacy REIT	—	—	—	(10,646)
Intercompany dividends	—	—	(5,646)	5,646
Income (loss)/adjusted income (loss) before income taxes	254,865	(88,951)	(24,959)	180,227
Income tax provision	2,546	—	750	1,796
Net income (loss)/adjusted net income (loss) before noncontrolling interests	252,319	(88,951)	(25,709)	178,431
Add: Net loss attributable to noncontrolling interests	5,823	(5,823)	—	—
Net income (loss)/adjusted net income (loss)	\$258,142	(\$94,774)	(\$25,709)	\$178,431
Earnings/adjusted earnings per share:				
Basic	\$11.39			\$7.87
Diluted	\$10.78			\$7.45

- (1) All securitization vehicles have been deconsolidated; adjusted balances include only cash income received from such vehicles. Due to the non-recourse nature of these entities, our net income from such entities cannot be less than zero on a cash basis. See note 11 to our consolidated financial statements for discussion of consolidated securitization vehicles.
- (2) Loan participations which have been sold to third-parties, which did not qualify for sale accounting, have been eliminated. See Note 8 to our consolidated financial statements for discussion of loan participations sold.
- (3) Non-cash interest expense recognized due to interest rate swaps no longer designated as cash flow hedges has been eliminated. See Note 10 to our consolidated financial statements for discussion of interest rate swaps not designated as hedging instruments.

The following table details the transition from our consolidated statement of operations prepared in accordance with GAAP to the adjusted operating results of Capital Trust, Inc. and CT Legacy REIT, for the three months ended December 31, 2011:

Adjusted Income Statement for the Three Months Ended December 31, 2011

(in thousands, except per share data)

	Consolidated GAAP		Adjusted Income Statement	
	Capital Trust, Inc.	Adjustments ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾⁽³⁾	CT Legacy REIT	Capital Trust, Inc.
Income from loans and other investments:				
Interest and related income	\$21,975	(\$16,916)	\$5,059	\$—
Less: Interest and related expenses	16,593	(12,662)	3,770	161
Income from loans and other investments, net	5,382	(4,254)	1,289	(161)
Other revenues:				
Management fees from affiliates	1,691	—	—	1,691
Servicing fees	6,289	760	—	7,049
Total other revenues	7,980	760	—	8,740
Other expenses:				
General and administrative	3,999	(112)	452	3,435
Total other expenses	3,999	(112)	452	3,435
Total other-than-temporary impairments on securities	(13,689)	12,567	(1,122)	—
Portion of other-than-temporary impairments on securities recognized in other comprehensive income	4,341	(4,341)	—	—
Net impairments recognized in earnings	(9,348)	8,226	(1,122)	—
(Provision for) recovery of loan losses	(15,075)	20,428	5,353	—
Valuation allowance on loans held-for-sale	(1,232)	—	(1,232)	—
Income from equity investments	1,544	—	—	1,544
Income from CT Legacy REIT	—	—	—	524
Intercompany dividends	—	—	(1,875)	1,875
(Loss) income/adjusted income before income taxes	(14,748)	25,272	1,961	9,087
Income tax provision	1,332	—	750	582
Net (loss) income/adjusted net income before noncontrolling interests	(16,080)	25,272	1,211	8,505
Add: Net loss attributable to noncontrolling interests	7,758	(7,758)	—	—
Net (loss) income/adjusted net income	(\$8,322)	\$17,514	\$1,211	\$8,505
Earnings/adjusted earnings per share:				
Basic	(\$0.37)			\$0.37
Diluted	(\$0.37)			\$0.36

(1) All securitization vehicles have been deconsolidated; adjusted balances include only cash income received from such vehicles. Due to the non-recourse nature of these entities, our net income from such entities cannot be less than zero on a cash basis. See note 11 to our consolidated financial statements for discussion of consolidated securitization vehicles.

(2) Loan participations which have been sold to third-parties, which did not qualify for sale accounting, have been eliminated. See Note 8 to our consolidated financial statements for discussion of loan participations sold.

(3) Non-cash interest expense recognized due to interest rate swaps no longer designated as cash flow hedges has been eliminated. See Note 10 to our consolidated financial statements for discussion of interest rate swaps not designated as hedging instruments.

Quarterly Performance

The following table describes the activity in Capital Trust, Inc.'s balance sheet accounts, on an adjusted basis, during the fourth quarter of 2011:

Comparison of adjusted balance sheet of Capital Trust, Inc: As of December 31, 2011 vs. September 30, 2011

(in thousands)

	December 31, 2011	September 30, 2011	Change	% Change
Assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$34,818	\$28,219	\$6,599	23.4%
Equity investments in unconsolidated subsidiaries	10,399	10,611	(212)	(2.0%)
Investment in CT Legacy REIT	61,623	61,098	525	0.9%
Deferred income taxes	1,268	1,750	(482)	(27.5%)
Prepaid expenses and other assets	5,480	2,734	2,746	100.4%
Total adjusted assets	\$113,588	\$104,412	\$9,176	8.8%
Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity				
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$8,075	\$7,717	\$358	4.6%
Secured notes	7,847	7,686	161	2.1%
Total adjusted liabilities	15,922	15,403	519	3.4%
Total Adjusted Shareholders' Equity	97,666	89,009	8,657	9.7%
Total adjusted liabilities and shareholders'	\$113,588	\$104,412	\$9,176	8.8%

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents increased by \$6.6 million during the fourth quarter of 2011. This was primarily due to (i) \$6.1 million of special servicing fees, (ii) \$1.9 million of preferred dividend distributions received from CT Legacy REIT, (iii) net distributions of \$1.8 million from CTOPI, and (iv) \$1.3 million of investment management and CDO collateral management fees received from affiliates. This was offset by (i) payments of \$2.8 million of general and administrative expenses, and (ii) \$1.7 million of estimated tax payments at CTIMCO.

Equity investments in unconsolidated subsidiaries

The decrease of \$212,000 was due to \$1.8 million of net distributions received from CTOPI, offset by \$1.6 million of income recognized from our co-investment in CTOPI.

Investment in CT Legacy REIT

The increase of \$525,000 was due to the recognition of our share of CT Legacy REIT's adjusted net income for the fourth quarter of 2011.

Deferred income taxes

The decrease in deferred income taxes was primarily due to the expected utilization of net operating loss carryforwards and the timing difference between GAAP and tax in connection with the recognition of certain general and administrative expenses at our taxable REIT subsidiary, CTIMCO.

Prepaid expenses and other assets

The increase in prepaid expenses and other assets was primarily due to the accrual of management fees and special servicing fees that were earned in 2011 but were not collected until January 2012, as well as an estimated income tax refund at Capital Trust, Inc.

Accounts payable and accrued expense

The \$358,000 increase in accounts payable and accrued expenses was primarily due to an increase in accrued general and administrative expenses.

Secured notes

The secured note balance increased due to \$161,000 of deferred interest accrued during the fourth quarter of 2011.

Total adjusted shareholders' equity

Adjusted shareholders' equity increased primarily due to \$8.5 million of adjusted net income for the fourth quarter of 2011.

The following table compares Capital Trust, Inc.'s operating results, on an adjusted basis, during the third and fourth quarters of 2011:

Comparison of adjusted operating results of Capital Trust, Inc.: Three Months Ended December 31, 2011 vs. September 30, 2011

(in thousands)

	<u>Q4 2011</u>	<u>Q3 2011</u>	<u>Change</u>	<u>% Change</u>
Income from loans and other investments:				
Interest and related income	\$—	\$—	\$—	N/A
Less: Interest and related expenses	161	98	63	64.3%
Income from loans and other investments, net	(161)	(98)	(63)	64.3%
Other revenues:				
Management fees	1,691	1,753	(62)	(3.5%)
Servicing fees	7,049	1,658	5,391	325.2%
Total other revenues	8,740	3,411	5,329	156.2%
Other expenses:				
General and administrative	3,435	4,313	(878)	(20.4%)
Total other expenses	3,435	4,313	(878)	(20.4%)
Income from equity investments	1,544	307	1,237	402.9%
Income (loss) from CT Legacy REIT	524	(4,480)	5,004	N/A
Intercompany dividends	1,875	1,875	—	—%
Adjusted net income (loss) before income taxes	9,087	(3,298)	12,385	N/A
Income tax provision (benefit)	582	(236)	818	N/A
Adjusted net income (loss)	<u>\$8,505</u>	<u>(\$3,062)</u>	<u>\$11,567</u>	<u>N/A</u>

Income from loans and other investments, net

Increase in interest expense during the fourth quarter of 2011 was primarily due to non-cash adjustments related to previously settled interest rate swaps.

Management fees from affiliates

Base management fees from our investment management business decreased slightly by \$62,000 during the fourth quarter of 2011.

Servicing fees

Servicing fees increased \$5.4 million during the fourth quarter of 2011 compared to the third quarter of 2011. The change was primarily due to higher levels of loan modifications and liquidations that were completed in the fourth quarter.

General and administrative expenses

General and administrative expenses include personnel costs, operating expenses and professional fees. Other than the non-cash expense related to the management incentive awards plan, these expenses were generally consistent from period-to-period.

Income from equity investments

The income from equity investments during the fourth quarter of 2011 of \$1.5 million was derived from our co-investment in CTOPI. CTOPI's income for the quarter was largely the result of (i) realization of income on loans purchased at discounts that were satisfied at par during the quarter, and (ii) fair value adjustments on its investment portfolio. The income from equity investments during the third quarter of 2011 was also primarily from our co-investment in CTOPI.

Income (loss) from CT Legacy REIT

During the fourth quarter of 2011, we recognized \$524,000 of adjusted income from CT Legacy REIT. The income was driven by net recoveries of provisions for loan losses recorded at CT Legacy REIT during the fourth quarter of 2011. During the third quarter of 2011, we recognized \$4.5 million of adjusted loss from CT Legacy REIT. The loss was driven by other-than-temporary impairments of securities recorded at CT Legacy REIT during the third quarter of 2011.

Income tax provision

We recorded a \$582,000 income tax provision during the fourth quarter of 2011, which was primarily due to net payments of estimated taxes during the fourth quarter, as well as changes in the deferred tax asset related to our taxable REIT subsidiary, CTIMCO.

IV. CT Legacy REIT, as Adjusted and Deconsolidated**Interest Earning Assets**

CT Legacy REIT's investment portfolio includes various types of commercial mortgage backed securities and collateralized debt obligations, or Securities, and commercial real estate loans and related instruments, or Loans. We collectively refer to these as Interest Earning Assets. The table below shows CT Legacy REIT's Interest Earning Assets as of December 31, 2011 and 2010 on an adjusted basis. See section III above for a presentation and discussion of CT Legacy REIT's adjusted balance sheet and operating results.

CT Legacy REIT Interest Earning Assets

(in millions)	December 31, 2011		December 31, 2010	
	Book		Book	
	Value	Yield ⁽¹⁾	Value	Yield ⁽¹⁾
Securities held-to-maturity ⁽²⁾	\$7	3.31%	\$—	—
Loans receivable, net	207	5.21	—	—
Loans held-for-sale, net	31	6.26	—	—
Subtotal / Weighted Average	<u>\$245</u>	<u>5.28%</u>	<u>\$—</u>	<u>—</u>

(1) Yield on floating rate assets assumes LIBOR of 0.30% as of December 31, 2011.

(2) Weighted average yield excludes \$39.7 million of retained interests in CT CDO III which represent a subordinate investment that is paid an amount of interest based on the total cash flows of the CDO collateral assets each period.

The table below details the overall credit profile of CT Legacy REIT's Interest Earning Assets, which includes: (i) Loans against which we have recorded a provision for loan losses, or reserves, (ii) Securities which have been other-than-temporarily impaired, and (iii) Loans and Securities that are categorized as Watch List Assets, which are currently performing but pose a higher risk of non-performance and/or loss. We actively monitor and manage Watch List Assets to mitigate these risks in our portfolio. All amounts are calculated on an adjusted basis. See section III above for further details of CT Legacy REIT's adjusted balance sheet and operating results.

Portfolio Performance - CT Legacy REIT ⁽¹⁾

(in millions, except for number of investments)

	December 31, 2011	December 31, 2010
Interest earning assets, CT Legacy REIT (\$ / #)	\$245 / 29	\$— / —
Impaired Loans ⁽²⁾		
Performing loans (\$ / #)	\$42 / 4	\$— / —
Non-performing loans (\$ / #)	\$22 / 3	\$— / —
Total (\$ / #)	\$64 / 7	\$— / —
Percentage of interest earning assets	26.1%	—%
Impaired Securities ⁽²⁾ (\$ / #)		
Percentage of interest earning assets	2.5%	—%
Watch List Assets ⁽³⁾		
Watch list loans (\$ / #)	\$83 / 7	\$— / —
Watch list securities (\$ / #)	\$1 / 1	\$— / —
Total (\$ / #)	\$84 / 8	\$— / —
Percentage of interest earning assets	34.3%	—%

(1) Portfolio statistics includes loans held-for-sale. All amounts are calculated on an adjusted basis. See section III above for a presentation and discussion of CT Legacy REIT's adjusted balance sheet and operating results.

(2) Amounts represent net book value after provisions for loan losses, valuation allowances on loans-held-for-sale and other-than-temporary impairments of securities.

(3) Watch List Assets exclude Loans against which we have recorded a provision for loan losses or valuation allowance, and Securities which have been other-than-temporarily impaired.

Interest Bearing Liabilities

As of December 31, 2011, CT Legacy REIT's debt obligations, which we collectively refer to as Interest Bearing Liabilities, include its repurchase obligations and mezzanine loan, both of which are non-recourse to us. The table below describes CT Legacy REIT's Interest Bearing Liabilities as of December 31, 2011 and 2010 on an adjusted basis. See section III above for further details of CT Legacy REIT's adjusted balance sheet and operating results.

Interest Bearing Liabilities

(Principal balance, in millions)

	December 31, 2011	December 31, 2010
Repurchase obligations	\$58	\$—
Mezzanine loan	65	—
Total CT Legacy REIT debt obligations	\$123	\$—
Weighted average effective cost of CT Legacy REIT debt ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	11.14%	N/A

(1) Floating rate debt obligations assume LIBOR of 0.30% at December 31, 2011.

(2) Including the impact of interest rate hedges with an aggregate notional balance of \$60.8 million as of December 31, 2011, the effective all-in cost of CT Legacy REIT's debt obligations would be 13.46% per annum.

Repurchase Obligations

As of December 31, 2011, CT Legacy REIT was party to one repurchase obligation with JPMorgan, which is non-recourse to Capital Trust, Inc., that has an aggregate outstanding balance of \$54.5 million and an all-in cost of LIBOR plus 2.50% per annum (2.80% at December 31, 2011).

Subsequent to the March 31, 2011 restructuring, \$246.3 million of the legacy repurchase obligations were repaid, including the full repayment and termination of the Morgan Stanley and Citigroup facilities and a release of the remaining collateral thereunder, as well as a \$115.1 million repayment of the JPMorgan facility.

See Note 10 to our consolidated financial statements for additional discussion of the terms of CT Legacy REIT's repurchase obligations.

Mezzanine Loan

In order to finance our March 2011 restructuring, CT Legacy REIT entered into an \$83.0 million mezzanine loan with Five Mile (which was subsequently reduced to \$65.3 million as of December 31, 2011) that carries a 15.0% per annum interest rate, of which 7.0% per annum may be deferred, and that matures on March 31, 2016. The mezzanine loan is non-recourse to Capital Trust, Inc. except for certain limited non-recourse, "bad boy" carve outs.

During the second quarter of 2011, \$20.0 million of the mezzanine loan was repaid using proceeds from the satisfaction of former Morgan Stanley and Citigroup repurchase facility collateral assets.

See Note 10 to our consolidated financial statements for additional discussion of the terms of CT Legacy REIT's mezzanine loan.

Subsequent to year-end, in February 2012, we refinanced the JPMorgan repurchase facility and the mezzanine loan with a single, new \$124.0 million repurchase facility with JPMorgan. The new facility matures in December 2014, carries a rate of LIBOR+5.50%, and has paydown hurdles and associated potential rate increases over the term of the facility. See Note 22, Subsequent Events, to our consolidated financial statements for additional discussion.

Quarterly Performance

The following table describes the activity in CT Legacy REIT's balance sheet accounts, on an adjusted basis, during the fourth quarter of 2011:

Comparison of adjusted balance sheet of CT Legacy REIT: As of December 31, 2011 vs. September 30, 2011

(in thousands)

	<u>Q4 2011</u>	<u>Q3 2011</u>	<u>Change</u>	<u>% Change</u>
Assets:				
Restricted cash	\$12,985	\$13,715	(\$730)	(5.3%)
Securities held-to-maturity	7,439	7,911	(472)	(6.0%)
Loans receivable, net	206,514	207,028	(514)	(0.2%)
Loans held-for-sale, net	30,875	32,107	(1,232)	(3.8%)
Accrued interest receivable and other assets	2,119	4,638	(2,519)	(54.3%)
Total adjusted assets	<u>\$259,932</u>	<u>\$265,399</u>	<u>(\$5,467)</u>	<u>(2.1%)</u>
Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity				
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$1,393	\$1,308	\$85	6.50%
Repurchase obligations	58,464	66,637	(8,173)	(12.3%)
Mezzanine loan, net of unamortized discount	55,111	53,367	1,744	3.3%
Interest rate hedges liabilities	8,817	9,326	(509)	(5%)
Total adjusted liabilities	<u>123,785</u>	<u>130,638</u>	<u>(6,853)</u>	<u>(5.2%)</u>
Total Adjusted Shareholders' Equity	<u>136,147</u>	<u>134,761</u>	<u>1,386</u>	<u>1.0%</u>
Total adjusted liabilities and shareholders' equity	<u>\$259,932</u>	<u>\$265,399</u>	<u>(\$5,467)</u>	<u>(2.1%)</u>

Restricted cash

Restricted cash decreased by \$730,000 during the fourth quarter of 2011. This was primarily due to (i) \$1.9 million of preferred stock distributions to Capital Trust, Inc., (ii) \$1.3 million of current interest paid on the mezzanine loan, (iii) \$750,000 of estimated income tax payments related to one of CT Legacy REIT's taxable REIT subsidiaries, and (iv) \$200,000 of general and administrative expenses. This was offset by (i) \$3.0 million of net interest on investments, and (ii) \$493,000 of distributions from CT CDO III.

Securities held-to-maturity

During the fourth quarter of 2011, securities held-to-maturity decreased by \$472,000. This was primarily due to \$1.1 million of other-than-temporary impairments, offset by an increase due to changes in recovery expectations on CT CDO III.

Loans receivable, net

During the fourth quarter of 2011, loans receivable decreased by \$514,000. This decrease was primarily due to loan repayments of \$8.1 million, offset by an \$8.0 million reversal of provisions for loan losses previously recorded against one loan.

Loans held-for-sale, net

During the fourth quarter of 2011, loans held-for-sale decreased by \$1.2 million as a result of a valuation allowance recorded to reflect this loan at its approximate fair value.

Accrued interest receivable and other assets

During the fourth of 2011, prepaid expenses and other assets decreased by \$2.5 million. This decrease was primarily due to an impairment of one of CT Legacy REIT's investments.

Repurchase obligations

Repurchase obligations decreased by \$8.2 million during the fourth quarter of 2011 as the facility was repaid from the proceeds of principal repayments of collateral assets.

Mezzanine loan, net of unamortized discount

The mezzanine loan increased by \$1.7 million due to (i) \$1.1 million of deferred interest accrued during the quarter, and (ii) \$603,000 of discount amortization.

Interest rate hedge liabilities

The increase in the fair value of interest rate hedges reflects changes in the yield curve over the life of the respective hedges.

Total adjusted shareholders' equity

Adjusted shareholders' equity increased primarily due to the \$1.2 million adjusted net income for the period. See the following adjusted income statement for details of adjusted net income.

The following table compares CT Legacy REIT's operating results, on an adjusted basis, during the third and fourth quarters of 2011:

Comparison of adjusted operating results of CT Legacy REIT: Three Months Ended December 31, 2011 vs. September 30, 2011

(in thousands)

	<u>Q4 2011</u>	<u>Q3 2011</u>	<u>Change</u>	<u>% Change</u>
Income from loans and other investments:				
Interest and related income	\$5,059	\$5,879	(\$820)	(13.9%)
Less: Interest and related expenses	3,770	5,523	(1,753)	(31.7%)
Income from loans and other investments, net	1,289	356	933	262.1%
Other expenses:				
General and administrative	452	305	147	48.2%
Total other expenses	452	305	147	48.2%
Total other-than-temporary impairments of securities	(1,122)	(23,476)	22,354	(95.2%)
Portion of other-than-temporary impairments of securities recognized in other comprehensive income	—	—	—	N/A
Net impairments recognized in earnings	(1,122)	(23,476)	22,354	(95.2%)
Recovery of provisions for loan losses	5,353	14,482	(9,129)	(63.0%)
Valuation allowance on loans held-for-sale	(1,232)	—	(1,232)	100.0%
Intercompany dividends	(1,875)	(1,875)	—	N/A
Adjusted net income (loss) before income taxes	1,961	(10,818)	12,779	(118.1%)
Income tax provision	750	—	750	N/A
Adjusted net income (loss)	<u>\$1,211</u>	<u>(\$10,818)</u>	<u>\$12,029</u>	<u>(111.2%)</u>

Income from loans and other investments, net

Interest income and interest expense both declined during the fourth quarter of 2011 as a result of \$8.1 million of collections from the Legacy Asset portfolio, and the related repayments of CT Legacy REIT's repurchase obligations. In addition, non-cash interest expense decreased during the fourth quarter due to positive mark-to-market adjustment on CT Legacy REIT's interest rate swaps.

General and administrative expenses

General and administrative expenses are primarily comprised of professional fees, which increased during the fourth quarter.

Net impairments recognized in earnings

During the fourth quarter of 2011, CT Legacy REIT recognized \$1.1 million of other-than-temporary impairments of securities, primarily related to its investment in CT CDO III.

Recovery of provision for loan losses

During both the third and fourth quarters of 2011, CT Legacy REIT recorded recoveries of previous provisions for loan losses as a result of improvements in collateral asset operations.

Valuation allowance on loans held-for-sale

During the fourth quarter of 2011, CT Legacy REIT recorded a \$1.2 million valuation allowance against one loan which was classified as held-for-sale. No such allowance was recorded during the third quarter of 2011.

Income tax provision

During the fourth quarter of 2011, CT Legacy REIT recorded a \$750,000 tax provision related to one of its taxable REIT subsidiaries.

Critical Accounting Policies

Our discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations is based upon our consolidated financial

statements, which have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, or GAAP. The preparation of these financial statements requires our management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenue and expenses, and related disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities. Our accounting policies affect our more significant judgments and estimates used in the preparation of our consolidated financial statements. Actual results could differ from these estimates. During 2011, management reviewed and evaluated its critical accounting policies and believes them to be appropriate. Our significant accounting policies are described in Note 2 to our consolidated financial statements. The following is a summary of our accounting policies that we believe are the most affected by management judgments, estimates and assumptions:

Principles of Consolidation

The accompanying financial statements include, on a consolidated basis, our accounts, the accounts of our wholly-owned subsidiaries, and variable interest entities, or VIEs, in which we are the primary beneficiary. All significant intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

VIEs are defined as entities in which equity investors (i) do not have the characteristics of a controlling financial interest, and/or (ii) do not have sufficient equity at risk for the entity to finance its activities without additional subordinated financial support from other parties. The entity that consolidates a VIE is known as its primary beneficiary, and is generally the entity with (i) the power to direct the activities that most significantly impact the VIE's economic performance, and (ii) the right to receive benefits from the VIE or the obligation to absorb losses of the VIE that could be significant to the VIE.

Our consolidated VIEs include: (i) the CT Legacy REIT, and (ii) ten securitization vehicles, including our four CT CDOs which were sponsored and issued by us, as well as six other, similar, vehicles. See Note 10 and Note 11 for additional information on our investments in VIEs.

Balance Sheet Presentation

Our consolidated balance sheets separately present: (i) our direct assets and liabilities, (ii) the direct assets and liabilities of CT Legacy REIT, and (iii) the assets and liabilities of consolidated securitization vehicles, some of which are subsidiaries of CT Legacy REIT. Assets of all consolidated VIEs can generally only be used to satisfy the obligations of those VIEs, and the liabilities of consolidated VIEs are non-recourse to us.

We have aggregated all the assets and liabilities of the consolidated securitization vehicles due to our determination that these entities are substantively similar and therefore a further disaggregated presentation would not be more meaningful. Similarly, the notes to our consolidated financial statements separately describe (i) our direct assets and liabilities, (ii) the direct assets and liabilities of CT Legacy REIT, and (iii) the assets and liabilities of consolidated securitization vehicles, some of which are subsidiaries of CT Legacy REIT.

Equity Investments in Unconsolidated Subsidiaries

Our co-investment interests in the private equity funds we manage are accounted for using the equity method. These entities' assets and liabilities are not consolidated into our financial statements due to our determination that (i) these entities are not VIEs, and (ii) the investors have sufficient rights to preclude consolidation by us. As such, we report our allocable percentage of the earnings or losses of these entities on a single line item in our consolidated statements of operations as income from equity investments.

One such fund, CT Opportunity Partners I, LP, or CTOPI, maintains its financial records at fair value in accordance with GAAP. We have applied such accounting relative to our investment in CTOPI, and include any adjustments to fair value recorded at the fund level in determining the income we record on our equity investment in CTOPI.

Revenue Recognition

Interest income from our loans receivable is recognized over the life of the investment using the effective interest method and is recorded on the accrual basis. Fees, premiums, discounts and direct costs associated with these investments are deferred until the loan is advanced and are then recognized over the term of the loan as an adjustment to yield. For loans where we have unfunded commitments, we amortize these fees and other items on a straight line basis. Fees on commitments that expire unused are recognized at expiration. Income accrual is generally suspended for loans at the earlier of the date at which payments become 90 days past due or when, in the opinion of management, recovery of income and principal becomes doubtful. Income is then recorded on the basis of cash received until accrual is resumed when the loan becomes contractually current and performance is demonstrated to be resumed.

Interest income from our securities is recognized using a level yield with any purchase premium or discount accreted through income over the life of the security. This yield is calculated using cash flows expected to be collected which are based on a number of assumptions on the underlying loans. Examples include, among other things, the rate and timing of principal payments, including prepayments, repurchases, defaults and liquidations, the pass-through or coupon rate, and interest rates. Additional factors that may affect reported interest income on our securities include interest payment shortfalls due to delinquencies on the underlying mortgage loans and the timing and magnitude of expected credit losses on the mortgage loans underlying the securities. These are impacted by, among other things, the general condition of the real estate market, including competition for tenants and their related credit quality, and changes in market rental rates. These uncertainties and contingencies are difficult to predict and are subject to future events that may alter the assumptions.

Fees from special servicing and asset management services are recorded on an accrual basis as services are rendered under the applicable agreements, and when receipt of fees is reasonably certain. We do not recognize incentive income from our investment management business until contingencies have been eliminated. Depending on the structure of our investment management vehicles, certain incentive fees may be in the form of carried interest or promote distributions.

Securities

We classify our securities as held-to-maturity, available-for-sale, or trading on the date of acquisition of the investment. Held-to-maturity investments are stated at cost, adjusted for the amortization of any premiums or discounts, which are amortized through our consolidated statements of operations using the level yield method described above. Other than in the instance of an other-than-temporary impairment, as discussed below, these held-to-maturity investments are carried on our consolidated financial statements at their amortized cost basis.

We may also invest in securities which may be classified as available-for-sale. Available-for-sale securities are carried at estimated fair value with the net unrealized gains or losses reported as a component of accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) in shareholders' equity. Changes in the valuations do not affect our reported income or cash flows, but do impact shareholders' equity and, accordingly, book value per share. On August 4, 2005, we changed the accounting classification of certain of our securities from available-for-sale to held-to-maturity. We have not designated any securities as available-for-sale since that time.

Further, as required under GAAP, when, based on current information and events, there has been an adverse change in the cash flows expected to be collected from those previously estimated for one of our securities, an other-than-temporary impairment is deemed to have occurred. A change in expected cash flows is considered adverse if the present value of the revised cash flows (taking into consideration both the timing and amount of cash flows expected to be collected) discounted using the security's current yield is less than the present value of the previously estimated remaining cash flows, adjusted for cash receipts during the intervening period.

Should an other-than-temporary impairment be deemed to have occurred, the security is written down to fair value. The total other-than-temporary impairment is bifurcated into (i) the amount related to expected credit losses, and (ii) the amount related to fair value adjustments in excess of expected credit losses, or the Valuation Adjustment. The portion of the other-than-temporary impairment related to expected credit losses is calculated by comparing the amortized cost basis of the security to the present value of cash flows expected to be collected, discounted at the security's current yield, and is recognized through earnings in the consolidated statement of operations. The remaining other-than-temporary impairment related to the Valuation Adjustment is recognized as a component of accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) in shareholders' equity. A portion of other-than-temporary impairments recognized through earnings is accreted back to the amortized cost basis of the security through interest income, while amounts recognized through other comprehensive income (loss) are amortized over the life of the security with no impact on earnings.

Loans Receivable, Provision for Loan Losses, Loans Held-for-Sale and Related Allowance

We purchase and originate commercial real estate debt and related instruments, or Loans, generally to be held as long-term investments at amortized cost. Management is required to periodically evaluate each of these Loans for possible impairment. Impairment is indicated when it is deemed probable that we will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the contractual terms of the Loan. If a Loan is determined to be impaired, we write down the Loan through a charge to the provision for loan losses. Impairment on these loans is measured by comparing the estimated fair value of the underlying collateral to the book value of the respective loan. These valuations require significant judgments, which include assumptions regarding capitalization rates, leasing, creditworthiness of major tenants, occupancy rates, availability of financing, exit plan, loan sponsorship, actions of other lenders and other factors deemed necessary by management. Actual losses, if any, could ultimately differ from these estimates.

In conjunction with our quarterly loan portfolio review, management assesses the performance of each loan, and assigns a risk rating based on several factors including risk of loss, loan-to-value ratio, or LTV, collateral performance, structure, exit plan, and sponsorship.

Loans are rated one through eight, which are defined as follows:

- 1 - Low Risk:** A loan that is expected to perform through maturity, with relatively lower LTV, higher in-place debt yield, and stable projected cash flow.
- 2 - Average Risk:** A loan that is expected to perform through maturity, with medium LTV, average in-place debt yield, and stable projected cash flow.
- 3 - Acceptable Risk:** A loan that is expected to perform through maturity, with relatively higher LTV, acceptable in-place debt yield, and some uncertainty (due to lease rollover or other factors) in projected cash flow.
- 4 - Higher Risk:** A loan that is expected to perform through maturity, but has exhibited a material deterioration in cash flow and/or other credit factors. If negative trends continue, default could occur.
- 5 - Low Probability of Default/Loss:** A loan with one or more identified weakness that we expect to have a 15% probability of default or principal loss.
- 6 - Medium Probability of Default/Loss:** A loan with one or more identified weakness that we expect to have a 33% probability of default or principal loss.
- 7 - High Probability of Default/Loss:** A loan with one or more identified weakness that we expect to have a 67% or higher probability of default or principal loss.
- 8 - In Default:** A loan which is in contractual default and/or which has a very high likelihood of principal loss.

In addition, for certain pools of smaller loans which have similar credit characteristics, primarily loans with an outstanding principal balance of \$10.0 million or less in our consolidated securitization vehicles, we have recorded a general provision for loan losses in lieu of the asset-specific provisions we record on all other loans. This general provision is based on macroeconomic data with respect to historic loan losses, vintage, property type, and other factors deemed relevant for such loan pools. These loans do not undergo the same level of asset management as our larger investments.

In certain cases, we may classify loans as held-for-sale based upon the specific facts and circumstances of particular Loans, including known or expected transactions. Loans held-for-sale are carried at the lower of our amortized cost basis and fair value. A reduction in the fair value of loans held-for-sale is recorded as a charge to our consolidated statement of operations as a valuation allowance on loans held-for-sale.

Real Estate Held-for-Sale

Loan investments where we have foreclosed upon the underlying collateral and own an equity interest in real estate are categorized as real estate owned. We generally do not intend to hold such foreclosed assets for long-term operations and therefore classify such assets as real estate held-for-sale on our consolidated balance sheets. Real estate held-for-sale are carried at the lower of our basis in the real estate and fair value, with reductions in fair value recorded as an impairment of real estate-held-for-sale on our consolidated statements of operations.

Interest Rate Derivative Financial Instruments

In the normal course of business, we use interest rate derivative financial instruments to manage, or hedge, cash flow variability caused by interest rate fluctuations. Specifically, we currently use interest rate swaps to effectively convert floating rate liabilities that are financing fixed rate assets to fixed rate liabilities. The differential to be paid or received on these agreements is recognized on the accrual basis as an adjustment to the interest expense related to the attendant liability. The interest rate swap agreements are generally accounted for on a held-to-maturity basis, and, in cases where they are terminated early, any gain or loss is generally amortized over the remaining life of the hedged item. These swap agreements must be effective in reducing the variability of cash flows of the hedged items in order to qualify for the aforementioned hedge accounting treatment. Changes in value of effective cash flow hedges are reflected on our consolidated financial statements through accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) and do not affect our net income (loss). To the extent a derivative does not qualify for hedge accounting, and is deemed a non-hedge derivative, the changes in its value are included in net income (loss).

To determine the fair value of interest rate derivative financial instruments, we use a third-party derivative specialist to assist us in periodically valuing our interests.

Income Taxes

Our financial results generally do not reflect provisions for current or deferred income taxes on our REIT taxable income. Management believes that we operate in a manner that will continue to allow us to be taxed as a REIT and, as

a result, we generally do not expect to pay substantial corporate level taxes other than those payable by our taxable REIT subsidiaries. Many of these requirements, however, are highly technical and complex. If we were to fail to meet these requirements, we may be subject to federal, state and local income tax on current and past income, and penalties.

Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation

Stock-based compensation expense is recognized in net income using a fair value measurement method, which we determine with the assistance of a third-party appraisal firm. Compensation expense for the time vesting of stock-based compensation grants is recognized on the accelerated attribution method and compensation expense for performance vesting of stock-based compensation grants is recognized on a straight line basis.

The fair value of the performance vesting restricted common stock is measured on the grant date using a Monte Carlo simulation to estimate the probability of the market vesting conditions being satisfied. The Monte Carlo simulation is run approximately 100,000 times. For each simulation, the payoff is calculated at the settlement date, and is then discounted to the grant date at a risk-free interest rate. The average of the values over all simulations is the expected value of the restricted common stock on the grant date. The valuation is performed in a risk-neutral framework, so no assumption is made with respect to an equity risk premium. Significant assumptions used in the valuation include an expected term and stock price volatility, an estimated risk-free interest rate and an estimated dividend growth rate.

Estimates of fair value are not intended to predict actual future events or the value ultimately realized by employees who receive equity awards, and subsequent events are not indicative of the reasonableness of the original estimates of fair value made by us.

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The “Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures” Topic of the Financial Accounting Standards Board, or FASB, Accounting Standards Codification, or the Codification, defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value, and requires certain disclosures about fair value measurements under GAAP. Specifically, this guidance defines fair value based on exit price, or the price that would be received upon the sale of an asset or the transfer of a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Our assets and liabilities which are measured at fair value are discussed in Note 17 to our consolidated financial statements.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

New accounting guidance which was effective as of January 1, 2010 changed the criteria for consolidation of VIEs and removed a preexisting consolidation exception for qualified special purpose entities, which includes certain securitization vehicles. The amended guidance requires a qualitative, rather than quantitative assessment of when a VIE should be consolidated. Specifically, an entity would generally be required to consolidate a VIE if it has (i) the power to direct the activities that most significantly impact the entity’s economic performance, and (ii) the right to receive benefits from the VIE or the obligation to absorb losses of the VIE that could be significant to the VIE.

As a result of the amended guidance, we have consolidated an additional seven VIEs beginning January 1, 2010, all of which are securitization vehicles not sponsored by us. We have consolidated these entities generally due to our ownership interests in subordinate classes of securities issued by the VIEs, which investments carry certain control provisions. Although our investments are generally passive in nature, by owning more than 50% of the controlling class of each vehicle we do control special servicer naming rights, which we believe gives us the power to direct the most significant economic activities of these entities.

Upon consolidation of these seven securitization vehicles, we recorded a one-time adjustment to shareholders’ equity of (\$41.8) million on January 1, 2010. This reduction in equity is due to the difference between the aggregate pre-consolidation book value of our investment in these vehicles (which were accounted for as securities) and the aggregate net assets, or equity, of those vehicles upon consolidation. This difference was primarily caused by asset impairments recorded at the entity-level which are in excess of our investment amount. Due to the fact that the liabilities of these vehicles are entirely non-recourse to us, this excess charge to equity, as well as similar charges on securitization vehicles previously consolidated, will eventually be reversed when our interests in the entities are repaid or sold, or the entities are otherwise deconsolidated in the future.

In January 2010, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update 2010-06, “Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures (Topic 820): Improving Disclosures about Fair Value Measurements,” or ASU 2010-06. ASU 2010-06 amends existing disclosure guidance related to fair value measurements. Specifically, ASU 2010-06 requires (i) details of significant asset or liability transfers in and out of Level 1 and Level 2 measurements within the fair value hierarchy, and (ii) inclusion of gross purchases, sales, issuances, and settlements within the rollforward of assets and liabilities valued using Level 3 inputs within the fair value hierarchy. In addition, ASU 2010-06 clarifies and increases existing disclosure requirements related to (i) the disaggregation of fair value disclosures, and (ii) the inputs used in arriving at fair values for assets and liabilities valued using Level 2 and Level 3 inputs within the fair value hierarchy. ASU 2010-06 is effective for the first interim or annual period beginning after December 15, 2009, except for the gross presentation of the Level 3 rollforward, which is required for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2010 and for interim periods within those years. The adoption of ASU 2010-06 did not have a material impact on our consolidated financial statements. Additional disclosures, as applicable, are included in Note 17.

In July 2010, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update 2010-20, “Receivables (Topic 310): Disclosures about the Credit Quality of Financing Receivables and the Allowance for Credit Losses,” or ASU 2010-20. ASU 2010-20 primarily requires additional disaggregated disclosures of (i) credit risks associated with financing receivables, and (ii) impaired financing receivables and the related allowance for credit losses. ASU 2010-20 is generally effective for the first interim or annual period ending after December 15, 2010; however certain disclosures are not required until the first interim or annual period beginning after December 15, 2010. The adoption of ASU 2010-20 did not have a material impact on our consolidated financial statements. Additional disclosures have been included, as applicable, in the notes to our consolidated financial statements.

In April 2011, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update 2011-02, “Receivables (Topic 310): A Creditor’s Determination of Whether a Restructuring Is a Troubled Debt Restructuring,” or ASU 2011-02. ASU 2011-02 primarily clarifies when creditors should classify loan modifications as troubled debt restructurings and provides examples and factors to be considered. Loan modifications which are considered troubled debt restructurings could result in additional disclosure requirements and could impact the related provision for loan losses. ASU 2011-02 is effective for the first interim or annual period beginning after June 15, 2011, with retrospective application to the beginning of the year. The adoption of ASU 2011-02 will impact how we account for loan modifications, and may result in an increase in the loan modifications we classify as troubled debt restructurings, and therefore our provision for loan losses.

In April 2011, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update 2011-03, “Transfers and Servicing (Topic 860): Reconsideration of Effective Control for Repurchase Agreements,” or ASU 2011-03. ASU 2011-03 primarily removes certain criteria from the consideration of effective control over assets subject to repurchase agreements. The removal of these criteria will generally result in asset transfers pursuant to repurchase agreements being accounted for as secured borrowings, with both the transferred assets and repurchase liability recorded on the transferor’s balance sheet. ASU 2011-03 is effective for the first interim or annual period beginning after December 15, 2011, and is to be applied prospectively to transactions which occur subsequent to the effective date. The adoption of ASU 2011-03 is not expected to have a material impact on our financial statements.

In May 2011, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update 2011-04, “Fair Value Measurement (Topic 860): Amendments to Achieve Common Fair Value Measurement and Disclosure Requirements in U.S. GAAP and IFRSs,” or ASU 2011-04. ASU 2011-04 amends existing guidance on fair value measurements related to (i) instruments held in a portfolio, (ii) instruments classified within shareholders’ equity, (iii) application of the “highest and best use” concept to nonfinancial assets, (iv) application of blockage factors and other premiums and discounts in the valuation process, and (v) other matters. In addition, ASU 2011-04 expanded the required disclosures around fair value measurements including (i) reporting the level in the fair value hierarchy used to value assets and liabilities which are not measured at fair value, but where fair value is disclosed, and (ii) qualitative disclosures about the sensitivity of Level 3 fair value measurements to changes in unobservable inputs used. ASU 2011-04 is effective for the first interim or annual period beginning after December 15, 2011. The adoption of ASU 2011-04 is not expected to have a material impact on our financial statements, however may significantly expand our disclosures related to fair value measurements.

In June 2011, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update 2011-05, “Comprehensive Income (Topic 220): Presentation of Comprehensive Income,” or ASU 2011-05. ASU 2011-05 does not change the items that must be reported in other comprehensive income, however it eliminates the option to present other comprehensive income on the statement of shareholders’ equity and instead requires either (i) a continuous statement of comprehensive income which would replace the current statement of operations, or (ii) an additional statement of other comprehensive income, which would immediately follow the statement of operations, and would report the components of other comprehensive income. In December 2011, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update 2011-12, “Comprehensive Income (Topic 220): Deferral of the Effective Date for Amendments to the Presentation of Reclassification Items Out of Accumulated Comprehensive Income in Accounting Standards Update 2011-05,” or ASU 2011-12. ASU 2011-12 maintained the presentation requirements for comprehensive income under ASU 2011-05, however deferred the requirement to present certain reclassification adjustments into and out of accumulated other comprehensive income on a gross basis. ASU 2011-05 and ASU 2011-12 are both effective for the first interim or annual period beginning after December 15, 2011, and should be applied retrospectively to all periods reported after the effective date. Our early adoption, as permitted, of ASU 2011-05 and ASU 2011-12 as of December 31, 2011 did not have a material impact on our financial statements, other than the change in presentation of comprehensive income as a separate financial statement.

Item 7A. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk

Interest Rate Risk

The principal objective of our asset and liability management activities is to maximize net interest income while minimizing levels of interest rate risk. Interest income and interest expense are subject to the risk of interest rate fluctuations. In certain instances, to mitigate the impact of fluctuations in interest rates, we use interest rate swaps to effectively convert floating rate liabilities to fixed rate liabilities for proper matching with fixed rate assets. Each derivative used as a hedge is matched with a liability with which it is expected to have a high correlation. The swap agreements are generally held-to-maturity and we do not use interest rate derivative financial instruments for trading purposes. The differential to be paid or received on these agreements is recognized as an adjustment to interest expense and is recognized on the accrual basis.

As of December 31, 2011, a 100 basis point change in LIBOR would impact our net income (loss) by approximately \$3.2 million.

Credit Risk

Our loans and investments, including our fund investments, are also subject to credit risk. The ultimate performance and value of our loans and investments depends upon the owners' ability to operate the properties that serve as our collateral so that they produce cash flows adequate to pay interest and principal due to us. To monitor this risk, our asset management team continuously reviews our investment portfolio and in certain instances is in constant contact with our borrowers, monitoring performance of the collateral and enforcing our rights as necessary.

The following table provides information about our financial instruments that are sensitive to changes in interest rates as of December 31, 2011, including instruments held directly by Capital Trust, Inc., as part of the CT Legacy REIT portfolio, and in consolidated securitization vehicles. For financial assets and debt obligations, the table presents face balance and weighted average interest rates. For interest rate swaps, the table presents notional amounts and weighted average fixed pay and floating receive interest rates. These notional amounts are used to calculate the contractual cash flows to be exchanged under each contract.

Financial Assets and Liabilities Sensitive to Changes in Interest Rates as of December 31, 2011

(in thousands)

Capital Trust, Inc. Debt Obligations:

	<u>Secured Notes</u>
Fixed rate debt	\$7,847
Interest rate ⁽¹⁾	8.19%
Floating rate debt	\$—
Interest rate ⁽¹⁾	—

CT Legacy REIT Assets:

	<u>Securities</u>	<u>Loans Receivable</u>	<u>Total</u>
Fixed rate assets	\$27,667	\$55,957	\$83,624
Interest rate ⁽¹⁾	8.71%	8.75%	8.73%
Floating rate assets	\$1,584	\$315,051	\$316,635
Interest rate ⁽¹⁾	2.03%	3.98%	3.97%

CT Legacy REIT Debt Obligations:

	<u>Repurchase Obligations</u>	<u>Mezzanine Loan</u>	<u>Total</u>
Fixed rate debt	\$—	\$65,275	\$65,275
Interest rate ⁽¹⁾	—	15.00%	15.00%
Floating rate debt	\$58,464	\$—	\$58,464
Interest rate ⁽¹⁾	2.80%	—	2.80%

CT Legacy REIT Derivative Financial Instruments:

Notional amounts	\$60,806
Fixed pay rate ⁽¹⁾	5.17%
Floating receive rate ⁽¹⁾	0.30%

Assets of Consolidated Securitization Vehicles:

	<u>Securities</u>	<u>Loans Receivable</u>	<u>Total</u>
Fixed rate assets	\$467,856	\$292,489	\$760,345
Interest rate ⁽¹⁾	6.38%	8.34%	7.13%
Floating rate assets	\$23,084	\$523,228	\$546,312
Interest rate ⁽¹⁾	1.93%	3.31%	3.25%

Non-Recourse Debt Obligations of Consolidated Securitization Vehicles:

	<u>CT CDOs</u>	<u>Other Vehicles</u>	<u>Total</u>
Fixed rate debt	\$212,441	\$108,519	\$320,960
Interest rate ⁽¹⁾	5.36%	6.73%	5.82%
Floating rate debt	\$529,397	\$360,635	\$890,032
Interest rate ⁽¹⁾	0.89%	2.30%	1.46%

Derivative Financial Instruments of Consolidated Securitization Vehicles:

Notional amounts	\$296,556
Fixed pay rate ⁽¹⁾	5.00%
Floating receive rate ⁽¹⁾	0.30%

(1) Represents weighted average rates where applicable. Floating rates are based on LIBOR of 0.30%, which is the rate as of December 31, 2011.

Item 8. Financial Statements and Supplementary Data

The financial statements required by this item and the reports of the independent accountants thereon required by Item 15(a)(2) appear on pages F-2 to F-73. See accompanying Index to the Consolidated Financial Statements on page F-1. The supplementary financial data required by Item 302 of Regulation S-K appears in Note 21 to our consolidated financial statements.

Item 9. Changes in and Disagreements with Accountants on Accounting and Financial Disclosure

None.

Item 9A. Controls and Procedures

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

An evaluation of the effectiveness of the design and operation of our “disclosure controls and procedures” (as defined in Rule 13a-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the “Exchange Act”)), as of the end of the period covered by this annual report on Form 10-K was made under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer. Based upon this evaluation, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer have concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures (a) are effective to ensure that information required to be disclosed by us in reports filed or submitted under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified by Securities and Exchange Commission rules and forms and (b) include, without limitation, controls and procedures designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed by us in reports filed or submitted under the Exchange Act is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

Management’s Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

Management’s Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting, which appears on page F-2, is incorporated herein by reference.

Attestation Report of Registered Public Accounting Firm

The effectiveness of our internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2011 has been audited by Ernst & Young LLP, an independent registered public accounting firm, as stated in their report which appears on page F-4, and is incorporated herein by reference.

Changes in Internal Controls

There have been no significant changes in our “internal control over financial reporting” (as defined in Rule 13a-15 (f) of the Exchange Act) that occurred during the quarter ended December 31, 2011 that have materially affected or are reasonably likely to materially affect our internal control over financial reporting.

Item 9B. Other Information

On February 10, 2012, wholly-owned direct and indirect subsidiaries of CT Legacy REIT Mezz Borrower, Inc., which is itself controlled and majority owned by us, amended their two substantially similar existing Master Repurchase Agreements, one with JPMorgan Chase Bank, National Association, and the other with JPMorgan Chase Funding, Inc., each originally dated as of March 31, 2011. The amendments increase the maximum aggregate purchase price of the two collective facilities to approximately \$124 million with an outside maturity date for both facilities of mid-December 2014, subject to periodic paydown hurdles. Subject to the terms and conditions thereof, the amendments provide for the purchase, sale and repurchase of, inter alia, commercial mortgage loans, commercial real estate mezzanine loans, B-notes, mortgage participations and commercial mortgage-backed securities. Each facility bears interest at an initial rate of 550 basis points over LIBOR, with two potential increases of 50 basis points each during the term if certain paydown hurdles are not met. The foregoing description is qualified in its entirety by reference to the amendments, which will be attached as an exhibit to this report.

Proceeds obtained from the increased repurchase obligation financing was used to effect a full pay off of the \$65.7 million amount outstanding on the mezzanine loan obtained by CT Legacy REIT Mezz Borrower, Inc. from an affiliate of Five Mile Capital Partners LLC.

PART III

Item 10. Directors, Executive Officers and Corporate Governance

The information required by Items 401, 405, 406 and 407(c)(3), (d)(4) and (d)(5) of Regulation S-K is incorporated herein by reference to our definitive proxy statement to be filed not later than April 29, 2012 with the Securities and Exchange Commission pursuant to Regulation 14A under the Exchange Act.

Item 11. Executive Compensation

The information required by Item 402 and paragraph (e)(4) and (e)(5) of Item 407 of Regulation S-K is incorporated herein by reference to our definitive proxy statement to be filed not later than April 29, 2012 with the Securities and Exchange Commission pursuant to Regulation 14A under the Exchange Act.

Item 12. Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management and Related Stockholder Matters

The information required by Items 201(d) and 403 of Regulation S-K is incorporated herein by reference to our definitive proxy statement to be filed not later than April 29, 2012 with the Securities and Exchange Commission pursuant to Regulation 14A under the Exchange Act.

Item 13. Certain Relationships and Related Transactions, and Director Independence

The information required by Items 404 and 407(a) of Regulation S-K is incorporated herein by reference to our definitive proxy statement to be filed not later than April 29, 2012 with the Securities and Exchange Commission pursuant to Regulation 14A under the Exchange Act.

Item 14. Principal Accounting Fees and Services

The information required by Item 9(e) of Schedule 14A is incorporated herein by reference to our definitive proxy statement to be filed not later than April 29, 2012 with the Securities and Exchange Commission pursuant to Regulation 14A under the Exchange Act.

PART IV

Item 15. Exhibits, Financial Statement Schedules

(a) (1) Financial Statements

See the accompanying Index to Financial Statement Schedule on page F-1.

(a) (2) Consolidated Financial Statement Schedules

See the accompanying Index to Financial Statement Schedule on page F-1.

(a) (3) Exhibits

EXHIBIT INDEX

Exhibit Number	Description
3.1.a	Charter of the Capital Trust, Inc. (filed as Exhibit 3.1.a to Capital Trust, Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K (File No. 1-14788) filed on April 2, 2003 and incorporated herein by reference).
3.1.b	Certificate of Notice (filed as Exhibit 3.1 to Capital Trust, Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K (File No. 1-14788) filed on February 27, 2007 and incorporated herein by reference).
3.1 c	Articles Supplementary for Series A Junior Participating Preferred Stock (filed as Exhibit 3.1 to Capital Trust, Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K (File No. 1-14788) filed on March 3, 2011 and incorporated herein by reference).
3.2	Second Amended and Restated By-Laws of Capital Trust, Inc. (filed as Exhibit 3.2 to Capital Trust, Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K (File No. 1-4788) filed on February 27, 2007 and incorporated herein by reference).
3.3	First Amendment to Second Amended and Restated Bylaws of Capital Trust, Inc. (filed as Exhibit 3.1 to Capital Trust, Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K (File No. 1-14788) filed on July 26, 2011 and incorporated herein by reference).
4.1	Rights Agreement, dated March 3, 2011, between the Capital Trust, Inc. and American Stock Transfer & Trust Company, LLC, as Rights Agent (filed as Exhibit 4.1 to Capital Trust, Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K (File No. 1-14788) filed on March 3, 2011 and incorporated herein by reference).
+ 10.1	Capital Trust, Inc. Amended and Restated 1997 Non-Employee Director Stock Plan (filed as Exhibit 10.2 to Capital Trust, Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K (File No. 1-14788) filed on January 29, 1999 and incorporated herein by reference).
+10.2	Capital Trust, Inc. 2007 Long-Term Incentive Plan (the "2007 Plan") (filed as Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K (File No. 1-14788) filed on June 12, 2007 and incorporated herein by reference).
+10.3	2007 Amendment to the 2007 Plan (filed as Exhibit 10.20 to Capital Trust, Inc.'s Annual Report on Form 10-K (File No. 1-14788) filed on March 5, 2008 and incorporated herein by reference).
+10.4	Deferral Election Agreement for Selected Plan Awards, dated as of December 24, 2007, by and between Capital Trust, Inc. and Geoffrey G. Jervis (filed as Exhibit 10.29 to Capital Trust, Inc.'s Annual Report on Form 10-K (File No. 1-14788) filed on March 5, 2008 and incorporated herein by reference).
+10.5	Deferral Election Agreement for Selected Plan Awards, dated as of December 24, 2007, by and between Capital Trust, Inc. and Stephan D. Plavin (filed as Exhibit 10.32 to Capital Trust, Inc.'s Annual Report on Form 10-K (File No. 1-14788) filed on March 5, 2008 and incorporated herein by reference).
+10.6	Deferral Election Agreement for Selected Plan Awards, dated as of December 24, 2007, by and between Capital Trust, Inc. and Thomas C. Ruffing (filed as Exhibit 10.33 to Capital Trust, Inc.'s Annual Report on Form 10-K (File No. 1-14788) filed on March 5, 2008 and incorporated herein by reference).
+10.7	Capital Trust, Inc. 2011 Long Term Incentive Plan (filed as Exhibit 10.1 to Capital Trust, Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K (File No. 1-14788), which was filed with the Commission on June 28, 2011 and incorporated by reference herein).
+10.8	Summary of Non-Employee Director Compensation (filed as Exhibit 10.51 to Capital Trust, Inc.'s Annual Report on Form 10-K (File No. 1-14788) filed on February 28, 2007 and incorporated herein by reference).
10.9	Agreement of Lease dated as of May 3, 2000, between 410 Park Avenue Associates, L.P., owner, and Capital Trust, Inc., tenant (filed as Exhibit 10.11 to Capital Trust, Inc.'s Annual Report on Form 10-K (File No. 1-14788) filed on April 2, 2001 and incorporated herein by reference).

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Exhibit Number	Description
10.10	Additional Space, Lease Extension and First Lease Modification Agreement, dated as of May 23, 2007, by and between 410 Park Avenue Associates, L.P. and Capital Trust, Inc. (filed as Exhibit 10.74 to Capital Trust, Inc.'s Annual Report on Form 10-K (File No. 1-14788) filed on March 5, 2008 and incorporated herein by reference).
10.11	Registration Rights Agreement, dated as of July 28, 1998, among Capital Trust, Vornado Realty L.P., EOP Limited Partnership, Mellon Bank N.A., as trustee for General Motors Hourly-Rate Employees Pension Trust, and Mellon Bank N.A., as trustee for General Motors Salaried Employees Pension Trust (filed as Exhibit 10.2 to Capital Trust's Current Report on Form 8-K (File No. 1-8063) filed on August 6, 1998 and incorporated herein by reference).
10.12	Registration Rights Agreement, dated as of February 7, 2003, by and between Capital Trust, Inc. and Stichting Pensioenfonds ABP (filed as Exhibit 10.24 to Capital Trust, Inc.'s Annual Report on Form 10-K (File No. 1-14788) filed on March 28, 2003 and incorporated herein by reference).
10.13	Registration Rights Agreement, dated as of June 18, 2003, by and among Capital Trust, Inc. and the parties named therein (filed as Exhibit 10.2 to Capital Trust, Inc.'s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q (File No. 1-14788) filed on May 12, 2004 and incorporated herein by reference).
10.14	Securities Purchase Agreement, dated as of May 11, 2004, by and among Capital Trust, Inc. W. R. Berkley Corporation and certain shareholders of Capital Trust, Inc. (filed as Exhibit 10.1 to Capital Trust, Inc.'s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q (File No. 1-14788) filed on October 10, 2010 and incorporated herein by reference).
10.15	Registration Rights Agreement dated as of May 11, 2004, by and among Capital Trust, Inc. and W. R. Berkley Corporation (filed as Exhibit 10.2 to Capital Trust, Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K (File No. 1-14788) filed on May 11, 2004 and incorporated herein by reference).
10.16	Investment Management Agreement, dated as of November 9, 2006, by and between Berkley Insurance Company and CT High Grade Mezzanine Manager, LLC (filed as Exhibit 10.48 to Capital Trust, Inc.'s Annual Report on Form 10-K (File No. 1-14788) filed on February 28, 2007 and incorporated herein by reference).
10.17	Investment Management Agreement, dated as of November 9, 2006, by and between Berkley Regional Insurance Company and CT High Grade Mezzanine Manager, LLC (filed as Exhibit 10.49 to Capital Trust, Inc.'s Annual Report on Form 10-K (File No. 1-14788) filed on February 28, 2007 and incorporated herein by reference).
10.18	Investment Management Agreement, dated as of November 9, 2006, by and between Admiral Insurance Company and CT High Grade Mezzanine Manager, LLC (filed as Exhibit 10.50 to Capital Trust, Inc.'s Annual Report on Form 10-K (File No. 1-14788) filed on February 28, 2007 and incorporated herein by reference).
10.19	Warrant to Purchase Shares of Class A Common Stock of Capital Trust, Inc. issued by Capital Trust, Inc. to JPMorgan Chase Funding, Inc., dated March 16, 2009.
10.20	Warrant to Purchase Shares of Class A Common Stock of Capital Trust, Inc. issued by Capital Trust, Inc. to Morgan Stanley Asset Funding, Inc., dated March 16, 2009.
10.21	Warrant to Purchase Shares of Class A Common Stock of Capital Trust, Inc. issued by Capital Trust, Inc. to Citigroup Financial Products, Inc., dated March 16, 2009.
*10.22	Contribution Agreement, dated as of March 31, 2011, by and among Capital Trust, Inc., CT Legacy Holdings, LLC and CT Legacy REIT Mezz Borrower, Inc. (filed as Exhibit 10.1 to Capital Trust, Inc.'s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q (File No. 1-14788) filed on May 10, 2011 and incorporated by reference herein).

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Exhibit Number	Description
*10.23	Mezzanine Loan Agreement, dated as of March 31, 2011, between CT Legacy REIT Mezz Borrower, Inc. and Five Mile Capital II CT Mezz SPE LLC (filed as Exhibit 10.2 to Capital Trust, Inc.'s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q (File No. 1-14788) filed on May 10, 2011 and incorporated by reference herein).
10.24	Pledge and Security Agreement, dated as of March 31, 2011, by CT Legacy REIT Mezz Borrower, Inc. in favor of Five Mile Capital II CT Mezz SPE LLC (filed as Exhibit 10.3 to Capital Trust, Inc.'s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q (File No. 1-14788) filed on May 10, 2011 and incorporated by reference herein).
10.25	Guaranty, dated as of March 31, 2011, by Capital Trust, Inc. for the benefit of Five Mile Capital II CT Mezz SPE LLC (filed as Exhibit 10.4 to Capital Trust, Inc.'s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q (File No. 1-14788) filed on May 10, 2011 and incorporated by reference herein).
*10.26	Contribution Agreement, dated as of March 31, 2011, by and among Five Mile Capital II CT Mezz SPE LLC, Five Mile Capital II CT Equity SPE LLC and CT Legacy REIT Mezz Borrower, Inc. (filed as Exhibit 10.5 to Capital Trust, Inc.'s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q (File No. 1-14788) filed on May 10, 2011 and incorporated by reference herein).
*10.27	Contribution Agreement, dated as of March 31, 2011, by and among CT Legacy Holdings, LLC, Five Mile Capital II CT Equity SPE LLC and CT Legacy REIT Holdings, LLC (filed as Exhibit 10.6 to Capital Trust, Inc.'s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q (File No. 1-14788) filed on May 10, 2011 and incorporated by reference herein).
10.28.a	Series 1 Secured Note issued by CT Legacy Series 1 Note Issuer, LLC in favor of BNP Paribas, dated as of March 31, 2011 (filed as Exhibit 10.7.a to Capital Trust, Inc.'s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q (File No. 1-14788) filed on May 10, 2011 and incorporated by reference herein).
10.28.b	Series 1 Secured Note issued by CT Legacy Series 1 Note Issuer, LLC in favor of Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas, dated as of March 31, 2011 (filed as Exhibit 10.7.b to Capital Trust, Inc.'s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q (File No. 1-14788) filed on May 10, 2011 and incorporated by reference herein).
10.28.c	Series 1 Secured Note issued by CT Legacy Series 1 Note Issuer, LLC in favor of JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., dated as of March 31, 2011 (filed as Exhibit 10.7.c to Capital Trust, Inc.'s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q (File No. 1-14788) filed on May 10, 2011 and incorporated by reference herein).
10.28.d	Series 1 Secured Note issued by CT Legacy Series 1 Note Issuer, LLC in favor of Morgan Stanley & Co. Incorporated, dated as of March 31, 2011 (filed as Exhibit 10.7.d to Capital Trust, Inc.'s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q (File No. 1-14788) filed on May 10, 2011 and incorporated by reference herein).
10.28.e	Series 1 Secured Note issued by CT Legacy Series 1 Note Issuer, LLC in favor of Wells Fargo Bank, N.A., dated as of March 31, 2011 (filed as Exhibit 10.7.e to Capital Trust, Inc.'s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q (File No. 1-14788) filed on May 10, 2011 and incorporated by reference herein).
10.28.f	Series 1 Secured Note issued by CT Legacy Series 1 Note Issuer, LLC in favor of WestLB CapTrust Holding LLC, dated as of March 31, 2011 (filed as Exhibit 10.7.f to Capital Trust, Inc.'s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q (File No. 1-14788) filed on May 10, 2011 and incorporated by reference herein).
10.29.a	Series 2 Secured Note issued by CT Legacy Series 2 Note Issuer, LLC in favor of Embassy & Co., dated as of March 31, 2011 (filed as Exhibit 10.8.a to Capital Trust, Inc.'s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q (File No. 1-14788) filed on May 10, 2011 and incorporated by reference herein).
10.29.b	Series 2 Secured Note issued by CT Legacy Series 2 Note Issuer, LLC in favor of Hare & Co., dated as of March 31, 2011 (filed as Exhibit 10.8.b to Capital Trust, Inc.'s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q (File No. 1-14788) filed on May 10, 2011 and incorporated by reference herein).

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Exhibit Number	Description
10.29.c	Series 2 Secured Note issued by CT Legacy Series 2 Note Issuer, LLC in favor of JSN Restructure Vehicle 1 Ltd., dated as of March 31, 2011 (filed as Exhibit 10.8.c to Capital Trust, Inc.'s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q (File No. 1-14788) filed on May 10, 2011 and incorporated by reference herein).
10.29.d	Series 2 Secured Note issued by CT Legacy Series 2 Note Issuer, LLC in favor of JSN Restructure Vehicle 1 Ltd., dated as of March 31, 2011 (filed as Exhibit 10.8.d to Capital Trust, Inc.'s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q (File No. 1-14788) filed on May 10, 2011 and incorporated by reference herein).
10.29.e	Series 2 Secured Note issued by CT Legacy Series 2 Note Issuer, LLC in favor of Hare & Co., dated as of March 31, 2011 (filed as Exhibit 10.8.e to Capital Trust, Inc.'s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q (File No. 1-14788) filed on May 10, 2011 and incorporated by reference herein).
10.29.f	Series 2 Secured Note issued by CT Legacy Series 2 Note Issuer, LLC in favor of Talon Total Return Partners LP, dated as of March 31, 2011 (filed as Exhibit 10.8.f to Capital Trust, Inc.'s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q (File No. 1-14788) filed on May 10, 2011 and incorporated by reference herein).
10.29.g	Series 2 Secured Note issued by CT Legacy Series 2 Note Issuer, LLC in favor of Talon Total Return QP Partners LP, dated as of March 31, 2011 (filed as Exhibit 10.8.g to Capital Trust, Inc.'s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q (File No. 1-14788) filed on May 10, 2011 and incorporated by reference herein).
10.29.h	Series 2 Secured Note issued by CT Legacy Series 2 Note Issuer, LLC in favor of HFR RVA Opal Master Trust, dated as of March 31, 2011 (filed as Exhibit 10.8.h to Capital Trust, Inc.'s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q (File No. 1-14788) filed on May 10, 2011 and incorporated by reference herein).
10.29.i	Series 2 Secured Note issued by CT Legacy Series 2 Note Issuer, LLC in favor of GPC 69, LLC, dated as of March 31, 2011 (filed as Exhibit 10.8.i to Capital Trust, Inc.'s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q (File No. 1-14788) filed on May 10, 2011 and incorporated by reference herein).
10.29.j	Series 2 Secured Note issued by CT Legacy Series 2 Note Issuer, LLC in favor of Stifel Nicolaus as custodian for Paul F. Strebel IRA, dated as of March 31, 2011 (filed as Exhibit 10.8.j to Capital Trust, Inc.'s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q (File No. 1-14788) filed on May 10, 2011 and incorporated by reference herein).
*10.30	Amended and Restated Master Repurchase Agreement, dated as of March 31, 2011, between CT Legacy MS SPV, LLC, CT XLC Holding, LLC, Bellevue C2 Holdings, LLC and CNL Hotel JV, LLC and Morgan Stanley Asset Funding Inc. . (filed as Exhibit 10.11 to Capital Trust, Inc.'s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q (File No. 1-14788) filed on May 10, 2011 and incorporated by reference herein).
*10.31	Amended and Restated Master Repurchase Agreement, dated as of March 31, 2011, between CT Legacy Citi SPV, LLC and Citigroup Financial Products Inc. and Citigroup Global Markets Inc. . (filed as Exhibit 10.12 to Capital Trust, Inc.'s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q (File No. 1-14788) filed on May 10, 2011 and incorporated by reference herein).
*10.32	Amended and Restated Master Repurchase Agreement, dated as of March 31, 2011, between CT Legacy JPM SPV, LLC and JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A. (filed as Exhibit 10.9 to Capital Trust, Inc.'s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q (File No. 1-14788) filed on May 10, 2011 and incorporated by reference herein).
• * 10.33	Joinder No. 1 and Amendment No. 1 to Amended and Restated Master Repurchase Agreement, dated as of September 30, 2011, by and among CT Legacy Cayman, LTD, CT Legacy JPM SPV, LLC, CT Legacy Asset, LLC and JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A,

EXHIBIT INDEX

Exhibit Number	Description
• * 10.34	Amendment No. 2 to Amended and Restated Master Repurchase Agreement, dated as of December 29, 2011, by and among CT Legacy Cayman, LTD, CT Legacy JPM SPV, LLC, CT Legacy Asset, LLC and JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A.
• * 10.35	Joinder No. 2 and Amendment No. 3 to Amended and Restated Master Repurchase Agreement, dated as of February 10, 2012, by and among CT Legacy Asset, LLC, CT XLC Holding, LLC, Bellevue C2 Holdings, LLC, CT Legacy Cayman, LTD, CT Legacy JPM SPV, LLC and JPMorgan Chase Bank, National Association
* 10.36	Amended and Restated Master Repurchase Agreement, dated as of March 31, 2011, between CT Legacy JPM SPV, LLC and JPMorgan Chase Funding Inc. (filed as Exhibit 10.10 to Capital Trust, Inc.'s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q (File No. 1-14788) filed on May 10, 2011 and incorporated by reference herein).
• * 10.37	Joinder No. 1 and Amendment No. 1 to Amended and Restated Master Repurchase Agreement, dated as of December 29, 2011, by and among CT Legacy Cayman, LTD, CT Legacy JPM SPV, LLC, CT Legacy Asset, LLC and JPMorgan Chase Funding Inc.
• 10.38	Amendment No. 2 to Amended and Restated Master Repurchase Agreement, dated as of February 10, 2012, by and among CT Legacy Cayman, LTD, CT Legacy JPM SPV, LLC, CT Legacy Asset, LLC and JPMorgan Chase Funding, Inc.
* 10.39	Exchange Agreement, dated as of March 31, 2011, by and among Capital Trust, Inc., CT Legacy Holdings, LLC, CT Legacy Series 1 Note Issuer, LLC, CT Legacy REIT Holdings, LLC, WestLB AG, New York Branch, as administrative agent, and each of WestLB AG, New York Branch, BNP Paribas, Morgan Stanley Senior Funding, Inc., JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas and Wells Fargo Bank, N.A. (filed as Exhibit 10.13 to Capital Trust, Inc.'s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q (File No. 1-14788) filed on May 10, 2011 and incorporated by reference herein).
* 10.40	Contribution and Exchange Agreement, dated as of March 31, 2011, by and among Capital Trust, Inc., CT Legacy Holdings, LLC, CT Legacy Series 2 Note Issuer, LLC, CT Legacy REIT Mezz Borrower, Inc., JSN Restructure Vehicle 1, Ltd. and each of Taberna Preferred Funding VIII, Ltd. and Taberna Preferred Funding IX, Ltd. (filed as Exhibit 10.14 to Capital Trust, Inc.'s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q (File No. 1-14788) filed on May 10, 2011 and incorporated by reference herein).
10.41	Supplemental Indenture, dated as of March 31, 2011, between Capital Trust, Inc. and The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, National Association, as Trustee (filed as Exhibit 10.15 to Capital Trust, Inc.'s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q (File No. 1-14788) filed on May 10, 2011 and incorporated by reference herein).
* 10.42	Redemption Agreement, dated as of March 31, 2011, by and among Capital Trust, Inc., CT Legacy Holdings, LLC, CT Legacy REIT Mezz Borrower, Inc., CT Legacy Series 2 Note Issuer, LLC and Taberna Preferred Funding V, Ltd. (filed as Exhibit 10.16 to Capital Trust, Inc.'s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q (File No. 1-14788) filed on May 10, 2011 and incorporated by reference herein).
* 10.43	Redemption Agreement, dated as of March 31, 2011, by and among Capital Trust, Inc., CT Legacy Holdings, LLC, CT Legacy REIT Mezz Borrower, Inc., CT Legacy Series 2 Note Issuer, LLC and Taberna Preferred Funding VI, Ltd. (filed as Exhibit 10.17 to Capital Trust, Inc.'s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q (File No. 1-14788) filed on May 10, 2011 and incorporated by reference herein).
* 10.44	Exchange Agreement, dated as of March 31, 2011, by and between CT Legacy Holdings, LLC and CT Legacy Series 1 Note Issuer, LLC (filed as Exhibit 10.18 to Capital Trust, Inc.'s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q (File No. 1-14788) filed on May 10, 2011 and incorporated by reference herein).

EXHIBIT INDEX

Exhibit Number	Description
*10.45	Exchange Agreement, dated as of March 31, 2011, by and between CT Legacy Holdings, LLC and CT Legacy Series 2 Note Issuer, LLC (filed as Exhibit 10.19 to Capital Trust, Inc.'s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q (File No. 1-14788) filed on May 10, 2011 and incorporated by reference herein).
*10.46	Exchange Agreement, dated as of March 31, 2011, by and among Capital Trust, Inc., CT Legacy Holdings, LLC, CT Legacy Series 2 Note Issuer, LLC, CT Legacy REIT Mezz Borrower, Inc., and each of Kodiak CDO II, Ltd., Talon Total Return QP Partners LP, Talon Total Return Partners LP, GPC 69, LLC, HFR RVA Opal Master Trust and Paul Strebel (filed as Exhibit 10.20 to Capital Trust, Inc.'s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q (File No. 1-14788) filed on May 10, 2011 and incorporated by reference herein).
11.1	Statements regarding Computation of Earnings per Share (Data required by Statement of Financial Accounting Standard No. 128, Earnings per Share, is provided in Note 12 to the consolidated financial statements contained in this report).
14.1	Capital Trust, Inc. Code of Business Conduct and Ethics (filed as Exhibit 14.1 to Capital Trust, Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K (File No. 1-14788) filed on February 10, 2012 and incorporated herein by reference).
• 21.1	Subsidiaries of Capital Trust, Inc.
• 23.1	Consent of Ernst & Young LLP
• 31.1	Certification of Chief Executive Officer, as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
• 31.2	Certification of Chief Financial Officer, as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
• 32.1	Certification of Chief Executive Officer, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
• 32.2	Certification of Chief Financial Officer, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
++ 101.INS	XBRL Instance Document
++ 101.SCH	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document
++ 101.CAL	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document
++ 101.LAB	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document
++ 101.PRE	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document
++ 101.DEF	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document

+ Represents a management contract or compensatory plan or arrangement.

• Filed herewith.

* Portions of this exhibit has been omitted and filed separately with the Securities and Exchange Commission pursuant to a confidential treatment request under Rule 24b-2 of the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.

++ Attached as Exhibit 101 to this Annual Report on Form 10-K are the following materials, formatted in XBRL (Extensible Business Reporting Language): (i) the Consolidated Balance Sheets as of December 31, 2011 and 2010; (ii) the Consolidated Statements of Operations for the years ended December 31, 2011, 2010, and 2009; (iii) the Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income (Loss) for the years ended December 31, 2011, 2010, and 2009; (iv) the Consolidated Statements of Changes in Equity (Deficit) for the years ended December 31, 2011, 2010, and 2009; (v) the Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the years ended December 31, 2011, 2010, and 2009; and (v) Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements tagged as blocks of text.

Pursuant to Rule 406T of Regulation S-T, this interactive data file is deemed not “filed” or part of a registration statement or prospectus for purposes of Sections 11 or 12 of the Securities Act, is deemed not “filed” for purposes of Section 18 of the Exchange Act, and otherwise is not subject to liability under these sections.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or Section 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

<u>February 14, 2012</u>	<u>/s/ Stephen D. Plavin</u>
Date	Stephen D. Plavin Chief Executive Officer (Principal executive officer)

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, this report has been signed below by the following persons on behalf of the Registrant and in the capacities and on the dates indicated.

<u>February 14, 2012</u>	<u>/s/ Samuel Zell</u>
Date	Samuel Zell Chairman of the Board of Directors

<u>February 14, 2012</u>	<u>/s/ Stephen D. Plavin</u>
Date	Stephen D. Plavin Chief Executive Officer and Director (Principal executive officer)

<u>February 14, 2012</u>	<u>/s/ Geoffrey G. Jervis</u>
Date	Geoffrey G. Jervis Chief Financial Officer (Principal financial officer and Principal accounting officer)

<u>February 14, 2012</u>	<u>/s/ Thomas E. Dobrowski</u>
Date	Thomas E. Dobrowski, Director

<u>February 14, 2012</u>	<u>/s/ Martin L. Edelman</u>
Date	Martin L. Edelman, Director

<u>February 14, 2012</u>	<u>/s/ Edward S. Hyman</u>
Date	Edward S. Hyman, Director

<u>February 14, 2012</u>	<u>/s/ Henry N. Nassau</u>
Date	Henry N. Nassau, Director

<u>February 14, 2012</u>	<u>/s/ Joshua A. Polan</u>
Date	Joshua A. Polan, Director

<u>February 14, 2012</u>	<u>/s/ Lynne B. Sagalyn</u>
Date	Lynne B. Sagalyn, Director

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Schedules other than those listed are omitted as they are not applicable or the required or equivalent information has been included in the consolidated financial statements or notes thereto.

**MANAGEMENT'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER
FINANCIAL REPORTING**

Management is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting, and for performing an assessment of the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2011. Internal control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. The Company's system of internal control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (i) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (ii) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (iii) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

All internal control systems, no matter how well designed, have inherent limitations. Therefore, even those systems determined to be effective can provide only reasonable assurance with respect to financial statement preparation and presentation.

Management performed an assessment of the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2011 based upon criteria in Internal Control-Integrated Framework issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission ("COSO"). Based on our assessment, management determined that the Company's internal control over financial reporting was effective as of December 31, 2011 based on the criteria in Internal Control-Integrated Framework issued by COSO.

The effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2011 has been audited by Ernst & Young LLP, an independent registered public accounting firm, as stated in their report which appears herein.

Dated: February 14, 2012

/s/ Stephen D. Plavin
Stephen D. Plavin
Chief Executive Officer

/s/ Geoffrey G. Jervis
Geoffrey G. Jervis
Chief Financial Officer

**MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSIBILITY FOR FINANCIAL
STATEMENTS**

Capital Trust, Inc.'s management is responsible for the integrity and objectivity of all financial information included in this Annual Report. The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The financial statements include amounts that are based on the best estimates and judgments of management. All financial information in this Annual Report is consistent with that in the consolidated financial statements.

Ernst & Young LLP, an independent registered public accounting firm, has audited these consolidated financial statements in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States) and has expressed herein their unqualified opinion on those financial statements.

The Audit Committee of the Board of Directors, which oversees Capital Trust, Inc.'s financial reporting process on behalf of the Board of Directors, is composed entirely of independent directors (as defined by the New York Stock Exchange). The Audit Committee meets periodically with management, the independent accountants, and the internal auditors to review matters relating to the Company's financial statements and financial reporting process, annual financial statement audit, engagement of independent accountants, internal audit function, system of internal controls, and legal compliance and ethics programs as established by Capital Trust, Inc.'s management and the Board of Directors. The internal auditors and the independent accountants periodically meet alone with the Audit Committee and have access to the Audit Committee at any time.

Dated: February 14, 2012

/s/ Stephen D. Plavin
Stephen D. Plavin
Chief Executive Officer

/s/ Geoffrey G. Jervis
Geoffrey G. Jervis
Chief Financial Officer

Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

The Board of Directors and Shareholders of Capital Trust, Inc.

We have audited Capital Trust, Inc. and Subsidiaries' internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2011, based on criteria established in Internal Control—Integrated Framework issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (the COSO criteria). Capital Trust, Inc. and Subsidiaries' management is responsible for maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting, and for its assessment of the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting included in the accompanying Management's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the company's internal control over financial reporting based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether effective internal control over financial reporting was maintained in all material respects. Our audit included obtaining an understanding of internal control over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk, and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

A company's internal control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Because of its inherent limitations, internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect misstatements. Also, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

In our opinion, Capital Trust, Inc. and Subsidiaries maintained, in all material respects, effective internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2011, based on the COSO criteria .

We also have audited, in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States), the consolidated balance sheets of Capital Trust, Inc. and Subsidiaries as of December 31, 2011 and 2010, and the related consolidated statements of operations, comprehensive income (loss), changes in equity (deficit), and cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2011 of Capital Trust, Inc. and Subsidiaries and our report dated February 14, 2012 expressed an unqualified opinion thereon.

/s/ Ernst & Young LLP

New York, NY
February 14, 2012

Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

The Board of Directors and Shareholders of Capital Trust, Inc.

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Capital Trust, Inc. and Subsidiaries (the "Company") as of December 31, 2011 and 2010, and the related consolidated statements of operations, comprehensive income (loss), changes in equity (deficit), and cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2011. Our audits also included the financial statement schedule listed in the Index at Item 15(a). These financial statements and schedule are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements and schedule based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Company at December 31, 2011 and 2010, and the consolidated results of their operations and their cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2011, in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. Also, in our opinion, the related financial statement schedule, when considered in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole, presents fairly, in all material respects, the information set forth therein.

As discussed in Note 2 to the consolidated financial statements, the Company changed its criteria for consolidation with the adoption of FASB Accounting Standards Codification Topic 810, Consolidation, effective January 1, 2010.

We also have audited, in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States), the Company's internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2011, based on criteria established in Internal Control-Integrated Framework issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission and our report dated February 14, 2012 expressed an unqualified opinion thereon.

/s/ Ernst & Young LLP

New York, New York
February 14, 2012

Capital Trust, Inc. and Subsidiaries
Consolidated Balance Sheets
December 31, 2011 and 2010
(in thousands, except per share data)

	<u>December 31,</u> <u>2011</u>	<u>December 31,</u> <u>2010</u>
Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$34,818	\$24,449
Securities held-to-maturity	—	3,455
Loans receivable, net	19,282	606,318
Loans held-for-sale, net	—	5,750
Equity investments in unconsolidated subsidiaries	10,399	8,932
Accrued interest receivable	—	2,392
Deferred income taxes	1,268	658
Prepaid expenses and other assets	4,533	9,952
Subtotal	<u>70,300</u>	<u>661,906</u>
Assets of Consolidated Variable Interest Entities ("VIEs")		
CT Legacy REIT, Excluding Securitization Vehicles		
Restricted cash	12,985	—
Securities held-to-maturity	2,602	—
Loans receivable, net	206,514	—
Loans held-for-sale, net	30,875	—
Accrued interest receivable and other assets	2,119	—
Subtotal	<u>255,095</u>	<u>—</u>
Securitization Vehicles		
Securities held-to-maturity	358,972	504,323
Loans receivable, net	612,598	2,891,379
Real estate held-for-sale	10,342	8,055
Accrued interest receivable and other assets	59,009	55,027
Subtotal	<u>1,040,921</u>	<u>3,458,784</u>
Total assets	<u>\$1,366,316</u>	<u>\$4,120,690</u>

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

Capital Trust, Inc. and Subsidiaries
Consolidated Balance Sheets
December 31, 2011 and 2010
(in thousands, except per share data)

	<u>December 31, 2011</u>	<u>December 31, 2010</u>
Liabilities & Equity (Deficit)		
Liabilities:		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$8,075	\$6,726
Repurchase obligations	—	372,582
Senior credit facility	—	98,124
Junior subordinated notes	—	132,190
Secured notes	7,847	—
Participations sold	19,282	259,304
Interest rate hedge liabilities	—	8,451
Subtotal	<u>35,204</u>	<u>877,377</u>
Non-Recourse Liabilities of Consolidated VIEs		
CT Legacy REIT, Excluding Securitization Vehicles		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	743	—
Repurchase obligations	58,464	—
Mezzanine loan, net of unamortized discount	55,111	—
Participations sold	97,465	—
Interest rate hedge liabilities	8,817	—
Subtotal	<u>220,600</u>	<u>—</u>
Securitization Vehicles		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	3,102	3,809
Securitized debt obligations	1,211,407	3,621,229
Interest rate hedge liabilities	24,942	29,462
Subtotal	<u>1,239,451</u>	<u>3,654,500</u>
Total liabilities	<u>1,495,255</u>	<u>4,531,877</u>
Commitments and contingencies	—	—
Equity (deficit):		
Class A common stock, \$0.01 par value, 100,000 shares authorized, 21,967 and 21,917 shares issued and outstanding as of December 31, 2011 and 2010, respectively ("class A common stock")	220	219
Restricted class A common stock, \$0.01 par value, 244 and 33 shares issued and outstanding as of December 31, 2011 and 2010, respectively ("restricted class A common stock" and together with class A common stock, "common stock")	2	—
Additional paid-in capital	597,049	559,411
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(40,584)	(50,462)
Accumulated deficit	(667,111)	(920,355)
Total Capital Trust, Inc. shareholders' deficit	<u>(110,424)</u>	<u>(411,187)</u>
Noncontrolling interests	(18,515)	—
Total deficit	<u>(128,939)</u>	<u>(411,187)</u>
Total liabilities and equity (deficit)	<u>\$1,366,316</u>	<u>\$4,120,690</u>

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

Capital Trust, Inc. and Subsidiaries
Consolidated Statements of Operations
For the Years Ended December 31, 2011, 2010, and 2009
(in thousands, except share and per share data)

	<u>2011</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2009</u>
Income from loans and other investments:			
Interest and related income	\$117,162	\$158,794	\$121,971
Less: Interest and related expenses	<u>96,974</u>	<u>123,963</u>	<u>79,794</u>
Income from loans and other investments, net	20,188	34,831	42,177
Other revenues:			
Management fees from affiliates	6,618	7,808	11,743
Incentive management fees from affiliates	—	733	—
Servicing fees	<u>8,497</u>	<u>6,404</u>	<u>1,679</u>
Total other revenues	15,115	14,945	13,422
Other expenses:			
General and administrative	<u>23,867</u>	<u>18,799</u>	<u>22,173</u>
Total other expenses	23,867	18,799	22,173
Total other-than-temporary impairments of securities	(49,309)	(77,960)	(123,894)
Portion of other-than-temporary impairments of securities recognized in other comprehensive income	1,243	9,594	14,256
Impairment of goodwill	—	—	(2,235)
Impairment of real estate held-for-sale	<u>(1,055)</u>	<u>(4,000)</u>	<u>(2,233)</u>
Net impairments recognized in earnings	(49,121)	(72,366)	(114,106)
Recovery of (provision for) loan losses	19,326	(146,478)	(482,352)
Valuation allowance on loans held-for-sale	(1,456)	(2,119)	—
Gain on extinguishment of debt	271,031	3,134	—
Loss on sale of investments	—	—	(10,363)
Income (loss) from equity investments	<u>3,649</u>	<u>3,608</u>	<u>(3,736)</u>
Income (loss) before income taxes	254,865	(183,244)	(577,131)
Income tax provision (benefit)	<u>2,546</u>	<u>2,100</u>	<u>(694)</u>
Net income (loss)	<u>\$252,319</u>	<u>(\$185,344)</u>	<u>(\$576,437)</u>
Add: Net loss attributable to noncontrolling interests	5,823	—	—
Net income (loss) attributable to Capital Trust, Inc.	<u>\$258,142</u>	<u>(\$185,344)</u>	<u>(\$576,437)</u>
Per share information:			
Net income (loss) per share of common stock:			
Basic	<u>\$11.39</u>	<u>(\$8.28)</u>	<u>(\$25.76)</u>
Diluted	<u>\$10.78</u>	<u>(\$8.28)</u>	<u>(\$25.76)</u>
Weighted average shares of common stock outstanding:			
Basic	<u>22,660,429</u>	<u>22,371,264</u>	<u>22,378,868</u>
Diluted	<u>23,950,425</u>	<u>22,371,264</u>	<u>22,378,868</u>

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

Capital Trust, Inc. and Subsidiaries
Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income (Loss)
For the Years Ended December 31, 2011, 2010, and 2009
(in thousands)

	<u>2011</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2009</u>
Net income (loss)	\$252,319	(\$185,344)	(\$576,437)
Other comprehensive income (loss):			
Unrealized gain (loss) on derivative financial instruments	5,453	(6,964)	17,024
Loss on interest rate swaps no longer designated as cash flow hedges	5,038	—	—
Amortization of unrealized gains and losses on securities	(908)	(1,489)	(1,031)
Amortization of deferred gains and losses on settlement of swaps	(109)	(98)	(95)
Other-than-temporary impairments of securities related to fair value adjustments in excess of expected credit losses, net of amortization	(326)	(6,576)	(11,781)
Other comprehensive income (loss)	9,148	(15,127)	4,117
Comprehensive income (loss)	<u>\$261,467</u>	<u>(\$200,471)</u>	<u>(\$572,320)</u>
Add: Comprehensive loss attributable to noncontrolling interests	6,015	—	—
Comprehensive income (loss) attributable to Capital Trust, Inc.	<u><u>\$267,482</u></u>	<u><u>(\$200,471)</u></u>	<u><u>(\$572,320)</u></u>

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

Capital Trust, Inc. and Subsidiaries
Consolidated Statements of Changes in Equity (Deficit)
For the Years Ended December 31, 2011, 2010 and 2009
(in thousands)

	Class A Common Stock	Restricted Class A Common Stock	Additional Paid-In Capital	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss	Accumulated Deficit	Total Capital Trust, Inc. Shareholders' Deficit	Noncontrolling Interests	Total
Balance at December 31, 2008	\$217	\$3	\$557,435	(\$41,009)	(\$115,202)	\$401,444	\$—	\$401,444
Net income (loss)	—	—	—	—	(576,437)	(576,437)	—	(576,437)
Other comprehensive income (loss)	—	—	—	4,117	—	4,117	—	4,117
Cumulative effect of change in accounting principle	—	—	—	(2,243)	2,243	—	—	—
Issuance of warrants in conjunction with debt restructuring	—	—	940	—	—	940	—	940
Restricted class A common stock earned, net of shares deferred	1	(2)	245	—	—	244	—	244
Deferred directors' compensation	—	—	525	—	—	525	—	525
Balance at December 31, 2009	\$218	\$1	\$559,145	(\$39,135)	(\$689,396)	(\$169,167)	\$—	(\$169,167)
Net income (loss)	—	—	—	—	(185,344)	(185,344)	—	(185,344)
Other comprehensive income (loss)	—	—	—	(15,127)	—	(15,127)	—	(15,127)
Cumulative effect of change in accounting principle	—	—	—	3,800	(45,615)	(41,815)	—	(41,815)
Restricted class A common stock earned, net of shares deferred	1	(1)	69	—	—	69	—	69
Deferred directors' compensation	—	—	197	—	—	197	—	197
Balance at December 31, 2010	\$219	\$—	\$559,411	(\$50,462)	(\$920,355)	(\$411,187)	\$—	(\$411,187)
Net income (loss)	—	—	—	—	258,142	258,142	(5,823)	252,319
Other comprehensive income (loss)	—	—	—	9,340	—	9,340	(192)	9,148
Allocation to noncontrolling interests	—	—	37,156	—	—	37,156	(12,623)	24,533
Purchase of noncontrolling interests	—	—	(142)	—	—	(142)	—	(142)
Contributions from noncontrolling interests	—	—	—	—	—	—	125	125
Distributions to noncontrolling interests	—	—	—	—	—	—	(2)	(2)
Consolidation of additional securitization vehicles	—	—	—	538	(4,898)	(4,360)	—	(4,360)
Restricted class A common stock earned, net of shares deferred	1	2	418	—	—	421	—	421
Deferred directors' compensation	—	—	206	—	—	206	—	206
Balance at December 31, 2011	\$220	\$2	\$597,049	(\$40,584)	(\$667,111)	(\$110,424)	(\$18,515)	(\$128,939)

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

Capital Trust, Inc. and Subsidiaries
Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows
For the Years Ended December 31, 2011, 2010 and 2009
(in thousands)

	<u>2011</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2009</u>
Cash flows from operating activities:			
Net income (loss)	\$252,319	(\$185,344)	(\$576,437)
Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities:			
Net impairments recognized in earnings	49,121	72,366	114,106
(Recovery of) provision for loan losses	(19,326)	146,478	482,352
Valuation allowance on loans held-for-sale	1,456	2,119	—
Gain on extinguishment of debt	(271,031)	(3,134)	—
Loss on sale of investments	—	—	10,363
(Income) loss from equity investments	(3,649)	(3,608)	3,736
Distributions of income from unconsolidated subsidiaries	1,898	60	—
Employee stock-based compensation	505	138	293
Incentive awards plan expense	3,054	—	—
Deferred directors' compensation	206	197	525
Amortization of premiums/discounts on loans and securities and deferred interest on loans	(1,872)	(4,842)	(6,172)
Amortization of deferred gains and losses on settlement of swaps	(109)	(98)	(95)
Amortization of deferred financing costs and premiums/discounts on debt obligations	11,984	7,414	7,121
Deferred interest on senior credit facility	—	3,935	2,938
Loss on interest rate swaps not designated as cash flow hedges	6,336	—	—
Changes in assets and liabilities, net:			
Accrued interest receivable	2,475	782	1,587
Deferred income taxes	(611)	1,374	(326)
Prepaid expenses and other assets	(1,813)	(74)	1,264
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	(2,059)	(1,326)	(1,502)
Net cash provided by operating activities	<u>28,071</u>	<u>36,437</u>	<u>39,753</u>
Cash flows from investing activities:			
Principal collections and proceeds from securities	94,407	55,864	17,533
Add-on fundings under existing loan commitments	—	(1,642)	(7,698)
Distributions from equity investments	4,345	—	—
Principal collections of loans receivable	2,001,604	252,379	96,453
Proceeds from disposition of loans	5,750	25,298	12,000
Proceeds from operation/disposition of real estate held-for-sale	—	—	7,665
Contributions to unconsolidated subsidiaries	(3,413)	(5,232)	(3,704)
Return of capital distributions from unconsolidated subsidiaries	3,697	2,200	—
Increase in restricted cash	(12,985)	—	—
Net cash provided by investing activities	<u>2,094,218</u>	<u>328,867</u>	<u>122,249</u>
Cash flows from financing activities:			
Decrease in restricted cash	—	—	18,666
Repayments under repurchase obligations	(314,215)	(78,025)	(135,523)
Repayments under senior credit facility	(22,932)	(5,000)	(3,750)
Repayment of junior subordinated notes	(4,640)	—	—
Borrowing under mezzanine loan	83,000	—	—
Repayments under mezzanine loan	(20,000)	—	—
Repayment of securitized debt obligations	(1,821,498)	(285,784)	(58,816)
Payment of financing costs	(11,126)	—	(7)
Contributions from noncontrolling interests	125	—	—
Purchase of and distributions to noncontrolling interests	(144)	—	—
Purchase of secured notes	(405)	—	—
Vesting of restricted Class A common stock	(85)	—	—
Net cash used in financing activities	<u>(2,111,920)</u>	<u>(368,809)</u>	<u>(179,430)</u>
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	\$10,369	(\$3,505)	(\$17,428)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	24,449	27,954	45,382
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	<u>\$34,818</u>	<u>\$24,449</u>	<u>\$27,954</u>

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

Capital Trust, Inc. and Subsidiaries
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Note 1. Organization

References herein to “we,” “us” or “our” refer to Capital Trust, Inc. and its subsidiaries unless the context specifically requires otherwise.

We are a fully integrated, self-managed, real estate finance and investment management company that specializes in credit sensitive financial products. To date, our investment programs have focused on loans and securities backed by commercial real estate assets. We invest for our own account directly on our balance sheet and for third parties through a series of investment management vehicles. Our business model is designed to produce a mix of net interest margin from our balance sheet investments, and fee income and co-investment income from our investment management vehicles. In managing our operations, we focus on originating investments, managing our portfolios and capitalizing our businesses. From the inception of our finance business in 1997 through December 31, 2011, we have completed approximately \$12.0 billion of commercial real estate debt investments. We conduct our operations as a real estate investment trust, or REIT, for federal income tax purposes. We are traded on the New York Stock Exchange, or NYSE, under the symbol “CT”, and are headquartered in New York City.

March 2011 Restructuring

On March 31, 2011, we restructured, amended, or extinguished all of our outstanding recourse debt obligations, which we refer to as our March 2011 restructuring. Our March 2011 restructuring involved: (i) the contribution of certain of our legacy assets to a newly formed subsidiary, CT Legacy REIT Mezz Borrower, Inc., or CT Legacy REIT, (ii) the assumption of our legacy repurchase obligations by CT Legacy REIT, and (iii) the extinguishment of the remainder of our recourse obligations, our senior credit facility and junior subordinated notes. The restructuring was financed with a new \$83.0 million mezzanine loan obtained by CT Legacy REIT from an affiliate of Five Mile Capital Partners LLC, or Five Mile, and the issuance of equity interests in the common stock of CT Legacy REIT to the former lenders under our senior credit facility and our former junior subordinated noteholders, as well as to an affiliate of Five Mile.

Capital Trust, Inc.

Following the completion of our March 2011 restructuring, we no longer have any recourse debt obligations, and retain unencumbered ownership of 100% of (i) our investment management platform, CT Investment Management Co., LLC, (ii) our co-investment in CT Opportunity Partners I, LP, (iii) our residual ownership interests in three of the CDOs that we issued, CT CDOs I, II, and IV, and (iv) our tax-basis net operating losses. Furthermore, we have a 52% equity interest in the common stock of CT Legacy REIT. Our economic interest in CT Legacy REIT is, however, subject to (i) the secured notes, which are non-recourse obligations that are collateralized by certain of our retained equity interests in the common stock of CT Legacy REIT, (ii) incentive awards that provide for the participation in our retained equity interests in CT Legacy REIT, and (iii) the subordinate class B common stock of CT Legacy REIT owned by our former junior subordinate noteholders. See below for further discussion of the secured notes, management incentive awards plan, and class B common stock.

In addition to our interest in the common stock of CT Legacy REIT, we also own 100% of its outstanding class A preferred stock. The class A preferred stock initially entitles us to cumulative preferred dividends of \$7.5 million per annum, which dividends will be reduced in January 2013 to the greater of (i) 2.5% of CT Legacy REIT’s assets, and (ii) \$1.0 million per annum.

CT Legacy REIT

In connection with the restructuring, we transferred substantially all of our directly held interest earning assets to CT Legacy REIT. The transferred assets included: (i) all of the loans and securities which serve as collateral for the legacy repurchase obligations, except for certain subordinate interests in CT CDOs I and II, (ii) our subordinate interests in CT CDO III, and (iii) 100% of our previously unencumbered loans and securities, which we collectively refer to as our Legacy Assets.

CT Legacy REIT, which is expected to be taxed as a REIT in 2011, is beneficially owned 52% by us, 24% by an affiliate of Five Mile, and 24% by the former lenders under our senior credit facility. In addition, the former holders of our junior subordinated notes received class B common stock, a subordinate class of common stock of CT Legacy REIT, which is described below. Capital Trust, Inc. will manage CT Legacy REIT and the Legacy Assets as a liquidating portfolio.

Capital Trust, Inc. and Subsidiaries
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Subsequent to the March 31, 2011 restructuring, the CT Legacy REIT portfolio received repayments of \$269.6 million, including full loan satisfactions of \$266.4 million and partial repayments of \$3.2 million, which repayments represented approximately 54% of the initial net book value of the CT Legacy REIT portfolio.

Mezzanine Loan

CT Legacy REIT entered into an \$83.0 million mezzanine loan (which was subsequently reduced to \$65.3 million, including deferred interest, as of December 31, 2011) that carries a 15.0% per annum interest rate, of which 7.0% per annum may be deferred, and that matures on March 31, 2016. The mezzanine loan is not recourse to Capital Trust, Inc. except for certain limited non-recourse, "bad boy" carve outs. Proceeds from the mezzanine loan were used to (i) extinguish the senior credit facility, (ii) extinguish the junior subordinated notes, (iii) provide for cash paydowns of the repurchase obligations, (iv) pay transaction expenses, and (v) establish liquidity reserves at CT Legacy REIT.

The mezzanine loan is collateralized by 100% of the equity interests in a subsidiary of CT Legacy REIT, which in-turn owns all of our Legacy Assets, subject in part to the repurchase obligations. Five Mile has consent rights with respect to material actions on the Legacy Assets such as material modifications, sales, and/or the pursuit of certain remedies with regard to the Legacy Assets. The mezzanine loan also contains covenants that (i) prohibit CT Legacy REIT from paying common stock cash dividends until the mezzanine loan has been repaid, (ii) prohibit us from selling or otherwise transferring our equity interests in CT Legacy REIT, and (iii) require the continued employment of certain key employees.

During the second quarter of 2011, \$20.0 million of the mezzanine loan was repaid using proceeds from the satisfaction of former repurchase facility collateral assets. As further described below, during the second quarter of 2011, the Morgan Stanley and Citigroup repurchase obligations were terminated and the remaining collateral thereunder was released.

In addition, as discussed above, an affiliate of Five Mile acquired a 24% equity interest in the common stock of CT Legacy REIT in conjunction with the making of the mezzanine loan.

Repurchase Obligations

Our \$339.6 million of legacy repurchase obligations (which were subsequently reduced to \$58.5 million as of December 31, 2011) with JPMorgan, Morgan Stanley and Citigroup were assumed by wholly-owned subsidiaries of CT Legacy REIT, and the recourse to Capital Trust, Inc. was eliminated. In addition, the facilities were amended with the following terms:

- Each of the repurchase lenders received cash paydowns equal to 10% of their then outstanding balances, in the aggregate \$33.9 million.
- Except for certain key man provisions, all restrictive covenants governing the operations of Capital Trust, Inc. were eliminated, including covenants restricting employee compensation, dividend payments, and new balance sheet investments.
- Net interest margin sweep and periodic amortization provisions were eliminated.
- All forms of margin call or similar requirements under the facilities were eliminated.
- Maturity dates were extended to December 15, 2014 in the case of JPMorgan, January 31, 2013 in the case of Morgan Stanley, and March 31, 2013 in the case of Citigroup, subject in all three cases to periodic required repayment thresholds.
- Interest rates were increased to LIBOR + 2.50% per annum in the cases of JPMorgan and Morgan Stanley, and LIBOR + 1.50% per annum in the case of Citigroup, subject in all three cases to periodic rate increases over the term of each respective facility.

Subsequent to the March 31, 2011 restructuring, \$246.3 million of the legacy repurchase obligations were repaid, including the full repayment and termination of the Morgan Stanley and Citigroup facilities and a release of the remaining collateral thereunder, as well as a \$115.1 million repayment of the JPMorgan facility.

Senior Credit Facility

Our \$98.1 million senior credit facility was fully satisfied and all collateral for the senior credit facility was released in exchange for (i) a cash payment of \$22.9 million, (ii) a 24% equity interest in the common stock of CT Legacy REIT, and (iii) \$2.8 million of secured notes, as further discussed below.

Capital Trust, Inc. and Subsidiaries
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Junior Subordinated Notes

Our \$143.8 million of junior subordinated notes were fully satisfied in exchange for (i) a cash payment of \$4.6 million, (ii) 100% of the subordinate class B common stock of CT Legacy REIT, as further described below, and (iii) \$5.0 million of secured notes, as further discussed below. The subordinate class B common stock is a subordinate class that entitles its holders to receive approximately 25% of the dividends that would otherwise be payable to us on certain of our equity interest in the common stock of CT Legacy REIT, after aggregate cash distributions of \$50.0 million have been paid to all other classes of common stock.

In April 2011, we purchased 118,651 shares of class B common stock of CT Legacy REIT for an average price of \$1.20 per share.

Secured Notes

In conjunction with our March 2011 restructuring and the corresponding satisfaction of our senior credit facility and junior subordinated notes, wholly-owned subsidiaries issued secured notes to these former creditors, which secured notes are non-recourse to us. The secured notes had an aggregate initial face balance of \$7.8 million and are secured by 93.5% of our equity interests in the class A-1 and class A-2 common stock of CT Legacy REIT, which represents 48.3% of the total outstanding class A-1 and class A-2 common stock of CT Legacy REIT. The secured notes mature on March 31, 2016 and bear interest at a rate of 8.2% per annum, which interest may be deferred until maturity. All dividends we receive from our equity interests in the common stock of CT Legacy REIT which serve as collateral under the secured notes must be used to pay, or prepay, interest and principal due thereunder, and only after the notes' full satisfaction will we receive any cash flow from the common equity interests in CT Legacy REIT that serve as collateral for the notes. Any prepayment, or partial prepayment, of the remaining secured notes will incur a prepayment premium resulting in a total payment of principal and interest under the secured notes of \$11.1 million.

In April 2011, we purchased \$405,000 of the secured notes at par.

Management Incentive Awards Plan

Upon completion of our March 2011 restructuring, we granted senior level employees incentive awards issued under our long term incentive plan that participate in amounts earned from our retained equity interest in CT Legacy REIT. The awards provide payments to certain senior level employees equal to as much as 6.75% of the total recovery (subject to certain caps) of our Legacy Assets, net of CT Legacy REIT's obligations, when and if distributed to us as dividends.

Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies**Principles of Consolidation**

The accompanying financial statements include, on a consolidated basis, our accounts, the accounts of our wholly-owned subsidiaries, and variable interest entities, or VIEs, in which we are the primary beneficiary. All significant intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

VIEs are defined as entities in which equity investors (i) do not have the characteristics of a controlling financial interest, and/or (ii) do not have sufficient equity at risk for the entity to finance its activities without additional subordinated financial support from other parties. The entity that consolidates a VIE is known as its primary beneficiary, and is generally the entity with (i) the power to direct the activities that most significantly impact the VIE's economic performance, and (ii) the right to receive benefits from the VIE or the obligation to absorb losses of the VIE that could be significant to the VIE.

Our consolidated VIEs include: (i) the CT Legacy REIT, and (ii) ten securitization vehicles, including our four CT CDOs which were sponsored and issued by us, as well as five other, similar, vehicles. See Note 10 and Note 11 for additional information on our investments in VIEs.

Balance Sheet Presentation

Our consolidated balance sheets separately present: (i) our direct assets and liabilities, (ii) the direct assets and liabilities of CT Legacy REIT, and (iii) the assets and liabilities of consolidated securitization vehicles, some of which are subsidiaries of CT Legacy REIT. Assets of all consolidated VIEs can generally only be used to satisfy the obligations of those VIEs, and the liabilities of consolidated VIEs are non-recourse to us.

Capital Trust, Inc. and Subsidiaries
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

We have aggregated all the assets and liabilities of the consolidated securitization vehicles due to our determination that these entities are substantively similar and therefore a further disaggregated presentation would not be more meaningful. Similarly, the notes to our consolidated financial statements separately describe (i) our direct assets and liabilities, (ii) the direct assets and liabilities of CT Legacy REIT, and (iii) the assets and liabilities of consolidated securitization vehicles, some of which are subsidiaries of CT Legacy REIT.

Equity Investments in Unconsolidated Subsidiaries

Our co-investment interests in the private equity funds we manage are accounted for using the equity method. These entities' assets and liabilities are not consolidated into our financial statements due to our determination that (i) these entities are not VIEs, and (ii) the investors have sufficient rights to preclude consolidation by us. As such, we report our allocable percentage of the earnings or losses of these entities on a single line item in our consolidated statements of operations as income from equity investments.

One such fund, CT Opportunity Partners I, LP, or CTOPI, maintains its financial records at fair value in accordance with GAAP. We have applied such accounting relative to our investment in CTOPI, and include any adjustments to fair value recorded at the fund level in determining the income we record on our equity investment in CTOPI.

Revenue Recognition

Interest income from our loans receivable is recognized over the life of the investment using the effective interest method and is recorded on the accrual basis. Fees, premiums, discounts and direct costs associated with these investments are deferred until the loan is advanced and are then recognized over the term of the loan as an adjustment to yield. For loans where we have unfunded commitments, we amortize these fees and other items on a straight line basis. Fees on commitments that expire unused are recognized at expiration. Income accrual is generally suspended for loans at the earlier of the date at which payments become 90 days past due or when, in the opinion of management, recovery of income and principal becomes doubtful. Income is then recorded on the basis of cash received until accrual is resumed when the loan becomes contractually current and performance is demonstrated to be resumed.

Interest income from our securities is recognized using a level yield with any purchase premium or discount accreted through income over the life of the security. This yield is calculated using cash flows expected to be collected which are based on a number of assumptions on the underlying loans. Examples include, among other things, the rate and timing of principal payments, including prepayments, repurchases, defaults and liquidations, the pass-through or coupon rate, and interest rates. Additional factors that may affect reported interest income on our securities include interest payment shortfalls due to delinquencies on the underlying mortgage loans and the timing and magnitude of expected credit losses on the mortgage loans underlying the securities. These are impacted by, among other things, the general condition of the real estate market, including competition for tenants and their related credit quality, and changes in market rental rates. These uncertainties and contingencies are difficult to predict and are subject to future events that may alter the assumptions.

Fees from special servicing and asset management services are recorded on an accrual basis as services are rendered under the applicable agreements, and when receipt of fees is reasonably certain. We do not recognize incentive income from our investment management business until contingencies have been eliminated. Depending on the structure of our investment management vehicles, certain incentive fees may be in the form of carried interest or promote distributions.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

We classify highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of purchase as cash equivalents. We place our cash and cash equivalents with high credit quality institutions to minimize credit risk exposure. As of, and for the periods ended, December 31, 2011 and 2010, we had bank balances in excess of federally insured amounts. We have not experienced any losses on our demand deposits, commercial paper or money market investments.

Restricted Cash

We classify the cash balances held by CT Legacy REIT as restricted because of limitations imposed on the payment of dividends by CT Legacy REIT to its common equity holders, including us. As further described in Notes 1 and 10, common stock dividends cannot be paid by CT Legacy REIT until the mezzanine loan and repurchase obligations have been satisfied. Accordingly, while these cash balances are available for use by CT Legacy REIT for operations, debt service, or other purposes, they are currently unavailable to us.

Capital Trust, Inc. and Subsidiaries
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Securities

We classify our securities as held-to-maturity, available-for-sale, or trading on the date of acquisition of the investment. Held-to-maturity investments are stated at cost, adjusted for the amortization of any premiums or discounts, which are amortized through our consolidated statements of operations using the level yield method described above. Other than in the instance of an other-than-temporary impairment, as discussed below, these held-to-maturity investments are carried on our consolidated financial statements at their amortized cost basis.

We may also invest in securities which may be classified as available-for-sale. Available-for-sale securities are carried at estimated fair value with the net unrealized gains or losses reported as a component of accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) in shareholders' equity. Changes in the valuations do not affect our reported income or cash flows, but do impact shareholders' equity and, accordingly, book value per share. On August 4, 2005, we changed the accounting classification of certain of our securities from available-for-sale to held-to-maturity. We have not designated any securities as available-for-sale since that time.

Further, as required under GAAP, when, based on current information and events, there has been an adverse change in the cash flows expected to be collected from those previously estimated for one of our securities, an other-than-temporary impairment is deemed to have occurred. A change in expected cash flows is considered adverse if the present value of the revised cash flows (taking into consideration both the timing and amount of cash flows expected to be collected) discounted using the security's current yield is less than the present value of the previously estimated remaining cash flows, adjusted for cash receipts during the intervening period.

Should an other-than-temporary impairment be deemed to have occurred, the security is written down to fair value. The total other-than-temporary impairment is bifurcated into (i) the amount related to expected credit losses, and (ii) the amount related to fair value adjustments in excess of expected credit losses, or the Valuation Adjustment. The portion of the other-than-temporary impairment related to expected credit losses is calculated by comparing the amortized cost basis of the security to the present value of cash flows expected to be collected, discounted at the security's current yield, and is recognized through earnings in the consolidated statement of operations. The remaining other-than-temporary impairment related to the Valuation Adjustment is recognized as a component of accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) in shareholders' equity. A portion of other-than-temporary impairments recognized through earnings is accreted back to the amortized cost basis of the security through interest income, while amounts recognized through other comprehensive income (loss) are amortized over the life of the security with no impact on earnings.

Loans Receivable, Provision for Loan Losses, Loans Held-for-Sale and Related Allowance

We purchase and originate commercial real estate debt and related instruments, or Loans, generally to be held as long-term investments at amortized cost. Management is required to periodically evaluate each of these Loans for possible impairment. Impairment is indicated when it is deemed probable that we will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the contractual terms of the Loan. If a Loan is determined to be impaired, we write down the Loan through a charge to the provision for loan losses. Impairment on these loans is measured by comparing the estimated fair value of the underlying collateral to the book value of the respective loan. These valuations require significant judgments, which include assumptions regarding capitalization rates, leasing, creditworthiness of major tenants, occupancy rates, availability of financing, exit plan, loan sponsorship, actions of other lenders and other factors deemed necessary by management. Actual losses, if any, could ultimately differ from these estimates.

In conjunction with our quarterly loan portfolio review, management assesses the performance of each loan, and assigns a risk rating based on several factors including risk of loss, loan-to-value ratio, or LTV, collateral performance, structure, exit plan, and sponsorship. Loans are rated one through eight, which are defined as follows:

- 1 - Low Risk:** A loan that is expected to perform through maturity, with relatively lower LTV, higher in-place debt yield, and stable projected cash flow.
- 2 - Average Risk:** A loan that is expected to perform through maturity, with medium LTV, average in-place debt yield, and stable projected cash flow.
- 3 - Acceptable Risk:** A loan that is expected to perform through maturity, with relatively higher LTV, acceptable in-place debt yield, and some uncertainty (due to lease rollover or other factors) in projected cash flow.
- 4 - Higher Risk:** A loan that is expected to perform through maturity, but has exhibited a material deterioration in cash flow and/or other credit factors. If negative trends continue, default could occur.

Capital Trust, Inc. and Subsidiaries
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

- 5 - Low Probability of Default/Loss:** A loan with one or more identified weakness that we expect to have a 15% probability of default or principal loss.
- 6 - Medium Probability of Default/Loss:** A loan with one or more identified weakness that we expect to have a 33% probability of default or principal loss.
- 7 - High Probability of Default/Loss:** A loan with one or more identified weakness that we expect to have a 67% or higher probability of default or principal loss.
- 8 - In Default:** A loan which is in contractual default and/or which has a very high likelihood of principal loss.

In addition, for certain pools of smaller loans which have similar credit characteristics, primarily loans with an outstanding principal balance of \$10.0 million or less in our consolidated securitization vehicles, we have recorded a general provision for loan losses in lieu of the asset-specific provisions we record on all other loans. This general provision is based on macroeconomic data with respect to historic loan losses, vintage, property type, and other factors deemed relevant for such loan pools. These loans do not undergo the same level of asset management as our larger investments.

In certain cases, we may classify loans as held-for-sale based upon the specific facts and circumstances of particular Loans, including known or expected transactions. Loans held-for-sale are carried at the lower of our amortized cost basis and fair value. A reduction in the fair value of loans held-for-sale is recorded as a charge to our consolidated statement of operations as a valuation allowance on loans held-for-sale.

Real Estate Held-for-Sale

Loan investments where we have foreclosed upon the underlying collateral and own an equity interest in real estate are categorized as real estate owned. We generally do not intend to hold such foreclosed assets for long-term operations and therefore classify such assets as real estate held-for-sale on our consolidated balance sheets. Real estate held-for-sale are carried at the lower of our basis in the real estate and fair value, less cost to sell, with reductions in fair value recorded as an impairment of real estate-held-for-sale on our consolidated statements of operations.

Deferred Financing Costs

The deferred financing costs which are included in prepaid expenses and other assets on our consolidated balance sheets include issuance costs related to our debt obligations, and are amortized using the effective interest method, or a method that approximates the effective interest method, over the life of the related obligations.

Repurchase Obligations

In certain circumstances, we have financed the purchase of investments from a counterparty through a repurchase agreement with that same counterparty. We currently record these investments in the same manner as other investments financed with repurchase agreements, with the investment recorded as an asset and the related borrowing under any repurchase agreement recorded as a liability on our consolidated balance sheets. Interest income earned on the investments and interest expense incurred on the repurchase obligations are reported separately on our consolidated statements of operations.

Interest Rate Derivative Financial Instruments

In the normal course of business, we use interest rate derivative financial instruments to manage, or hedge, cash flow variability caused by interest rate fluctuations. Specifically, we currently use interest rate swaps to effectively convert floating rate liabilities that are financing fixed rate assets to fixed rate liabilities. The differential to be paid or received on these agreements is recognized on the accrual basis as an adjustment to the interest expense related to the attendant liability. The interest rate swap agreements are generally accounted for on a held-to-maturity basis, and, in cases where they are terminated early, any gain or loss is generally amortized over the remaining life of the hedged item. These swap agreements must be effective in reducing the variability of cash flows of the hedged items in order to qualify for the aforementioned hedge accounting treatment. Changes in value of effective cash flow hedges are reflected on our consolidated financial statements through accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) and do not affect our net income (loss). To the extent a derivative does not qualify for hedge accounting, and is deemed a non-hedge derivative, the changes in its value are included in net income (loss).

To determine the fair value of interest rate derivative financial instruments, we use a third-party derivative specialist to assist us in periodically valuing our interests.

Capital Trust, Inc. and Subsidiaries
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Income Taxes

Our financial results generally do not reflect provisions for current or deferred income taxes on our REIT taxable income. Management believes that we operate in a manner that will continue to allow us to be taxed as a REIT and, as a result, we generally do not expect to pay substantial corporate level taxes other than those payable by our taxable REIT subsidiaries. Many of these requirements, however, are highly technical and complex. If we were to fail to meet these requirements, we may be subject to federal, state and local income tax on current and past income, and penalties. See Note 15 for additional discussion.

Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation

Stock-based compensation expense is recognized in net income using a fair value measurement method, which we determine with the assistance of a third-party appraisal firm. Compensation expense for the time vesting of stock-based compensation grants is recognized on the accelerated attribution method and compensation expense for performance vesting of stock-based compensation grants is recognized on a straight line basis.

The fair value of the performance vesting restricted common stock is measured on the grant date using a Monte Carlo simulation to estimate the probability of the market vesting conditions being satisfied. The Monte Carlo simulation is run approximately 100,000 times. For each simulation, the payoff is calculated at the settlement date, and is then discounted to the grant date at a risk-free interest rate. The average of the values over all simulations is the expected value of the restricted common stock on the grant date. The valuation is performed in a risk-neutral framework, so no assumption is made with respect to an equity risk premium. Significant assumptions used in the valuation include an expected term and stock price volatility, an estimated risk-free interest rate and an estimated dividend growth rate.

Estimates of fair value are not intended to predict actual future events or the value ultimately realized by employees who receive equity awards, and subsequent events are not indicative of the reasonableness of the original estimates of fair value made by us.

Comprehensive Income (Loss)

Total comprehensive income (loss) was \$261.5 million, (\$200.5) million, and (\$572.3) million for the years ended December 31, 2011, 2010, and 2009, respectively. The primary components of comprehensive loss other than net income (loss) are the unrealized gains and losses on derivative financial instruments and the component of other-than-temporary impairments of securities related to the Valuation Adjustment.

There was a one-time \$3.8 million adjustment to accumulated other comprehensive loss upon our adoption of new accounting guidance effective January 1, 2010. See below discussion under "Recent Accounting Pronouncements" in this Note 2 for additional information. See Note 12 for additional discussion of accumulated other comprehensive loss.

Earnings per Share of Common Stock

Basic earnings per share, or EPS, is computed based on the net earnings allocable to common stock and stock units, divided by the weighted average number of shares of common stock and stock units outstanding during the period. Diluted EPS is determined using the treasury stock method, and is based on the net earnings allocable to common stock and stock units, divided by the weighted average number of shares of common stock, stock units and potentially dilutive common stock options and warrants. See Note 12 for additional discussion of earnings per share.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results may ultimately differ from those estimates.

Reclassifications

Certain reclassifications have been made in the presentation of the prior period consolidated financial statements to conform to the December 31, 2011 presentation.

Segment Reporting

We operate in two reportable segments. We have an internal information system that produces performance and asset data for the two segments along service lines.

Capital Trust, Inc. and Subsidiaries
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

The Balance Sheet Investment segment includes our consolidated portfolio of interest earning assets and the financing thereof. The Investment Management segment includes the investment management activities of our wholly-owned investment management subsidiary, CT Investment Management Co., LLC, or CTIMCO, and its subsidiaries, as well as our co-investments in investment management vehicles. CTIMCO is a taxable REIT subsidiary and serves as the investment manager of Capital Trust, Inc., all of our investment management vehicles and CT CDOs, and serves as senior servicer and special servicer for certain of our investments and for third parties.

Goodwill

Goodwill represents the excess of acquisition costs over the fair value of the net assets of businesses acquired. Goodwill is reviewed, at least annually, to determine if there is an impairment at a reporting unit level, or more frequently if an indication of impairment exists. During the second quarter of 2009, we completely impaired goodwill, and therefore do not have any recorded goodwill as of December 31, 2011.

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The “Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures” Topic of the Financial Accounting Standards Board, or FASB, Accounting Standards Codification, or the Codification, defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value, and requires certain disclosures about fair value measurements under GAAP. Specifically, this guidance defines fair value based on exit price, or the price that would be received upon the sale of an asset or the transfer of a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Our assets and liabilities which are measured at fair value are discussed in Note 17.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

New accounting guidance which was effective as of January 1, 2010 changed the criteria for consolidation of VIEs and removed a preexisting consolidation exception for qualified special purpose entities, which includes certain securitization vehicles. The amended guidance requires a qualitative, rather than quantitative assessment of when a VIE should be consolidated. Specifically, an entity would generally be required to consolidate a VIE if it has (i) the power to direct the activities that most significantly impact the entity’s economic performance, and (ii) the right to receive benefits from the VIE or the obligation to absorb losses of the VIE that could be significant to the VIE.

As a result of the amended guidance, we have consolidated an additional seven VIEs beginning January 1, 2010, all of which are securitization vehicles not sponsored by us. We have consolidated these entities generally due to our ownership interests in subordinate classes of securities issued by the VIEs, which investments carry certain control provisions. Although our investments are generally passive in nature, by owning more than 50% of the controlling class of each vehicle we do control special servicer naming rights, which we believe gives us the power to direct the most significant economic activities of these entities.

Upon consolidation of these seven securitization vehicles, we recorded a one-time adjustment to shareholders’ equity of (\$41.8) million on January 1, 2010. This reduction in equity is due to the difference between the aggregate pre-consolidation book value of our investment in these vehicles (which were accounted for as securities) and the aggregate net assets, or equity, of those vehicles upon consolidation. This difference was primarily caused by asset impairments recorded at the entity-level which are in excess of our investment amount. Due to the fact that the liabilities of these vehicles are entirely non-recourse to us, this excess charge to equity, as well as similar charges on securitization vehicles previously consolidated, will eventually be reversed when our interests in the entities are repaid or sold, or the entities are otherwise deconsolidated in the future.

In January 2010, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update 2010-06, “Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures (Topic 820): Improving Disclosures about Fair Value Measurements,” or ASU 2010-06. ASU 2010-06 amends existing disclosure guidance related to fair value measurements. Specifically, ASU 2010-06 requires (i) details of significant asset or liability transfers in and out of Level 1 and Level 2 measurements within the fair value hierarchy, and (ii) inclusion of gross purchases, sales, issuances, and settlements within the rollforward of assets and liabilities valued using Level 3 inputs within the fair value hierarchy. In addition, ASU 2010-06 clarifies and increases existing disclosure requirements related to (i) the disaggregation of fair value disclosures, and (ii) the inputs used in arriving at fair values for assets and liabilities valued using Level 2 and Level 3 inputs within the fair value hierarchy. ASU 2010-06 is effective for the first interim or annual period beginning after December 15, 2009, except for the gross presentation of the Level 3 rollforward, which is required for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2010 and for interim periods within those years. The adoption of ASU 2010-06 did not have a material impact on our consolidated financial statements. Additional disclosures, as applicable, are included in Note 17.

Capital Trust, Inc. and Subsidiaries
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

In July 2010, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update 2010-20, "Receivables (Topic 310): Disclosures about the Credit Quality of Financing Receivables and the Allowance for Credit Losses," or ASU 2010-20. ASU 2010-20 primarily requires additional disaggregated disclosures of (i) credit risks associated with financing receivables, and (ii) impaired financing receivables and the related allowance for credit losses. ASU 2010-20 is generally effective for the first interim or annual period ending after December 15, 2010; however certain disclosures are not required until the first interim or annual period beginning after December 15, 2010. The adoption of ASU 2010-20 did not have a material impact on our consolidated financial statements. Additional disclosures have been included, as applicable, in the notes to our consolidated financial statements.

In April 2011, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update 2011-02, "Receivables (Topic 310): A Creditor's Determination of Whether a Restructuring Is a Troubled Debt Restructuring," or ASU 2011-02. ASU 2011-02 primarily clarifies when creditors should classify loan modifications as troubled debt restructurings and provides examples and factors to be considered. Loan modifications which are considered troubled debt restructurings could result in additional disclosure requirements and could impact the related provision for loan losses. ASU 2011-02 is effective for the first interim or annual period beginning after June 15, 2011, with retrospective application to the beginning of the year. The adoption of ASU 2011-02 will impact how we account for loan modifications, and may result in an increase in the loan modifications we classify as troubled debt restructurings, and therefore our provision for loan losses.

In April 2011, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update 2011-03, "Transfers and Servicing (Topic 860): Reconsideration of Effective Control for Repurchase Agreements," or ASU 2011-03. ASU 2011-03 primarily removes certain criteria from the consideration of effective control over assets subject to repurchase agreements. The removal of these criteria will generally result in asset transfers pursuant to repurchase agreements being accounted for as secured borrowings, with both the transferred assets and repurchase liability recorded on the transferor's balance sheet. ASU 2011-03 is effective for the first interim or annual period beginning after December 15, 2011, and is to be applied prospectively to transactions which occur subsequent to the effective date. The adoption of ASU 2011-03 is not expected to have a material impact on our financial statements.

In May 2011, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update 2011-04, "Fair Value Measurement (Topic 860): Amendments to Achieve Common Fair Value Measurement and Disclosure Requirements in U.S. GAAP and IFRSs," or ASU 2011-04. ASU 2011-04 amends existing guidance on fair value measurements related to (i) instruments held in a portfolio, (ii) instruments classified within shareholders' equity, (iii) application of the "highest and best use" concept to nonfinancial assets, (iv) application of blockage factors and other premiums and discounts in the valuation process, and (v) other matters. In addition, ASU 2011-04 expanded the required disclosures around fair value measurements including (i) reporting the level in the fair value hierarchy used to value assets and liabilities which are not measured at fair value, but where fair value is disclosed, and (ii) qualitative disclosures about the sensitivity of Level 3 fair value measurements to changes in unobservable inputs used. ASU 2011-04 is effective for the first interim or annual period beginning after December 15, 2011. The adoption of ASU 2011-04 is not expected to have a material impact on our financial statements, however may significantly expand our disclosures related to fair value measurements.

In June 2011, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update 2011-05, "Comprehensive Income (Topic 220): Presentation of Comprehensive Income," or ASU 2011-05. ASU 2011-05 does not change the items that must be reported in other comprehensive income, however it eliminates the option to present other comprehensive income on the statement of shareholders' equity and instead requires either (i) a continuous statement of comprehensive income which would replace the current statement of operations, or (ii) an additional statement of other comprehensive income, which would immediately follow the statement of operations, and would report the components of other comprehensive income. In December 2011, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update 2011-12, "Comprehensive Income (Topic 220): Deferral of the Effective Date for Amendments to the Presentation of Reclassification Items Out of Accumulated Comprehensive Income in Accounting Standards Update 2011-05," or ASU 2011-12. ASU 2011-12 maintained the presentation requirements for comprehensive income under ASU 2011-05, however deferred the requirement to present certain reclassification adjustments into and out of accumulated other comprehensive income on a gross basis. ASU 2011-05 and ASU 2011-12 are both effective for the first interim or annual period beginning after December 15, 2011, and should be applied retrospectively to all periods reported after the effective date. Our early adoption, as permitted, of ASU 2011-05 and ASU 2011-12 as of December 31, 2011 did not have a material impact on our financial statements, other than the change in presentation of comprehensive income as a separate financial statement.

Capital Trust, Inc. and Subsidiaries
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Note 3. Securities Held-to-Maturity

As described in Note 1, in conjunction with our March 2011 restructuring of our recourse debt obligations, a significant portion of our assets, including all of our securities, were transferred to a majority-owned subsidiary, CT Legacy REIT. In addition, as described in Note 2, our consolidated balance sheets separately state our direct assets and liabilities and certain assets and liabilities of consolidated VIEs. See Note 10 for disclosures regarding securities that have been transferred to CT Legacy REIT, and see Note 11 for comparable disclosures regarding securities that are held in consolidated securitization vehicles, as separately stated on our consolidated balance sheets.

Prior to their transfer to CT Legacy REIT, our securities portfolio consisted of commercial mortgage-backed securities, or CMBS, collateralized debt obligations, or CDOs, and other securities. Activity relating to our securities portfolio for the years ended December 31, 2011 was as follows (in thousands):

	CMBS	CDOs & Other	Total Book Value ⁽¹⁾
December 31, 2010	\$2,246	\$1,209	\$3,455
Principal paydowns	(45)	—	(45)
Discount/premium amortization & other ⁽²⁾	168	12	180
Other-than-temporary impairments:			
Recognized in earnings	(1,653)	—	(1,653)
Recognized in accumulated other comprehensive income	1,640	—	1,640
Transfer to CT Legacy REIT	(2,356)	(1,221)	(3,577)
December 31, 2011	\$—	\$—	\$—

(1) Includes securities with a total face value of \$36.0 million as of December 31, 2010. All securities have been transferred to CT Legacy REIT on March 31, 2011, as discussed in Note 1.

(2) Includes mark-to-market adjustments on securities previously classified as available-for-sale, amortization of other-than-temporary impairments, and losses, if any.

The following table details overall statistics for our securities portfolio as of December 31, 2011 and 2010:

	December 31, 2011	December 31, 2010
Number of securities	—	7
Number of issues	—	5
Rating ^{(1) (2)}	N/A	CCC
Fixed / Floating (in millions) ⁽³⁾	\$— / \$—	\$2 / \$1
Coupon ^{(1) (4)}	N/A	7.44%
Yield ^{(1) (4)}	N/A	10.54%
Life (years) ^{(1) (5)}	N/A	1.9

(1) Represents a weighted average as of December 31, 2010.

(2) Weighted average ratings are based on the lowest rating published by Fitch Ratings, Standard & Poor's or Moody's Investors Service for each security and exclude unrated equity investments in CDOs with a net book value of \$1.2 million as of December 31, 2010.

(3) Represents the aggregate net book value of our portfolio allocated between fixed rate and floating rate securities.

(4) Coupon is based on the securities' contractual interest rates, while yield is based on expected cash flows for each security, and considers discounts/premiums and asset non-performance. Calculations for floating rate securities are based on LIBOR of 0.26% as of December 31, 2010.

(5) Weighted average life is based on the timing and amount of future expected principal payments through the expected repayment date of each respective investment.

Capital Trust, Inc. and Subsidiaries
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

The table below details the ratings and vintage distribution of our securities as of December 31, 2011 and 2010 (in thousands):

Vintage	Rating as of December 31, 2011			Rating as of December 31, 2010		
	B	CCC and Below	Total	B	CCC and Below	Total
2003	\$—	\$—	\$—	\$—	\$1,210	\$1,210
2002	—	—	—	—	—	—
2000	—	—	—	—	955	955
1997	—	—	—	218	—	218
1996	—	—	—	—	1,072	1,072
Total	\$—	\$—	\$—	\$218	\$3,237	\$3,455

Other-than-temporary impairments

Quarterly, we reevaluate our securities portfolio to determine if there has been an other-than-temporary impairment based upon expected future cash flows from each securities investment. As a result of this evaluation, under the accounting guidance discussed in Note 2, during the first quarter of 2011, we recorded a gross other-than-temporary impairment of \$13,000 prior to the transfer of these securities to CT Legacy REIT. In addition, we determined that \$1.6 million of impairments previously recorded in other comprehensive income should be recognized as credit losses due to a decrease in cash flow expectations for two of our securities.

To determine the component of the gross other-than-temporary impairment related to expected credit losses, we compare the amortized cost basis of each other-than-temporarily impaired security to the present value of its revised expected cash flows, discounted using its pre-impairment yield. Significant judgment of management is required in this analysis that includes, but is not limited to, (i) assumptions regarding the collectability of principal and interest on the underlying loans, net of related expenses, and (ii) current subordination levels at both the individual loans which serve as collateral under our securities and at the securities themselves.

The following table summarizes activity related to the other-than-temporary impairments of our securities during the year ended December 31, 2011 (in thousands):

	Gross Other-Than-Temporary Impairments	Credit Related Other-Than-Temporary Impairments	Non-Credit Related Other-Than-Temporary Impairments
December 31, 2010	\$30,567	\$27,776	\$2,791
Additions due to change in expected cash flows	13	1,653	(1,640)
Amortization of other-than-temporary impairments	(110)	(67)	(43)
Transfer to CT Legacy REIT ⁽¹⁾	(30,470)	(29,362)	(1,108)
December 31, 2011	\$—	\$—	\$—

(1) All securities have been transferred to CT Legacy REIT on March 31, 2011, as discussed in Note 1.

Unrealized losses and fair value of securities

As discussed above, we do not directly own any securities as of December 31, 2011. Historically, certain of our securities have been carried at values in excess of their fair values. This difference can be caused by, among other things, changes in credit spreads and interest rates.

Capital Trust, Inc. and Subsidiaries
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

The following table shows the gross unrealized losses and fair value of our securities for which the fair value is lower than our book value as of December 31, 2010 and that were not deemed to be other-than-temporarily impaired (in millions):

	<u>Less Than 12 Months</u>		<u>Greater Than 12 Months</u>		<u>Total</u>		
	<u>Estimated Fair Value</u>	<u>Gross Unrealized Loss</u>	<u>Estimated Fair Value</u>	<u>Gross Unrealized Loss</u>	<u>Estimated Fair Value</u>	<u>Gross Unrealized Loss</u>	<u>Book Value ⁽¹⁾</u>
Floating Rate	\$—	\$—	\$0.2	(\$1.1)	\$0.2	(\$1.1)	\$1.3
Fixed Rate	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Total	\$—	\$—	\$0.2	(\$1.1)	\$0.2	(\$1.1)	\$1.3

(1) Excludes, as of December 31, 2010, \$2.2 million of securities which were carried at or below fair value and securities against which an other-than-temporary impairment equal to the entire book value was recognized in earnings.

As of December 31, 2010, one of our securities with a book value of \$1.3 million was carried at a balance in excess of its fair value. Fair value for this security was \$158,000 as of December 31, 2010. In total, as of December 31, 2010, we had seven investments in securities with an aggregate book value of \$3.5 million that have an estimated fair value of \$5.5 million, including three investments in CMBS with an estimated fair value of \$5.3 million and four investments in CDOs and other securities with an estimated fair value of \$158,000. These valuations do not include the value of interest rate swaps entered into in conjunction with the purchase/financing of these investments, if any.

We determine fair values using third party dealer assessments of value, and our own internal financial model-based estimations of fair value. See Note 17 for further discussion of fair value.

Note 4. Loans Receivable, net

As described in Note 1, in conjunction with our March 2011 restructuring of our recourse debt obligations, a significant portion of our assets, including all of our loans, were transferred to a majority-owned subsidiary, CT Legacy REIT. Our only remaining loans have been sold to third-parties and recorded as participations sold assets and liabilities, as further described in Note 8. In addition, as described in Note 2, our consolidated balance sheets separately state our direct assets and liabilities and certain assets and liabilities of consolidated VIEs. See Note 10 for disclosures regarding loans receivable that have been transferred to CT Legacy REIT, and see Note 11 for comparable disclosures regarding loans receivable that are held in consolidated securitization vehicles, as separately stated on our consolidated balance sheets.

Activity relating to our loans receivable for the year ended December 31, 2011 was as follows (in thousands):

	<u>Gross Book Value</u>	<u>Provision for Loan Losses</u>	<u>Net Book Value ⁽¹⁾</u>
December 31, 2010	\$978,098	(\$371,780)	\$606,318
Satisfactions ⁽²⁾	(71,070)	—	(71,070)
Principal paydowns	(20,815)	—	(20,815)
Discount/premium amortization & other	(7,653)	—	(7,653)
Recovery of provision for loan losses	—	7,914	7,914
Realized loan losses	(119,584)	119,584	—
Transfer to CT Legacy REIT	(739,694)	244,282	(495,412)
December 31, 2011	\$19,282	\$—	\$19,282

(1) Includes loans with a total principal balance of \$19.3 million and \$979.1 million as of December 31, 2011 and 2010, respectively.

(2) Includes final maturities, full repayments, and sales.

Capital Trust, Inc. and Subsidiaries
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

The following table details overall statistics for our loans receivable portfolio as of December 31, 2011 and 2010:

	December 31, 2011	December 31, 2010
Number of investments ⁽¹⁾	1	29
Fixed / Floating (in millions) ⁽²⁾	\$— / \$19	\$55 / \$551
Coupon ^{(3) (4)}	5.30%	4.02%
Yield ^{(3) (4)}	5.30%	3.81%
Maturity (years) ^{(3) (5)}	1.9	1.7

- (1) Our only remaining loan has been sold to a third party and recorded as a loan participation sold asset and liability, as further described in Note 8.
- (2) Represents the aggregate net book value of our portfolio allocated between fixed rate and floating rate loans.
- (3) Represents a weighted average as of December 31, 2010.
- (4) Calculations for floating rate loans are based on LIBOR of 0.30% and 0.26% as of December 31, 2011 and 2010, respectively.
- (5) Represents the final maturity of each investment assuming all extension options are executed.

The tables below detail the types of loans in our portfolio, as well as the property type and geographic distribution of the properties securing our loans as of December 31, 2011 and 2010 (in thousands):

Asset Type	December 31, 2011		December 31, 2010	
	Book Value	Percentage	Book Value	Percentage
Subordinate interests in mortgages	\$19,282	100%	\$113,591	18%
Senior mortgages	—	—	240,150	39
Mezzanine loans	—	—	229,346	38
Other	—	—	23,231	5
Total	\$19,282	100%	\$606,318	100%

Property Type	December 31, 2011		December 31, 2010	
	Book Value	Percentage	Book Value	Percentage
Hotel	19,282	100%	\$147,014	24%
Office	—	—	307,390	51
Healthcare	—	—	53,705	9
Multifamily	—	—	18,093	3
Retail	—	—	11,460	2
Other	—	—	68,656	11
Total	\$19,282	100%	\$606,318	100%

Geographic Location	December 31, 2011		December 31, 2010	
	Book Value	Percentage	Book Value	Percentage
Southeast	\$9,259	48%	\$170,400	28%
Southwest	8,335	43	94,491	15
Midwest	1,688	9	6,967	1
Northeast	—	—	175,297	29
West	—	—	54,688	9
Northwest	—	—	29,926	5
International	—	—	39,470	7
Diversified	—	—	35,079	6
Total	\$19,282	100%	\$606,318	100%

Loan risk ratings

Quarterly, management evaluates our loan portfolio for impairment as described in Note 2. In conjunction with our quarterly loan portfolio review, management assesses the performance of each loan, and assigns a risk rating based on several factors including risk of loss, LTV, collateral performance, structure, exit plan, and sponsorship. Loans are rated one (less risk) through eight (greater risk), which ratings are defined in Note 2.

Capital Trust, Inc. and Subsidiaries
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

The following table allocates the net book value and principal balance of our loans receivable based on our internal risk ratings as of December 31, 2011 and 2010 (in thousands):

Risk Rating	Loans Receivable as of December 31, 2011			Loans Receivable as of December 31, 2010		
	Number of Loans	Principal Balance	Net Book Value	Number of Loans	Principal Balance	Net Book Value
1 - 3	1	\$19,282	\$19,282	10	\$375,169	\$374,885
4 - 5	—	—	—	8	141,667	126,540
6 - 8	—	—	—	11	462,221	104,893
Total	1	\$19,282	\$19,282	29	\$979,057	\$606,318

In making this risk assessment, one of the primary factors we consider is how senior or junior each loan is relative to other debt obligations of the borrower. The following tables further allocate our loans receivable by both loan type and our internal risk ratings as of December 31, 2011 and 2010 (in thousands):

Risk Rating	Senior Mortgage Loans					
	as of December 31, 2011			as of December 31, 2010		
	Number of Loans	Principal Balance	Net Book Value	Number of Loans	Principal Balance	Net Book Value
1 - 3	—	\$—	\$—	2	\$129,200	\$128,852
4 - 5	—	—	—	4	57,554	57,513
6 - 8	—	—	—	3	66,347	53,785
Total	—	\$—	\$—	9	\$253,101	\$240,150

Risk Rating	Subordinate Interests in Mortgages					
	as of December 31, 2011			as of December 31, 2010		
	Number of Loans	Principal Balance	Net Book Value	Number of Loans	Principal Balance	Net Book Value
1 - 3	1	\$19,282	\$19,282	1	\$48,000	\$48,000
4 - 5	—	—	—	1	28,965	14,483
6 - 8	—	—	—	5	110,585	51,108
Total	1	\$19,282	\$19,282	7	\$187,550	\$113,591

Risk Rating	Mezzanine & Other Loans					
	as of December 31, 2011			as of December 31, 2010		
	Number of Loans	Principal Balance	Net Book Value	Number of Loans	Principal Balance	Net Book Value
1 - 3	—	\$—	\$—	7	\$197,969	\$198,033
4 - 5	—	—	—	3	55,148	54,544
6 - 8	—	—	—	3	285,289	—
Total	—	\$—	\$—	13	\$538,406	\$252,577

Loan impairments

We have no impaired loans as of December 31, 2011. However, certain of our loans receivable which were transferred to CT Legacy REIT had previously been impaired, and are discussed in Note 10.

Capital Trust, Inc. and Subsidiaries
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

The following table details our average balance of impaired loans by loan type, and the income recorded on such loans subsequent to their impairment during the year ended December 31, 2011 (in thousands):

Income on Impaired Loans for the Year Ended December 31, 2011		
Asset Type	Average Net	
	Book Value	Income Recorded ⁽¹⁾
Senior Mortgage Loans	\$17,269	\$255
Subordinate Interests in Mortgages	19,940	225
Mezzanine & Other Loans	—	1,915
Total	\$37,209	\$2,395

(1) Represents income earned on our impaired loans prior to their transition to CT Legacy REIT. Substantially all of the income recorded on impaired loans during the period was received in cash. See also Note 10 for disclosure of income recorded on impaired loans subsequent to their transfer to CT Legacy REIT, substantially all of which was also received in cash.

Nonaccrual loans

In accordance with our revenue recognition policies discussed in Note 2, we do not accrue interest on loans which are 90 days past due or, in the opinion of management, are otherwise uncollectable. Accordingly, we do not have any material interest receivable accrued on nonperforming loans as of December 31, 2011.

Note 5. Loans Held-for-Sale, Net

Activity relating to our loans held-for-sale for the year ended December 31, 2011 was as follows (in thousands):

	Gross Book Value	Valuation Allowance	Net Book Value
December 31, 2010	\$16,130	(\$10,380)	\$5,750
Satisfactions	(16,130)	10,380	(5,750)
December 31, 2011	\$—	\$—	\$—

During the second quarter of 2010, we reclassified a \$16.1 million mezzanine loan to loans held-for-sale, against which we have previously recorded a provision for loan losses of \$10.6 million. During 2010, we increased the book value of this loan by \$263,000 resulting in a net book value of \$5.8 million as of December 31, 2010. The loan was subsequently sold in January 2011 for its net book value of \$5.8 million.

Note 6. Equity Investments in Unconsolidated Subsidiaries

Our equity investments in unconsolidated subsidiaries consist of our co-investments in investment management vehicles that we sponsor and manage. As of December 31, 2011, we had a co-investment in one such vehicle, CT Opportunity Partners I, LP, or CTOPI, in which we have a commitment to invest up to \$25.0 million, or 4.6% of CTOPI's total capital commitments. We have funded \$15.8 million of our commitment as of December 31, 2011 and received \$5.8 million as a return of capital, resulting in a \$10.0 million funded and a \$15.0 million unfunded commitment balance.

Capital Trust, Inc. and Subsidiaries
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Activity relating to our equity investments in unconsolidated subsidiaries for the year ended December 31, 2011 was as follows (in thousands):

	CTOPI	Other	Total
December 31, 2010	\$8,931	\$1	\$8,932
Contributions	3,413	—	3,413
Income from equity investments	3,650	(1)	3,649
Distributions	(5,595)	—	(5,595)
December 31, 2011	<u>\$10,399</u>	<u>\$—</u>	<u>\$10,399</u>

In accordance with the CTOPI management agreement, CTIMCO may earn incentive compensation when certain returns are achieved for the partners of CTOPI, which will be accrued if and when earned, and when appropriate contingencies have been eliminated.

As of December 31, 2011, our maximum exposure to loss from CTOPI was \$8.0 million.

Note 7. Debt Obligations

As described in Note 1, on March 31, 2011, we restructured, amended, or extinguished all of our outstanding recourse debt obligations, which restructuring included the assumption of certain debt obligations by a subsidiary, CT Legacy REIT. In addition, as described in Note 2, our consolidated balance sheets separately state our direct assets and liabilities and certain assets and liabilities of consolidated VIEs. See Note 10 for disclosures regarding debt obligations of CT Legacy REIT, and see Note 11 for comparable disclosures regarding debt obligations of consolidated securitization vehicles, all of which are non-recourse to us, as separately stated on our consolidated balance sheets.

As of December 31, 2011 and 2010, we had \$7.8 million and \$602.9 million of total debt obligations outstanding, respectively. The balances of each category of debt, their respective coupons and all-in effective costs, including the amortization of fees and expenses, were as follows (in thousands):

Debt Obligations	December 31, 2011		December 31, 2010	December 31, 2011		
	Principal Balance	Book Value	Book Value	Coupon	All-In Cost	Maturity Date
Secured notes	\$7,847	\$7,847	\$—	8.19%	8.19%	March 31, 2016
Repurchase obligations						
JPMorgan	—	—	224,915	N/A	N/A	N/A
Morgan Stanley	—	—	105,044	N/A	N/A	N/A
Citigroup	—	—	42,623	N/A	N/A	N/A
Total repurchase obligations	—	—	372,582	N/A	N/A	N/A
Senior credit facility	—	—	98,124	N/A	N/A	N/A
Junior subordinated notes	—	—	132,190	N/A	N/A	N/A
Total/Weighted Average	<u>\$7,847</u>	<u>\$7,847</u>	<u>\$602,896</u>	<u>8.19%</u>	<u>8.19%</u>	<u>March 31, 2016</u>

Secured Notes

In conjunction with our March 2011 restructuring and the corresponding satisfaction of our senior credit facility and junior subordinated notes, wholly-owned subsidiaries issued secured notes to these former creditors, which secured notes are non-recourse to us. The secured notes had an aggregate initial face balance of \$7.8 million and are secured by 93.5% of our equity interests in the class A-1 and class A-2 common stock of CT Legacy REIT, which represents 48.3% of the total outstanding class A-1 and class A-2 common stock of CT Legacy REIT. The secured notes mature on March 31, 2016 and bear interest at a rate of 8.2% per annum, which interest may be deferred until maturity. All dividends we receive from our equity interests in the common stock of CT Legacy REIT which serve as collateral under the secured notes must be used to pay, or prepay, interest and principal due thereunder, and only after the notes' full satisfaction will we receive any cash flow from the common equity interests in CT Legacy REIT that serve as collateral for the notes. Any prepayment, or partial prepayment, of the secured notes will incur a prepayment premium

resulting in a total payment of principal and interest under the secured notes of \$11.1 million.

Capital Trust, Inc. and Subsidiaries
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

In April 2011, we purchased \$405,000 of the secured notes at par.

Repurchase Obligations

On March 31, 2011, our legacy repurchase obligations with JPMorgan, Morgan Stanley and Citigroup were assumed by wholly-owned subsidiaries of CT Legacy REIT, and the recourse to Capital Trust, Inc. was eliminated. See Note 10 for further discussion of these amended facilities at CT Legacy REIT.

Senior Credit Facility

On March 31, 2011, our senior credit facility was fully satisfied and all collateral for the senior credit facility was released in exchange for (i) a cash payment of \$22.9 million, (ii) a 24% equity interest in the common stock of CT Legacy REIT, and (iii) \$2.8 million of secured notes, as discussed above.

Junior Subordinated Notes

On March 31, 2011, our junior subordinated notes were fully satisfied in exchange for (i) a cash payment of \$4.6 million, (ii) 100% of the subordinate class B common stock of CT Legacy REIT, and (iii) \$5.0 million of secured notes, as discussed above.

Note 8. Participations Sold

Participations sold represent interests in certain loans that we originated and subsequently sold to one of our investment management vehicles or to third-parties. We present these participations sold as both assets and non-recourse liabilities because these arrangements do not qualify as sales under GAAP. Generally, participations sold are recorded as assets and liabilities in equal amounts on our consolidated balance sheets, and an equivalent amount of interest income and interest expense is recorded on our consolidated statements of operations. However, impaired loan assets must be reduced through the provision for loans losses while the associated non-recourse liability cannot be reduced until the participation has been contractually extinguished. This can result in an imbalance between the loan participations sold asset and liability. We have no economic exposure to these liabilities.

During the year ended December 31, 2011, (i) a \$75.0 million loan participation sold, which had previously been 100% impaired, was terminated as a result of a restructuring which termination resulted in recognition of a \$75.0 million gain on extinguishment of debt, (ii) a \$97.5 million loan participation sold, which had similarly been 100% impaired, was transferred to CT Legacy REIT, and (iii) a \$51.8 million loan participation sold was fully repaid.

The following table describes our participations sold assets and liabilities as of December 31, 2011 and 2010 (in thousands):

	December 31, 2011	December 31, 2010
Participations sold assets		
Gross carrying value	\$19,282	\$259,304
Less: Provision for loan losses	—	(172,465)
Net book value of assets	19,282	86,839
Participations sold liabilities		
Net book value of liabilities	19,282	259,304
Net impact to shareholders' equity	\$—	(\$172,465)

Note 9. Derivative Financial Instruments

As described in Note 1, in conjunction with our March 2011 restructuring of our recourse debt obligations a significant portion of our assets were transferred to a majority-owned subsidiary, CT Legacy REIT. This transfer included all of our interest rate hedging instruments. In addition, as described in Note 2, our consolidated balance sheets separately state our direct assets and liabilities and certain assets and liabilities of consolidated VIEs. See Note 10 for disclosures regarding interest rate hedging instruments of CT Legacy REIT, and see Note 11 for comparable disclosures regarding interest rate hedging instruments of consolidated securitization vehicles, all of which are non-recourse to us, as separately stated on our consolidated balance sheets.

Capital Trust, Inc. and Subsidiaries
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

As of December 31, 2010, all of our derivative financial instruments were designated as cash flow hedges and recorded at their fair value as interest rate hedge liabilities of \$8.5 million on our consolidated balance sheet. During the year ended December 31, 2011, we did not enter into any new derivative financial instrument contracts.

The table below shows amounts recorded to other comprehensive income and amounts recorded to interest expense from other comprehensive income for the year ended December 31, 2011 and 2010 (in thousands).

<u>Hedge</u>	<u>Amount of gain (loss) recognized in OCI for the year ended ⁽¹⁾</u>		<u>Amount of loss reclassified from OCI to income for the year ended ⁽²⁾</u>	
	<u>December 31, 2011</u>	<u>December 31, 2010</u>	<u>December 31, 2011</u>	<u>December 31, 2010</u>
Interest rate swaps	\$933	(\$4,267)	(\$552)	(\$2,994)

(1) Represents the amount of unrealized gains and losses recorded to other comprehensive income during the period, net of the amount reclassified to interest expense.

(2) Represents net amounts paid to swap counterparties during the period, which are included in interest expense, offset by an immaterial amount of non-cash swap amortization.

Note 10. CT Legacy REIT, Excluding Securitization Vehicles

As described in Note 1, on March 31, 2011, we restructured, amended, or extinguished all of our outstanding recourse debt obligations, and contributed certain of our legacy assets and debt obligations to a newly formed subsidiary, CT Legacy REIT Mezz Borrower, Inc., or CT Legacy REIT.

CT Legacy REIT is a consolidated VIE that is owned 52% by us, 24% by an affiliate of Five Mile, and 24% by the former lenders under our senior credit facility. In addition, the former holders of our junior subordinated notes received class B common stock of CT Legacy REIT, a subordinate class of common stock which entitles its holders to receive approximately 25% of the dividends that would otherwise be payable to us on our equity interest in the common stock of CT Legacy REIT, after aggregate cash distributions of \$50.0 million have been paid to all other classes of common stock.

As of December 31, 2011, our consolidated balance sheet includes an aggregate \$255.1 million of assets and \$220.6 million of liabilities related to CT Legacy REIT. In addition, CT Legacy REIT consolidates three securitization vehicles which are presented on our consolidated balance sheets with other securitization vehicles owned by us directly, which are discussed in Note 11.

The liabilities of CT Legacy REIT are all non-recourse to us, and we are not obligated to provide, nor have we provided, any financial support to CT Legacy REIT.

As described in Note 2, our consolidated balance sheets separately present: (i) our direct assets and liabilities, (ii) the direct assets and liabilities of CT Legacy REIT, and (iii) the assets and liabilities of consolidated securitization vehicles, some of which are subsidiaries of CT Legacy REIT. The following disclosures relate specifically to the direct assets and liabilities of CT Legacy REIT, as separately stated on our consolidated balance sheets.

Capital Trust, Inc. and Subsidiaries
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

A. Securities Held-to-Maturity – CT Legacy REIT

CT Legacy REIT's securities portfolio consists of CMBS, CDOs, and other securities. Activity relating to these securities for the year ended December 31, 2011 was as follows (in thousands):

	CMBS	CDOs & Other	Total Book Value ⁽¹⁾
December 31, 2010	\$—	\$—	\$—
Transfer from Capital Trust, Inc.	2,356	1,221	3,577
Principal paydowns	(142)	—	(142)
Consolidation of additional securitization vehicle ⁽²⁾	(1,121)	—	(1,121)
Discount/premium amortization & other ⁽³⁾	253	35	288
December 31, 2011	<u>\$1,346</u>	<u>\$1,256</u>	<u>\$2,602</u>

- (1) Includes securities with a total face value of \$29.3 million as of December 31, 2011.
(2) Beginning in the third quarter of 2011, CT Legacy REIT consolidated an additional securitization vehicle, which was previously accounted for as part of its securities portfolio with a net book value of \$1.1 million. See Note 11 for additional discussion.
(3) Includes mark-to-market adjustments on securities previously classified as available-for-sale, amortization of other-than-temporary impairments, and losses, if any.

As of December 31, 2011, all of CT Legacy REIT's securities were classified as held-to-maturity.

The following table allocates the book value of CT Legacy REIT's securities as of December 31, 2011 between their amortized cost basis, amounts related to mark-to-market adjustments on securities previously classified as available-for-sale, and the portion of other-than-temporary impairments not related to expected credit losses (in thousands):

	CMBS	CDOs & Other	Total Securities
Amortized cost basis	\$2,321	\$1,256	\$3,577
Mark-to-market adjustments on securities previously classified as available-for-sale	(523)	—	(523)
Other-than-temporary impairments recognized in accumulated other comprehensive income	(452)	—	(452)
Total book value as of December 31, 2011	<u>\$1,346</u>	<u>\$1,256</u>	<u>\$2,602</u>

The following table details overall statistics for CT Legacy REIT's securities portfolio as of December 31, 2011 and 2010:

	December 31, 2011	December 31, 2010
Number of securities	6	—
Number of issues	5	—
Rating ^{(1) (2)}	CCC+	N/A
Fixed / Floating (in millions) ⁽³⁾	\$2 / \$1	\$— / \$—
Coupon ^{(1) (4)}	5.43%	N/A
Yield ^{(1) (4)}	3.31%	N/A
Life (years) ^{(1) (5)}	4.9	N/A

- (1) Represents a weighted average as of December 31, 2011.
(2) Weighted average ratings are based on the lowest rating published by Fitch Ratings, Standard & Poor's or Moody's Investors Service for each security.
(3) Represents the aggregate net book value of the portfolio allocated between fixed rate and floating rate securities.
(4) Coupon is based on the securities' contractual interest rates, while yield is based on expected cash flows for each security, and considers discounts/premiums and asset non-performance. Calculations for floating rate securities are based on LIBOR of 0.30% as of December 31, 2011.
(5) Weighted average life is based on the timing and amount of future expected principal payments through the expected repayment date of each respective investment.

Capital Trust, Inc. and Subsidiaries
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

The table below details the ratings and vintage distribution of CT Legacy REIT's securities as of December 31, 2011 (in thousands):

Vintage	Rating as of December 31, 2011		
	B	CCC and Below	Total
2003	\$—	\$1,256	\$1,256
1997	179	—	179
1996	—	1,167	1,167
Total	\$179	\$2,423	\$2,602

Other-than-temporary impairments

Certain of the securities which were transferred to CT Legacy REIT have previously been other-than-temporarily impaired both during the year ended December 31, 2011, and in prior periods. The following table summarizes activity related to the other-than-temporary impairments of these securities as of December 31, 2011 (in thousands):

	Gross Other-Than-Temporary Impairments	Credit Related Other-Than-Temporary Impairments	Non-Credit Related Other-Than-Temporary Impairments
December 31, 2010	\$—	\$—	\$—
Transfer from Capital Trust, Inc.	30,470	29,362	1,108
Amortization of other-than-temporary impairments	(271)	(153)	(118)
Consolidation of additional securitization vehicle ⁽¹⁾	(3,357)	(2,819)	(538)
Reductions due to realized losses	(285)	(285)	—
December 31, 2011	\$26,557	\$26,105	\$452

(1) Beginning in the third quarter of 2011, CT Legacy REIT consolidated an additional securitization vehicle, which was previously accounted for as part of its securities portfolio with an other-than-temporary impairment of \$3.4 million. See Note 11 for additional discussion.

Unrealized losses and fair value of securities

Certain of CT Legacy REIT's securities are carried at values in excess of their fair values. This difference can be caused by, among other things, changes in credit spreads and interest rates. The following table shows the gross unrealized losses and fair value of securities for which the fair value is lower than their book value as of December 31, 2011, and that are not deemed to be other-than-temporarily impaired (in millions):

	Less Than 12 Months		Greater Than 12 Months		Total		Book Value ⁽¹⁾
	Estimated Fair Value	Gross Unrealized Loss	Estimated Fair Value	Gross Unrealized Loss	Estimated Fair Value	Gross Unrealized Loss	
Floating Rate	\$—	\$—	\$0.2	(\$1.1)	\$0.2	(\$1.1)	\$1.3
Fixed Rate	1.2	—	—	—	1.2	—	1.2
Total	\$1.2	\$—	\$0.2	(\$1.1)	\$1.4	(\$1.1)	\$2.5

(1) Excludes, as of December 31, 2011, \$179,000 of securities which were carried at or below fair value and securities against which an other-than-temporary impairment equal to the entire book value was recognized in earnings.

As of December 31, 2011, two of CT Legacy REIT's securities with an aggregate book value of \$2.5 million were carried at a value in excess of their fair value. Fair value for these securities was \$1.4 million as of December 31, 2011. In total, as of December 31, 2011, CT Legacy REIT had six investments in securities with an aggregate book value of \$2.6 million that have an estimated fair value of \$1.6 million, including two investments in CMBS with an estimated fair value of \$1.4 million and four investments in CDOs and other securities with an estimated fair value of \$158,000.

Capital Trust, Inc. and Subsidiaries
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

We determine fair values using third party dealer assessments of value, and our own internal financial model-based estimations of fair value. See Note 17 for further discussion of fair value. We regularly examine CT Legacy REIT's securities portfolio and have determined that, despite the differences between book value and fair value discussed above, our expectations of future cash flows have changed adversely for six of Legacy REIT's securities, against which we have recognized other-than-temporary-impairments.

Our estimation of cash flows expected to be generated by our securities portfolio is based upon an internal review of the underlying loans securing our investments both on an absolute basis and compared to our initial underwriting for each investment. Our efforts are supplemented by third-party research reports, third-party market assessments and our dialogue with market participants. As of December 31, 2011, we do not intend to sell Legacy REIT's securities, nor do we believe it is more likely than not that we will be required to sell Legacy REIT's securities before recovery of their amortized cost bases, which may be at maturity. This, combined with our assessment of cash flows, is the basis for our conclusion that these investments are not impaired, other than as described above, despite the differences between estimated fair value and book value. We attribute the difference between book value and estimated fair value to the current market dislocation and a general negative bias against structured financial products such as CMBS and CDOs.

Investments in variable interest entities

CT Legacy REIT's securities portfolio includes investments in both CMBS and CDOs, which securitization structures are generally considered VIEs. We have not consolidated these VIEs due to our determination that, based on the structural provisions of each entity and the nature of our investments, we do not have the power to direct the activities that most significantly impact these entities' economic performance.

These securities were acquired through investment, and do not represent a securitization or other transfer of our assets. We are not named as special servicer on these investments, nor do we have the right to name special servicer.

CT Legacy REIT is not obligated to provide, nor has it provided, any financial support to these entities. As of December 31, 2011, CT Legacy REIT's investment in these entities is \$29.3 million, the principal amount of its securities portfolio. We have recorded other-than-temporary impairments of \$26.6 million against this portfolio, resulting in a net exposure to loss of \$2.6 million as of December 31, 2011.

Capital Trust, Inc. and Subsidiaries
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

B. Loans Receivable, Net – CT Legacy REIT

Activity relating to CT Legacy REIT's loans receivable for the year ended December 31, 2011 was as follows (in thousands):

	Gross Book Value	Provision for Loan Losses	Net Book Value ⁽¹⁾
December 31, 2010	\$—	\$—	\$—
Transfer from Capital Trust, Inc. on March 31, 2011	739,694	(244,282)	495,412
Satisfactions ⁽²⁾	(270,407)	—	(270,407)
Principal paydowns	(268)	—	(268)
Discount/premium amortization & other	1,060	—	1,060
Recovery of provision for loan losses	—	13,048	13,048
Realized loan losses	(1,434)	1,434	—
Reclassification to loans held-for-sale	(32,331)	—	(32,331)
December 31, 2011	<u>\$436,314</u>	<u>(\$229,800)</u>	<u>\$206,514</u>

(1) Includes loans with a total principal balance of \$436.0 million as of December 31, 2011.

(2) Includes final maturities, full repayments, and sales.

The following table details overall statistics for CT Legacy REIT's loans receivable portfolio as of December 31, 2011 and 2010:

	December 31, 2011	December 31, 2010
Number of investments	17	—
Fixed / Floating (in millions) ⁽¹⁾	\$56 / \$151	\$— / \$—
Coupon ^{(2) (3)}	4.59%	N/A
Yield ^{(2) (3)}	5.21%	N/A
Maturity (years) ^{(2) (4)}	1.4	N/A

(1) Represents the aggregate net book value of the portfolio allocated between fixed rate and floating rate loans.

(2) Represents a weighted average as of December 31, 2011.

(3) Calculations for floating rate loans are based on LIBOR of 0.30% as of December 31, 2011.

(4) Represents the final maturity of each investment assuming all extension options are executed.

Capital Trust, Inc. and Subsidiaries
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

The tables below detail the types of loans in CT Legacy REIT's portfolio, as well as the property type and geographic distribution of the properties securing these loans, as of December 31, 2011 and 2010 (in thousands):

Asset Type	December 31, 2011		December 31, 2010	
	Book Value	Percentage	Book Value	Percentage
Senior mortgages	\$77,986	37%	\$—	—%
Subordinate interests in mortgages	58,078	28	—	—
Mezzanine loans	47,271	23	—	—
Other	23,179	12	—	—
Total	\$206,514	100%	\$—	—%

Property Type	December 31, 2011		December 31, 2010	
	Book Value	Percentage	Book Value	Percentage
Office	\$84,519	41%	\$—	—%
Hotel	75,240	36	—	—
Multifamily	14,212	7	—	—
Other	32,543	16	—	—
Total	\$206,514	100%	\$—	—%

Geographic Location	December 31, 2011		December 31, 2010	
	Book Value	Percentage	Book Value	Percentage
Northeast	\$64,040	31%	\$—	—%
Southwest	40,353	19	—	—
West	38,179	18	—	—
Southeast	20,076	10	—	—
Northwest	9,364	5	—	—
International	34,502	17	—	—
Total	\$206,514	100%	\$—	—%

Loan risk ratings

Quarterly, management evaluates CT Legacy REIT's loan portfolio for impairment as described in Note 2. In conjunction with our quarterly loan portfolio review, management assesses the performance of each loan, and assigns a risk rating based on several factors including risk of loss, LTV, collateral performance, structure, exit plan, and sponsorship. Loans are rated one (less risk) through eight (greater risk), which ratings are defined in Note 2.

The following table allocates the net book value and principal balance of CT Legacy REIT's loans receivable based on our internal risk ratings as of December 31, 2011 and 2010 (in thousands):

Risk Rating	Loans Receivable as of December 31, 2011			Loans Receivable as of December 31, 2010		
	Number of Loans	Principal Balance	Net Book Value	Number of Loans	Principal Balance	Net Book Value
1 - 3	5	\$91,940	\$92,333	—	\$—	\$—
4 - 5	5	64,151	64,127	—	—	—
6 - 8	7	279,882	50,054	—	—	—
Total	17	\$435,973	\$206,514	—	\$—	\$—

Capital Trust, Inc. and Subsidiaries
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

In making this risk assessment, one of the primary factors we consider is how senior or junior each loan is relative to other debt obligations of the borrower. The following tables further allocate CT Legacy REIT's loans receivable by both loan type and our internal risk ratings as of December 31, 2011 and 2010 (in thousands):

Senior Mortgage Loans						
Risk Rating	as of December 31, 2011			as of December 31, 2010		
	Number of Loans	Principal Balance	Net Book Value	Number of Loans	Principal Balance	Net Book Value
1 - 3	1	\$27,503	\$27,503	—	\$—	\$—
4 - 5	2	21,000	20,976	—	—	—
6 - 8	2	42,569	29,507	—	—	—
Total	5	\$91,072	\$77,986	—	\$—	\$—

Subordinate Interests in Mortgages						
Risk Rating	as of December 31, 2011			as of December 31, 2010		
	Number of Loans	Principal Balance	Net Book Value	Number of Loans	Principal Balance	Net Book Value
1 - 3	1	\$13,000	\$13,000	—	\$—	\$—
4 - 5	1	24,531	24,531	—	—	—
6 - 8	4	85,024	20,547	—	—	—
Total	6	\$122,555	\$58,078	—	\$—	\$—

Mezzanine & Other Loans						
Risk Rating	as of December 31, 2011			as of December 31, 2010		
	Number of Loans	Principal Balance	Net Book Value	Number of Loans	Principal Balance	Net Book Value
1 - 3	3	\$51,437	\$51,830	—	\$—	\$—
4 - 5	2	18,620	18,620	—	—	—
6 - 8	1	152,289	—	—	—	—
Total	6	\$222,346	\$70,450	—	\$—	\$—

Loan impairments

The following table describes CT Legacy REIT's impaired loans as of December 31, 2011, including impaired loans that are current in their interest payments and those that are delinquent on contractual payments (in thousands):

December 31, 2011				
Impaired Loans	No. of Loans	Gross Book Value	Provision for Loan Loss	Net Book Value
Performing loans	2	\$192,652	(\$183,289)	\$9,363
Non-performing loans	3	68,120	(46,511)	21,609
Total impaired loans	5	\$260,772	(\$229,800)	\$30,972

The following table details the allocation of CT Legacy REIT's provision for loan losses as of December 31, 2011 (in thousands):

December 31, 2011			
Impaired Loans	Principal Balance	Provision for Loan Loss	Loss Severity
Mezzanine & other loans	\$152,289	\$152,289	100%
Subordinate interests in mortgages	83,812	64,449	77
Senior mortgages	24,700	13,062	53
Total/Weighted Average	\$260,801	\$229,800	88%

Capital Trust, Inc. and Subsidiaries
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Generally, we have recorded provisions for loan loss against all loans which are in maturity default, or otherwise have past-due principal payments. As of December 31, 2011, CT Legacy REIT had four loans with an aggregate net book value of \$51.6 million which were in maturity default but had no provision recorded. We expect to collect all principal and interest due under these loans upon their resolution.

The following table details CT Legacy REIT's average balance of impaired loans by loan type, and the income recorded on such loans subsequent to their impairment during the year ended December 31, 2011 (in thousands):

Income on Impaired Loans for the Year Ended December 31, 2011		
Asset Type	Average Net Book Value	Income Recorded ⁽¹⁾
Senior Mortgage Loans	\$10,150	\$388
Subordinate Interests in Mortgages	22,340	208
Mezzanine & Other Loans	—	4,891
Total	\$32,490	\$5,487

(1) Substantially all of the income recorded on impaired loans during the period was received in cash. See also Note 4 for disclosure of income recorded on impaired loans prior to their transfer to CT Legacy REIT, substantially all of which was also received in cash.

Nonaccrual loans

In accordance with our revenue recognition policies discussed in Note 2, we do not accrue interest on loans which are 90 days past due or, in the opinion of management, are otherwise uncollectable. Accordingly, we do not have any material interest receivable accrued on CT Legacy REIT's nonperforming loans as of December 31, 2011.

The following table details CT Legacy REIT's loans receivable which are on nonaccrual status as of December 31, 2011 (in thousands):

Non-Accrual Loans Receivable as of December 31, 2011		
Asset Type	Principal Balance	Net Book Value
Senior Mortgage Loans	\$24,700	\$11,638
Subordinate Interests in Mortgages	85,024	20,547
Mezzanine & Other Loans	152,289	—
Total	\$262,013	\$32,185

Loan modifications

During the year ended December 31, 2011, two modifications of CT Legacy REIT loans were considered troubled debt restructurings, as defined under GAAP. A troubled debt restructuring is generally any modification of a loan to a borrower that is experiencing financial difficulties, where a lender agrees to terms that are more favorable to the borrower than is otherwise available in the current market. These loan modifications included: (i) a nine-month extension of a \$19.0 million senior mortgage loan which is in maturity default, and (ii) a two-year forbearance of a \$24.3 million subordinate mortgage interest, including a 2.0% spread increase which will accrue on a deferred basis. Both of these loans have been individually assessed for impairment, and have not been impaired due to our determination that the underlying collateral value is sufficient to cover our investment in the loans.

Capital Trust, Inc. and Subsidiaries
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

C. Loans Held-for-Sale, Net – CT Legacy REIT

Activity relating to CT Legacy REIT's loans held-for-sale for the year ended December 31, 2011 was as follows (in thousands):

	Gross Book Value	Valuation Allowance	Net Book Value
December 31, 2010	\$—	\$—	\$—
Reclassification from loans receivable	32,331	—	32,331
Valuation allowance on loans held-for-sale	—	(1,456)	(1,456)
December 31, 2011	<u>\$32,331</u>	<u>(\$1,456)</u>	<u>\$30,875</u>

During the second quarter of 2011, CT Legacy REIT reclassified a \$32.5 million senior mortgage loan to loans held-for-sale, against which it had recorded a \$224,000 valuation allowance to reflect this loan at its approximate fair value. During the fourth quarter of 2011, CT Legacy REIT recorded an additional \$1.2 million valuation allowance to reflect this loan at its approximate fair value as of December 31, 2011.

D. Debt Obligations – CT Legacy REIT

As of December 31, 2011, CT Legacy REIT had \$113.6 million of total debt obligations outstanding. The balances of each category of debt, their respective coupons and all-in effective costs (including the amortization of fees and expenses) were as follows (in thousands):

Debt Obligations	December 31, 2011		December 31, 2010	December 31, 2011		
	Principal Balance	Book Value	Book Value	Coupon (¹)	All-In Cost (¹)	Maturity Date (²)
Repurchase obligation (JPMorgan)	\$58,464	\$58,464	\$—	2.80%	2.80%	December 15, 2014
Mezzanine loan (³)	65,275	55,111	—	15.00%	18.61%	March 31, 2016
Total/Weighted Average	<u>\$123,739</u>	<u>\$113,575</u>	<u>\$—</u>	<u>9.24%</u>	<u>11.14% (⁴)</u>	<u>August 20, 2015</u>

(1) Assumes LIBOR of 0.30% at December 31, 2011 for floating rate debt obligations.

(2) Maturity dates represent the contractual maturity of each facility.

(3) The mezzanine loan carries a 15.0% per annum interest rate, of which 7.0% per annum may be deferred. The all-in cost of the mezzanine loan includes the amortization of deferred fees and expenses.

(4) Including the impact of interest rate hedges with an aggregate notional balance of \$60.8 million as of December 31, 2011, the effective all-in cost of CT Legacy REIT's debt obligations would be 13.46% per annum.

Repurchase Obligations

In conjunction with our March 2011 restructuring, on March 31, 2011 our legacy repurchase obligations with JPMorgan, Morgan Stanley and Citigroup were assumed by wholly-owned subsidiaries of CT Legacy REIT, and the recourse to Capital Trust, Inc. was eliminated. The balances then outstanding under the three repurchase obligations with JP Morgan, Morgan Stanley and Citigroup were \$173.5 million, \$93.2 million, and \$38.1 million, respectively.

During the second quarter of 2011, the Morgan Stanley and Citigroup repurchase obligations were fully repaid and extinguished, and the remaining collateral thereunder was released.

The JPMorgan facility matures on December 15, 2014 and bears interest at a rate of LIBOR + 2.50% per annum (2.80% as of December 31, 2011), which rate will increase to LIBOR + 3.00% per annum for the period from March 31, 2013 through March 30, 2014, and then to LIBOR + 3.50% per annum for the period from March 31, 2014 through maturity. In addition, periodic repayment targets must be met under the facility, which require the outstanding balance be reduced to: \$110.0 million by December 15, 2011, \$65.0 million by December 15, 2012, and \$30.0 million by December 15, 2013. As of December 31, 2011, the JPMorgan facility had an outstanding balance of \$58.5 million.

Capital Trust, Inc. and Subsidiaries
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Subsequent to year-end, in February 2012, we refinanced the JPMorgan repurchase facility and the mezzanine loan with a single, new \$124.0 million repurchase facility with JPMorgan. The new facility matures in December 2014, carries a rate of LIBOR+5.50%, and has paydown hurdles and associated potential rate increases over the term of the facility. See Note 22, Subsequent Events, to our consolidated financial statements for additional discussion.

The following table details the aggregate outstanding principal balance, book value and fair value of CT Legacy REIT's assets, primarily loans receivable, which were pledged as collateral under the JPMorgan repurchase facility as of December 31, 2011, as well as the amount at risk (in thousands). The amount at risk is generally equal to the book value of our collateral less the outstanding principal balance of the repurchase facility.

Loans and Securities Collateral Balances, as of December 31, 2011					
Repurchase Lender	Facility Balance	Principal Balance	Book Value	Fair Value ⁽¹⁾	Amount at Risk ⁽²⁾
JP Morgan	\$58,464	\$309,995	\$177,208	\$155,567	\$122,600

(1) Fair values represent the amount at which assets could be sold in an orderly transaction between a willing buyer and willing seller. The immediate liquidation value of these assets would likely be substantially lower.

(2) Amount at risk is calculated on an asset-by-asset basis for each facility and considers the greater of (a) the book value of an asset and (b) the fair value of an asset, in determining the total risk.

Mezzanine Loan

On March 31, 2011, CT Legacy REIT entered into an \$83.0 million mezzanine loan with Five Mile that carries a 15.0% per annum interest rate, of which 7.0% per annum may be deferred, and that matures on March 31, 2016. The mezzanine loan is not recourse to Capital Trust, Inc. except for certain limited non-recourse, "bad boy" carve outs.

The mezzanine loan is collateralized by 100% of the equity interests in a subsidiary of CT Legacy REIT, which in-turn owns all of CT Legacy REIT's assets, subject in-part to the repurchase obligations described above. Five Mile has consent rights with respect to material actions concerning CT Legacy REIT's assets such as material modifications, sales, and/or the pursuit of certain remedies with regard to such assets. The mezzanine loan also contains covenants that (i) prohibit CT Legacy REIT from paying common stock cash dividends until the mezzanine loan has been repaid, (ii) prohibit us from selling or otherwise transferring our equity interests in CT Legacy REIT, and (iii) require the continued employment of certain key employees.

In addition, an affiliate of Five Mile acquired a 24% equity interest in the common stock of CT Legacy REIT in conjunction with the making of the mezzanine loan.

As of December 31, 2011, the mezzanine loan had an outstanding principal balance of \$65.3 million (including deferred interest) and a book balance of \$55.1 million. The difference between book balance and principal outstanding is due to deferred costs associated with the mezzanine loan, primarily the equity interest in CT Legacy REIT discussed above. Including the amortization of these costs, the mezzanine loan has an all-in cost of 18.61%.

Subsequent to year-end, in February 2012, we refinanced the JPMorgan repurchase facility and the mezzanine loan with a single, new \$124.0 million repurchase facility with JPMorgan. See Note 22, Subsequent Events, to our consolidated financial statements for additional discussion.

E. Participations Sold – CT Legacy REIT

Participations sold represent interests in certain loans that we originated and subsequently sold to one of our investment management vehicles or to third parties. We present these participations sold as both assets and non-recourse liabilities because these arrangements do not qualify as sales under GAAP. Generally, participations sold are recorded as assets and liabilities in equal amounts on our consolidated balance sheets, and an equivalent amount of interest income and interest expense is recorded on our consolidated statements of operations. However, impaired loan assets must be reduced through the provision for loans losses while the associated non-recourse liability cannot be reduced until the participation has been contractually extinguished. This can result in an imbalance between the loan participations sold asset and liability. We have no economic exposure to these liabilities.

In connection with our March 2011 restructuring, a \$152.3 million loan, in which we have previously sold a \$97.5 million participation, was transferred to CT Legacy REIT.

Capital Trust, Inc. and Subsidiaries
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

The following table describes CT Legacy REIT's participations sold assets and liabilities as of December 31, 2011 and 2010 (in thousands):

	December 31, 2011	December 31, 2010
Participations sold assets		
Gross carrying value	\$97,465	\$—
Less: Provision for loan losses	(97,465)	—
Net book value of assets	—	—
Participations sold liabilities		
Net book value of liabilities	97,465	—
Net impact to shareholders' equity	(\$97,465)	\$—

F. Derivative Financial Instruments – CT Legacy REIT

To manage interest rate risk, we have historically employed interest rate swaps, or other arrangements, to convert a portion of our floating rate debt to fixed rate debt in order to index-match our assets and liabilities. The interest rate swaps that we have employed were designated as cash flow hedges and designed to hedge fixed rate assets against floating rate liabilities. Under cash flow hedges, we pay our hedge counterparties a fixed rate amount and our counterparties pay us a floating rate amount, which we settle monthly, and record as a component of interest expense. Our counterparties in these transactions are financial institutions and we are dependent upon the financial health of these counterparties and a functioning interest rate derivative market in order to effectively execute our hedging strategy.

The following table summarizes the notional amounts and fair values of CT Legacy REIT's interest rate swaps as of December 31, 2011 and 2010 (in thousands). The notional amount provides an indication of the extent of our involvement in the instruments at that time, but does not represent exposure to credit or interest rate risk.

Counterparty	December 31, 2011			December 31, 2011	December 31, 2010
	Notional Amount	Interest Rate ⁽¹⁾	Maturity	Fair Value	Fair Value
JPMorgan Chase	\$17,574	5.14%	2014	(\$1,887)	\$—
JPMorgan Chase	16,565	4.83%	2014	(1,889)	—
JPMorgan Chase	16,441	5.52%	2018	(3,321)	—
JPMorgan Chase	7,062	5.11%	2016	(1,189)	—
JPMorgan Chase	3,164	5.45%	2015	(531)	—
Total/Weighted Average	\$60,806	5.17%	2015	(\$8,817)	\$—

(1) Represents the gross fixed interest rate we pay to our counterparties under these derivative instruments. We receive an amount of interest indexed to one-month LIBOR on all of our interest rate swaps.

During the second quarter of 2011, as a result of significant repayments of CT Legacy REIT's floating rate debt obligations, these interest rate swaps ceased to be highly effective hedging instruments. We therefore discontinued the designation of these hedges as cash flow hedges. As a result, beginning in the second quarter of 2011, any change in the fair values of these interest rate swaps is recorded as a non-cash component of interest expense on our consolidated statement of operations. We recognized \$1.3 million of such non-cash interest expense during the year ended December 31, 2011.

In addition, as a result of the termination of the effective hedge designation, we reclassified \$3.2 million from accumulated other comprehensive income as non-cash interest expense on our consolidated financial statements. In future periods we will recognize additional non-cash interest expense as the remaining balance of accumulated other comprehensive income is amortized over the life of each related facility. Net payments under such interest rate swaps during the year ended December 31, 2011 totaled \$2.3 million, and were recorded as a component of interest expense.

Over the next twelve months, we expect approximately \$2.2 million to be reclassified from other comprehensive income to interest expense. This amount represents the amortization of losses previously recorded in other comprehensive income on interest rate swaps which are no longer designated as cash flow hedges.

As of December 31, 2011, CT Legacy REIT has not posted any assets as collateral under derivative agreements.

Capital Trust, Inc. and Subsidiaries
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Note 11. Consolidated Securitization Vehicles

As of December 31, 2011, our consolidated balance sheet includes an aggregate \$1.0 billion of assets and \$1.2 billion of liabilities related to nine consolidated securitization vehicles. Our consolidated securitization vehicles include two categories of entities: (i) collateralized debt obligations sponsored and issued by us, which we refer to as CT CDOs and (ii) other consolidated securitization vehicles which were not issued or sponsored by us. We have historically consolidated the CT CDOs; however we began consolidating the additional securitization vehicles as of January 1, 2010, as discussed in Note 2.

CT CDOs

We currently consolidate four collateralized debt obligation, or CDO, entities, which are VIEs that were sponsored by us. These CT CDOs invest in commercial real estate debt instruments, some of which we originated/acquired and transferred to the CDO entities, and are financed by the debt and equity they issue. We are named as collateral manager of all four CT CDOs and are named special servicer on a number of CDO collateral assets. As a result of consolidation, our subordinate debt and equity ownership interests in these CT CDOs have been eliminated, and our balance sheet reflects both the assets held and debt issued by these CDOs to third-parties. Similarly, our operating results and cash flows include the gross amounts related to the assets and liabilities of the CT CDO entities, as opposed to our net economic interests in these entities. Fees earned by us for the management of these CDOs are eliminated in consolidation.

Our interest in the assets held by these CT CDOs, which are consolidated on our balance sheet, is restricted by the structural provisions of these entities, and our recovery of these assets will be limited by the CDOs' distribution provisions, which are subject to change due to covenant breaches or asset impairments, as further described below in this Note 11. The liabilities of the CT CDOs, which are also consolidated on our balance sheet, are non-recourse to us, and can generally only be satisfied from each CDOs' respective asset pool.

We are not obligated to provide, nor have we provided, any financial support to these CT CDOs.

Other Consolidated Securitization Vehicles

As discussed above, we currently consolidate five additional securitization vehicles, all of which are substantially similar to the CT CDOs. These securitization vehicles invest in commercial real estate debt instruments, which investments were not originated or transferred to the entities by us. In addition to our investment in the subordinate classes of the securities issued by these vehicles, we are named special servicer on a number of their assets. As a result of consolidation, our ownership interests in these consolidation vehicles have been eliminated, and our balance sheet reflects both the assets held and debt issued by these vehicles to third-parties. Similarly, our operating results and cash flows include the gross amounts related to the assets and liabilities of the securitization vehicles, as opposed to our net economic interests in these entities. Special servicing fees paid to us on assets owned by these vehicles are eliminated in consolidation.

Our interest in the assets held by these securitization vehicles, which are consolidated on our balance sheet, is restricted by the structural provisions of these entities, and a recovery of our investment in the vehicles will be limited by each entity's distribution provisions. The liabilities of the securitization vehicles, which are also consolidated on our balance sheet, are non-recourse to us, and can generally only be satisfied from each vehicle's respective asset pool.

During the third quarter of 2011, realized losses on a loan held by the consolidated MSC 2007-XLFA securitization vehicle resulted in a complete loss to our subordinate investment in MSC 2007-XLFA. Accordingly, we were no longer considered the primary beneficiary of MSC 2007-XLFA and ceased consolidating it under GAAP. Also during the third quarter of 2011, we consolidated a new securitization vehicle, GECMC 2000-1. A realized loss on a loan held by GECMC 2000-1 resulted in a complete loss to the investments in the vehicle subordinate to us and made our investment in GECMC 2000-1 the most subordinate in the remaining securitization structure. Accordingly, we then became the primary beneficiary of GECMC 2000-1 and began consolidating it under GAAP. We have previously accounted for GECMC 2000-1 as a security in our CT Legacy REIT portfolio.

We are not obligated to provide, nor have we provided, any financial support to these consolidated securitization vehicles. In addition, three of these five investments have been made through our CT CDOs, which limits our exposure to loss as discussed above. Accordingly, as of December 31, 2011, our maximum exposure to loss as a result of our investment in these vehicles is limited to \$75.5 million, the face amount of our investment in the two securitization vehicles not held by our CT CDOs. As a result of consolidation, we have recognized losses on collateral assets in excess of our investment in these entities, resulting in a zero net exposure to loss as of December 31, 2011.

Capital Trust, Inc. and Subsidiaries
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

As described in Note 2, our consolidated balance sheets separately present: (i) our direct assets and liabilities, (ii) the direct assets and liabilities of CT Legacy REIT, and (iii) the assets and liabilities of consolidated securitization vehicles, some of which are subsidiaries of CT Legacy REIT. The following disclosures relate specifically to the assets and liabilities of consolidated securitization vehicles, as separately stated on our consolidated balance sheets.

A. Securities Held-to-Maturity – Consolidated Securitization Vehicles

Our consolidated securitization vehicles' securities portfolio consists of CMBS, CDOs, and other securities. Activity relating to these securities for the year ended December 31, 2011 was as follows (in thousands):

	CMBS	CDOs & Other	Total Book Value ⁽¹⁾
December 31, 2010	\$456,312	\$48,011	\$504,323
Principal paydowns	(49,016)	(45,205)	(94,221)
Consolidation of securitization vehicle ⁽²⁾	(1,000)	—	(1,000)
Discount/premium amortization & other ⁽³⁾	37	(871)	(834)
Other-than-temporary impairments:			
Recognized in earnings	(46,413)	—	(46,413)
Recognized in accumulated other comprehensive income	(2,883)	—	(2,883)
December 31, 2011	<u>\$357,037</u>	<u>\$1,935</u>	<u>\$358,972</u>

- (1) Includes securities with a total face value of \$490.9 million and \$594.4 million as of December 31, 2011 and 2010, respectively.
- (2) Beginning in the third quarter of 2011, CT CDO I consolidated an additional securitization vehicle, which was previously accounted for as part of its securities portfolio with a net book value of \$1.0 million. See the introduction to this Note 11 for additional discussion.
- (3) Includes mark-to-market adjustments on securities previously classified as available-for-sale, amortization of other-than-temporary impairments, and losses, if any.

As of both December 31, 2011 and 2010, all of our consolidated securitization vehicles' securities were classified as held-to-maturity.

The following table allocates the book value of our consolidated securitization vehicles' securities as of December 31, 2011 between their amortized cost basis, amounts related to mark-to-market adjustments on securities previously classified as available-for-sale, and the portion of other-than-temporary impairments not related to expected credit losses (in thousands):

	CMBS	CDOs & Other	Total Securities
Amortized cost basis	\$369,471	\$1,935	\$371,406
Mark-to-market adjustments on securities previously classified as available-for-sale	3,703	—	3,703
Other-than-temporary impairments recognized in accumulated other comprehensive income	(16,137)	—	(16,137)
Total book value as of December 31, 2011	<u>\$357,037</u>	<u>\$1,935</u>	<u>\$358,972</u>

Capital Trust, Inc. and Subsidiaries
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

The following table details overall statistics for our consolidated securitization vehicles' securities portfolio as of December 31, 2011 and 2010:

	December 31, 2011	December 31, 2010
Number of securities	52	56
Number of issues	36	40
Rating ^{(1) (2)}	BB+	BB+
Fixed / Floating (in millions) ⁽³⁾	\$358 / \$1	\$503 / \$1
Coupon ^{(1) (4)}	6.49%	6.66%
Yield ^{(1) (4)}	7.41%	6.97%
Life (years) ^{(1) (5)}	2.5	3.4

- (1) Represents a weighted average as of December 31, 2011 and 2010, respectively.
(2) Weighted average ratings are based on the lowest rating published by Fitch Ratings, Standard & Poor's or Moody's Investors Service for each security.
(3) Represents the aggregate net book value of the portfolio allocated between fixed rate and floating rate securities.
(4) Coupon is based on the securities' contractual interest rates, while yield is based on expected cash flows for each security, and considers discounts/premiums and asset non-performance. Calculations for floating rate securities are based on LIBOR of 0.30% and 0.26% as of December 31, 2011 and 2010, respectively.
(5) Weighted average life is based on the timing and amount of future expected principal payments through the expected repayment date of each respective investment.

The table below details the ratings and vintage distribution of our consolidated securitization vehicles' securities as of December 31, 2011 (in thousands):

Vintage	Rating as of December 31, 2011							Total
	AAA	AA	A	BBB	BB	B	CCC and Below	
2006	\$—	\$—	\$—	\$—	\$—	\$—	\$14,884	\$14,884
2005	—	—	—	—	—	—	7,060	7,060
2004	—	24,780	1,935	—	—	—	—	26,715
2003	9,908	—	—	3,011	1,966	—	—	14,885
2002	—	—	—	—	6,712	—	2,283	8,995
2001	—	—	—	—	—	5,426	1,730	7,156
2000	2,891	—	—	—	19,935	—	3,985	26,811
1999	—	—	11,233	1,414	17,380	—	—	30,027
1998	45,956	46,315	37,580	43,607	11,901	—	5,000	190,359
1997	4,434	—	16,159	—	5,223	2,762	3,502	32,080
Total	\$63,189	\$71,095	\$66,907	\$48,032	\$63,117	\$8,188	\$38,444	\$358,972

Capital Trust, Inc. and Subsidiaries
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

The table below details the ratings and vintage distribution of our consolidated securitization vehicles' securities as of December 31, 2010 (in thousands):

Rating as of December 31, 2010								
Vintage	AAA	AA	A	BBB	BB	B	CCC and Below	Total
2006	\$—	\$—	\$—	\$—	\$—	\$—	\$15,248	\$15,248
2005	—	—	—	—	—	—	22,033	22,033
2004	—	24,815	8,414	—	—	—	2,400	35,629
2003	9,906	—	—	3,020	1,959	—	—	14,885
2002	—	—	—	6,663	—	2,652	—	9,315
2001	—	—	—	4,814	4,129	—	3,537	12,480
2000	2,923	—	—	—	—	—	26,017	28,940
1999	—	—	11,337	1,423	17,366	—	—	30,126
1998	98,017	45,593	38,045	43,524	43,534	—	4,125	272,838
1997	—	—	26,124	—	5,182	3,360	3,546	38,212
1996	24,617	—	—	—	—	—	—	24,617
Total	\$135,463	\$70,408	\$83,920	\$59,444	\$72,170	\$6,012	\$76,906	\$504,323

Other-than-temporary impairments

Quarterly, we reevaluate our consolidated securitization vehicles' securities portfolio to determine if there has been an other-than-temporary impairment based upon expected future cash flows from each securities investment. As a result of this evaluation, under the accounting guidance discussed in Note 2, during the year ended December 31, 2011, we recorded a gross other-than-temporary impairment of \$49.3 million. This gross other-than-temporary impairment includes \$46.4 million related to expected credit losses which has been recorded through earnings, and \$2.9 million of fair value adjustments in excess of expected credit losses, or Valuation Adjustments, which have been recorded as a component of accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) on our consolidated balance sheet with no impact on earnings.

To determine the component of the gross other-than-temporary impairment related to expected credit losses, we compare the amortized cost basis of each other-than-temporarily impaired security to the present value of its revised expected cash flows, discounted using its pre-impairment yield. Significant judgment of management is required in this analysis that includes, but is not limited to, (i) assumptions regarding the collectability of principal and interest on the underlying loans, net of related expenses, and (ii) current subordination levels at both the individual loans which serve as collateral under our securities and at the securities themselves.

The following table summarizes activity related to the other-than-temporary impairments of our consolidated securitization vehicles' securities during the year ended December 31, 2011 (in thousands):

	Gross Other-Than-Temporary Impairments	Credit Related Other-Than-Temporary Impairments	Non-Credit Related Other-Than-Temporary Impairments
December 31, 2010	\$88,586	\$74,576	\$14,010
Additions due to change in expected cash flows	49,296	46,412	2,884
Amortization of other-than-temporary impairments	646	1,403	(757)
Reductions due to realized losses	(8,168)	(8,168)	—
December 31, 2011	<u>\$130,360</u>	<u>\$114,223</u>	<u>\$16,137</u>

Capital Trust, Inc. and Subsidiaries
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Unrealized losses and fair value of securities

Certain of our consolidated securitization vehicles' securities are carried at values in excess of their fair values. This difference can be caused by, among other things, changes in credit spreads and interest rates. The following table shows the gross unrealized losses and fair value of securities for which the fair value is lower than their book value as of December 31, 2011 and that are not deemed to be other-than-temporarily impaired (in millions):

	<u>Less Than 12 Months</u>		<u>Greater Than 12 Months</u>		<u>Total</u>		
	<u>Estimated Fair Value</u>	<u>Gross Unrealized Loss</u>	<u>Estimated Fair Value</u>	<u>Gross Unrealized Loss</u>	<u>Estimated Fair Value</u>	<u>Gross Unrealized Loss</u>	<u>Book Value ⁽¹⁾</u>
Floating Rate	\$—	\$—	\$—	\$—	\$—	\$—	\$—
Fixed Rate	154.1	(4.7)	130.1	(11.1)	284.2	(15.8)	300.0
Total	<u>\$154.1</u>	<u>(\$4.7)</u>	<u>\$130.1</u>	<u>(\$11.1)</u>	<u>\$284.2</u>	<u>(\$15.8)</u>	<u>\$300.0</u>

(1) Excludes, as of December 31, 2011, \$59.0 million of securities which were carried at or below fair value and securities against which an other-than-temporary impairment equal to the entire book value was recognized in earnings.

As of December 31, 2011, 35 of our consolidated securitization vehicles' securities with an aggregate book value of \$300.0 million were carried at values in excess of their fair values. Fair value for these securities was \$284.2 million as of December 31, 2011. In total, as of December 31, 2011, our consolidated securitization vehicles had 52 investments in securities with an aggregate book value of \$359.0 million that have an estimated fair value of \$350.2 million, including 51 investments in CMBS with an estimated fair value of \$348.3 million and one investment in CDOs and other securities with an estimated fair value of \$1.9 million.

The following table shows the gross unrealized losses and fair value of our consolidated securitization vehicles' securities for which the fair value is lower than our book value as of December 31, 2010 and that are not deemed to be other-than-temporarily impaired (in millions):

	<u>Less Than 12 Months</u>		<u>Greater Than 12 Months</u>		<u>Total</u>		
	<u>Estimated Fair Value</u>	<u>Gross Unrealized Loss</u>	<u>Estimated Fair Value</u>	<u>Gross Unrealized Loss</u>	<u>Estimated Fair Value</u>	<u>Gross Unrealized Loss</u>	<u>Book Value ⁽¹⁾</u>
Floating Rate	\$—	\$—	\$—	\$—	\$—	\$—	\$—
Fixed Rate	29.3	(1.2)	221.2	(37.4)	250.5	(38.6)	289.1
Total	<u>\$29.3</u>	<u>(\$1.2)</u>	<u>\$221.2</u>	<u>(\$37.4)</u>	<u>\$250.5</u>	<u>(\$38.6)</u>	<u>\$289.1</u>

(1) Excludes, as of December 31, 2010, \$215.2 million of securities which were carried at or below fair value and securities against which an other-than-temporary impairment equal to the entire book value was recognized in earnings.

As of December 31, 2010, 33 of our consolidated securitization vehicles' securities with an aggregate book value of \$289.1 million were carried at values in excess of their fair values. Fair value for these securities was \$250.5 million as of December 31, 2010. In total, as of December 31, 2010, our consolidated securitization vehicles had 56 investments in securities with an aggregate book value of \$504.3 million that have an estimated fair value of \$475.3 million, including 54 investments in CMBS with an estimated fair value of \$426.6 million and two investments in CDOs and other securities with an estimated fair value of \$48.7 million. These valuations do not include the value of interest rate swaps entered into in conjunction with the purchase/financing of these investments, if any.

We determine fair values using third party dealer assessments of value, and our own internal financial model-based estimations of fair value. See Note 17 for further discussion of fair value. We regularly examine our consolidated securitization vehicles' securities portfolio and have determined that, despite these differences between book value and fair value, our expectations of future cash flows have only changed adversely for 14 of our consolidated securitization vehicles' securities, against which we have recognized other-than-temporary-impairments. See Note 10A for additional discussion of fair value estimations.

Capital Trust, Inc. and Subsidiaries
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Investments in variable interest entities

Our consolidated securitization vehicles' securities portfolio includes investments in both CMBS and CDOs, which securitization structures are generally considered VIEs. We have not consolidated these VIEs due to our determination that, based on the structural provisions of each entity and the nature of our investments, we do not have the power to direct the activities that most significantly impact these entities' economic performance.

These securities were acquired through investment, and do not represent a securitization or other transfer of our assets. We are not named as special servicer on these investments.

We are not obligated to provide, nor have we provided, any financial support to these entities. As these securities are financed by our non-recourse CT CDOs, our exposure to loss is therefore limited to our interests in these consolidated entities. The notional amount of the subordinate debt and equity interests we retained in our CT CDOs is \$233.7 million. After giving effect to certain transfers of these interests, provisions for loan losses and other-than-temporary impairments recorded as of December 31, 2011, our remaining net exposure to loss from these entities is \$4.0 million.

B. Loans Receivable, Net – Consolidated Securitization Vehicles

Activity relating to our consolidated securitization vehicles' loans receivable for the year ended December 31, 2011 was as follows (in thousands):

	<u>Gross Book Value</u>	<u>Provision for Loan Losses</u>	<u>Net Book Value ⁽¹⁾</u>
December 31, 2010	\$3,145,968	(\$254,589)	\$2,891,379
Satisfactions ⁽²⁾	(1,561,455)	—	(1,561,455)
Principal paydowns	(145,784)	—	(145,784)
Deconsolidation of securitization vehicle ⁽³⁾	(595,920)	—	(595,920)
Consolidation of securitization vehicle ⁽⁴⁾	24,437	(2,000)	22,437
Discount/premium amortization & other	929	—	929
Recovery of provision for loan losses	—	1,012	1,012
Realized loan losses	(53,603)	53,603	—
December 31, 2011	<u>\$814,572</u>	<u>(\$201,974)</u>	<u>\$612,598</u>

(1) Includes loans with a total principal balance of \$815.7 million and \$3.2 billion as of December 31, 2011 and 2010, respectively.

(2) Includes final maturities and full repayments.

(3) We no longer consolidate the MSC 2007-XLFA securitization vehicle beginning in the third quarter of 2011. See the introduction of Note 11 above for further discussion.

(4) We consolidated an additional securitization vehicle, GECCMC 2000-1, beginning in the third quarter of 2011. See the introduction of Note 11 above for further discussion.

Capital Trust, Inc. and Subsidiaries
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

The following table details overall statistics for our consolidated securitization vehicles' loans receivable portfolio as of December 31, 2011 and 2010:

	<u>December 31, 2011</u>	<u>December 31, 2010</u>
Number of investments	71	94
Fixed / Floating (in millions) ⁽¹⁾	\$280 / \$333	\$213 / \$2,678
Coupon ^{(2) (3)}	5.11%	2.27%
Yield ^{(2) (3)}	5.72%	2.27%
Maturity (years) ^{(2) (4)}	3.6	1.3

(1) Represents the aggregate net book value of the portfolio allocated between fixed rate and floating rate loans.

(2) Represents a weighted average as of December 31, 2011 and 2010, respectively.

(3) Calculations for floating rate loans are based on LIBOR of 0.30% and 0.26% as of December 31, 2011 and 2010, respectively.

(4) For loans in CT CDOs, assumes all extension options are executed. For loans in other consolidated securitization vehicles, maturity is based on information provided by the trustees of each respective entity.

The tables below detail the types of loans in our consolidated securitization vehicles' loan portfolio, as well as the property type and geographic distribution of the properties securing these loans, as of December 31, 2011 and 2010 (in thousands):

<u>Asset Type</u>	<u>December 31, 2011</u>		<u>December 31, 2010</u>	
	<u>Book Value</u>	<u>Percentage</u>	<u>Book Value</u>	<u>Percentage</u>
Senior mortgages	\$241,323	39%	\$2,225,983	76%
Subordinate interests in mortgages	225,773	36	333,622	11
Mezzanine loans	152,934	25	316,283	11
Other	—	—	22,850	2
Total	<u>\$620,030</u>	<u>100%</u>	<u>\$2,898,738</u>	<u>100%</u>

<u>Property Type</u>	<u>December 31, 2011</u>		<u>December 31, 2010</u>	
	<u>Book Value</u>	<u>Percentage</u>	<u>Book Value</u>	<u>Percentage</u>
Office	\$317,940	51%	\$825,292	28%
Hotel	174,419	28	611,435	21
Retail	72,701	12	178,146	7
Healthcare	18,837	3	1,156,880	40
Other	36,133	6	126,985	4
Total	<u>\$620,030</u>	<u>100%</u>	<u>\$2,898,738</u>	<u>100%</u>

<u>Geographic Location</u>	<u>December 31, 2011</u>		<u>December 31, 2010</u>	
	<u>Book Value</u>	<u>Percentage</u>	<u>Book Value</u>	<u>Percentage</u>
Northeast	\$199,361	32%	\$417,351	14%
West	152,774	25	163,932	6
Southeast	124,456	20	318,655	11
Southwest	57,046	9	172,088	6
Midwest	24,957	4	18,302	1
Diversified	61,436	10	1,808,410	62
Total	<u>\$620,030</u>	<u>100%</u>	<u>\$2,898,738</u>	<u>100%</u>

Unallocated loan loss provision ⁽¹⁾	(7,432)	(7,359)
Net book value	<u>\$612,598</u>	<u>\$2,891,379</u>

(1) We have recorded a general provision for loan losses against certain pools of smaller loans in our consolidated securitization vehicles. This general provision is not specifically allocable to any loan asset type, collateral property type, or geographic location, but rather to an overall pool of loans. See Note 2 for additional details.

Capital Trust, Inc. and Subsidiaries
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Loan risk ratings

Quarterly, management evaluates our consolidated securitization vehicles' loan portfolio for impairment as described in Note 2. In conjunction with our quarterly loan portfolio review, management assesses the performance of each loan, and assigns a risk rating based on several factors including risk of loss, LTV, collateral performance, structure, exit plan, and sponsorship. Loans are rated one (less risk) through eight (greater risk), which ratings are defined in Note 2.

The following table allocates the net book value and principal balance of our consolidated securitization vehicles' loans receivable based on our internal risk ratings as of December 31, 2011 and 2010 (in thousands):

Risk Rating ⁽¹⁾	Loans Receivable as of December 31, 2011			Loans Receivable as of December 31, 2010		
	Number of Loans	Principal Balance	Net Book Value	Number of Loans	Principal Balance	Net Book Value
1 - 3	22	\$416,032	\$415,661	26	\$2,031,176	\$2,030,344
4 - 5	3	44,057	43,945	11	408,400	408,052
6 - 8	17	271,988	76,784	19	589,090	341,252
N/A	29	83,639	83,640	38	119,090	119,090
Total	<u>71</u>	<u>\$815,716</u>	<u>\$620,030</u>	<u>94</u>	<u>\$3,147,756</u>	<u>\$2,898,738</u>
Unallocated loan loss provision:			(7,432)			(7,359)
Net book value			<u>\$612,598</u>			<u>\$2,891,379</u>

(1) We have recorded a general provision for loan losses against certain pools of smaller loans in our consolidated securitization vehicles. These loans have not been individually risk-rated, but have been assessed for loss based on macroeconomic factors. See Note 2 for additional details.

In making this risk assessment, one of the primary factors we consider is how senior or junior each loan is relative to other debt obligations of the borrower. The following tables further allocate our consolidated securitization vehicles' loans receivable by both loan type and our internal risk ratings as of December 31, 2011 and 2010 (in thousands):

Risk Rating ⁽¹⁾	Senior Mortgage Loans					
	as of December 31, 2011			as of December 31, 2010		
	Number of Loans	Principal Balance	Net Book Value	Number of Loans	Principal Balance	Net Book Value
1 - 3	10	\$117,452	\$117,452	12	\$1,639,820	\$1,639,815
4 - 5	1	12,551	12,551	6	335,043	335,043
6 - 8	4	43,988	27,680	3	193,983	143,676
N/A	29	83,639	83,640	36	107,449	107,449
Total	<u>44</u>	<u>\$257,630</u>	<u>\$241,323</u>	<u>57</u>	<u>\$2,276,295</u>	<u>\$2,225,983</u>

(1) We have recorded a general provision for loan losses against certain pools of smaller loans in our consolidated securitization vehicles. These loans have not been individually risk-rated, but have been assessed for loss based on macroeconomic factors. See Note 2 for additional details.

Capital Trust, Inc. and Subsidiaries
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Subordinate Interests in Mortgages

Risk Rating ⁽¹⁾	as of December 31, 2011			as of December 31, 2010		
	Number of Loans	Principal Balance	Net Book Value	Number of Loans	Principal Balance	Net Book Value
1 - 3	8	\$175,560	\$175,314	7	\$189,323	\$188,666
4 - 5	2	31,506	31,394	4	71,415	71,067
6 - 8	9	122,306	19,065	11	185,913	71,748
N/A	—	—	—	1	2,141	2,141
Total	19	\$329,372	\$225,773	23	\$448,792	\$333,622

(1) We have recorded a general provision for loan losses against certain pools of smaller loans in our consolidated securitization vehicles. These loans have not been individually risk-rated, but have been assessed for loss based on macroeconomic factors. See Note 2 for additional details.

Mezzanine & Other Loans

Risk Rating ⁽¹⁾	as of December 31, 2011			as of December 31, 2010		
	Number of Loans	Principal Balance	Net Book Value	Number of Loans	Principal Balance	Net Book Value
1 - 3	4	\$123,020	\$122,895	7	\$202,033	\$201,863
4 - 5	—	—	—	1	1,942	1,942
6 - 8	4	105,694	30,039	5	209,194	125,828
N/A	—	—	—	1	9,500	9,500
Total	8	\$228,714	\$152,934	14	\$422,669	\$339,133

(1) We have recorded a general provision for loan losses against certain pools of smaller loans in our consolidated securitization vehicles. These loans have not been individually risk-rated, but have been assessed for loss based on macroeconomic factors. See Note 2 for additional details.

Loan impairments

The following table describes our consolidated securitization vehicles' impaired loans as of December 31, 2011, including impaired loans that are current in their interest payments and those that are delinquent on contractual payments (in thousands):

Impaired Loans	December 31, 2011			Net Book Value
	No. of Loans	Gross Book Value	Provision for Loan Loss	
Performing loans	4	\$82,500	(\$65,572)	\$16,928
Non-performing loans	7	154,929	(128,970)	25,959
Total impaired loans	11	\$237,429	(\$194,542)	\$42,887

In addition, as described in Note 2, we have recorded a \$7.4 million general provision for loan losses against 40 loans in our consolidated securitization vehicles with an aggregate principal balance of \$117.8 million.

Capital Trust, Inc. and Subsidiaries
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

The following table details the allocation of our consolidated securitization vehicles' provision for loan losses as of December 31, 2011 (in thousands):

Impaired Loans	December 31, 2011		
	Principal Balance	Provision for Loan Loss	Loss Severity
Subordinate interests in mortgages	\$108,607	\$102,582	94%
Mezzanine & other loans	96,193	75,654	79
Senior mortgages	33,234	16,307	49
Unallocated ⁽¹⁾	117,762	7,431	6
Total/Weighted Average	\$355,796	\$201,974	57%

(1) We have recorded a general provision for loan losses against certain pools of smaller loans in our consolidated securitization vehicles. This general provision is not specifically allocable to any loan asset type, but rather to an overall pool of loans. See Note 2 for additional details.

Generally, we have recorded provisions for loan loss against all loans which are in maturity default, or otherwise have past-due principal payments. As of December 31, 2011, our consolidated securitization vehicles had two loans with an aggregate net book value of \$40.6 million which were in maturity default but had no provision recorded. We expect to collect all principal and interest due under these loans upon their resolution.

The following table details our consolidated securitization vehicles' average balance of impaired loans by loan type, and the income recorded on such loans subsequent to their impairment during the year ended December 31, 2011 (in thousands):

Income on Impaired Loans for the Year Ended December 31, 2011		
Asset Type	Average Net Book Value	Income Recorded ⁽¹⁾
Senior Mortgage Loans	\$52,311	\$3,539
Subordinate Interests in Mortgages	14,457	2,155
Mezzanine & Other Loans	93,470	4,630
Total	\$160,238	\$10,324

(1) Substantially all of the income recorded on impaired loans during the period was received in cash.

Nonaccrual loans

In accordance with our revenue recognition policies discussed in Note 2, we do not accrue interest on loans which are 90 days past due or, in the opinion of management, are otherwise uncollectable. Accordingly, we do not have any material interest receivable accrued on nonperforming loans as of December 31, 2011.

The following table details our consolidated securitization vehicles' loans receivable which are on nonaccrual status as of December 31, 2011 (in thousands):

Non-Accrual Loans Receivable as of December 31, 2011		
Asset Type	Principal Balance	Net Book Value
Senior Mortgage Loans	\$—	\$—
Subordinate Interests in Mortgages	107,201	38,419
Mezzanine & Other Loans	96,194	20,539
Total	\$203,395	\$58,958

Loan modifications

During the year ended December 31, 2011, four modifications of loans in consolidated securitization vehicles were considered troubled debt restructurings, as defined under GAAP. A troubled debt restructuring is generally any modification of a loan to a borrower that is experiencing financial difficulties, where a lender agrees to terms that are more favorable to the borrower than is otherwise available in the current market. These loan modifications included: (i) a 28-month extension of a \$33.0 million subordinate mortgage interest, (ii) a four-month extension of a \$6.6 million subordinate mortgage interest, (iii) a two-year extension of a \$13.7 million subordinate mortgage interest coupled with

a 2% increase in rate on a deferred basis, and (iv) a two-year forbearance of a \$15.0 million subordinate mortgage interest coupled with a 1% decrease in rate. All four of these loans have been individually assessed for impairment, and other than a \$3.3 million impairment previously recorded against the \$6.6 million subordinate mortgage interest and a 100% impairment previously recorded against the \$15.0 million subordinate mortgage interest, no additional impairment was necessary.

Capital Trust, Inc. and Subsidiaries
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

C. Real Estate Held-for-Sale – Consolidated Securitization Vehicles

Activity relating to our consolidated securitization vehicles' real estate held-for-sale for the year ended December 31, 2011 was as follows (in thousands):

	Gross Book Value	Other-Than-Temporary Impairment	Net Book Value
December 31, 2010	\$15,068	(\$7,013)	\$8,055
Consolidation of additional securitization vehicles ⁽¹⁾	9,892	(6,550)	3,342
Impairment of real estate held-for-sale	—	(1,055)	(1,055)
December 31, 2011	\$24,960	(\$14,618)	\$10,342

(1) As further described above, we began consolidating an additional securitization vehicle in the third quarter of 2011. This newly consolidated vehicle held an investment in real estate held-for-sale with a net book value of \$3.3 million at the time of consolidation.

Capital Trust, Inc. and Subsidiaries
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

D. Debt Obligations – Consolidated Securitization Vehicles

As of December 31, 2011 and 2010, our consolidated securitization vehicles had \$1.2 billion and \$3.6 billion of total non-recourse securitized debt obligations outstanding, respectively. The balances of each entity's outstanding securitized debt obligations, their respective coupons and all-in effective costs, including the amortization of fees and expenses, were as follows (in thousands):

Non-Recourse Securitized Debt Obligations	December 31, 2011		December 31, 2010	December 31, 2011		
	Principal Balance	Book Value	Book Value	Coupon (1)	All-In Cost (1)	Maturity Date (2)
CT CDOs						
CT CDO I	\$121,409	\$121,409	\$199,573	1.19%	1.19%	July 2039
CT CDO II	199,751	199,751	262,281	0.91%	1.22%	March 2050
CT CDO III	199,138	199,553	239,911	5.26%	5.17%	June 2035
CT CDO IV (3)	221,540	221,540	280,820	1.07%	1.21%	October 2043
Total CT CDOs	741,838	742,253	982,585	2.17%	2.27%	July 2042
Other securitization vehicles						
GMACC 1997-C1	83,672	83,672	98,154	7.09%	7.09%	July 2029
GECMC 00-1 H	24,847	24,847	N/A	5.50%	5.50%	August 2027
GSMS 2006-FL8A	50,552	50,552	125,598	1.43%	1.43%	June 2020
JPMCC 2005-FL1A	—	—	95,695	N/A	N/A	N/A
MSC 2007-XLFA	—	—	751,131	N/A	N/A	N/A
MSC 2007-XLCA	310,083	310,083	522,137	2.44%	2.44%	July 2017
CSFB 2006-HC1	—	—	1,045,929	N/A	N/A	N/A
Total other securitization vehicles	469,154	469,154	2,638,644	3.33%	3.33%	June 2020
Total/Weighted Average	\$1,210,992	\$1,211,407	\$3,621,229	2.62%	2.68% (4)	December 2033

(1) Represents a weighted average for each respective facility, assuming LIBOR of 0.30% at December 31, 2011 for floating rate debt obligations.

(2) Maturity dates represent the contractual maturity of each securitization trust. Repayment of securitized debt is a function of collateral cash flows which are disbursed in accordance with the contractual provisions of each trust, and is generally expected to occur prior to the maturity data above.

(3) Comprised, at December 31, 2011, of \$208.2 million of floating rate notes sold and \$13.3 million of fixed rate notes sold.

(4) Including the impact of interest rate hedges with an aggregate notional balance of \$296.6 million as of December 31, 2011, the effective all-in cost of our consolidated securitization vehicles' debt obligations would be 3.98% per annum.

As discussed above in the introduction to this Note 11, our consolidated securitization vehicles generally include two categories of entities: (i) collateralized debt obligations sponsored and issued by us, which we refer to as CT CDOs and (ii) other consolidated securitization vehicles which were not issued or sponsored by us. We have historically consolidated the CT CDOs; however we began consolidating the additional securitization vehicles as of January 1, 2010.

CT CDOs

As of December 31, 2011, our outstanding CT CDOs included four separate issuances with a total face value of \$741.8 million. As of December 31, 2011, loans receivable and securities with a book balance of \$208.3 million and \$359.0 million, respectively, were financed by our CT CDOs. As of December 31, 2010, loans receivable and securities with a book balance of \$299.9 million and \$504.3 million, respectively, were financed by our CT CDOs.

CT CDO I and CT CDO II each have interest coverage and overcollateralization tests, which, when breached, provide for hyper-amortization of the senior notes sold by a redirection of cash flow that would otherwise have been paid to the subordinate classes, some of which are owned by us. Furthermore, all four of our CT CDOs provide for the reclassification of interest proceeds from impaired collateral as principal proceeds, which also serve to hyper-amortize the senior notes sold.

During 2009, we were informed by our CDO trustee of impairments due to rating agency downgrades of certain of the securities which serve as collateral in all of our CT CDOs. These impairments, combined with the non-performance of certain loan collateral, resulted in breaches of interest coverage and overcollateralization tests at CT CDO I and CT CDO II, as well as the reclassification of interest proceeds from the impaired collateral as principal proceeds in all four of our CT CDOs. Other than collateral management fees, we currently do not receive any cash payments from CT CDO

I, CT CDO II, and CT CDO IV, and receive irregular cash payments from CT CDO III.

Capital Trust, Inc. and Subsidiaries
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Further, due to the hyper-amortization of senior notes, certain subordinate classes are accruing unpaid interest, resulting in an increased liability to these classes. As senior notes which carry a lower rate of interest continue to hyper-amortize, and certain subordinate notes continue to accrue deferred interest, the weighted-average cost of debt for our CT CDOs has and will continue to increase.

When we formed (and reinvested) our four CT CDOs, we made certain representations and warranties with respect to Capital Trust, Inc. and the loans and securities that we contributed as collateral to these CT CDOs. In the event that these representations or warranties are proved to have been untrue at the time that the respective collateral was contributed, we may be required to repurchase certain of those loans and securities. These representations and warranties generally relate to specific corporate and asset related subjects, including, among other things, proper corporate authorization; compliance with laws and regulations; ownership of the assets; title to, lack of liens encumbering, and adequate insurance covering the underlying collateral properties; and the lack of existing loan defaults.

The maximum potential amount of future payment we may be required to make to repurchase assets is \$855.2 million, the current face amount of all loans and securities in our four CT CDOs. In certain cases, we may be able to reduce the impact of any such purchase obligation through recoveries from the exercise of remedies against the institution from which we acquired the asset and received substantially the same representations and warranties. This potential recoverable amount is not currently estimable and would depend on the nature of the representation and warranty breached and the circumstances under which each asset was transferred to the CT CDO. Since inception, we have not been required to repurchase any assets nor have we received any notice of assertion of a potential breach of any representation or warranty. Any payment required to repurchase a loan or security could materially impact our liquidity.

Other Consolidated Securitization Vehicles

In addition to the CT CDOs sponsored by us, which are discussed above, we also have consolidated other securitization vehicles beginning on January 1, 2010, as discussed in Note 2. The debt obligations of these entities are separately presented on our consolidated balance sheet along with the CT CDOs issued by us, as they are also securitized, non-recourse obligations. These obligations will generally be satisfied with the repayment of assets in each such entity's collateral pool, or will be discharged when losses are realized. As of December 31, 2011, loans receivable with an aggregate book value of \$404.3 million serve as collateral for the securities issued by these other consolidated securitization vehicles.

E. Derivative Financial Instruments – Consolidated Securitization Vehicles

The following table summarizes the notional amounts and fair values of our consolidated securitization vehicles' interest rate swaps as of December 31, 2011 and 2010 (in thousands). The notional amount provides an indication of the extent of our involvement in the instruments at that time, but does not represent exposure to credit or interest rate risk.

Counterparty	December 31, 2011		Maturity	December 31,	December 31,
	Notional Amount	Interest Rate ⁽¹⁾		2011	2010
				Fair Value	Fair Value
Swiss RE Financial	\$236,355	5.10%	2015	(\$20,540)	(\$24,037)
Bank of America	44,562	4.58%	2014	(2,368)	(3,331)
Morgan Stanley	—	3.95%	2011	—	(398)
Bank of America	10,535	5.05%	2016	(1,461)	(1,267)
Bank of America	5,104	4.12%	2016	(573)	(422)
Morgan Stanley	—	5.31%	2011	—	(7)
Total/Weighted Average	\$296,556	5.00%	2015	(\$24,942)	(\$29,462)

(1) Represents the gross fixed interest rate we pay to our counterparties under these derivative instruments. We receive an amount of interest indexed to one-month LIBOR on all of our interest rate swaps.

As of both December 31, 2011 and 2010, all of the derivative financial instruments of our consolidated securitization vehicles were classified as cash flow hedges, and recorded at fair value as interest rate hedge liabilities on our consolidated balance sheet.

Capital Trust, Inc. and Subsidiaries
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

The table below shows amounts recorded to other comprehensive income and amounts recorded to interest expense from other comprehensive income for the year ended December 31, 2011 and 2010 (in thousands):

<u>Hedge</u>	<u>Amount of net loss recognized in OCI for the year ended ⁽¹⁾</u>		<u>Amount of loss reclassified from OCI to income for the year ended ⁽²⁾</u>	
	<u>December 31, 2011</u>	<u>December 31, 2010</u>	<u>December 31, 2011</u>	<u>December 31, 2010</u>
Interest rate swaps	(\$4,520)	(\$2,696)	(\$15,041)	(\$16,343)

(1) Represents the amount of unrealized gains and losses recorded to other comprehensive income during the period, net of the amount reclassified to interest expense.

(2) Represents net amounts paid to swap counterparties during the period, which are included in interest expense, offset by an immaterial amount of non-cash swap amortization.

All of our consolidated securitization vehicles' interest rate swaps were classified as highly effective for all of the periods presented. Over the next twelve months, as we make payments under our hedge agreements, we expect approximately \$12.4 million to be reclassified from other comprehensive income to interest expense. This amount is generally equal to the present value of expected payments under the respective derivative contracts.

As of December 31, 2011, our consolidated securitization vehicles have not posted any assets as collateral under derivative agreements.

Note 12. Shareholders' Equity

Authorized Capital

We have the authority to issue up to 200,000,000 shares of stock, consisting of 100,000,000 shares of class A common stock and 100,000,000 shares of preferred stock. Subject to applicable NYSE listing requirements, our board of directors is authorized to issue additional shares of authorized stock without shareholder approval. In addition, to the extent not issued, currently authorized stock may be reclassified between class A common stock and preferred stock.

Common Stock

Shares of class A common stock are entitled to vote on all matters presented to a vote of shareholders, except as provided by law or subject to the voting rights of any outstanding preferred stock. Holders of record of shares of class A common stock on the record date fixed by our board of directors are entitled to receive such dividends as may be declared by the board of directors subject to the rights of the holders of any outstanding preferred stock. A total of 22,748,998 shares of common stock and stock units were issued and outstanding as of December 31, 2011.

We did not repurchase any of our common stock during the year ended December 31, 2011, other than the 34,892 shares we acquired pursuant to elections by incentive plan participants to satisfy tax withholding obligations through the surrender of shares equal in value to the amount of the withholding obligation incurred upon the vesting of restricted stock.

Preferred Stock

We have not issued any shares of preferred stock since we repurchased all of the previously issued and outstanding preferred stock in 2001.

Warrants

In conjunction with the March 2009 restructuring of our legacy repurchase obligations, we issued to our former repurchase lenders warrants to purchase an aggregate 3,479,691 shares of our class A common stock at an exercise price of \$1.79 per share. The warrants will become exercisable on March 16, 2012 and expire on March 16, 2019, and may be exercised in a cashless manner at the option of the warrant holders. The fair value assigned to these warrants, totaling \$940,000, has been recorded as an increase to additional paid-in capital, and was amortized into interest expense over the term of the related debt obligations. The warrants were valued using the Black-Scholes valuation method.

Dividends

We generally intend to distribute each year substantially all of our taxable income (which does not necessarily equal net income as calculated in accordance with GAAP) to our shareholders to comply with the REIT provisions of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, or the Internal Revenue Code.

Capital Trust, Inc. and Subsidiaries
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

In addition, our dividend policy remains subject to revision at the discretion of our board of directors. All distributions will be made at the discretion of our board of directors and will depend upon our taxable income, our financial condition, our maintenance of REIT status and other factors as our board of directors deems relevant.

No dividends were declared during the years ended December 31, 2011, 2010, or 2009.

Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss

The following table details the primary components of accumulated other comprehensive loss as of December 31, 2011 and significant activity for the year ended December 31, 2011 (in thousands):

Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss	Mark-to-Market on Interest Rate Hedges	Deferred Gains on Settled Hedges	Other-than- Temporary Impairments	Unrealized Gains on Securities	Total
December 31, 2010	(\$37,914)	\$165	(\$16,800)	\$4,087	(\$50,462)
Consolidation of additional securitization vehicles ⁽¹⁾	—	—	538	—	538
Unrealized gain on derivative financial instruments	5,453	—	—	—	5,453
Ineffective portion of cash flow hedges ⁽²⁾	5,038	—	—	—	5,038
Amortization of net unrealized gains on securities	—	—	—	(908)	(908)
Amortization of net deferred gains on settlement of swaps	—	(109)	—	—	(109)
Other-than-temporary impairments of securities ⁽³⁾	—	—	(326)	—	(326)
Total as of December 31, 2011	(\$27,423)	\$56	(\$16,588)	\$3,179	(\$40,776)
Allocation to non-controlling interest					192
Accumulated other comprehensive loss as of December 31, 2011					(\$40,584)

(1) As further described above, we began consolidating an additional securitization vehicle in the third quarter of 2011. This newly consolidated vehicle was previously accounted for as part of CT Legacy REIT's securities portfolio. This security had previously been other-than-temporarily impaired, a portion of which was recorded in accumulated other comprehensive income, and is now eliminated in consolidation.

(2) As a result of significant repayments under floating rate debt obligations of CT Legacy REIT a portion of its interest rate swaps were deemed ineffective in the second quarter of 2011 and are no longer designated as hedging instruments. As a result, a portion of accumulated other comprehensive income is reclassified into earnings each period to reflect the non-hedge designation. See Note 10 for further discussion.

(3) Represents other-than-temporary impairments of securities in excess of credit losses, including amortization of prior other-than-temporary impairments of \$917,000.

Noncontrolling Interests

The noncontrolling interests included on our consolidated balance sheet represent the equity interests in CT Legacy REIT which are not owned by us, as described in Note 1. CT Legacy REIT's outstanding common stock includes class A-1 common stock, class A-2 common stock, and subordinate class B common stock. A portion of CT Legacy REIT's consolidated equity and results of operations are allocated to these noncontrolling interests based on their pro-rata ownership of CT Legacy REIT.

Capital Trust, Inc. and Subsidiaries
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

The following table describes activity relating to noncontrolling interests for the year ended December 31, 2011 (in thousands):

	Noncontrolling Interests
December 31, 2010	\$—
Equity allocation to noncontrolling interests	(12,623)
Net loss attributable to noncontrolling interests	(5,823)
Other comprehensive loss attributable to noncontrolling interests	(192)
Contributions from noncontrolling interests	125
Distributions to noncontrolling interests	(2)
December 31, 2011	(\$18,515)

As of December 31, 2011, the noncontrolling interests recorded on our consolidated balance sheet was a deficit, which reflects the consolidated book value of CT Legacy REIT, including certain securitization vehicles in which losses have been recorded in excess of CT Legacy REIT's net investment.

During the second quarter of 2011, we purchased 118,651 shares of class B common stock of CT Legacy REIT which were issued to our former lenders in conjunction with our March 2011 restructuring. This purchase did not impact the book value of noncontrolling interests.

Earnings Per Share

The following table sets forth the calculation of Basic and Diluted earnings per share, or EPS, based on the weighted average of both restricted and unrestricted class A common stock outstanding, for the years ended December 31, 2011 and 2010 (in thousands, except share and per share amounts):

	Year Ended December 31, 2011			Year Ended December 31, 2010		
	Net Income	Wtd. Avg. Shares	Per Share Amount	Net Loss	Wtd. Avg. Shares	Per Share Amount
Basic EPS:						
Net income (loss) allocable to common stock	\$258,142	22,660,429	<u>\$11.39</u>	(\$185,344)	22,371,264	<u>(\$8.28)</u>
Effect of Dilutive Securities:						
Warrants & Options outstanding for the purchase of common stock	<u>—</u>	<u>1,289,996</u>		<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	
Diluted EPS:						
Net income (loss) per share of common stock and assumed conversions	<u>\$258,142</u>	<u>23,950,425</u>	<u>\$10.78</u>	<u>(\$185,344)</u>	<u>22,371,264</u>	<u>(\$8.28)</u>

As of December 31, 2010, Diluted EPS excludes 12,000 options and 3.5 million warrants which were antidilutive for the period.

Capital Trust, Inc. and Subsidiaries
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

The following table sets forth the calculation of Basic and Diluted EPS based on the weighted average of both restricted and unrestricted class A common stock outstanding, for the year ended December 31, 2009 (in thousands, except share and per share amounts):

	Year Ended December 31, 2009		
	Net Loss	Wtd. Avg. Shares	Per Share Amount
Basic EPS:			
Net loss allocable to common stock	(\$576,437)	22,378,868	<u>(\$25.76)</u>
Effect of Dilutive Securities:			
Warrants & Options outstanding for the purchase of common stock	—	—	
Diluted EPS:			
Net loss per share of common stock and assumed conversions	<u>(\$576,437)</u>	<u>22,378,868</u>	<u>(\$25.76)</u>

As of December 31, 2009, Diluted EPS excludes 162,000 options and 3.5 million warrants which were antidilutive for the period.

Note 13. General and Administrative Expenses

General and administrative expenses for the years ended December 31, 2011, 2010, and 2009 consisted of the following (in thousands):

General and Administrative Expenses	Year Ended December 31,		
	2011	2010	2009
Personnel costs	\$9,050	\$8,848	\$10,641
Restructuring awards	2,900	—	—
Professional services	5,388	5,944	8,498
Operating and other costs	2,246	2,367	2,741
Employee promote compensation	—	166	—
Subtotal	<u>19,584</u>	<u>17,325</u>	<u>21,880</u>
Non-cash personnel costs			
Management incentive awards plan - CT Legacy REIT	3,054	—	—
Employee stock-based compensation	505	138	293
Subtotal	<u>3,559</u>	<u>138</u>	<u>293</u>
Expenses of consolidated securitization vehicles	724	1,336	—
Total	<u>\$23,867</u>	<u>\$18,799</u>	<u>\$22,173</u>

Capital Trust, Inc. and Subsidiaries
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Note 14. Gain on Extinguishment of Debt

Gain on extinguishment of debt for the year ended December 31, 2011, 2010, and 2009 consisted of the following (in thousands):

Gain on Extinguishment of Debt	Year Ended December 31,		
	2011	2010	2009
Extinguishment of senior credit facility and junior subordinated notes ⁽¹⁾	\$174,846	\$—	\$—
Termination of loan participation sold ⁽²⁾	75,000	1,124	—
Securitized debt obligations ⁽³⁾	21,185	2,010	—
Total	\$271,031	\$3,134	\$—

- (1) Represents the gain recorded on the extinguishment of certain of our legacy debt obligations as part of our March 2011 restructuring. See Note 1 for further discussion.
- (2) Represents the gain recorded on the termination of a loan participation sold which had previously been impaired. See Note 8 for further discussion.
- (3) Represents the gain recorded as a result of realized losses in consolidated securitization vehicles. As losses in these vehicles are realized, they result in the extinguishment of certain subordinate classes of securitized debt. See Note 10 for further discussion.

Note 15. Income Taxes

We account for our operations using accounting principles generally accepted in the United States, or GAAP. Below, we reconcile the differences between our GAAP-basis reporting and the equivalent amounts prepared on an income tax basis.

Our consolidated financial results include three separate taxable entities, Capital Trust, Inc. (a real estate investment trust, or REIT), CTIMCO (a wholly-owned taxable REIT subsidiary, or TRS, of Capital Trust, Inc.), and CT Legacy REIT. These entities are presented on a consolidated basis under GAAP, however they are separate taxpayers.

The table below shows GAAP net income (loss), estimated taxable income (loss), and our GAAP income tax provision for the year ended December 31, 2011 disaggregated for each of these separate taxpaying entities:

Disaggregated Income (Loss) Information by Taxpayer, for the Year Ended December 31, 2011			
(in thousands)	GAAP Net Income (Loss)	Estimated Taxable Income	Income Tax Provision
Capital Trust	\$258,629	\$26,216	\$675
CTIMCO	(2,986)	4,745	1,121
CT Legacy REIT	(3,324)	(7,426)	750
Consolidated GAAP net income and tax provision	\$252,319		\$2,546

During 2011, in our GAAP-basis consolidated financial statements, we recorded an income tax provision of \$2.5 million, which was primarily comprised of a \$3.2 million current year tax provision, offset by a \$610,000 non-cash deferred income tax provision at CTIMCO due primarily to timing differences of compensation expenses as well as the use of NOL carryforwards.

Capital Trust, Inc.

Capital Trust, Inc. has made a tax election to be treated as a REIT. The primary benefit from this election is that we are able to deduct dividends paid to our shareholders from the calculation of taxable income, effectively eliminating corporate taxes on the operations of the REIT. In order to qualify as a REIT, our activities must focus on real estate investments and we must meet certain asset, income, ownership and distribution requirements. These qualifications have become more difficult to meet in light of the transfer of our legacy portfolio to CT Legacy REIT in conjunction with our March 2011 restructuring, and the lack of new, replacement investment activity. If we fail to maintain our qualification as a REIT in any year, we may be subject to material penalties as well as federal, state, and local income taxes on our taxable income at regular corporate rates. As of December 31, 2011 and 2010, we were in compliance with all REIT requirements.

In addition, we are subject to taxation on the income generated by investments in our CT CDOs. Due to the redirection provisions of our CT CDOs, which reallocate principal proceeds and interest otherwise distributable to us to repay senior note holders, assets financed through our CT CDOs may generate current taxable income without a corresponding cash distribution to us.

Capital Trust, Inc. and Subsidiaries
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

As of December 31, 2011, we have approximately \$163.1 million of NOLs, and \$120.8 million of NCLs available to be carried forward and utilized in future periods. If we are unable to utilize our NOLs, they will expire in 2029. If we are unable to utilize our NCLs, \$2.0 million will expire in 2013, \$87.4 million will expire in 2014, and \$31.4 million will expire in 2015. The availability of these NOLs and NCLs is subject to certain change of control provisions promulgated by the Internal Revenue Service with respect to the ownership of Capital Trust, Inc.

The table below reconciles the differences between GAAP net income and estimated taxable income for Capital Trust, Inc.:

Capital Trust GAAP to Tax Reconciliation

(in thousands)	Year Ended December 31, 2011
GAAP net income	\$258,629
LESS: GAAP net income of entities not consolidated for tax ⁽¹⁾	(197,289)
Subtotal	61,340
GAAP to tax differences:	
Losses, allowances and provisions on investments ⁽²⁾	(51,460)
Gain recognition related to March 31, 2011 restructuring	18,114
Non-cash interest expense not deductible for tax	5,271
Equity investments ⁽³⁾	(1,582)
GAAP income tax provision	675
Other	(6,142)
Subtotal	(35,124)
Capital Trust estimated taxable income ⁽⁴⁾	<u>\$26,216</u>

(1) Represents the GAAP net income of securitization vehicles which are consolidated into Capital Trust under GAAP, but which are separate taxpayers.

(2) Comprised of 2011 tax losses that were recognized for GAAP in prior periods. This is offset by GAAP losses that may be recognized in future tax periods.

(3) GAAP to tax differences relating to our co-investments in CTOPI, primarily the elimination of unrealized gains and losses recorded under GAAP.

(4) We expect to utilize our net operating losses and net capital losses carried forward from prior periods to offset taxable income for 2011.

For tax year 2011, we expect to utilize net operating losses, or NOLs, and net capital losses, or NCLs, carried forward from prior periods to offset taxable income. The utilization of NOLs will also require us to pay alternative minimum taxes of approximately \$400,000.

Capital Trust, Inc. and Subsidiaries
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

CTIMCO

CTIMCO is a wholly-owned subsidiary that operates our investment management business (including the management of Capital Trust, Inc.) and holds some of our assets. As a TRS, CTIMCO is subject to corporate taxation. The table below reconciles GAAP net loss to estimated taxable income for CTIMCO:

CTIMCO GAAP to Tax Reconciliation	
(in thousands)	Year Ended December 31, 2011
GAAP net loss	(\$2,986)
GAAP to tax differences:	
General and administrative ⁽¹⁾	4,940
GAAP income tax provision	1,121
Other	1,670
Subtotal	7,731
CTIMCO estimated taxable income	<u>\$4,745</u>

(1) Primarily differences associated with stock-based and other compensation to our employees.

For tax year 2011, we paid approximately \$1.7 million of estimated taxes at CTIMCO.

CT Legacy REIT

The table below reconciles the differences between GAAP net loss and estimated taxable loss for CT Legacy REIT:

Legacy REIT GAAP to Tax Reconciliation	
(in thousands)	Year Ended December 31, 2011
GAAP net loss	(\$3,324)
LESS: GAAP net income of entities not consolidated for tax ⁽¹⁾	(13,174)
Subtotal	(16,498)
GAAP to tax differences:	
Losses, allowances and provisions on investments ⁽²⁾	3,225
Non-cash interest expense not deductible for tax	1,857
GAAP income tax provision	750
Other	3,240
Subtotal	9,072
CT Legacy REIT estimated taxable loss	<u>(\$7,426)</u>

(1) Represents the GAAP net income of securitization vehicles which are consolidated into CT Legacy REIT under GAAP, but which are separate taxpayers.

(2) Comprised of 2011 GAAP losses that may be recognized in future tax periods.

Certain of CT Legacy REIT's assets have been transferred to taxable REIT subsidiaries, or TRSs. For tax year 2011, CT Legacy REIT recorded a \$750,000 current tax provision related to the operations of one of its TRS entities which had net taxable income for the year, which is not included in the table above. No income taxes were due or paid directly by CT Legacy REIT.

As of December 31, 2011, CT Legacy REIT has approximately \$7.4 million of NOLs available to be carried forward and utilized in future periods. If CT Legacy REIT is unable to utilize its NOLs, they will expire in 2031.

Deferred Income Taxes (CTIMCO)

Deferred income taxes reflect the net tax effects of temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities used for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for tax reporting purposes.

Capital Trust, Inc. and Subsidiaries
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

The significant components of deferred tax assets and liabilities, which were generated entirely by CTIMCO, were as follows (in thousands):

	<u>December 31, 2011</u>	<u>December 31, 2010</u>
NOL carryforwards	\$—	\$392
Deferred compensation expense	1,039	24
Other	229	242
Deferred tax asset	1,268	658
Valuation allowance	—	—
Net deferred tax asset	<u>\$1,268</u>	<u>\$658</u>

As of December 31, 2011, tax years 2007 through 2011 remain subject to examination by taxing authorities.

Note 16. Employee Benefit and Incentive Plans

Stock-Based Incentive Plans

We had stock-based incentive awards outstanding under three benefit plans as of December 31, 2011: (i) the Amended and Restated 1997 Non-Employee Director Stock Plan, or 1997 Director Plan, (ii) the 2007 Long Term Incentive Plan, or 2007 Plan, and (iii) the 2011 Long Term Incentive Plan, or 2011 Plan. The 1997 Director Plan and the 2007 Plan expired in 2007 and 2011, respectively and no new awards may be issued under them. In March 2011, in addition to the 300,000 shares awarded to our three named executive officers, our Compensation Committee authorized our chief executive officer to grant 100,000 shares under the 2007 Long Term Incentive Plan to other officers and employees designated by him. Our chief executive officer designated awardees for the 100,000 shares subsequent to December 31, 2011.

Under the 2011 Plan, a maximum of 1.0 million shares of class A common stock may be issued. Shares canceled under previous plans are available to be reissued under the 2011 Plan. As of December 31, 2011, there were 944,469 shares available under the 2011 Plan.

Under these plans, our employees are issued shares of our restricted class A common stock. We record grant date fair value of these shares as an expense over their vesting period. A portion of these shares vest pro-rata over a three-year service period, with the remainder contingently vesting after a four-year period based on the returns we have achieved.

As of December 31, 2011, unvested share-based compensation consisted of 244,424 shares of restricted class A common stock with an unamortized value of \$316,000. Subject to vesting conditions and the continued employment of certain employees, these costs will be recognized as compensation expense over the next two years.

Capital Trust, Inc. and Subsidiaries
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Activity under these three plans for the year ended December 31, 2011 is summarized in the table below in share and share equivalents:

Benefit Type	1997 Employee Plan	1997 Director Plan	2007 Plan	2011 Plan	Total
Options					
Beginning balance	12,224	—	—	—	12,224
Expired	(12,224)	—	—	—	(12,224)
Ending balance	—	—	—	—	—
Restricted Class A Common Stock ⁽¹⁾					
Beginning balance	—	—	32,785	—	32,785
Granted	—	—	300,000	—	300,000
Vested	—	—	(88,361)	—	(88,361)
Ending balance ⁽²⁾	—	—	244,424	—	244,424
Stock Units ⁽³⁾					
Beginning balance	—	68,544	416,855	—	485,399
Granted and deferred	—	—	21,405	55,531	76,936
Ending balance	—	68,544	438,260	55,531	562,335
Total outstanding	—	68,544	682,684	55,531	806,759

- (1) Comprised of both performance based awards that vest upon the attainment of certain common equity return thresholds and time based awards that vest based upon an employee's continued employment on pre-established vesting dates.
- (2) Approximately 229,000 of these shares vest over a three-year service period and the remainder contingently vest over a four-year period based upon returns we have achieved.
- (3) Stock units are granted to certain members of our board of directors in lieu of cash compensation for services and in lieu of dividends earned on previously granted stock units.

A summary of the unvested restricted class A common stock as of and for the year ended December 31, 2011 was as follows:

	Restricted Class A Common Stock	
	Shares	Grant Date Fair Value
Unvested at January 1, 2011	32,785	\$5.67
Granted	300,000	2.29
Vested	(88,361)	2.62
Unvested at December 31, 2011	244,424	\$2.65

A summary of the unvested restricted class A common stock as of and for the year ended December 31, 2010 was as follows:

	Restricted Class A Common Stock	
	Shares	Grant Date Fair Value
Unvested at January 1, 2010	79,023	\$7.99
Granted	16,875	1.27
Vested	(53,188)	8.21
Forfeited	(9,925)	7.57
Unvested at December 31, 2010	32,785	\$5.67

Capital Trust, Inc. and Subsidiaries
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

A summary of the unvested restricted class A common stock as of and for the year ended December 31, 2009 was as follows:

	Restricted Class A Common Stock	
	Shares	Grant Date Fair Value
Unvested at January 1, 2009	331,197	\$30.61
Granted	216,269	3.32
Vested	(69,997)	25.02
Forfeited	(398,446)	21.58
Unvested at December 31, 2009	<u>79,023</u>	<u>\$7.99</u>

The total grant date fair value of restricted shares that vested during the years ended December 31, 2011, 2010, and 2009 was \$231,000, \$437,000, and \$301,000, respectively.

Incentive Management Fee Grants

In addition to the equity interests detailed above, we may grant percentage interests in the incentive compensation received by us from certain of our investment management vehicles. In January 2011, we created a pool for employees equal to 45% of the CTOPI incentive management fee received by us. As of December 31, 2011, we had granted 92.5% of the pool to our employees and the remainder remains unallocated. These grants have the following employment-based vesting schedule: (i) one-third vests on the date of grant, (ii) one-third vests upon the expiration of the investment period of CTOPI currently September 2012, and (iii) the remainder vests upon our receipt of incentive management fees from CTOPI.

CT Legacy REIT Management Incentive Awards Plan

In conjunction with our March 2011 restructuring, we created an employee pool for up to 6.75% of the dividends paid to the common equity holders of CT Legacy REIT (subject to certain caps and priority distributions). As of December 31, 2011, 75% of the pool was granted to our employees and the remainder remains unallocated. These grants have the following employment-based vesting schedule: (i) 25% vests on the date of grant, (ii) 25% vests in March 2013, (iii) 25% vests in March 2014, and (iv) the remainder vests upon our receipt of dividends from CT Legacy REIT.

Note 17. Fair Values

Assets and Liabilities Recorded at Fair Value

Certain of our assets and liabilities are measured at fair value either (i) on a recurring basis, as of each quarter-end, or (ii) on a nonrecurring basis, as a result of impairment or other events. Generally, loans held-for-sale, real estate held-for-sale, and interest rate swaps are measured at fair value on a recurring basis, while impaired loans and securities are measured at fair value on a nonrecurring basis. These fair values are determined using a variety of inputs and methodologies, which are detailed below.

As discussed in Note 2, the "Fair Value Measurement and Disclosures" Topic of the Codification establishes a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs used in determining fair value under GAAP, which includes the following classifications, in order of priority:

- Level 1 generally includes only unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities as of the reporting date.
- Level 2 inputs are those which, other than Level 1 inputs, are observable for identical or similar assets or liabilities.
- Level 3 inputs generally include anything which does not meet the criteria of Levels 1 and 2, particularly any unobservable inputs.

Capital Trust, Inc. and Subsidiaries
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

The following table summarizes our assets and liabilities, including those of CT Legacy REIT and our consolidated securitization vehicles, which are recorded at fair value as of December 31, 2011 (in thousands):

	Total Fair Value at December 31, 2011	Fair Value Measurements Using		
		Quoted Prices in Active Markets (Level 1)	Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)
Measured on a recurring basis:				
CT Legacy REIT's loans held-for-sale	\$30,875	\$—	\$—	\$30,875
Securitization vehicles' real estate held-for-sale	\$10,342	\$—	\$—	\$10,342
CT Legacy REIT's interest rate hedge liabilities	(\$8,817)	\$—	(\$8,817)	\$—
Securitization vehicles' interest rate hedge liabilities	(\$24,942)	\$—	(\$24,942)	\$—
Measured on a nonrecurring basis:				
CT Legacy REIT's impaired loans: ⁽¹⁾				
Senior mortgages	\$11,638	\$—	\$—	\$11,638
Subordinate interests in mortgages	19,335	—	—	19,335
Mezzanine loans	—	—	—	—
	<u>\$30,973</u>	<u>\$—</u>	<u>\$—</u>	<u>\$30,973</u>
Securitization vehicles' impaired securities held-to-maturity ⁽²⁾	\$6,776	\$—	\$—	\$6,776
Securitization vehicles' impaired loans: ⁽¹⁾				
Senior mortgages	\$16,927	\$—	\$—	\$16,927
Subordinate interests in mortgages	5,419	—	—	5,419
Mezzanine loans	20,539	—	—	20,539
	<u>\$42,885</u>	<u>\$—</u>	<u>\$—</u>	<u>\$42,885</u>

(1) Loans receivable against which we have recorded a provision for loan losses as of December 31, 2011.

(2) Securities which were other-than-temporarily impaired during the three months ended December 31, 2011.

The following methods and assumptions were used to estimate the fair value of each type of asset and liability which was recorded at fair value as of December 31, 2011:

Loans held-for-sale: Loans held-for-sale are valued based on expected net proceeds from a sale of the asset.

Real estate held-for-sale: Real estate held-for-sale is valued based on expected proceeds from a sale of the asset.

Interest rate hedge liabilities: Interest rate hedges are valued using advice from a third party derivative specialist, based on a combination of observable market-based inputs, such as interest rate curves, and unobservable inputs such as credit valuation adjustments due to the risk of non-performance by both us and our counterparties. See Notes 10 and 11 for additional details on our interest rate hedges.

Impaired securities held-to-maturity: Securities which are other-than-temporarily impaired are generally valued by a combination of (i) obtaining assessments from third-party dealers and, (ii) in cases where such assessments are unavailable or, in the opinion of management, deemed not to be indicative of fair value, discounting expected cash flows using internal cash flow models and estimated market discount rates. In the case of internal models, expected cash flows of each security are based on management's assumptions regarding the collection of principal and interest on the underlying loans and securities. The table above includes only securities which were impaired during the three months ended December 31, 2011. Previously impaired securities have been subsequently adjusted for amortization, and are therefore no longer reported at fair value as of December 31, 2011.

Capital Trust, Inc. and Subsidiaries
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

As of December 31, 2011, two of our consolidated securitization vehicles' securities were other-than-temporarily impaired and therefore reported at fair value based on dealer valuations. One security had a 2005 vintage and was rated "D" by Standard and Poor, "Caa3" by Moody, and "CC" by Fitch Ratings, Inc. This security was valued at 33% of its face amount. The other security had a 2002 vintage and was rated "D" from Standard and Poor and "Caa1" from Moody. This security was valued at 37% of its face amount.

Impaired loans : The loans identified for impairment are collateral dependent loans. Impairment on these loans is measured by comparing management's estimation of fair value of the underlying collateral to the book value of the respective loan. These valuations require significant judgments, which include assumptions regarding capitalization rates, leasing, creditworthiness of major tenants, occupancy rates, availability of financing, exit plan, loan sponsorship, actions of other lenders and other factors deemed necessary by management. The table above includes all impaired loans, regardless of the period in which impairment was recognized.

Additional details of CT Legacy REIT's loans which were recorded at fair value as of December 31, 2011 are described below:

Senior mortgage loans: One of CT Legacy REIT's senior mortgage loans with a principal balance of \$24.7 million was reported at fair value as of December 31, 2011. This hotel loan matured in September 2011 and has a coupon of 2.0% per annum as of December 31, 2011.

Subordinate interests in mortgages: Three of CT Legacy REIT's subordinate interests in mortgage loans with an aggregate principal balance of \$83.8 million are reported at fair value as of December 31, 2011, including two hotel loans (\$43.4 million), and one condominium loan (\$40.4 million). These loans have a weighted average maturity of May 2013 and a weighted average coupon of 3.1% per annum as of December 31, 2011.

Mezzanine loans: One of CT Legacy REIT's mezzanine loans with a principal balance of \$152.3 million is reported at fair value as of December 31, 2011. This hotel loan matures in May 2012 and has a coupon of 3.7% per annum as of December 31, 2011.

Additional details of our consolidated securitization vehicles' loans which were recorded at fair value as of December 31, 2011 are described below:

Senior mortgage loans: One of our consolidated securitization vehicles' senior mortgage loans with a principal balance of \$33.2 million was reported at fair value as of December 31, 2011, which is classified as a mixed-use/other loan. The loan has a maturity of May 2015 and a coupon of 2.3% per annum as of December 31, 2011.

Subordinate interests in mortgages: Eight of our consolidated securitization vehicles' subordinate interests in mortgage loans with an aggregate principal balance of \$108.6 million are reported at fair value as of December 31, 2011, including three hotel loans (\$60.9 million), two office loans (\$27.8 million), one multifamily loan (\$5.5 million), one retail loan (\$4.4 million) and one mixed-use/other loan (\$10.2 million). The loans have a weighted average maturity of November 2011 and a weighted average coupon of 3.2% per annum as of December 31, 2011.

Mezzanine loans: Two of our consolidated securitization vehicles' mezzanine loans with an aggregate principal balance of \$96.2 million are reported at fair value as of December 31, 2011, including one hotel loans (\$75.5 million) and one retail loan (\$20.7 million). The loans have a weighted average maturity of May 2011 and a weighted average coupon of 2.8% per annum as of December 31, 2011.

Capital Trust, Inc. and Subsidiaries
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

The following table reconciles the beginning and ending balances of assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis using Level 3 inputs (in thousands):

	Loans Held-for- Sale	Real Estate Held-for- Sale
December 31, 2010	\$5,750	\$8,055
Loan Satisfactions	(5,750)	—
Transfer from loans receivable	32,331	—
Consolidation of additional securitization vehicles	—	3,342
<u>Adjustments to fair value included in earnings:</u>		
Valuation allowance on loans held-for-sale	(1,456)	—
Impairment of real estate held-for-sale	—	(1,055)
December 31, 2011	<u>\$30,875</u>	<u>\$10,342</u>

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

In addition to the above disclosures for assets and liabilities which are recorded at fair value, GAAP also requires disclosure of fair value information about financial instruments, whether or not recognized in the statement of financial position, for which it is practicable to estimate that value. In cases where quoted market prices are not available, fair values are estimated using present value or other valuation techniques. Those techniques are significantly affected by the assumptions used, including the estimated market discount rate and the estimated future cash flows. In that regard, the derived fair value estimates cannot be substantiated by comparison to independent markets and, in many cases, could not be realized in an immediate settlement of the instrument. Rather, these fair values reflect the amounts that management believes are realizable in an orderly transaction among willing parties. These disclosure requirements exclude certain financial instruments and all non-financial instruments.

Capital Trust, Inc. and Subsidiaries
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

The following table details the carrying amount, face amount, and approximate fair value of the financial instruments described above:

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

(in thousands)	December 31, 2011			December 31, 2010		
	Carrying Amount	Face Amount	Fair Value	Carrying Amount	Face Amount	Fair Value
Financial assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$34,818	\$34,818	\$34,818	\$24,449	\$24,449	\$24,449
Securities held-to-maturity	—	—	—	3,455	36,015	5,518
Loans receivable, net	19,282	19,282	17,354	606,318	979,057	499,176
CT Legacy REIT						
Restricted cash	12,985	12,985	12,985	—	—	—
Securities held-to-maturity	2,602	29,251	1,638	—	—	—
Loans receivable, net	206,514	435,973	180,439	—	—	—
Securitization Vehicles						
Securities held-to-maturity	358,972	490,940	350,180	504,323	594,434	475,272
Loans receivable, net	612,598	815,716	570,936	2,891,379	3,147,755	2,548,715
Financial liabilities:						
Repurchase obligations	—	—	—	372,582	372,680	372,680
Senior credit facility	—	—	—	98,124	98,124	14,719
Junior subordinated notes	—	—	—	132,190	143,753	2,875
Secured notes	7,847	7,847	6,436	—	—	—
Participations sold	19,282	19,282	17,354	259,304	259,304	81,589
CT Legacy REIT						
Repurchase obligations	58,464	58,464	54,556	—	—	—
Mezzanine loan	55,111	55,111	71,475	—	—	—
Participations sold	97,465	97,465	—	—	—	—
Securitization Vehicles						
Securitized debt obligations	1,211,407	1,210,992	767,619	3,621,229	3,620,446	2,717,787

The following methods and assumptions were used to estimate the fair value of each class of financial instruments, excluding those described above that are carried at fair value, for which it is practicable to estimate that value:

Cash and cash equivalents: The carrying amount of cash on deposit and in money market funds is considered to be a reasonable estimate of fair value.

Securities held-to-maturity: These investments, other than securities that have been other-than-temporarily impaired, are recorded on a held-to-maturity basis and not at fair value. The fair values presented above have been estimated by a combination of (i) obtaining assessments from third party dealers and, (ii) in cases where such assessments are unavailable or, in the opinion of management, deemed not to be indicative of fair value, discounting expected cash flows using internal cash flow models and estimated market discount rates. The expected cash flows of each security are based on management's assumptions regarding the collection of principal and interest on the underlying loans and securities.

Loans receivable, net: Other than impaired loans, these assets are recorded at their amortized cost and not at fair value. The fair values presented above were estimated by management taking into consideration factors including capitalization rates, leasing, occupancy rates, availability and cost of financing, exit plan, sponsorship, actions of other lenders and indications of market value from other market participants.

Restricted cash: The carrying amount of restricted is considered to be a reasonable estimate of fair value.

Secured notes: These notes are recorded at their total face balance and not at fair value. The fair value was estimated based on the rate at which a similar credit facility would be priced today.

Participations sold: These liabilities are recorded at their amortized cost and not at fair value. The fair values presented above are consistent with those presented for the related loan assets.

Capital Trust, Inc. and Subsidiaries
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Repurchase obligations: These facilities are recorded at their total face balance and not at fair value. The fair value was estimated based on the rate at which a similar credit facility would be priced today.

Mezzanine loan: This instrument is recorded at its amortized cost and not at fair value. The fair value was estimated based on the rate at which a similar credit facility would be priced today.

Securitized debt obligations: These obligations are recorded at the face value of outstanding obligations to third parties and not at fair value. The fair values presented above have been estimated by obtaining assessments from third party dealers.

Note 18. Supplemental Disclosures for Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

As described in Note 2, our financial statements include nine consolidated securitization vehicles. The consolidation of these entities has materially impacted our statement of cash flows, primarily the amounts reported as principal collections of loans and repayments of securitized debt obligations. Notwithstanding the gross presentation on our consolidated statement of cash flows, the consolidation of these entities has no impact on our net cash flow.

Interest paid on our outstanding debt obligations during the years ended December 31, 2011, 2010, and 2009 was \$81.7 million, \$105.5 million and \$65.6 million, respectively. This includes interest paid by consolidated securitization vehicles and CT Legacy REIT. The difference between interest expense on our consolidated statement of operations and interest paid is primarily due to non-cash interest expense recorded on loan participations sold, interest rate swaps, and amortization of discounts and deferred interest on various debt obligations.

Net taxes paid by us during the years ended December 31, 2011 and 2010 were \$4.8 million and \$603,000, respectively, and taxes recovered by us for the year ended December 31, 2009 was \$408,000. The taxes paid in 2011 include \$1.6 million paid by Capital Trust, Inc. that is expected to be refunded in 2012, and \$750,000 paid by CT Legacy REIT related to one of its taxable REIT subsidiaries which is a separate taxpayer, but is consolidated for GAAP reporting.

Significant non-cash investing and financing activities, which are not presented on our consolidated statements of cash flows, include (i) the repayments of our loan participations sold assets and liabilities, and (ii) the consolidation and deconsolidation of securitization vehicles during the year.

Note 19. Transactions with Related Parties

We earn base management and incentive fees in our capacity as investment manager for multiple vehicles which we have sponsored. Due to the nature of our relationship with these vehicles, all management fees are considered revenue from related parties under GAAP. In addition, we have investments which are senior, junior, or pari passu to investments in our investment management vehicles, which could produce conflicts of interest between our direct portfolio and those of our managed accounts.

On November 9, 2006, we commenced our CT High Grade Mezzanine SM, or CT High Grade I, investment management initiative and entered into three separate account agreements with affiliates of W. R. Berkley Corporation, or WRBC, with an aggregate commitment of \$250 million, which was subsequently increased to \$350 million in July 2007. Subsequent to the expiration of the CT High Grade I investment period, we continued to invest on behalf of WRBC under the CT High Grade I platform on a non-discretionary basis, bringing WRBC's total allocated capital to \$422 million as of December 31, 2011. Pursuant to these agreements, we invested capital on behalf of WRBC in commercial real estate mortgages, mezzanine loans and participations therein. The separate accounts are entirely funded with committed capital from WRBC and are managed by a subsidiary of CTIMCO. CTIMCO earns a management fee equal to 0.25% per annum on invested assets.

WRBC beneficially owned common stock representing approximately 16.9% of our outstanding common stock and stock units as of February 7, 2012, and a member of our board of directors is an employee of WRBC. In addition, a wholly-owned subsidiary of WRBC is an investor in Five Mile and certain private funds under its management. As discussed in Notes 1 and 10, Five Mile provided an \$83.0 million mezzanine loan to CT Legacy REIT in connection with our March 2011 restructuring, and holds a significant interest in the common equity of CT Legacy REIT.

In July 2008, CTOPI, a private equity fund that we manage, held its final closing completing its capital raise with \$540 million total equity commitments. EGI-Private Equity II, L.L.C., an affiliate under common control of the chairman of our board of directors, owns a 3.7% limited partner interest in CTOPI. During the year ended December 31, 2011, we recorded \$2.9 million of fees from CTOPI, \$117,000 of which were attributable to EGI- Private Equity II, L.L.C.

CTOPI has purchased \$75.5 million face value of our CT CDO notes in the open market for \$40.4 million. These purchases were from third parties, and were not sold by us.

Effective December 1, 2009, John R. Klopp retired as our chief executive officer. In conjunction with his departure, Mr. Klopp was retained as a consultant to the company through November 2010, for which he was paid \$83,333 per month over the twelve-month term. We recognized 100% of this consulting fee in 2009 as a component of general and administrative expense.

Capital Trust, Inc. and Subsidiaries
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Note 20. Commitments and Contingencies

Leases

We lease our corporate office under an operating lease expiring in 2018. Minimum annual rental payments as of December 31, 2011 are as follows (in thousands):

Years ending December 31,	
2012	\$1,070
2013	1,099
2014	1,129
2015	1,129
2016	1,129
Thereafter	2,070
	\$7,626

We recognize our obligations under our lease on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease. In 2007 we entered into a lease for additional space, which we terminated in 2009. GAAP rent expense for office space amounted to \$1.1 million, \$1.1 million, and \$1.2 million for the years ended December 31, 2011, 2010, and 2009, respectively.

Unfunded Commitments

As of December 31, 2011, we had an unfunded capital commitment to one of our investment management vehicles, CT Opportunity Partners I, LP, or CTOPI, of \$15.0 million. This commitment will be funded pro-rata with our investors as CTOPI continues to make investments and/or delever its portfolio over the life of the fund.

Future Distribution Requirements

In 1999, we acquired a portfolio of CMBS from a dealer at a discount. For purposes of GAAP income recognition, we amortize the discount as interest income over the expected life of the securities using the effective interest method, as we do for other securities purchased at a discount. For income tax purposes, specifically with respect to this portfolio, we elected to defer the recognition of the purchase discount until we receive principal as the securities are sold, amortize or mature. In the future, assuming principal collection as anticipated, as these securities mature, we will recognize the purchase discount as income for tax purposes and, as a REIT, those amounts will be factored into our distribution requirements. For the securities in our CT CDOs, the cash flow waterfalls are designed to repay senior indebtedness with principal repayments, resulting in a situation where we may not receive cash as these securities are sold, amortize or mature. In these cases, we may have a distribution requirement without receipt of the cash to service the requirement, requiring us to fund these distribution requirements from other sources of liquidity. As of December 31, 2011, the securities in question were held by our CT CDOs, and have a face value of \$20.6 million and a remaining discount of \$1.8 million. The income we recognize for tax purposes on these securities will depend upon the rate of principal repayment of each security and the cash flow provisions of our CT CDOs.

Similarly, due to the redirection provisions of our CT CDOs, which reallocate principal and interest otherwise distributable to us to repay senior note holders, assets financed through our CT CDOs may generate current taxable income without a corresponding cash distribution to us. See Note 11 for additional discussion on these redirection provisions.

CT Legacy REIT may also recognize taxable income related to securities and CDO provisions similar to those described above. Due to restrictions on dividend payments under CT Legacy REIT's mezzanine loan, if such taxable income were to be recognized, it could result in consent dividends to us which would represent non-cash taxable income for Capital Trust, Inc. and could impact our distribution requirements.

As of December 31, 2011, we have approximately \$163.1 million of NOLs, and \$120.8 million of NCLs available to be carried forward and utilized in future periods to offset the impact of any income tax recognized, and therefore minimize our related distribution requirements.

Litigation

In the normal course of business, we are subject to various legal proceedings and claims, the resolution of which, in management's opinion, will not have a material adverse effect on our consolidated financial position or results of operations.

Capital Trust, Inc. and Subsidiaries
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Employment Agreements and Executive Compensation

As of December 31, 2011, we no longer have employment agreements with Stephen D. Plavin, who serves as our chief executive officer and president, Geoffrey J. Jervis, who serves as our chief financial officer, and Thomas C. Ruffing, who serves as our chief credit officer and head of asset management. These officers currently remain at-will employees of the Company.

Board of Director's Compensation

Of the eight members of our board of directors, seven are entitled to annual compensation of \$75,000 each. Our chief executive officer also serves as a director for no compensation. As of December 31, 2011, the annual compensation for one of these six directors was paid in cash and the remaining five directors were paid 50% in cash and 50% in the form of deferred stock units. In addition, the member of our board of directors that serves as the chairperson of the audit committee of our board of directors receives an annual cash compensation of \$12,000. Compensation to the board of directors is payable in four equal quarterly payments.

Note 21. Segment Reporting

We operate in two reportable segments. We have an internal information system that produces performance and asset data for our two segments along service lines.

The Balance Sheet Investment segment includes our consolidated portfolio of interest earning assets and the financing thereof. The Investment Management segment includes the investment management activities of our wholly-owned investment management subsidiary, CT Investment Management Co., LLC, or CTIMCO, and its subsidiaries, as well as our co-investments in investment management vehicles. CTIMCO is a taxable REIT subsidiary and serves as the investment manager of Capital Trust, Inc., all of our investment management vehicles and CT CDOs, and serves as senior servicer and special servicer for certain of our investments and for third parties.

Capital Trust, Inc. and Subsidiaries
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

The following table details each segment's contribution to our operating results and the identified assets attributable to each such segment for the year ended, and as of, December 31, 2011 (in thousands):

	Balance Sheet Investment	Investment Management	Inter- Segment Activities	Total
Income from loans and other investments:				
Interest and related income	\$117,162	\$—	\$—	\$117,162
Less: Interest and related expenses	96,974	—	—	96,974
Income from loans and other investments, net	20,188	—	—	20,188
Other revenues:				
Management fees from affiliates	—	8,481	(1,863)	6,618
Servicing fees	—	9,889	(1,392)	8,497
Total other revenues	—	18,370	(3,255)	15,115
Other expenses				
General and administrative	7,310	18,420	(1,863)	23,867
Servicing fees expense	1,392	—	(1,392)	—
Total other expenses	8,702	18,420	(3,255)	23,867
Total other-than-temporary impairments of securities	(49,309)	—	—	(49,309)
Portion of other-than-temporary impairments of securities recognized in other comprehensive income	1,243	—	—	1,243
Impairment of real estate held-for-sale	(1,055)	—	—	(1,055)
Net impairments recognized in earnings	(49,121)	—	—	(49,121)
Recovery of provision for loan losses	19,326	—	—	19,326
Valuation allowance on loans held-for-sale	(1,456)	—	—	(1,456)
Gain on extinguishment of debt	271,031	—	—	271,031
Income from equity investments	—	3,649	—	3,649
Income before income taxes	251,266	3,599	—	254,865
Income tax provision	1,425	1,121	—	2,546
Net income	\$249,841	\$2,478	\$—	\$252,319
Add: Net loss attributable to noncontrolling interests	5,823	—	—	5,823
Net income attributable to Capital Trust, Inc.	\$255,664	\$2,478	\$—	\$258,142
Total assets	\$1,350,029	\$16,287	\$—	\$1,366,316

All revenues were generated from external sources within the United States. The Investment Management segment earned fees of \$1.4 million for serving as collateral manager of the four CT CDOs consolidated under our Balance Sheet Investment segment as well as special servicing activity for certain CT CDO assets for the year ended December 31, 2011. In addition, the investment management segment received intercompany preferred dividend income of \$1.9 million from the balance sheet segment for the year ended December 31, 2011.

Capital Trust, Inc. and Subsidiaries
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

The following table details each segment's contribution to our operating results and the identified assets attributable to each such segment for the year ended, and as of, December 31, 2010 (in thousands):

	Balance Sheet Investment	Investment Management	Inter- Segment Activities	Total
Income from loans and other investments:				
Interest and related income	\$158,793	\$1	\$—	\$158,794
Less: Interest and related expenses	123,963	—	—	123,963
Income from loans and other investments, net	34,830	1	—	34,831
Other revenues:				
Management fees from affiliates	—	7,808	—	7,808
Incentive management fees from affiliates	—	733	—	733
Servicing fees	—	8,189	(1,785)	6,404
Total other revenues	—	16,730	(1,785)	14,945
Other expenses				
General and administrative	5,899	12,900	—	18,799
Servicing fee expense	1,785	—	(1,785)	—
Total other expenses	7,684	12,900	(1,785)	18,799
Total other-than-temporary impairments of securities	(77,960)	—	—	(77,960)
Portion of other-than-temporary impairments of securities recognized in other comprehensive income	9,594	—	—	9,594
Impairment of real estate held-for-sale	(4,000)	—	—	(4,000)
Net impairments recognized in earnings	(72,366)	—	—	(72,366)
Provision for loan losses	(146,478)	—	—	(146,478)
Valuation allowance on loans held-for-sale	(2,119)	—	—	(2,119)
Gain on extinguishment of debt	3,134	—	—	3,134
Income from equity investments	—	3,608	—	3,608
(Loss) income before income taxes	(190,683)	7,439	—	(183,244)
Income tax provision	14	2,086	—	2,100
Net (loss) income	(\$190,697)	\$5,353	\$—	(\$185,344)
Total assets	\$4,109,465	\$14,484	(\$3,259)	\$4,120,690

All revenues were generated from external sources within the United States. The Investment Management segment earned fees of \$1.8 million for serving as collateral manager of the four CT CDOs consolidated under our Balance Sheet Investment segment as well as special servicing activity for certain CT CDO assets for the year ended December 31, 2010.

Capital Trust, Inc. and Subsidiaries
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

The following table details each segment's contribution to our operating results and the identified assets attributable to each such segment for the year ended, and as of, December 31, 2009 (in thousands):

	Balance Sheet Investment	Investment Management	Inter- Segment Activities	Total
Income from loans and other investments:				
Interest and related income	\$121,968	\$16	(\$13)	\$121,971
Less: Interest and related expenses	79,794	13	(13)	79,794
Income from loans and other investments, net	42,174	3	—	42,177
Other revenues:				
Management fees from affiliates	—	13,512	(1,769)	11,743
Servicing fees	—	3,008	(1,329)	1,679
Total other revenues	—	16,520	(3,098)	13,422
Other expenses				
General and administrative	8,083	15,859	(1,769)	22,173
Servicing fee expense	1,329	—	(1,329)	—
Total other expenses	9,412	15,859	(3,098)	22,173
Total other-than-temporary impairments of securities	(123,894)	—	—	(123,894)
Portion of other-than-temporary impairments of securities recognized in other comprehensive income	14,256	—	—	14,256
Impairment of goodwill	—	(2,235)	—	(2,235)
Impairment of real estate held-for-sale	(2,233)	—	—	(2,233)
Net impairments recognized in earnings	(111,871)	(2,235)	—	(114,106)
Provision for loan losses	(482,352)	—	—	(482,352)
Loss on sale of investments	(10,363)	—	—	(10,363)
Loss from equity investments	—	(3,736)	—	(3,736)
Loss before income taxes	(571,824)	(5,307)	—	(577,131)
Income tax benefit	(408)	(286)	—	(694)
Net loss	(\$571,416)	(\$5,021)	\$—	(\$576,437)
Total assets	\$1,926,019	\$12,783	(\$2,167)	\$1,936,635

All revenues were generated from external sources within the United States. The Investment Management segment earned fees of \$1.8 million for management of the Balance Sheet Investment segment and \$1.3 million for serving as collateral manager of the four CT CDOs consolidated under our Balance Sheet Investment segment, and was charged \$13,000 for inter-segment interest for the year ended December 31, 2009, which is reflected as offsetting adjustments to other interest income and other interest expense in the inter-segment activities column in the table above.

Capital Trust, Inc. and Subsidiaries
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Note 22. Summary of Quarterly Results of Operations (Unaudited)

The following is a summary of the unaudited quarterly results of operations for the years ended December 31, 2011, 2010 and 2009 (in thousands except per share data):

	<u>March 31</u>	<u>June 30</u>	<u>September 30</u>	<u>December 31</u>
2011				
Revenues	\$38,889	\$34,586	\$28,855	\$29,955
Net income (loss)	\$254,586	(\$1,845)	\$13,724	(\$8,322)
Net income (loss) per share of common stock:				
Basic	\$11.35	(\$0.08)	\$0.60	(\$0.37)
Diluted	\$11.04	(\$0.08)	\$0.57	(\$0.37)
2010				
Revenues	\$44,505	\$41,675	\$43,147	\$44,615
Net (loss) income	(\$63,452)	\$2,902	(\$134,709)	\$9,915
Net (loss) income per share of common stock:				
Basic	(\$2.84)	\$0.13	(\$ 6.02)	\$0.44
Diluted	(\$2.84)	\$0.13	(\$6.02)	\$0.44
2009				
Revenues	\$37,425	\$33,667	\$32,670	\$31,631
Net loss	(\$73,146)	(\$6,396)	(\$106,457)	(\$390,438)
Net loss per share of common stock:				
Basic	(\$3.28)	(\$0.29)	(\$4.75)	(\$17.41)
Diluted	(\$3.28)	(\$0.29)	(\$4.75)	(\$17.41)

Basic and diluted earnings per share are computed independently based on the weighted-average shares of common stock outstanding for each of the periods. Accordingly, the sum of the quarterly earnings per share amounts may not agree to the total for the year. See Note 12 for a further discussion of earnings per share.

Note 23. Subsequent Events

Subsequent to year-end, in February 2012, we refinanced CT Legacy REIT's JPMorgan repurchase facility and mezzanine loan with a single, new \$124.0 million repurchase facility with JPMorgan. All collateral under the mezzanine loan was released, and all of CT Legacy REIT's loan and debt security assets were pledged as collateral for the new JPMorgan facility. The new facility matures in December 2014, and carries an initial interest rate of LIBOR+5.50% per annum.

Periodic repayment targets must be met under the facility, which require the outstanding balance be reduced to: \$100.0 million by December 31, 2012, \$80.0 million by June 30, 2013, and \$40.0 million by December 31, 2013. In addition, the facility's interest rate is subject to increase by 0.50% per annum if the outstanding balance of the facility has not been reduced to \$90.0 million as of June 30, 2012, and by an additional 0.50% per annum if the outstanding balance of the facility has not been reduced to \$60.0 million as of December 31, 2012.

Capital Trust, Inc. and Subsidiaries

Schedule IV—Mortgage Loans on Real Estate

As of December 31, 2011

(in thousands)

Type of Loan/Borrower ⁽¹⁾	Description/ Location	Interest Payment Rates ⁽²⁾	Final Maturity Date	Periodic Payment Terms ⁽³⁾	Prior Liens ⁽⁴⁾	Face Amount of Loans ⁽⁵⁾⁽⁶⁾	Carrying Amount of Loans ⁽⁷⁾⁽⁸⁾
Mortgage Loans:W							
Borrower A	Office / CA	1.4%	11/2/2012	P & I	\$—	\$65,000	\$65,000
Borrower B	Office / GA	6.0%	10/9/2013	P & I	—	\$32,500	\$30,875
Borrower C	Office / TX	4.5%	5/9/2013	I/O	—	27,503	27,503
All other mortgage loans individually less than 3% with face amounts:							
Less than \$20,000		1.6% - 9.5%	7/10/10 - 7/1/27		n/a	175,390	203,932
Between \$20,000 and \$40,000		2.3% - 7.8%	9/9/11 - 1/31/20		n/a	80,809	22,874
Greater than \$40,000		n/a	n/a		n/a	—	—
Total mortgage loans:					—	381,202	350,184
Subordinate Interests in Mortgages:							
Borrower D	Office / NY	9.8%	11/2/2011	I/O	80,000	39,000	39,000
Borrower E	Office / Diversified	2.9%	10/9/2013	I/O	56,871	35,000	35,000
Borrower F	Hotel / Diversified	8.4%	11/6/2013	I/O	114,930	40,663	40,663
Borrower G	Office / CA	2.1%	11/9/2013	I/O	58,000	33,000	33,000
All subordinate interests in mortgages individually less than 3% with face amounts:							
Less than \$20,000		2.2% - 9.2%	3/9/10 - 1/3/17		n/a	131,982	85,569
Between \$20,000 and \$40,000		1.7% - 7.7%	6/9/11 - 7/1/35		n/a	151,201	69,901
Greater than \$40,000		3.0% - 3.0%	12/31/14 - 12/31/14		n/a	40,364	—
Total subordinate interests in mortgages:					309,801	471,210	303,133
Mezzanine & Other Loans:							
Borrower H	Hotel / NY	8.5%	12/9/2013	I/O	173,750	84,750	84,750
Borrower I	Office / NY	7.0%	9/1/2014	I/O	71,780	40,541	40,796
All mezzanine & other loans individually less than 3% with face amounts:							
Less than \$20,000		2.8% - 12.0%	11/2/11 - 2/1/16		n/a	54,120	54,120
Between \$20,000 and \$40,000		4.0% - 8.3%	2/9/10 - 12/1/14		n/a	43,823	43,718
Greater than \$40,000		2.3% - 3.9%	10/9/11 - 5/9/12		n/a	227,826	—
Total mezzanine & other loans:					245,530	451,060	223,384
Unallocated loan loss provision:							(7,432)
Total loans:					\$555,331	\$1,303,472	\$869,269

(1) All amounts include both loans receivable and loans held-for-sale.

(2) Rates for floating rate loans are based on LIBOR of 0.30% as of December 31, 2011.

(3) P & I = principal and interest. I/O = interest only.

(4) Represents only third party liens.

(5) Does not include Unfunded Commitments.

(6) Mortgage loans which are greater than 90 days delinquent include \$96.2 million of our mezzanine loans, \$102.6 million of our subordinate interests in mortgages, and \$24.7 million of our senior interests in mortgages.

(7) Mortgage loans with a carrying value of \$404.3 million are not consolidated for federal income tax purposes because they are held by securitization vehicles in which we invest, as further described in Note 2. Excluding these loans, the tax basis of the mortgage loans included above is approximately \$473.9 million as of December 31, 2011.

(8) As of December 31, 2011, we identified 16 loans with an aggregate gross book value of \$498.2 million for impairment, against which we have recorded a \$424.3 million provision, and which are carried at an aggregate net book value of \$73.9 million. See Notes 2 and 16 for a description of our loan impairment and valuation process.

Capital Trust, Inc. and Subsidiaries

Notes to Schedule IV

As of December 31, 2011

(in thousands)

1. Reconciliation of Mortgage Loans on Real Estate:

The following table reconciles Mortgage Loans on Real Estate for the years ended December 31, 2011, 2010 and 2009:

	2011	2010	2009
Balance at January 1 ⁽¹⁾	\$3,503,447	\$1,175,792	\$1,882,409
Additions during period:			
Impact of consolidation due to change in accounting principal ⁽²⁾	—	2,845,241	—
Consolidation of additional securitization vehicle ⁽³⁾	22,437	—	—
New mortgage loans	—	—	—
Additional fundings ⁽⁴⁾	478	2,021	9,350
Amortization of discount, net ⁽⁵⁾	1,773	1,364	990
Recovery of loan losses	21,973	—	—
Deductions during period:			
Deconsolidation of securitization vehicle ⁽⁶⁾	(595,920)	—	—
Collections of principal	(2,069,799)	(328,408)	(99,411)
Transfers to real estate held-for-sale	—	(12,054)	—
Transfers to other assets ⁽⁷⁾	(7,914)	(6,614)	—
Provision for loan losses	—	(146,478)	(482,352)
Valuation allowance on loans held-for-sale	(1,456)	(2,119)	—
Mortgage loans sold	(5,750)	(25,298)	(124,831)
Loss on sale of mortgage loans	—	—	(10,363)
Balance at December 31	<u>\$869,269</u>	<u>\$3,503,447</u>	<u>\$1,175,792</u>

(1) All amounts include both loans receivable and loans held-for-sale.

(2) Loans with an aggregate principal balance of \$2.98 billion as of December 31, 2009 have been consolidated onto our balance sheet beginning January 1, 2010, as discussed in Note 2.

(3) We consolidated an additional securitization vehicle, GECMC 2000-1, beginning in the third quarter of 2011. See the introduction to Note 11 to our consolidated financial statements for further discussion.

(4) Includes deferred interest, which is a non-cash addition to the balance of mortgage loans, of \$478,000, \$378,000, and \$1.7 million for the years ended December 31, 2011, 2010 and 2009, respectively.

(5) Net discount amortization represents an entirely non-cash addition to the balance of mortgage loans.

(6) We no longer consolidate the MSC 2007-XLFA securitization vehicle beginning in the third quarter of 2011. See the introduction to Note 11 to our consolidated financial statements above for further discussion.

(7) Includes one loan which was restructured in January 2011 and converted to a \$7.9 million equity participation in the borrower entity, as well as one loan which was restructured in June 2010 and converted to a \$6.6 million equity participation in the borrower entity. These equity investments have been reclassified to Accrued Interest Receivable and Other Assets of CT Legacy REIT, and consolidated securitization vehicles, respectively, on our consolidated balance sheet as of December 31, 2011.

**JOINDER NO. 1 AND AMENDMENT NO. 1
TO AMENDED AND RESTATED MASTER REPURCHASE AGREEMENT**

This **JOINDER NO. 1 AND AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO AMENDED AND RESTATED MASTER REPURCHASE AGREEMENT**, dated as of September 30, 2011 (this "Joinder and Amendment"), by and among CT LEGACY CAYMAN, LTD., an exempted company incorporated with limited liability under the laws of the Cayman Islands (the "Joinder Party"), CT LEGACY JPM SPV, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company ("Legacy"), as sellers (collectively, the "Sellers"), and CT LEGACY ASSET, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company ("Guarantor"), in favor of JPMORGAN CHASE BANK, N.A., as buyer ("Buyer"), and agreed to and accepted by U.S. BANK NATIONAL ASSOCIATION AS SUCCESSOR IN INTEREST TO BANK OF AMERICA, NATIONAL ASSOCIATION, as custodian and securities intermediary (the "Custodian" or "Securities Intermediary"), MIDLAND LOAN SERVICES, A DIVISION OF PNC BANK, NATIONAL ASSOCIATION, as servicer (the "Servicer"), PNC BANK, NATIONAL ASSOCIATION, as depository (the "Depository"), and JPMORGAN CHASE BANK, N.A., as hedge counterparty (the "Hedge Counterparty").

RECITALS

WHEREAS, Legacy and Buyer have entered into that certain Amended and Restated Master Repurchase Agreement, dated as of March 31, 2011 (as amended, restated, supplemented or otherwise modified and in effect from time to time, the "Repurchase Agreement"). Capitalized terms used but not otherwise defined herein shall have the meanings specified therefor in the Repurchase Agreement;

WHEREAS, the Joinder Party is directly owned and controlled by Legacy and the Joinder Party will obtain substantial benefits from entering into the Repurchase Agreement;

WHEREAS, pursuant to that certain Assignment and Assumption Agreement, dated as of even date herewith, Legacy has assigned to the Joinder Party, Legacy's interest in that certain [***] in favor of CT BSI Funding Corp. in the principal amount of [***] (the "Defeasance Note"), and related Defeasance Note documents referenced in Schedule A attached hereto and made a part hereof (the "Defeasance Documents"), and all of Legacy's right, title and interest in, to and under the Defeasance Documents and under the related loan documents set forth in the Defeasance Pledge and Security Agreement (as defined in Schedule A) (collectively, the "Defeasance Collateral");

WHEREAS, the Joinder Party desires to (i) join in Sellers' obligations with respect to the Repurchase Agreement and each other Repurchase Document (as hereinafter defined) and (ii) assign to Buyer all of the Joinder Party's rights and obligations under the Defeasance Collateral, and the Buyer wishes to accept assignment of such rights, and assume such obligations, effective as of the date hereof;

WHEREAS, the Sellers and Buyer hereby authorize and direct the Custodian and Securities Intermediary to enter into this Joinder and Amendment on the terms provided herein and the Custodian and Securities Intermediary, by execution of this Joinder and Amendment, agree to comply therewith; and

[***] Information has been omitted and filed separately with the Securities and Exchange Commission. Confidential treatment has been requested with respect to the omitted portions.

WHEREAS, Sellers and Buyer have agreed, subject to the terms and conditions hereof, that the Repurchase Agreement shall be amended as set forth in this Joinder and Amendment.

NOW THEREFORE, in consideration of the premises and for other good and valuable consideration, the receipt of which is hereby acknowledged, Sellers and Buyer agree as follows:

SECTION 1. Assumption of Liability. The Joinder Party hereby joins in, and assumes direct primary liability, and not liability as a guarantor or surety, for, all the obligations of Sellers (whether now existing or established in the future) under the following documents (each, a “Repurchase Document” and collectively, the “Repurchase Documents”): (a) the Repurchase Agreement; (b) that certain Amended and Restated Custodial Agreement dated as of March 31, 2011 (as amended, restated, supplemented and otherwise modified from time to time, the “Custodial Agreement”), among Sellers, Custodian, Securities Intermediary and Buyer; (c) that certain Amended and Restated Interim Servicing Agreement dated as of March 31, 2011 (as amended, restated, supplemented and otherwise modified from time to time, the “Servicing Agreement”), among Sellers, Servicer and Buyer; (d) that certain Amended and Restated Depository Agreement dated as of March 31, 2011 (as amended, restated, supplemented and otherwise modified from time to time, the “Depository Agreement”), among Sellers, Depository and Buyer; (e) that certain 1992 ISDA Master Agreement dated as of August 26, 2005, as amended by that certain novation letter agreement, dated as of September 23, 2008, that certain amendment agreement, dated as of May 28, 2009, and as further amended by that certain second amendment agreement, dated as of March 31, 2011 (as amended, restated, supplemented and otherwise modified from time to time, the “Master Agreement”), among Sellers and Hedge Counterparty; and (f) any other documents, certificates and agreements executed by the Sellers in connection with the foregoing documents listed as items (a)-(e). By executing this Joinder and Amendment, the Joinder Party is assuming and agreeing to all liabilities and obligations whether now existing or hereafter arising under the Repurchase Documents, and all the terms, conditions, covenants and restrictions thereof. The Joinder Party shall be fully liable for all obligations of Sellers under, and fully bound by, all the Repurchase Documents as if the Joinder Party had executed and delivered all the Repurchase Documents (including any future amendments or modifications thereof) directly in the Joinder Party’s own name.

SECTION 2. Obligation to Pay. The Joinder Party shall, in accordance with Sellers’ obligations under the Repurchase Agreement, pay the JPMCB Repurchase Obligations and all other sums payable under any Repurchase Documents.

SECTION 3. Covenants, Consents, Acknowledgments, Etc. The Joinder Party:

(a) joins in all present and future consents, acknowledgments, obligations, agreements, undertakings, liabilities, covenants and confirmations contained in the Repurchase Documents, whether arising before or after the Joinder Date;

(b) shall be bound by all restrictions, limitations, and prohibitions that apply to Sellers under any of the Repurchase Documents; and

(c) makes all of the representations and warranties contained in the Repurchase Documents for itself to the extent applicable and to the same extent required to be made by Sellers under the Repurchase Documents, as if the same were fully set forth herein.

SECTION 4. Amendments to Repurchase Agreement. (a) The term “Seller” as that term is used in the Repurchase Agreement shall be amended to include “CT LEGACY CAYMAN, LTD.”.

(b) the Repurchase Agreement is amended to add the following as a new Article 29 to the Repurchase Agreement, titled “Joint and Several Liability”:

“(a) Each Seller hereby acknowledges and agrees that each Seller shall be jointly and severally liable to Buyer to the maximum extent permitted by applicable law for all representations, warranties, covenants, obligations and indemnities of all of Sellers hereunder.

(b) Each Seller shall remain obligated under this Article 29 notwithstanding that, the failure of any reservation of rights against any Seller and without notice to or further assent by any Seller, any demand by Buyer for payment of any amounts owing to Buyer by any other Seller under the Transaction Documents may be rescinded by Buyer and any the payment of any such amounts may be continued, and the liability of any other party upon or for any part thereof, or any collateral security or guarantee therefor or right of offset with respect thereto, may, from time to time, in whole or in part, be renewed, extended, amended, modified, accelerated, compromised, waived, surrendered or released by Buyer, and this Agreement and the other Transaction Documents and any other documents executed and delivered in connection therewith may be amended, modified, supplemented or terminated, in whole or in part in a writing signed by the parties thereto, as Buyer may deem advisable from time to time, and any collateral security, guarantee or right of offset at any time held by Buyer for the payment of amounts owing to Buyer by Sellers under the Transaction Documents may be sold, exchanged, waived, surrendered or released, but no such transaction shall relieve Buyer of its obligations to transfer the Purchased Assets to Seller pursuant to Article 3 of this Agreement. Buyer shall not have any obligation to protect, secure, perfect or insure any Lien at any time held by it as security for amounts owing to Buyer by Sellers under the Transaction Documents, or any property subject thereto. When making any demand hereunder against any Seller, Buyer may, but shall be under no obligation to, make a similar demand on any other Seller, and any failure by Buyer to make any such demand or to collect any payments from any other Seller, or any release of such other Seller shall not relieve any Seller in respect of which a demand or collection is not made or Sellers not so released of their obligations or liabilities hereunder, and shall not impair or affect the rights and remedies, express or implied, or as a matter of law, of the Buyer against Sellers. For the purposes hereof “demand” shall include the commencement and continuance of any legal proceedings.

(c) Each Seller waives any and all notice of the creation, renewal, extension or accrual of any amounts at any time owing to Buyer by any other Seller under the Transaction Documents and notice of or proof of reliance by Buyer upon any Seller or acceptance of the obligations of any Seller under this Article 29, and all such amounts, and any of them, shall conclusively be deemed to have been created, contracted or incurred, or renewed, extended, amended or waived, in reliance upon the obligations of Sellers under this Article 29; and all dealings between Sellers, on the one hand, and Buyer, on the other hand, likewise shall be conclusively presumed to have been had or consummated in reliance upon the obligations of Sellers under this Article 29. Each Seller waives diligence, presentment, protest, demand for payment and notice of default or nonpayment to or upon any Seller with respect to any amounts at any time owing to Buyer by any Seller under the Transaction Documents, other than such notices as are expressly required to be given under this Agreement or any of the other Transaction Documents. Each Seller understands and agrees that it shall continue to be liable under this Article 29 without regard to (i) the validity, regularity or enforceability of any other provision of this Agreement or any other Transaction Document, any amounts at any time owing to Buyer by Sellers under the Transaction Documents, or any other collateral security therefor or guarantee or right of offset with respect thereto at any time or from time to time held by Buyer, (ii) any defense, set-off or counterclaim (other than a defense of payment or performance) which may at any time be available to or be asserted by any Seller against Buyer, or (iii) any other circumstance whatsoever (with or without notice to or knowledge of Sellers) that constitutes, or might be construed to constitute, an equitable or legal discharge of Sellers for any amounts owing to Buyer by Sellers under the Transaction Documents, or of Sellers under this Agreement, in bankruptcy or in any other instance. When pursuing its rights and remedies hereunder against any Seller, Buyer may, but shall be under no obligation to, pursue such rights and remedies as it may have against any Seller or any other Person or against any collateral security or guarantee related thereto or any right of offset with respect thereto, and any failure by Buyer to pursue such other rights or remedies or to collect any payments from any Seller or any such other Person or to realize upon any such collateral security or guarantee or to exercise any such right of offset, or any release of any Seller or any such other Person or any such collateral security, guarantee or right of offset, shall not relieve any Seller of any liability hereunder, and shall not impair or affect the rights and remedies, whether express, implied or available as a matter of law, of Buyer against any Seller.

(d) Anything herein or in any other Transaction Document to the contrary notwithstanding, the maximum liability of any Seller hereunder in respect of the liabilities of the other Sellers under this Agreement and the other Transaction Documents shall in no event exceed the amount which can be guaranteed by each Seller under applicable federal and state laws relating to the insolvency of debtors.”

(e) Section 10(t) of the Repurchase Agreement is hereby amended and restated in its entirety to read as follows:

“(t) Seller shall:

(i) solely engage in the business of (A) in the case of CT Legacy JPM SPV, LLC, (1) acquiring, owning, holding, leasing, operating, managing, maintaining, developing, improving, selling, transferring, servicing, conveying, disposing of, pledging, assigning, borrowing money against, financing, refinancing, foreclosing on, or otherwise dealing with the Purchased Assets sold by it to Buyer, (2) entering into and performing its obligations under the Transaction Documents to which it is a party, and (3) engaging in any lawful act or activity and exercising any powers permitted to limited liabilities companies organized under the laws of the State of Delaware that are related or incidental to and necessary, convenient or advisable for the accomplishment of the above-mentioned purposes and (B) in the case of CT Legacy Cayman, Ltd., (1) acquiring, owning, holding, leasing, operating, managing, maintaining, developing, improving, selling, transferring, servicing, conveying, disposing of, pledging, assigning, borrowing money against, financing, refinancing, foreclosing on, or otherwise dealing with the Purchased Asset sold by it to Buyer to the extent permitted by the Transaction Documents; (2) entering into and performing its obligations under the Transaction Documents to which the Company is a party; (3) entering into such other agreements and doing such other acts as may be incidental to, ancillary to or expedient to the foregoing or the consummation of the transactions contemplated thereby; and (4) engaging in any lawful act or activity and to exercise any powers permitted to companies incorporated under the laws of the Cayman Islands that are related or incidental to and necessary, convenient or advisable for the accomplishment of the foregoing purposes and maintain and preserve its legal existence and all of its material rights, privileges, licenses and franchises necessary for the operation of its business (including, without limitation, preservation of all lending licenses held by Seller and of Seller’s status as a “qualified transferee” (however denominated) under all documents which govern the Purchased Assets);

(ii) comply with all contractual obligations and with the requirements of all applicable laws, rules, regulations and orders of Governmental Authorities (including, without limitation, all environmental laws) if failure to comply with such requirements would be reasonably likely (either individually or in the aggregate) to have a Material Adverse Effect;

(iii) keep adequate records and books of account, in which complete entries will be made in accordance with GAAP consistently applied;

(iv) not (a) cause or permit any change to be made in its name, organizational identification number, identity or corporate structure, or the places where the books and records pertaining to the Purchased Asset are held, (b) cause or permit the opening of any new chief executive office or the closing of any such office of Seller, or (c) change its jurisdiction of organization, unless it shall have provided Buyer thirty (30) days’ prior written notice of such change and shall have first taken all action required by Buyer for the purpose of perfecting or protecting the lien and security interest of Buyer established hereunder;

(v) pay and discharge all taxes, assessments and governmental charges or levies imposed on it or on its income or profits or on any of its Property prior to the date on which penalties attach thereto, except for any such tax, assessment, charge or levy the payment of which is being contested in good faith and by proper proceedings and against which adequate reserves are being maintained;

(vi) own no assets, and shall not engage in any business, other than the assets and transactions specifically contemplated by this Agreement and any other Transaction Document;

(vii) not incur any Indebtedness or other obligation, secured or unsecured, direct or indirect, absolute or contingent (including guaranteeing any obligation), other than as otherwise permitted under this Agreement;

(viii) not make any loans or advances to any Affiliate or third party and shall not acquire obligations or securities of its Affiliates, in each case other than in connection with the origination or acquisition of Assets for purchase under the Transaction Documents;

(ix) pay its debts and liabilities (including, as applicable, shared personnel and overhead expenses) only from its own assets;

(x) comply with the provisions of its Governing Documents;

(xi) do all things necessary to observe organizational formalities and to preserve its existence, and shall not amend, modify, waive provisions of or otherwise change its Governing Documents without the prior written consent of Buyer;

(xii) be, and at all times shall hold itself out to the public as, a legal entity separate and distinct from any other entity (including any Affiliate), shall correct any known misunderstanding regarding its status as a separate entity, shall conduct business in its own name, and shall not identify itself or any of its Affiliates as a division or department of the other;

(xiii) maintain adequate capital for the normal obligations reasonably foreseeable in a business of its size and character and in light of its contemplated business operations and shall remain Solvent;

(xiv) not engage in or suffer any Change of Control, dissolution, winding up, liquidation, consolidation or merger in whole or in part or convey or transfer all or substantially all of its properties and assets to any Person (except as contemplated herein);

(xv) not commingle its funds or other assets with those of any Affiliate or any other Person except as contemplated herein with respect to the other Seller, and shall maintain its properties and assets in such a manner that it would not be costly or difficult to identify, segregate or ascertain its properties and assets from those of others;

(xvi) maintain its properties, assets, books, records and accounts separate from those of any Affiliate or any other Person;

(xvii) except as contemplated herein with respect to the other Seller, not hold itself or its credit or assets out to be responsible for the debts or obligations of any other Person;

(xviii) not enter into any transaction with an Affiliate of Seller except on commercially reasonable terms similar to those available to unaffiliated parties in an arm's-length transaction;

(xix) maintain a sufficient number of employees in light of contemplated business operations;

(xx) use separate stationary, invoices and checks bearing its own name;

(xxi) allocate fairly and reasonably any overhead for shared office space and for services performed by an employee of an Affiliate;

(xxii) except as contemplated herein with respect to the other Seller, not pledge its assets to secure the obligations of any other Person;

(xxiii) not form, acquire or hold any Subsidiary or own any equity interest in any other entity, except, subject to Buyer's prior written consent, as may be required to maintain REIT compliance;

(xxiv) except as contemplated herein with respect to the other Seller, not guarantee any obligation of any Person, including any Affiliate or become obligated for the debts of any other Person; and

(xxv) (A) in the case of CT Legacy JPM SPV, LLC, comply with the Special Purpose Provisions (as defined therein) in its limited liability company agreement and (B) in the case of CT Legacy Cayman, Ltd., comply with Section 3 of its Amended and Restated Memorandum of Association and Articles 150 and 151 of its Amended and Restated Articles of Association dated on or about September 30, 2011."

SECTION 5. Amendment to the Custodial Agreement. The term "Seller" as that term is used in the Custodial Agreement shall be amended to include "CT LEGACY CAYMAN, LTD.". The obligations of Legacy and Joinder Party, as a Seller, under Section 7 and Section 13 (as to the first two (2) paragraphs) of the Custodial Agreement shall be joint and several. Joinder Party hereby agrees to be bound by all of the terms and conditions set forth in the Custodial Agreement, including, but not limited to, Section 13 of the Custodial Agreement with respect to the liability and indemnification obligations of a "Seller" and Section 7 of the Custodial Agreement with respect to the fees and expenses of the Custodian.

SECTION 6. Amendment to the Servicing Agreement. The term "Seller" as that term is used in the Servicing Agreement shall be amended to include "CT LEGACY CAYMAN, LTD.". The obligations of Legacy and Joinder Party, as a Seller, under Section 6.02 of the Servicing Agreement shall be joint and several. Joinder Party hereby agrees to be bound by all of the terms and conditions set forth in the Servicing Agreement.

SECTION 7. Amendment to the Depository Agreement. The term "Seller" as that term is used in the Custodial Agreement shall be amended to include "CT LEGACY CAYMAN, LTD.". The obligations of Legacy and Joinder Party, as a Seller, under Section 18 of the Depository Agreement shall be joint and several. Joinder Party hereby agrees to be bound by all of the terms and conditions set forth in the Depository Agreement.

SECTION 8. Amendment to the Master Agreement. The term "Party B" as that term is used in the Master Agreement shall be amended to include "CT LEGACY CAYMAN, LTD.". The obligations of Legacy and Joinder Party, as Party B, of the Master Agreement shall be joint and several. Joinder Party hereby agrees to be bound by all of the terms and conditions set forth in the Master Agreement.

SECTION 9. Amendment to the Guarantee Agreement. The term “Seller” as that term is used in that certain Guarantee Agreement dated as of March 31, 2011, by Guarantor in favor of Buyer (the “Guarantee Agreement”), shall be amended to include “CT LEGACY CAYMAN, LTD.”.

SECTION 10. Guarantor’s Continuing Obligations. Although consent of the Guarantor is not required as a condition to the effectiveness of this Amendment, the Guarantor hereby acknowledges the Joinder Party as a Seller under the Repurchase Agreement and the Guarantor hereby affirms and confirms its obligations under the Guarantee Agreement. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, the Guarantor acknowledges and agrees that the “Obligations” as defined in the Guarantee Agreement shall additionally include the due and punctual payment and performance when due, whether at stated maturity, by acceleration or otherwise, of all of the following: (a) all payment obligations owing by the Joinder Party to Buyer under or in connection with the Repurchase Agreement or any other Governing Agreements; (b) any and all extensions, renewals, modifications, amendments or substitutions of the foregoing; (c) all expenses, including, without limitation, reasonable attorneys’ fees and disbursements, that are incurred by Buyer in the enforcement of any of the foregoing or any obligation of Guarantor hereunder; and (d) any other obligations of the Joinder Party with respect to Buyer under each of the Repurchase Documents.

SECTION 11. Assignment. Subject to the terms of the Repurchase Agreement, the Joinder Party does hereby sell, assign and convey to Buyer, its successors and assigns, all of the right, title and interest of the Joinder Party in, to and under the Defeasance Collateral and Buyer accepts such assignment from the Joinder Party and assumes all of the obligations of the Joinder Party arising on and after the date hereof under the Defeasance Collateral.

SECTION 12. Precautionary Pledge of Defeasance Collateral. In accordance with the Repurchase Agreement, the Joinder Party hereby reaffirms the terms and conditions of Article 5 of the Repurchase Agreement.

SECTION 13. Signature of Repurchase Documents. This Joinder and Amendment is intended to be the equivalent of a signature page to the Repurchase Documents. The Joinder Party acknowledges that its obligations as a party to the Repurchase Documents are unconditional and are not subject to the execution of the Repurchase Documents by any other party. Buyer and Servicer are authorized to rely on this Joinder and Amendment as evidence that the Joinder Party has joined in all the Repurchase Documents and all obligations thereunder and are fully obligated thereunder.

SECTION 14. Certain Actions by Buyer. Buyer shall have the right to (1) renew, modify, amend, waive, extend, or accelerate any obligations arising under the Repurchase Documents, (2) pursue some or all of its remedies against Sellers or the Joinder Party, (3) add, release, or substitute any collateral given to Buyer as security under the Repurchase Documents, or (4) release Sellers or the Joinder Party from liability. Buyer may take any of the foregoing actions without consent or confirmation by the Joinder Party, and no such action shall limit, restrict, waive, discharge, or otherwise affect the Joinder Party’s liability under this Joinder and Amendment. If Buyer and Sellers agree to any modification or amendment of the Repurchase Documents, then the Joinder Party shall be bound by such agreement whether or not the Joinder Party consents and agrees thereto. This Section 14 shall not in any way affect, modify or impair Servicer’s rights or remedies under the Repurchase Documents.

SECTION 15. Incorporation by Reference. All the Repurchase Documents, as they now exist and as they may be amended or modified in the future (whether or not the Joinder Party is a party to such amendment), are incorporated by reference in this Joinder and Amendment as if set forth in full.

SECTION 16. JURY TRIAL WAIVER. TO THE MAXIMUM EXTENT PERMITTED BY LAW, THE JOINDER PARTY HEREBY KNOWINGLY, VOLUNTARILY AND INTENTIONALLY WAIVES THE RIGHT TO A TRIAL BY JURY IN RESPECT OF ANY LITIGATION BASED ON THIS JOINDER AND AMENDMENT OR THE REPURCHASE DOCUMENTS. THIS WAIVER IS A MATERIAL INDUCEMENT TO BUYER TO ENTER INTO THE TRANSACTIONS.

SECTION 17. Security. This Joinder and Amendment, and all obligations of the Joinder Party under the Repurchase Documents, are secured by all security documents delivered pursuant to the Repurchase Agreement.

SECTION 18. Inducement. The Joinder Party acknowledges that this Joinder and Amendment is being executed and delivered to Buyer to induce Buyer to enter into the Transactions and, but for this Joinder and Amendment, Buyer would not be willing to enter into such Transactions.

SECTION 19. Conditions Precedent. This Joinder and Amendment shall become effective on the date on which Buyer shall have received a legal opinion from counsel to the Sellers dated as of the date hereof addressed to Buyer and its successors and assigns as to (a) the enforceability of the Repurchase Agreement, as amended by this Joinder and Amendment, and (b) the Joinder Party's authority to execute, deliver and perform its obligations under the Repurchase Agreement, as amended by this Joinder and Amendment, in each case, in form and substance acceptable to Buyer in its reasonable discretion.

SECTION 20. Representations and Warranties. On and as of the date first above written, each of Sellers hereby represents and warrants to Buyer that (a) it is in compliance with all the terms and provisions set forth in the Repurchase Documents on its part to be observed or performed, (b) no Default or Event of Default under the Repurchase Agreement has occurred and is continuing, and (c) no Seller has any, and each hereby waives all, defenses, rights of setoff, claims, counterclaims or causes of action of any kind or description against the Buyer arising under or in respect of the Repurchase Agreement or any other Repurchase Document. Each Seller hereby confirms and reaffirms the representations and warranties contained in the Repurchase Agreement and all of the other Repurchase Documents (unless any such representation or warranty relates solely to an earlier date, then as of such earlier date).

SECTION 21. Binding Effect; No Partnership. The provisions of the Repurchase Documents and this Joinder and Amendment shall be binding upon and inure to the benefit of the parties hereto and their respective successors and permitted assigns. Nothing herein contained shall be deemed or construed to create a partnership or joint venture between any of the parties hereto.

SECTION 22. Further Agreements. Sellers and the Joinder Party each agree to execute and deliver such additional documents, instruments or agreements as may be reasonably requested by Buyer and as may be necessary or appropriate to effectuate the purposes of this Joinder and Amendment.

SECTION 23. Acknowledgement by Sellers and Joinder Party. Sellers and Joinder Party hereby agree to this Joinder and Amendment and all its terms and conditions. Sellers and Joinder Party shall perform and be bound by all obligations and covenants of the Joinder Party under this Joinder and Amendment. All such obligations and covenants shall also constitute obligations and covenants of Sellers and Joinder Party under the Repurchase Documents. Any breach or default by the Joinder Party under this Joinder and Amendment or any Repurchase Document shall constitute a breach or default by Sellers and Joinder Party under the Repurchase Documents.

SECTION 24. General Release. For good and valuable consideration, the receipt and sufficiency of which are hereby acknowledged, each Seller, for: (i) itself, (ii) any parent or Subsidiary thereof, and (iii) the respective partners, officers, directors, shareholders, successors and assigns of all of the foregoing persons and entities,

(a) reaffirms the Repurchase Agreement and the other Transaction Documents and acknowledges that the security interests granted to Buyer in the Repurchase Agreement (including, without limitation, the security interest granted to Buyer in the event that any court or other forum re-characterizes any Transaction under the Repurchase Agreement as a loan) are continuing and in full force and effect in favor of Buyer;

(b) acknowledges that (i) as of the date hereof, the aggregate Repurchase Price of all Purchased Assets is \$ [] and (ii) all amounts owing under the Repurchase Agreement and the other Transaction Documents shall be due and payable on the applicable date provided for therein;

(c) hereby releases and forever discharges Buyer and each of its subsidiaries, affiliates, its past, present and future officers, directors, agents, employees, partners, managers, shareholders, servants, attorneys and representatives, as well as their, successors, assigns, their respective heirs, legal representatives, legatees, predecessors-in-interest, successors and assigns, of and from any and all actions, claims, demands, damages, debts, suits, contracts, agreements, losses, liabilities, indebtedness, causes of action either at law or in equity, obligations of whatever kind or nature, accounts, defenses, and offsets against liabilities and obligations, whether known or unknown, direct or indirect, new or existing, by reason of any matter, cause or thing whatsoever occurring on or prior to the date hereof arising out of or relating to any matter or thing whatever, including without limitation, such claims and defenses as fraud, misrepresentation, breach of duty, mistake, duress, usury, claims pertaining to so-called "lender liability," and claims pertaining to creditor's rights, which such party ever had, now has, or might hereafter have against the other, jointly or severally, for or by reason of any matter, act, omission, cause or thing whatsoever occurring, on or prior to the date of this Joinder and Amendment, that is related to, in whole or in part, directly or indirectly, the Transactions, the Repurchase Agreement, the Transaction Documents and this Joinder and Amendment; and

(d) warrants, represents and acknowledges that it has no defenses to the payment of, nor any right to set off against, all or any of the JPMCB Repurchase Obligations set forth in the Transaction Documents, nor any counterclaims or other rights of action against Buyer of any kind whatsoever, including, without limitation, any right to contest any of the following: the enforceability, applicability or validity of any provisions of the Transaction Documents, Buyer's right to all proceeds of the Scheduled Assets, the existence, validity, enforceability, or perfection of any security interest or mortgage in favor of Buyer, the conduct of Buyer in administering the Transaction Documents and any legal fees and expenses incurred by the Buyer under the Repurchase Agreement, the other Transaction Documents or this Joinder and Amendment.

SECTION 25. Limited Effect. Except as expressly amended and modified by this Joinder and Amendment, the Repurchase Agreement shall continue to be, and shall remain, in full force and effect in accordance with its respective terms; provided, however, that upon the Amendment Effective Date, all references in the Repurchase Agreement to the "Transaction Documents" shall be deemed to include, in any event, this Joinder and Amendment. Each reference to Repurchase Agreement in any of the Transaction Documents shall be deemed to be a reference to the Repurchase Agreement as amended hereby.

SECTION 26. Override Provision. Notwithstanding any provision in the Repurchase Agreement to the contrary, which are hereby *pro tanto* superseded and modified or replaced *mutatis mutandis* to the extent of any inconsistency, the provisions in this Joinder and Amendment shall apply from and after the date hereof.

SECTION 27. Counterparts. This Joinder and Amendment may be executed by each of the parties hereto on any number of separate counterparts, each of which shall be an original and all of which taken together shall constitute one and the same instrument. Delivery of an executed counterpart of a signature page to this Joinder and Amendment in Portable Document Format (PDF) or by facsimile transmission shall be effective as delivery of a manually executed original counterpart thereof.

SECTION 28. GOVERNING LAW. THIS JOINDER AND AMENDMENT SHALL BE GOVERNED BY, AND CONSTRUED IN ACCORDANCE WITH, THE LAWS OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK.

[SIGNATURES FOLLOW]

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have caused this Joinder and Amendment to be duly executed and delivered as of the day and year first above written.

SELLERS:

CT LEGACY JPM SPV, LLC , a Delaware limited liability

By:/s/ Douglas Armer _____

Name: Douglas Armer

Title: Director

CT LEGACY CAYMAN, LTD. , an exempted company incorporated with limited liability under the laws of the Cayman Islands

By:/s/ Douglas Armer _____

Name: Douglas Armer

Title: Director

GUARANTOR :

CT LEGACY ASSET, LLC , a Delaware limited liability company

By:/s/ Douglas Armer _____

Name: Douglas Armer

Title: Director

[SIGNATURES CONTINUE ON FOLLOWING PAGE]

Signature Page to Joinder No. 1 and Amendment No. 1 to Master Repurchase Agreement

BUYER:

JPMORGAN CHASE BANK, N.A., a
national banking association

By: /s/ Nancy S. Alto

Name: Nancy S. Alto

Title: Vice President

[SIGNATURES CONTINUE ON FOLLOWING PAGE]

Signature Page to Joinder No. 1 and Amendment No. 1 to Master Repurchase Agreement

ACKNOWLEDGED AND AGREED TO
BY:

**CUSTODIAN AND SECURITIES
INTERMEDIARY :**

Each of Custodian and Securities Intermediary executes this Joinder and Amendment in its respective capacity as custodian or securities intermediary, as applicable, and for the limited purpose of recognizing Joinder Party as a party under the Custodial Agreement, as more specifically provided in this Joinder and Amendment.

**U.S. BANK NATIONAL ASSOCIATION
AS SUCCESSOR IN INTEREST TO
BANK OF AMERICA, NATIONAL
ASSOCIATION** , not in its individual capacity but solely as Custodian

By: /s/ Jose A. Galarza _____

Name: Jose A. Galarza

Title: Vice President

**U.S. BANK NATIONAL ASSOCIATION
AS SUCCESSOR IN INTEREST TO
BANK OF AMERICA, NATIONAL
ASSOCIATION** , not in its individual capacity but solely as Securities Intermediary

By: /s/ Jose A. Galarza _____

Name: Jose A. Galarza

Title: Vice President

[SIGNATURES CONTINUE ON FOLLOWING PAGE]

Signature Page to Joinder No. 1 and Amendment No. 1 to Master Repurchase Agreement

SERVICER:

Servicer executes this Joinder and Amendment in its capacity as servicer and for the limited purpose set forth in Sections 1 (d) and 6 hereof to recognize Joinder Party as a party under the Servicing Agreement, as more specifically provided in this Joinder and Amendment.

MIDLAND LOAN SERVICES, A DIVISION OF PNC BANK, NATIONAL ASSOCIATION, as successor by merger with Midland Loan Services, Inc., not in its individual capacity but solely as Servicer

By: /s/ Cynthia A. Bicknell

Name: Cynthia A. Bicknell

Title: Senior Vice President

[SIGNATURES CONTINUE ON FOLLOWING PAGE]

Signature Page to Joinder No. 1 and Amendment No. 1 to Master Repurchase Agreement

DEPOSITORY:

Depository executes this Joinder and Amendment solely in its capacity as depository and for the limited purposes set forth in Sections 1(d) and 7 hereof to recognize Joinder Party as a party under the Depository Agreement.

PNC BANK, NATIONAL ASSOCIATION, a national banking association, not in its individual capacity but solely as Depository

By: /s/ Peggy Kiely

Name: Peggy Kiely

Title: Assistant Vice President

[SIGNATURES CONTINUE ON FOLLOWING PAGE]

Signature Page to Joinder No. 1 and Amendment No. 1 to Master Repurchase Agreement

HEDGE COUNTERPARTY:

Hedge Counterparty executes this Joinder and Amendment in its capacity as hedge counterparty and for the limited purpose of recognizing Joinder Party as a party under the Master Agreement, as amended, as more specifically provided in this Joinder and Amendment.

JPMORGAN CHASE BANK, N.A. , not in its individual capacity but solely as Hedge Counterparty

By: /s/ Nancy S. Alto

Name: Nancy S. Alto

Title: Vice President

Signature Page to Joinder No. 1 and Amendment No. 1 to Master Repurchase Agreement

Schedule A

Defeasance Documents

[***]

1. [***]
2. [***]
3. [***]
4. [***]
5. [***]
6. [***]
7. [***]
8. [***]
9. [***]
10. [***]

Signature Page to Joinder No. 1 and Amendment No. 1 to Master Repurchase Agreement

[***] Information has been omitted and filed separately with the Securities and Exchange Commission. Confidential treatment has been requested with respect to the omitted portions.

**AMENDMENT NO. 2 TO
AMENDED AND RESTATED MASTER REPURCHASE AGREEMENT**

AMENDMENT NO. 2 TO AMENDED AND RESTATED MASTER REPURCHASE AGREEMENT, dated as of December 29, 2011 (this "Amendment"), by and among CT LEGACY CAYMAN, LTD., an exempted company incorporated with limited liability under the laws of the Cayman Islands and CT LEGACY JPM SPV, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company, as sellers (collectively, the "Sellers"), CT LEGACY ASSET, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company (the "Guarantor") and JPMORGAN CHASE BANK, N.A., as buyer ("Buyer"). Capitalized terms used but not otherwise defined herein shall have the meanings specified therefor in the Existing Repurchase Agreement (as defined below).

RECITALS

WHEREAS, the Sellers and the Buyer are parties to that certain Amended and Restated Master Repurchase Agreement, dated as of March 31, 2011 as amended by that certain Joinder No. 1 and Amendment No. 1 to Amended And Restated Master Repurchase Agreement, dated September 30, 2011 (as amended, modified, supplemented or extended from time to time, the "Existing Repurchase Agreement" and as amended hereby and as further amended, restated, supplemented or otherwise modified and in effect from time to time, the "Repurchase Agreement");

WHEREAS, the Sellers and the Buyer have agreed, subject to the terms and conditions hereof, that the Existing Repurchase Agreement shall be amended as set forth in this Amendment;

NOW THEREFORE, in consideration of the premises and for other good and valuable consideration, the receipt of which is hereby acknowledged, the Sellers and the Buyer agree as follows:

SECTION 1. Amendment to Master Repurchase Agreement. Article 9 of the Existing Repurchase Agreement is hereby amended by deleting Articles 9(l), (m) and (n) in their entirety and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

"(l) from and after December 15, 2011, and through and including December 14, 2012, permit the aggregate Repurchase Price of all Purchased Assets under this Agreement plus the aggregate repurchase price of all purchased assets related to the JPMCF Repurchase Agreement to exceed an amount equal to \$110,000,000;

(m) from and after December 15, 2012, and through and including December 14, 2013, permit the aggregate Repurchase Price of all Purchased Assets under this Agreement plus the aggregate repurchase price of all purchased assets related to the JPMCF Repurchase Agreement to exceed an amount equal to \$65,000,000;

(n) from and after December 15, 2013, and through and including December 14, 2014, permit the aggregate Repurchase Price of all Purchased Assets under this Agreement plus the aggregate repurchase price of all purchased assets related to the JPMCF Repurchase Agreement to exceed an amount equal to \$30,000,000;"

SECTION 2. Other Agreements. Buyer hereby consents to: (i) CT Legacy JPM SPV, LLC (“Legacy”) transferring to CT Legacy Cayman, Ltd. (“Cayman”) that certain purchased asset related to the JPMCF Repurchase Agreement referred to as [***] (the “[***] Participation Asset”) and Cayman thereupon selling, assigning and conveying to JPMCF all of its right, title and interest in, to and under the [***] Participation Asset, as more particularly described in that certain Joinder No. 1 and Amendment No. 1 to Amended and Restated Master Purchase Agreement relating to the JPMCF Repurchase Agreement, dated as of the date hereof, including but not limited to Cayman granting JPMCF a back-up security interest in the [***] Participation Asset and (ii) Cayman amending and restating its Memorandum and Articles of Association, as of the date hereof, to reflect the transfer by Legacy to Cayman of the [***] Participation Asset.

SECTION 3. Conditions Precedent. This Amendment shall become effective on the date (the “Amendment Effective Date”) on which (1) all the representations and warranties made by Sellers in this Amendment are true and correct and (2) Buyer shall have received:

(a) this Amendment, executed and delivered by a duly authorized officer of each of Sellers and Buyer; and

(b) for the account of Buyer, payment and reimbursement for all of Buyer’s corresponding costs and expenses incurred in connection with this Amendment, all prior amendments and modifications to the Repurchase Agreement, any other documents prepared in connection herewith and therewith and the transactions contemplated hereby and thereby.

SECTION 4. Representations and Warranties. On and as of the date first above written, each of Sellers hereby represents and warrants to Buyer that (a) it is in compliance with all the terms and provisions set forth in the Repurchase Agreement on its part to be observed or performed, (b) after giving effect to this Amendment, no Default or Event of Default under the Repurchase Agreement has occurred and is continuing, and (c) after giving effect to this Amendment, the representations and warranties contained in Article 10 of the Repurchase Agreement are true and correct in all material respects as though made on such date (except for any such representation or warranty that by its terms refers to a specific date other than the date first above written, in which case it shall be true and correct in all material respects as of such other date).

SECTION 5. Limited Effect. Except as expressly amended and modified by this Amendment, the Existing Repurchase Agreement shall continue to be, and shall remain, in full force and effect in accordance with their respective terms; provided, however, that upon the Amendment Effective Date, all references in the Repurchase Agreement to the “Transaction Documents” shall be deemed to include, in any event, this Amendment. Each reference to Repurchase Agreement in any of the Transaction Documents shall be deemed to be a reference to the Repurchase Agreement as amended hereby.

SECTION 6. Counterparts. This Amendment may be executed by each of the parties hereto on any number of separate counterparts, each of which shall be an original and all of which taken together shall constitute one and the same instrument. Delivery of an executed counterpart of a signature page to this Amendment in Portable Document Format (PDF) or by facsimile transmission shall be effective as delivery of a manually executed original counterpart thereof.

[***] Information has been omitted and filed separately with the Securities and Exchange Commission. Confidential treatment has been requested with respect to the omitted portions.

SECTION 7. GOVERNING LAW. THIS AMENDMENT SHALL BE GOVERNED BY, AND CONSTRUED IN ACCORDANCE WITH, THE LAWS OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK.

[SIGNATURES FOLLOW]

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have caused this Amendment to be duly executed and delivered as of the day and year first above written.

SELLERS:

CT LEGACY JPM SPV, LLC , a Delaware limited liability

By: /s/ Douglas Armer _____

Name: Douglas Armer

Title: Director

CT LEGACY CAYMAN, LTD. , an exempted company incorporated with limited liability under the laws of the Cayman Islands

By: /s/ Douglas Armer _____

Name: Douglas Armer

Title: Director

GUARANTOR :

CT LEGACY ASSET, LLC , a Delaware limited liability company

By: /s/ Douglas Armer _____

Name: Douglas Armer

Title: Director

Signature Page to Amendment No. 2 to JPMCB Amended and Restated Master Repurchase Agreement

**JPMORGAN CHASE BANK, N.A., as
Buyer**

By: /s/ Jonathan M. Strain

Name: Jonathan M. Strain
Title: Managing Director

Signature Page to Amendment No. 2 to JPMCB Amended and Restated Master Repurchase Agreement

**JOINDER NO. 2 AND AMENDMENT NO. 3
TO AMENDED AND RESTATED MASTER REPURCHASE AGREEMENT**

This **JOINDER NO. 2 AND AMENDMENT NO. 3 TO AMENDED AND RESTATED MASTER REPURCHASE AGREEMENT**, dated as of February 10, 2012 (this "Joinder and Amendment"), by and among CT LEGACY ASSET, LLC, CT XLC HOLDING, LLC and BELLEVUE C2 HOLDINGS, LLC, each a Delaware limited liability company (each, a "Joinder Party" and collectively, the "Joinder Parties"), CT LEGACY JPM SPV, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company and CT LEGACY CAYMAN, LTD., an exempted company incorporated with limited liability under the laws of the Cayman Islands, as sellers (each, a "Seller" and collectively, the "Sellers"), in favor of JPMORGAN CHASE BANK, NATIONAL ASSOCIATION, as buyer ("Buyer"), and agreed to and accepted by U.S. BANK NATIONAL ASSOCIATION AS SUCCESSOR IN INTEREST TO BANK OF AMERICA, NATIONAL ASSOCIATION, as custodian and securities intermediary (the "Custodian" or "Securities Intermediary"), MIDLAND LOAN SERVICES, A DIVISION OF PNC BANK, NATIONAL ASSOCIATION, as servicer (the "Servicer"), PNC BANK, NATIONAL ASSOCIATION, as depository (the "Depository"), and JPMORGAN CHASE BANK, NATIONAL ASSOCIATION, as hedge counterparty (the "Hedge Counterparty").

RECITALS

WHEREAS, Sellers and Buyer have entered into that certain Amended and Restated Master Repurchase Agreement, dated as of March 31, 2011 (as amended by (i) that certain Joinder No. 1 and Amendment No. 1 to Amended and Restated Master Repurchase Agreement, dated as of September 30, 2011 and (ii) that certain Amendment No. 2 to Amended and Restated Master Repurchase Agreement, dated as of December 29, 2011 (as may be further amended, restated, supplemented or otherwise modified and in effect from time to time, the "Repurchase Agreement"). Capitalized terms used but not otherwise defined herein shall have the meanings specified therefor in the Repurchase Agreement;

WHEREAS, each Joinder Party will obtain substantial benefits from entering into the Repurchase Agreement;

WHEREAS, the Joinder Parties own all of the right, title and interest to and in, those certain assets listed on Schedule A attached hereto, and such assets, together with all of the Joinder Parties' right, title and interest in and to the related asset documents referenced in Schedule B attached hereto, constitute the "Additional Collateral";

WHEREAS, each Joinder Party desires to (i) join in Sellers' obligations with respect to the Repurchase Agreement and each other Repurchase Document (as hereinafter defined) and (ii) assign to Buyer all of such Joinder Party's rights and obligations under the Defeasance Collateral, and the Buyer wishes to accept assignment of such rights, and assume such obligations, effective as of the date hereof;

WHEREAS, the Sellers and Buyer hereby authorize and direct the Custodian and Securities Intermediary to enter into this Joinder and Amendment on the terms provided herein and the Custodian and Securities Intermediary, by execution of this Joinder and Amendment, agree to comply therewith; and

WHEREAS, Sellers and Buyer have agreed, subject to the terms and conditions hereof, that the Repurchase Agreement shall be amended as set forth in this Joinder and Amendment.

NOW THEREFORE, in consideration of the premises and for other good and valuable consideration, the receipt of which is hereby acknowledged, Sellers and Buyer agree as follows:

SECTION 1. Assumption of Liability. Each Joinder Party hereby joins in, and assumes direct primary liability, and not liability as a guarantor or surety, for, all the obligations of Sellers (whether now existing or established in the future) under the following documents (each, a “ Repurchase Document ” and collectively, the “ Repurchase Documents ”): (a) the Repurchase Agreement; (b) that certain Amended and Restated Custodial Agreement dated as of March 31, 2011 (as amended, restated, supplemented and otherwise modified from time to time, the “ Custodial Agreement ”), among Sellers, Custodian, Securities Intermediary and Buyer; (c) that certain Amended and Restated Interim Servicing Agreement dated as of March 31, 2011 (as amended, restated, supplemented and otherwise modified from time to time, the “ Servicing Agreement ”), among Sellers, Servicer and Buyer; (d) that certain Amended and Restated Depository Agreement dated as of March 31, 2011 (as amended, restated, supplemented and otherwise modified from time to time, the “ Depository Agreement ”), among Sellers, Depository and Buyer; (e) that certain 1992 ISDA Master Agreement dated as of August 26, 2005, as amended by that certain novation letter agreement, dated as of September 23, 2008, that certain amendment agreement, dated as of May 28, 2009, and as further amended by that certain second amendment agreement, dated as of March 31, 2011 (as amended, restated, supplemented and otherwise modified from time to time, the “ Master Agreement ”), among Sellers and Hedge Counterparty; and (f) any other documents, certificates and agreements executed by the Sellers in connection with the foregoing documents listed as items (a)-(e). By executing this Joinder and Amendment, each Joinder Party is assuming and agreeing to all liabilities and obligations whether now existing or hereafter arising under the Repurchase Documents, and all the terms, conditions, covenants and restrictions thereof. Each Joinder Party shall be fully liable, jointly and severally, for all obligations of Sellers under, and fully bound by, all the Repurchase Documents as if such Joinder Party had executed and delivered all the Repurchase Documents (including any future amendments or modifications thereof) directly in such Joinder Party’s own name.

SECTION 2. Obligation to Pay. Each Joinder Party shall, in accordance with Sellers’ obligations under the Repurchase Agreement, pay the JPMCB Repurchase Obligations and all other sums payable under any Repurchase Documents.

SECTION 3. Covenants, Consents, Acknowledgments, Etc. Each Joinder Party:

(a) joins in all present and future consents, acknowledgments, obligations, agreements, undertakings, liabilities, covenants and confirmations contained in the Repurchase Documents, whether arising before or after the Joinder Date;

(b) shall be bound by all restrictions, limitations, and prohibitions that apply to Sellers under any of the Repurchase Documents; and

(c) makes all of the representations and warranties contained in the Repurchase Documents for itself to the extent applicable and to the same extent required to be made by Sellers under the Repurchase Documents, as if the same were fully set forth herein.

SECTION 4. Amendments to Repurchase Agreement.

(a) Article 2 of the Repurchase Agreement is hereby modified by adding the following new defined term "JPMCF Purchased Assets":

"JPMCF Purchased Assets" shall have the meaning specified in Article 10(y) of this Agreement.

(b) Article 2 of the Repurchase Agreement is hereby modified by deleting clause (i) of the defined term "Applicable Spread" in its entirety and inserting the following in lieu thereof:

(i) with respect to each Purchased Asset and so long as no Event of Default shall have occurred and be continuing, the incremental *per annum* rate of five hundred fifty (550) basis points; *provided, however*, that (a) such incremental *per annum* rate shall be increased by fifty (50) basis points if, as of June 30, 2012, the aggregate Repurchase Price of all Purchased Assets plus the aggregate repurchase price of all JPMCF Purchased Assets exceeds an amount equal to \$90,000,000 and (b) such incremental *per annum* rate shall be increased by fifty (50) basis points if, as of December 31, 2012, the aggregate Repurchase Price of all Purchased Assets plus the aggregate repurchase price of all JPMCF Purchased Assets exceeds an amount equal to \$60,000,000; and

(c) Article 2 of the Repurchase Agreement is hereby modified by deleting the defined term "Facility Amount" in its entirety and inserting the following in lieu thereof:

"Facility Amount" shall mean, with respect to this Agreement and the JPMCF Agreement in the aggregate, \$123,977,075.

(d) The defined term "Seller" as that term is used in the Repurchase Agreement shall be amended to include "CT Legacy Asset, LLC", "CT XLC Holding, LLC" and "Bellevue C2 Holdings, LLC".

(e) Section 3 of the Repurchase Agreement is hereby modified by deleting the first sentence of Section 3(f) and replacing it in its entirety with the following:

On the Termination Date (including any Early Repurchase Date) for any Transaction, termination of the Transaction will be effected by transfer to Seller or its agent of the Purchased Assets being repurchased and any Income in respect thereof received by Buyer (and not previously credited or transferred to, or applied to the obligations of, Seller pursuant to Article 4 of this Agreement) against the simultaneous transfer of the Repurchase Price to an account of Buyer. Buyer shall cooperate with Seller in good faith to execute any reasonably required revocations of Redirection Letters prepared by Seller with respect to such Purchased Assets, it being understood for the avoidance of doubt that Buyer shall not have any responsibility to prepare, deliver or otherwise administer any such revocations.

(f) Section 9 of the Repurchase Agreement is hereby modified by deleting Sections 9(l), (m) and (n) and replacing them in their entirety with the following:

(l) from and after December 31, 2012, and through and including June 29, 2013, permit the aggregate Repurchase Price of all Purchased Assets plus the aggregate repurchase price of all JPMCF Purchased Assets to exceed an amount equal to \$100,000,000;

(m) from and after June 30, 2013, and through and including December 30, 2013, permit the aggregate Repurchase Price of all Purchased Assets plus the aggregate repurchase price of all JPMCF Purchased Assets to exceed an amount equal to \$80,000,000;

(n) from and after December 31, 2013, and through and including December 14, 2014 (which is the day prior to the Maturity Date), permit the aggregate Repurchase Price of all Purchased Assets plus the aggregate repurchase price of all JPMCF Purchased Assets to exceed an amount equal to \$40,000,000;

(g) Section 10 of the Repurchase Agreement is hereby modified by deleting Section 10(t) and replacing it in its entirety with the following:

(t) Seller shall:

(i) solely engage in the business of (A) in the case of CT Legacy JPM SPV, LLC, CT Legacy Asset, LLC, CT XLC Holding, LLC and Bellevue C2 Holdings, LLC (1) acquiring, owning, holding, leasing, operating, managing, maintaining, developing, improving, selling, transferring, servicing, conveying, disposing of, pledging, assigning, borrowing money against, financing, refinancing, foreclosing on, or otherwise dealing with the Purchased Assets sold by it to Buyer, (2) entering into and performing its obligations under the Transaction Documents to which it is a party, and (3) engaging in any lawful act or activity and exercising any powers permitted to limited liabilities companies organized under the laws of the State of Delaware that are related or incidental to and necessary, convenient or advisable for the accomplishment of the above-mentioned purposes and (B) in the case of CT Legacy Cayman, Ltd., (1) acquiring, owning, holding, leasing, operating, managing, maintaining, developing, improving, selling, transferring, servicing, conveying, disposing of, pledging, assigning, borrowing money against, financing, refinancing, foreclosing on, or otherwise dealing with the Purchased Asset sold by it to Buyer to the extent permitted by the Transaction Documents; (2) entering into and performing its obligations under the Transaction Documents to which the Company is a party; (3) entering into such other agreements and doing such other acts as may be incidental to, ancillary to or expedient to the foregoing or the consummation of the transactions contemplated thereby; and (4) engaging in any lawful act or activity and to exercise any powers permitted to companies incorporated under the laws of the Cayman Islands that are related or incidental to and necessary, convenient or advisable for the accomplishment of the foregoing purposes and maintain and preserve its legal existence and all of its material rights, privileges, licenses and franchises necessary for the operation of its business (including, without limitation, preservation of all lending licenses held by Seller and of Seller's status as a "qualified transferee" (however denominated) under all documents which govern the Purchased Assets);

(ii) comply with all contractual obligations and with the requirements of all applicable laws, rules, regulations and orders of Governmental Authorities (including, without limitation, all environmental laws) if failure to comply with such requirements would be reasonably likely (either individually or in the aggregate) to have a Material Adverse Effect;

(iii) keep adequate records and books of account, in which complete entries will be made in accordance with GAAP consistently applied;

(iv) not (a) cause or permit any change to be made in its name, organizational identification number, identity or corporate structure, or the places where the books and records pertaining to the Purchased Asset are held, (b) cause or permit the opening of any new chief executive office or the closing of any such office of Seller, or (c) change its jurisdiction of organization, unless it shall have provided Buyer thirty (30) days' prior written notice of such change and shall have first taken all action required by Buyer for the purpose of perfecting or protecting the lien and security interest of Buyer established hereunder;

(v) pay and discharge all taxes, assessments and governmental charges or levies imposed on it or on its income or profits or on any of its Property prior to the date on which penalties attach thereto, except for any such tax, assessment, charge or levy the payment of which is being contested in good faith and by proper proceedings and against which adequate reserves are being maintained;

(vi) own no assets, and shall not engage in any business, other than the assets and transactions specifically contemplated by this Agreement and any other Transaction Document;

(vii) not incur any Indebtedness or other obligation, secured or unsecured, direct or indirect, absolute or contingent (including guaranteeing any obligation), other than as otherwise permitted under this Agreement;

(viii) not make any loans or advances to any Affiliate or third party and shall not acquire obligations or securities of its Affiliates, in each case other than in connection with the origination or acquisition of Assets for purchase under the Transaction Documents;

(ix) pay its debts and liabilities (including, as applicable, shared personnel and overhead expenses) only from its own assets;

(x) comply with the provisions of its Governing Documents;

(xi) do all things necessary to observe organizational formalities and to preserve its existence, and shall not amend, modify, waive provisions of or otherwise change its Governing Documents without the prior written consent of Buyer;

(xii) be, and at all times shall hold itself out to the public as, a legal entity separate and distinct from any other entity (including any Affiliate), shall correct any known misunderstanding regarding its status as a separate entity, shall conduct business in its own name, and shall not identify itself or any of its Affiliates as a division or department of the other;

(xiii) maintain adequate capital for the normal obligations reasonably foreseeable in a business of its size and character and in light of its contemplated business operations and shall remain Solvent;

(xiv) not engage in or suffer any Change of Control, dissolution, winding up, liquidation, consolidation or merger in whole or in part or convey or transfer all or substantially all of its properties and assets to any Person (except as contemplated herein);

(xv) not commingle its funds or other assets with those of any Affiliate or any other Person except as contemplated herein with respect to any other Seller, and shall maintain its properties and assets in such a manner that it would not be costly or difficult to identify, segregate or ascertain its properties and assets from those of others;

(xvi) maintain its properties, assets, books, records and accounts separate from those of any Affiliate or any other Person;

(xvii) except as contemplated herein with respect to any other Seller, not hold itself or its credit or assets out to be responsible for the debts or obligations of any other Person;

(xviii) not enter into any transaction with an Affiliate of Seller except on commercially reasonable terms similar to those available to unaffiliated parties in an arm's-length transaction;

(xix) maintain a sufficient number of employees in light of contemplated business operations;

(xx) use separate stationary, invoices and checks bearing its own name;

(xxi) allocate fairly and reasonably any overhead for shared office space and for services performed by an employee of an Affiliate;

(xxii) except as contemplated herein with respect to any other Seller, not pledge its assets to secure the obligations of any other Person;

(xxiii) not form, acquire or hold any Subsidiary or own any equity interest in any other entity, except, subject to Buyer's prior written consent, as may be required to maintain REIT compliance;

(xxiv) except as contemplated herein with respect to any other Seller, not guarantee any obligation of any Person, including any Affiliate or become obligated for the debts of any other Person; and

(xxv) (A) in the case of CT Legacy JPM SPV, LLC, CT Legacy Asset, LLC, CT XLC Holding, LLC and Bellevue C2 Holdings, LLC, comply with the Special Purpose Provisions (as defined therein) in its respective limited liability company agreement and (B) in the case of CT Legacy Cayman, Ltd., comply with Section 3 of its Amended and Restated Memorandum of Association and Articles 150 and 151 of its Amended and Restated Articles of Association dated on or about September 30, 2011.

(h) Article 10 of the Repurchase Agreement is hereby modified by inserting the following as new Sections 10(x) and (y):

(x) Seller shall provide written notice to Buyer within one (1) Business Day of the receipt of any capital contributions of any kind or binding commitments thereof.

(y) If at any time the Seller receives any capital contributions of any kind, it shall (within three (3) Business Days of receipt) (i) make a payment of some or all of such amount to Buyer to reduce the Repurchase Price of one or more Purchased Assets and/or the repurchase price of one or more purchased assets related to the JPMCF Repurchase Agreement (the "JPMCF Purchased Assets") and/or (ii) deliver a certification to Buyer that Seller will use all of such received capital contribution not paid pursuant to clause (i) above either to (A) make protective advances with respect to one or more Purchased Assets and/or JPMCF Purchased Assets or (B) make capital contributions in respect of CNL Hotel JV, LLC. Payments made to Buyer pursuant to subparagraph (i) above shall be applied in the order of priority set forth in Article 4; provided, however, that the Buyer shall apply such payments to reduce the Repurchase Price of one or more Purchased Assets and/or the repurchase price of one or more JPMCF Purchased Assets in its sole and absolute discretion.

(i) Annex II to the Existing Repurchase Agreement is hereby modified by deleting the existing Annex II and inserting the attached Schedule C to this Amendment in lieu thereof.

SECTION 5. Amendment to the Custodial Agreement. The term “Seller” as that term is used in the Custodial Agreement shall be amended to include “CT Legacy Asset, LLC”, “CT XLC Holding, LLC” and “Bellevue C2 Holdings, LLC”. The obligations of the Sellers and the Joinder Parties, as Sellers, under Section 7 and Section 13 (as to the first two (2) paragraphs) of the Custodial Agreement shall be joint and several. Each Joinder Party hereby agrees to be bound by all of the terms and conditions set forth in the Custodial Agreement, including, but not limited to, Section 13 of the Custodial Agreement with respect to the liability and indemnification obligations of a “Seller” and Section 7 of the Custodial Agreement with respect to the fees and expenses of the Custodian.

SECTION 6. Amendment to the Servicing Agreement. The term “Seller” as that term is used in the Servicing Agreement shall be amended to include “CT Legacy Asset, LLC”, “CT XLC Holding, LLC” and “Bellevue C2 Holdings, LLC”. The obligations of the Sellers and the Joinder Parties, as Sellers, under Section 6.02 of the Servicing Agreement shall be joint and several. Each Joinder Party hereby agrees to be bound by all of the terms and conditions set forth in the Servicing Agreement.

SECTION 7. Amendment to the Depository Agreement. The term “Seller” as that term is used in the Depository Agreement shall be amended to include “CT Legacy Asset, LLC”, “CT XLC Holding, LLC” and “Bellevue C2 Holdings, LLC”. The obligations of the Sellers and the Joinder Parties, as Sellers, under Section 18 of the Depository Agreement shall be joint and several. Each Joinder Party hereby agrees to be bound by all of the terms and conditions set forth in the Depository Agreement.

SECTION 8. Amendment to the Master Agreement. The term “Party B” as that term is used in the Master Agreement shall be amended to include “CT Legacy Asset, LLC”, “CT XLC Holding, LLC” and “Bellevue C2 Holdings, LLC”. The obligations of Sellers and the Joinder Parties, as Party B, of the Master Agreement shall be joint and several. Each Joinder Party hereby agrees to be bound by all of the terms and conditions set forth in the Master Agreement.

SECTION 9. Assignment. Subject to the terms of the Repurchase Agreement, each Joinder Party does hereby sell, assign and convey to Buyer, its successors and assigns, all of the right, title and interest of such Joinder Party in, to and under its respective Additional Collateral and Buyer accepts such assignment from such Joinder Party and assumes all of the obligations of such Joinder Party arising on and after the date hereof under the Additional Collateral.

SECTION 10. Precautionary Pledge of Additional Collateral . In accordance with the Repurchase Agreement, each Joinder Party hereby reaffirms the terms and conditions of Article 5 of the Repurchase Agreement.

SECTION 11. Signature of Repurchase Documents . This Joinder and Amendment is intended to be the equivalent of a signature page to the Repurchase Documents. Each Joinder Party acknowledges that its obligations as a party to the Repurchase Documents are unconditional and are not subject to the execution of the Repurchase Documents by any other party. Buyer and Servicer are authorized to rely on this Joinder and Amendment as evidence that each Joinder Party has joined in all the Repurchase Documents and all obligations thereunder and such Joinder Party is fully obligated thereunder.

SECTION 12. Certain Actions by Buyer . Buyer shall have the right to (1) renew, modify, amend, waive, extend, or accelerate any obligations arising under the Repurchase Documents, (2) pursue some or all of its remedies against Sellers or the Joinder Parties, (3) add, release, or substitute any collateral given to Buyer as security under the Repurchase Documents, or (4) release Sellers or the Joinder Parties from liability. Buyer may take any of the foregoing actions without consent or confirmation by any Joinder Party, and no such action shall limit, restrict, waive, discharge, or otherwise affect any Joinder Party's liability under this Joinder and Amendment. If Buyer and Sellers agree to any modification or amendment of the Repurchase Documents, then each Joinder Party shall be bound by such agreement whether or not such Joinder Party consents and agrees thereto. This Section 14 shall not in any way affect, modify or impair Servicer's rights or remedies under the Repurchase Documents.

SECTION 13. Incorporation by Reference . All the Repurchase Documents, as they now exist and as they may be amended or modified in the future (whether or not any Joinder Party is a party to such amendment), are incorporated by reference in this Joinder and Amendment as if set forth in full.

SECTION 14. JURY TRIAL WAIVER . TO THE MAXIMUM EXTENT PERMITTED BY LAW, EACH JOINDER PARTY HEREBY KNOWINGLY, VOLUNTARILY AND INTENTIONALLY WAIVES THE RIGHT TO A TRIAL BY JURY IN RESPECT OF ANY LITIGATION BASED ON THIS JOINDER AND AMENDMENT OR THE REPURCHASE DOCUMENTS. THIS WAIVER IS A MATERIAL INDUCEMENT TO BUYER TO ENTER INTO THE TRANSACTIONS.

SECTION 15. Security. This Joinder and Amendment, and all obligations of each Joinder Party under the Repurchase Documents, are secured by all security documents delivered pursuant to the Repurchase Agreement.

SECTION 16. Inducement. Each Joinder Party acknowledges that this Joinder and Amendment is being executed and delivered to Buyer to induce Buyer to enter into the Transactions and, but for this Joinder and Amendment, Buyer would not be willing to enter into such Transactions.

SECTION 17. Conditions Precedent. This Joinder and Amendment shall become effective on the date on which Buyer shall have received a legal opinion from counsel to the Sellers dated as of the date hereof addressed to Buyer and its successors and assigns as to (a) the enforceability of the Repurchase Agreement, as amended by this Joinder and Amendment, and (b) each Joinder Party's authority to execute, deliver and perform its obligations under the Repurchase Agreement, as amended by this Joinder and Amendment, in each case, in form and substance acceptable to Buyer in its reasonable discretion.

SECTION 18. Representations and Warranties. On and as of the date first above written, each of the Sellers hereby represents and warrants to Buyer that (a) it is in compliance with all the terms and provisions set forth in the Repurchase Documents on its part to be observed or performed, (b) no Default or Event of Default under the Repurchase Agreement has occurred and is continuing, and (c) no Seller has any, and each hereby waives all, defenses, rights of setoff, claims, counterclaims or causes of action of any kind or description against the Buyer arising under or in respect of the Repurchase Agreement or any other Repurchase Document. Each Seller hereby confirms and reaffirms the representations and warranties contained in the Repurchase Agreement and all of the other Repurchase Documents (unless any such representation or warranty relates solely to an earlier date, then as of such earlier date).

SECTION 19. Binding Effect; No Partnership. The provisions of the Repurchase Documents and this Joinder and Amendment shall be binding upon and inure to the benefit of the parties hereto and their respective successors and permitted assigns. Nothing herein contained shall be deemed or construed to create a partnership or joint venture between any of the parties hereto.

SECTION 20. Further Agreements. Sellers and the Joinder Parties each agree to execute and deliver such additional documents, instruments or agreements as may be reasonably requested by Buyer and as may be necessary or appropriate to effectuate the purposes of this Joinder and Amendment.

SECTION 21. Acknowledgement by Sellers and Joinder Parties. Sellers and each Joinder Party hereby agree to this Joinder and Amendment and all its terms and conditions. Sellers and each Joinder Party shall perform and be bound by all obligations and covenants of such Joinder Party under this Joinder and Amendment. All such obligations and covenants shall also constitute obligations and covenants of Sellers and each Joinder Party under the Repurchase Documents. Any breach or default by any Joinder Party under this Joinder and Amendment or any Repurchase Document shall constitute a breach or default by Sellers and the Joinder Parties under the Repurchase Documents.

SECTION 22. General Release. For good and valuable consideration, the receipt and sufficiency of which are hereby acknowledged, each Seller, for: (i) itself, (ii) any parent or Subsidiary thereof, and (iii) the respective partners, officers, directors, shareholders, successors and assigns of all of the foregoing persons and entities (a) reaffirms the Repurchase Agreement and the other Transaction Documents and acknowledges that the security interests granted to Buyer in the Repurchase Agreement (including, without limitation, the security interest granted to Buyer in the event that any court or other forum re-characterizes any Transaction under the Repurchase Agreement as a loan) are continuing and in full force and effect in favor of Buyer; (b) acknowledges that (i) as of the date hereof, the aggregate of the Repurchase Price of all Purchased Assets and the repurchase price of all JPMCF Purchased Assets is \$123,977,075.42 and (ii) all amounts owing under the Repurchase Agreement and the other Transaction Documents shall be due and payable on the applicable date provided for therein; (c) hereby releases and forever discharges Buyer and each of its subsidiaries, affiliates, its past, present and future officers, directors, agents, employees, partners, managers, shareholders, servants, attorneys and representatives, as well as their, successors, assigns, their respective heirs, legal representatives, legatees, predecessors-in-interest, successors and assigns, of and from any and all actions, claims, demands, damages, debts, suits, contracts, agreements, losses, liabilities, indebtedness, causes of action either at law or in equity, obligations of whatever kind or nature, accounts, defenses, and offsets against liabilities and obligations, whether known or unknown, direct or indirect, new or existing, by reason of any matter, cause or thing whatsoever occurring on or prior to the date hereof arising out of or relating to any matter or thing whatever, including without limitation, such claims and defenses as fraud, misrepresentation, breach of duty, mistake, duress, usury, claims pertaining to so-called "lender liability," and claims pertaining to creditor's rights, which such party ever had, now has, or might hereafter have against the other, jointly or severally, for or by reason of any matter, act, omission, cause or thing whatsoever occurring, on or prior to the date of this Joinder and Amendment, that is related to, in whole or in part, directly or indirectly, the Transactions, the Repurchase Agreement, the Transaction Documents and this Joinder and Amendment; and (d) warrants, represents and acknowledges that it has no defenses to the payment of, nor any right to set off against, all or any of the JPMCB Repurchase Obligations set forth in the Transaction Documents, nor any counterclaims or other rights of action against Buyer of any kind whatsoever, including, without limitation, any right to contest any of the following: the enforceability, applicability or validity of any provisions of the Transaction Documents, Buyer's right to all proceeds of the Scheduled Assets, the existence, validity, enforceability, or perfection of any security interest or mortgage in favor of Buyer, the conduct of Buyer in administering the Transaction Documents and any legal fees and expenses incurred by the Buyer under the Repurchase Agreement, the other Transaction Documents or this Joinder and Amendment.

SECTION 23. Limited Effect. Except as expressly amended and modified by this Joinder and Amendment, the Repurchase Agreement shall continue to be, and shall remain, in full force and effect in accordance with its respective terms; provided, however, that upon the Amendment Effective Date, all references in the Repurchase Agreement to the "Transaction Documents" shall be deemed to include, in any event, this Joinder and Amendment. Each reference to Repurchase Agreement in any of the Transaction Documents shall be deemed to be a reference to the Repurchase Agreement as amended hereby.

SECTION 24. Override Provision. Notwithstanding any provision in the Repurchase Agreement to the contrary, which are hereby *pro tanto* superseded and modified or replaced *mutatis mutandis* to the extent of any inconsistency, the provisions in this Joinder and Amendment shall apply from and after the date hereof.

SECTION 25. Counterparts. This Joinder and Amendment may be executed by each of the parties hereto on any number of separate counterparts, each of which shall be an original and all of which taken together shall constitute one and the same instrument. Delivery of an executed counterpart of a signature page to this Joinder and Amendment in Portable Document Format (PDF) or by facsimile transmission shall be effective as delivery of a manually executed original counterpart thereof.

SECTION 26. GOVERNING LAW. THIS JOINDER AND AMENDMENT SHALL BE GOVERNED BY, AND CONSTRUED IN ACCORDANCE WITH, THE LAWS OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK.

[SIGNATURES FOLLOW]

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have caused this Joinder and Amendment to be duly executed and delivered as of the day and year first above written.

SELLERS:

CT LEGACY JPM SPV, LLC , a Delaware limited liability

By: /s/ Douglas Armer

Name: Douglas Armer

Title: Director

CT LEGACY CAYMAN, LTD. , an exempted company incorporated with limited liability under the laws of the Cayman Islands

By: /s/ Douglas Armer

Name: Douglas Armer

Title: Director

CT LEGACY ASSET, LLC , a Delaware limited liability company

By: /s/ Douglas Armer

Name: Douglas Armer

Title: Director

CT XLC HOLDING, LLC , a Delaware limited liability company

By: /s/ Douglas Armer

Name: Douglas Armer

Title: Director

Signature Page to Joinder No. 2 and Amendment No. 3 to Master Repurchase Agreement

BELLEVUE C2 HOLDINGS, LLC , a
Delaware limited liability company

By: /s/ Douglas Armer

Name: Douglas Armer

Title: Director

[SIGNATURES CONTINUE ON FOLLOWING PAGE]

Signature Page to Joinder No. 2 and Amendment No. 3 to Master Repurchase Agreement

BUYER:

**JPMORGAN CHASE BANK,
NATIONAL ASSOCIATION**, a national
banking association

By: /s/ Kunal K. Singh

Name: Kunal K. Singh

Title: Executive Director

[SIGNATURES CONTINUE ON FOLLOWING PAGE]

Signature Page to Joinder No. 2 and Amendment No. 3 to Master Repurchase Agreement

ACKNOWLEDGED AND AGREED TO BY:

CUSTODIAN AND SECURITIES INTERMEDIARY :

Each of Custodian and Securities Intermediary executes this Joinder and Amendment in its respective capacity as custodian or securities intermediary, as applicable, and for the limited purpose of recognizing each Joinder Party as a party under the Custodial Agreement, as more specifically provided in this Joinder and Amendment.

U.S. BANK NATIONAL ASSOCIATION AS SUCCESSOR IN INTEREST TO BANK OF AMERICA, NATIONAL ASSOCIATION , not in its individual capacity but solely as Custodian

By: /s/ Jose A. Galarza _____

Name: Jose A. Galarza

Title: Vice President

U.S. BANK NATIONAL ASSOCIATION AS SUCCESSOR IN INTEREST TO BANK OF AMERICA, NATIONAL ASSOCIATION , not in its individual capacity but solely as Securities Intermediary

By: /s/ Jose A. Galarza _____

Name: Jose A. Galarza

Title: Vice President

[SIGNATURES CONTINUE ON FOLLOWING PAGE]

Signature Page to Joinder No. 2 and Amendment No. 3 to Master Repurchase Agreement

SERVICER:

Servicer executes this Joinder and Amendment in its capacity as servicer and for the limited purpose set forth in Sections 1(c) and 6 hereof to recognize each Joinder Party as a party under the Servicing Agreement, as more specifically provided in this Joinder and Amendment.

MIDLAND LOAN SERVICES, A DIVISION OF PNC BANK, NATIONAL ASSOCIATION, as successor by merger with Midland Loan Services, Inc., not in its individual capacity but solely as Servicer

By: /s/ Cynthia A. Bicknell

Name: Cynthia A. Bicknell

Title: Senior Vice President

[SIGNATURES CONTINUE ON FOLLOWING PAGE]

Signature Page to Joinder No. 2 and Amendment No. 3 to Master Repurchase Agreement

DEPOSITORY:

Depository executes this Joinder and Amendment solely in its capacity as depository and for the limited purposes set forth in Sections 1(d) and 7 hereof to recognize each Joinder Party as a party under the Depository Agreement.

PNC BANK, NATIONAL ASSOCIATION, a national banking association, not in its individual capacity but solely as Depository

By: /s/ Peggy Kiely

Name: Peggy Kiely

Title: Assistant Vice President

[SIGNATURES CONTINUE ON FOLLOWING PAGE]

Signature Page to Joinder No. 2 and Amendment No. 3 to Master Repurchase Agreement

HEDGE COUNTERPARTY:

Hedge Counterparty executes this Joinder and Amendment in its capacity as hedge counterparty and for the limited purpose of recognizing each Joinder Party as a party under the Master Agreement, as amended, as more specifically provided in this Joinder and Amendment.

JPMORGAN CHASE BANK, NATIONAL ASSOCIATION, not in its individual capacity but solely as Hedge Counterparty

By: /s/ Kunal K. Singh

Name: Kunal K. Singh

Title: Executive Director

Signature Page to Joinder No. 2 and Amendment No. 3 to Master Repurchase Agreement

Schedule A

Additional Collateral

Purchased Asset

Principal Amount

[***]

[***]

[***]

[***]

[***]

[***]

[***]

[***]

[***]

[***]

[***]

[***]

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[***]

[***]

[***]

[***]

[***]

[***]

[***] Information has been omitted and filed separately with the Securities and Exchange Commission. Confidential treatment has been requested with respect to the omitted portions.

Schedule B

Additional Collateral Documents

Asterisks (*) indicate original documents, all other documents are copies.

All documents dated January 30, 2007 unless otherwise noted.

1. [***]
 - (a) [***]
 - (b) [***]
2. [***]
3. [***]
4. [***]
5. [***]
6. [***]
7. [***]
8. [***]
9. [***]
10. [***]
11. [***]

*** Information has been omitted and filed separately with the Securities and Exchange Commission. Confidential treatment has been requested with respect to the omitted portions.

12. [***]
13. [***]
14. [***]
15. [***]
16. [***]
17. [***]
18. [***]
19. [***]
20. [***]
21. [***]
22. [***]
23. [***]
24. [***]
25. [***]
26. [***]
27. [***]
28. [***]
29. [***]
30. [***]
31. [***]

[***] Information has been omitted and filed separately with the Securities and Exchange Commission. Confidential treatment has been requested with respect to the omitted portions.

- 32. [***]
- 33. [***]
- 34. [***]
- 35. [***]

[***]

All documents dated January 30, 2007 unless otherwise noted

- 1. [***]
- 2. [***]
- 3. [***]
- 4. [***]
- 5. [***]
- 6. [***]
- 7. [***]
- 8. [***]
- 9. [***]
- 10. [***]
- 11. [***]
- 12. [***]
- 13. [***]

[***] Information has been omitted and filed separately with the Securities and Exchange Commission. Confidential treatment has been requested with respect to the omitted portions.

- 14. [***]
- 15. [***]
- 16. [***]
- 17. [***]
- 18. [***]
- 19. [***]
- 20. [***]
- 21. [***]
- 22. [***]
- 23. [***]
- 24. [***]
- 25. [***]
- 26. [***]
- 27. [***]
- 28. [***]
- 29. [***]
- 30. [***]
- 31. [***]
- 32. [***]
- 33. [***]
- 34. [***]
- 35. [***]

[***] Information has been omitted and filed separately with the Securities and Exchange Commission. Confidential treatment has been requested with respect to the omitted portions.

36. [***]

[***]

- 37. [***]
- 38. [***]
- 39. [***]
- 40. [***]
- 41. [***]
- 42. [***]
- 43. [***]
- 44. [***]
- 45. [***]
- 46. [***]
- 47. [***]
- 48. [***]
- 49. [***]
- 50. [***]
- 51. [***]
- 52. [***]
- 53. [***]
- 54. [***]
- 55. [***]
- 56. [***]
- 57. [***]
- 58. [***]
- 59. [***]

[***] Information has been omitted and filed separately with the Securities and Exchange Commission. Confidential treatment has been requested with respect to the omitted portions.

- 60. [***]
- 61. [***]
- 62. [***]
- 63. [***]
- 64. [***]
- 65. [***]
- 66. [***]
- 67. [***]
- 68. [***]
- 69. [***]
- 70. [***]
- 71. [***]

[***]

All documents dated September 28, 2006 unless otherwise noted

- 72. [***]
 - (a) [***]
 - (b) [***]

- 73. [***]
- 74. [***]
- 75. [***]
- 76. [***]
- 77. [***]
- 78. [***]

[***] Information has been omitted and filed separately with the Securities and Exchange Commission. Confidential treatment has been requested with respect to the omitted portions.

79. [***]
80. [***]
81. [***]
82. [***]
83. [***]
84. [***]
85. [***]
86. [***]
87. [***]
88. [***]

(a) [***]

(b) [***]

89. [***]
90. [***]
91. [***]
92. [***]
93. [***]
94. [***]
95. [***]
96. [***]

[***] Information has been omitted and filed separately with the Securities and Exchange Commission. Confidential treatment has been requested with respect to the omitted portions.

- 97. [***]
- 98. [***]
- 99. [***]
- 100. [***]
- 101. [***]
- 102. [***]
- 103. [***]
- 104. [***]
- 105. [***]
- 106. [***]
- 107. [***]
- 108. [***]
- 109. [***]
- 110. [***]
- 111. [***]
- 112. [***]
- 113. [***]
- 114. [***]

[***]

All documents dated as of June 1, 2007 unless otherwise noted

- 115. [***]

(a) [***]

[***] Information has been omitted and filed separately with the Securities and Exchange Commission. Confidential treatment has been requested with respect to the omitted portions.

(b) [***]

(c) [***]

- 116. [***]
- 117. [***]
- 118. [***]
- 119. [***]
- 120. [***]
- 121. [***]
- 122. [***]
- 123. [***]
- 124. [***]
- 125. [***]
- 126. [***]
- 127. [***]
- 128. [***]
- 129. [***]
- 130. [***]
- 131. [***]
- 132. [***]
- 133. [***]
- 134. [***]
- 135. [***]

[***] Information has been omitted and filed separately with the Securities and Exchange Commission. Confidential treatment has been requested with respect to the omitted portions.

136. [***]
137. [***]
138. [***]
139. [***]
140. [***]
141. [***]

- (a) [***]
- (b) [***]
- (c) [***]
- (d) [***]
- (e) [***]

142. [***]
143. [***]
144. [***]
145. [***]
146. [***]
147. [***]
148. [***]
149. [***]
150. [***]
151. [***]
152. [***]
153. [***]
154. [***]
155. [***]

[***] Information has been omitted and filed separately with the Securities and Exchange Commission. Confidential treatment has been requested with respect to the omitted portions.

- 156. [***]
- 157. [***]
- 158. [***]
- 159. [***]
- 160. [***]
- 161. [***]
- 162. [***]
- 163. [***]
- 164. [***]
- 165. [***]
- 166. [***]
- 167. [***]
- 168. [***]
- 169. [***]
- 170. [***]
- 171. [***]
- 172. [***]
- 173. [***]
- 174. [***]
- 175. [***]

[***]

- 1. [***]
- 2. [***]
- 3. [***]

[***] Information has been omitted and filed separately with the Securities and Exchange Commission. Confidential treatment has been requested with respect to the omitted portions.

4. [***]

[***]

1. [***]

2. [***]

[***]

1. [***]

2. [***]

[***]

1. [***]

2. [***]

[***]

1. [***]

2. [***]

3. [***]

[***] Information has been omitted and filed separately with the Securities and Exchange Commission. Confidential treatment has been requested with respect to the omitted portions.

Schedule C

Annex II to the Repurchase Agreement

Asset Name	Aggregate JPM Repurchase Price
[***]	[***]
[***]	[***]
[***]	[***]
[***]	[***]
[***]	[***]
[***]	[***]
[***]	[***]
[***]	[***]
[***]	[***]
[***]	[***]
[***]	[***]
[***]	[***]
[***]	[***]
[***]	[***]
[***]	[***]
[***]	[***]
[***]	[***]
[***]	[***]
[***]	[***]
[***]	[***]
[***]	[***]
[***]	[***]

[***] Information has been omitted and filed separately with the Securities and Exchange Commission. Confidential treatment has been requested with respect to the omitted portions.

**JOINDER NO. 1 AND AMENDMENT NO. 1
TO AMENDED AND RESTATED MASTER REPURCHASE AGREEMENT**

This **JOINDER NO. 1 AND AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO AMENDED AND RESTATED MASTER REPURCHASE AGREEMENT**, dated as of December 29, 2011 (this "Joinder and Amendment"), by and among CT LEGACY CAYMAN, LTD., an exempted company incorporated with limited liability under the laws of the Cayman Islands (the "Joinder Party"), CT LEGACY JPM SPV, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company ("Legacy"), as sellers (collectively, the "Sellers"), and CT LEGACY ASSET, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company ("Guarantor"), in favor of JPMORGAN CHASE FUNDING INC., as buyer ("Buyer"), and agreed to and accepted by U.S. BANK, NATIONAL ASSOCIATION, as successor-in-interest to Bank of America, National Association, as custodian and securities intermediary (the "Custodian" or "Securities Intermediary"), MIDLAND LOAN SERVICES, A DIVISION OF PNC BANK, NATIONAL ASSOCIATION, as servicer (the "Servicer"), PNC BANK, NATIONAL ASSOCIATION, as depository (the "Depository"), and JPMORGAN CHASE BANK, N.A., as hedge counterparty (the "Hedge Counterparty").

RECITALS

WHEREAS, Legacy and Buyer have entered into that certain Amended and Restated Master Repurchase Agreement, dated as of March 31, 2011 (as amended, restated, supplemented or otherwise modified and in effect from time to time, the "Repurchase Agreement"). Capitalized terms used but not otherwise defined herein shall have the meanings specified therefor in the Repurchase Agreement;

WHEREAS, the Joinder Party is directly owned and controlled by Legacy and the Joinder Party will obtain substantial benefits from entering into the Repurchase Agreement;

WHEREAS, pursuant to that certain Assignment and Assumption Agreement, dated as of even date herewith, Legacy has assigned to the Joinder Party, Legacy's interest in the [***] as described in Exhibit A attached hereto and made a part hereof (the "[***]Asset"), and related [***] Asset documents referenced in Schedule A attached hereto and made a part hereof ("[***]Asset Documents"), and all of Legacy's right, title and interest in, to and under the [***] Asset Documents and under related loan documents set forth in the Pledge and Security Agreement (as defined in Schedule A) (collectively, the "Collateral");

WHEREAS, the Joinder Party desires to (i) join in Sellers' obligations with respect to the Repurchase Agreement and each other Repurchase Document (as hereinafter defined) and (ii) assign to Buyer all of the Joinder Party's rights and obligations under the Collateral, and the Buyer wishes to accept assignment of such rights, and assume such obligations, effective as of the date hereof;

WHEREAS, the Sellers and Buyer hereby authorize and direct the Custodian and Securities Intermediary to enter into this Joinder and Amendment on the terms provided herein and the Custodian and Securities Intermediary, by execution of this Joinder and Amendment, agree to comply therewith; and

[***] Information has been omitted and filed separately with the Securities and Exchange Commission. Confidential treatment has been requested with respect to the omitted portions.

WHEREAS, Sellers and Buyer have agreed, subject to the terms and conditions hereof, that the Repurchase Agreement shall be amended as set forth in this Joinder and Amendment.

NOW THEREFORE, in consideration of the premises and for other good and valuable consideration, the receipt of which is hereby acknowledged, Sellers and Buyer agree as follows:

SECTION 1. Assumption of Liability. The Joinder Party hereby joins in, and assumes direct primary liability, and not liability as a guarantor or surety, for, all the obligations of Sellers (whether now existing or established in the future) under the following documents (each, a “Repurchase Document” and collectively, the “Repurchase Documents”): (a) the Repurchase Agreement; (b) that certain Amended and Restated Custodial Agreement dated as of March 31, 2011 (as amended, restated, supplemented and otherwise modified from time to time, the “Custodial Agreement”), among Sellers, Custodian, Securities Intermediary and Buyer; (c) that certain Amended and Restated Interim Servicing Agreement dated as of March 31, 2011 (as amended, restated, supplemented and otherwise modified from time to time, the “Servicing Agreement”), among Sellers, Servicer and Buyer; (d) that certain Amended and Restated Depository Agreement dated as of March 31, 2011 (as amended, restated, supplemented and otherwise modified from time to time, the “Depository Agreement”), among Sellers, Depository and Buyer; (e) that certain 1992 ISDA Master Agreement dated as of August 26, 2005, as amended by that certain novation letter agreement, dated as of September 23, 2008, that certain amendment agreement, dated as of May 28, 2009, and as further amended by that certain second amendment agreement, dated as of March 31, 2011 (as amended, restated, supplemented and otherwise modified from time to time, the “Master Agreement”), among Sellers and Hedge Counterparty; and (f) any other documents, certificates and agreements executed by the Sellers in connection with the foregoing documents listed as items (a)-(e). By executing this Joinder and Amendment, the Joinder Party is assuming and agreeing to all liabilities and obligations whether now existing or hereafter arising under the Repurchase Documents, and all the terms, conditions, covenants and restrictions thereof. The Joinder Party shall be fully liable for all obligations of Sellers under, and fully bound by, all the Repurchase Documents as if the Joinder Party had executed and delivered all the Repurchase Documents (including any future amendments or modifications thereof) directly in the Joinder Party’s own name.

SECTION 2. Obligation to Pay. The Joinder Party shall, in accordance with Sellers’ obligations under the Repurchase Agreement, pay the JPMCF Repurchase Obligations and all other sums payable under any Repurchase Documents.

SECTION 3. Covenants, Consents, Acknowledgments, Etc. The Joinder Party:

(a) joins in all present and future consents, acknowledgments, obligations, agreements, undertakings, liabilities, covenants and confirmations contained in the Repurchase Documents, whether arising before or after the Joinder Date;

(b) shall be bound by all restrictions, limitations, and prohibitions that apply to Sellers under any of the Repurchase Documents; and

(c) makes all of the representations and warranties contained in the Repurchase Documents for itself to the extent applicable and to the same extent required to be made by Sellers under the Repurchase Documents, as if the same were fully set forth herein.

SECTION 4. Amendments to Repurchase Agreement. (a) The term “Seller” as that term is used in the Repurchase Agreement shall be amended to include “CT LEGACY CAYMAN, LTD.”.

(b) the Repurchase Agreement is amended to add the following as a new Article 29 to the Repurchase Agreement, titled “Joint and Several Liability”:

“(a) Each Seller hereby acknowledges and agrees that each Seller shall be jointly and severally liable to Buyer to the maximum extent permitted by applicable law for all representations, warranties, covenants, obligations and indemnities of all of Sellers hereunder.

(b) Each Seller shall remain obligated under this Article 29 notwithstanding that, the failure of any reservation of rights against any Seller and without notice to or further assent by any Seller, any demand by Buyer for payment of any amounts owing to Buyer by any other Seller under the Transaction Documents may be rescinded by Buyer and any the payment of any such amounts may be continued, and the liability of any other party upon or for any part thereof, or any collateral security or guarantee therefor or right of offset with respect thereto, may, from time to time, in whole or in part, be renewed, extended, amended, modified, accelerated, compromised, waived, surrendered or released by Buyer, and this Agreement and the other Transaction Documents and any other documents executed and delivered in connection therewith may be amended, modified, supplemented or terminated, in whole or in part in a writing signed by the parties thereto, as Buyer may deem advisable from time to time, and any collateral security, guarantee or right of offset at any time held by Buyer for the payment of amounts owing to Buyer by Sellers under the Transaction Documents may be sold, exchanged, waived, surrendered or released, but no such transaction shall relieve Buyer of its obligations to transfer the Purchased Assets to Seller pursuant to Article 3 of this Agreement. Buyer shall not have any obligation to protect, secure, perfect or insure any Lien at any time held by it as security for amounts owing to Buyer by Sellers under the Transaction Documents, or any property subject thereto. When making any demand hereunder against any Seller, Buyer may, but shall be under no obligation to, make a similar demand on any other Seller, and any failure by Buyer to make any such demand or to collect any payments from any other Seller, or any release of such other Seller shall not relieve any Seller in respect of which a demand or collection is not made or Sellers not so released of their obligations or liabilities hereunder, and shall not impair or affect the rights and remedies, express or implied, or as a matter of law, of the Buyer against Sellers. For the purposes hereof “demand” shall include the commencement and continuance of any legal proceedings.

(c) Each Seller waives any and all notice of the creation, renewal, extension or accrual of any amounts at any time owing to Buyer by any other Seller under the Transaction Documents and notice of or proof of reliance by Buyer upon any Seller or acceptance of the obligations of any Seller under this Article 29, and all such amounts, and any of them, shall conclusively be deemed to have been created, contracted or incurred, or renewed, extended, amended or waived, in reliance upon the obligations of Sellers under this Article 29; and all dealings between Sellers, on the one hand, and Buyer, on the other hand, likewise shall be conclusively presumed to have been had or consummated in reliance upon the obligations of Sellers under this Article 29. Each Seller waives diligence, presentment, protest, demand for payment and notice of default or nonpayment to or upon any Seller with respect to any amounts at any time owing to Buyer by any Seller under the Transaction Documents, other than such notices as are expressly required to be given under this Agreement or any of the other Transaction Documents. Each Seller understands and agrees that it shall continue to be liable under this Article 29 without regard to (i) the validity, regularity or enforceability of any other provision of this Agreement or any other Transaction Document, any amounts at any time owing to Buyer by Sellers under the Transaction Documents, or any other collateral security therefor or guarantee or right of offset with respect thereto at any time or from time to time held by Buyer, (ii) any defense, set-off or counterclaim (other than a defense of payment or performance) which may at any time be available to or be asserted by any Seller against Buyer, or (iii) any other circumstance whatsoever (with or without notice to or knowledge of Sellers) that constitutes, or might be construed to constitute, an equitable or legal discharge of Sellers for any amounts owing to Buyer by Sellers under the Transaction Documents, or of Sellers under this Agreement, in bankruptcy or in any other instance. When pursuing its rights and remedies hereunder against any Seller, Buyer may, but shall be under no obligation to, pursue such rights and remedies as it may have against any Seller or any other Person or against any collateral security or guarantee related thereto or any right of offset with respect thereto, and any failure by Buyer to pursue such other rights or remedies or to collect any payments from any Seller or any such other Person or to realize upon any such collateral security or guarantee or to exercise any such right of offset, or any release of any Seller or any such other Person or any such collateral security, guarantee or right of offset, shall not relieve any Seller of any liability hereunder, and shall not impair or affect the rights and remedies, whether express, implied or available as a matter of law, of Buyer against any Seller.

(d) Anything herein or in any other Transaction Document to the contrary notwithstanding, the maximum liability of any Seller hereunder in respect of the liabilities of the other Sellers under this Agreement and the other Transaction Documents shall in no event exceed the amount which can be guaranteed by each Seller under applicable federal and state laws relating to the insolvency of debtors.”

(e) Section 10(t) of the Repurchase Agreement is hereby amended and restated in its entirety to read as follows:

“(t) Seller shall:

(i) solely engage in the business of (A) in the case of CT Legacy JPM SPV, LLC, (1) acquiring, owning, holding, leasing, operating, managing, maintaining, developing, improving, selling, transferring, servicing, conveying, disposing of, pledging, assigning, borrowing money against, financing, refinancing, foreclosing on, or otherwise dealing with the Purchased Assets sold by it to Buyer and the Purchased Assets sold by it to JPMCB pursuant to the JPMCB Repurchase Agreement, (2) entering into and performing its obligations under the Transaction Documents to which it is a party, and (3) engaging in any lawful act or activity and exercising any powers permitted to limited liabilities companies organized under the laws of the State of Delaware that are related or incidental to and necessary, convenient or advisable for the accomplishment of the above-mentioned purposes and (B) in the case of CT Legacy Cayman, Ltd., (1) acquiring, owning, holding, leasing, operating, managing, maintaining, developing, improving, selling, transferring, servicing, conveying, disposing of, pledging, assigning, borrowing money against, financing, refinancing, foreclosing on, or otherwise dealing with the Purchased Asset sold by it to Buyer to the extent permitted by the Transaction Documents and the Purchased Assets sold by it to JPMCB pursuant to the JPMCB Repurchase Agreement; (2) entering into and performing its obligations under the Transaction Documents to which the Company is a party; (3) entering into such other agreements and doing such other acts as may be incidental to, ancillary to or expedient to the foregoing or the consummation of the transactions contemplated thereby; and (4) engaging in any lawful act or activity and to exercise any powers permitted to companies incorporated under the laws of the Cayman Islands that are related or incidental to and necessary, convenient or advisable for the accomplishment of the foregoing purposes and maintain and preserve its legal existence and all of its material rights, privileges, licenses and franchises necessary for the operation of its business (including, without limitation, preservation of all lending licenses held by Seller and of Seller’s status as a “qualified transferee” (however denominated) under all documents which govern the Purchased Assets);

(ii) comply with all contractual obligations and with the requirements of all applicable laws, rules, regulations and orders of Governmental Authorities (including, without limitation, all environmental laws) if failure to comply with such requirements would be reasonably likely (either individually or in the aggregate) to have a Material Adverse Effect;

(iii) keep adequate records and books of account, in which complete entries will be made in accordance with GAAP consistently applied;

(iv) not (a) cause or permit any change to be made in its name, organizational identification number, identity or corporate structure, or the places where the books and records pertaining to the Purchased Asset are held, (b) cause or permit the opening of any new chief executive office or the closing of any such office of Seller, or (c) change its jurisdiction of organization, unless it shall have provided Buyer thirty (30) days’ prior written notice of such change and shall have first taken all action required by Buyer for the purpose of perfecting or protecting the lien and security interest of Buyer established hereunder;

(v) pay and discharge all taxes, assessments and governmental charges or levies imposed on it or on its income or profits or on any of its Property prior to the date on which penalties attach thereto, except for any such tax, assessment, charge or levy the payment of which is being contested in good faith and by proper proceedings and against which adequate reserves are being maintained;

(vi) own no assets, and shall not engage in any business, other than the assets and transactions specifically contemplated by this Agreement and any other Transaction Document;

(vii) not incur any Indebtedness or other obligation, secured or unsecured, direct or indirect, absolute or contingent (including guaranteeing any obligation), other than as otherwise permitted under this Agreement;

(viii) not make any loans or advances to any Affiliate or third party and shall not acquire obligations or securities of its Affiliates, in each case other than in connection with the origination or acquisition of Assets for purchase under the Transaction Documents;

(ix) pay its debts and liabilities (including, as applicable, shared personnel and overhead expenses) only from its own assets;

(x) comply with the provisions of its Governing Documents;

(xi) do all things necessary to observe organizational formalities and to preserve its existence, and shall not amend, modify, waive provisions of or otherwise change its Governing Documents without the prior written consent of Buyer;

(xii) be, and at all times shall hold itself out to the public as, a legal entity separate and distinct from any other entity (including any Affiliate), shall correct any known misunderstanding regarding its status as a separate entity, shall conduct business in its own name, and shall not identify itself or any of its Affiliates as a division or department of the other;

(xiii) maintain adequate capital for the normal obligations reasonably foreseeable in a business of its size and character and in light of its contemplated business operations and shall remain Solvent;

(xiv) not engage in or suffer any Change of Control, dissolution, winding up, liquidation, consolidation or merger in whole or in part or convey or transfer all or substantially all of its properties and assets to any Person (except as contemplated herein);

(xv) not commingle its funds or other assets with those of any Affiliate or any other Person except as contemplated herein with respect to the other Seller, and shall maintain its properties and assets in such a manner that it would not be costly or difficult to identify, segregate or ascertain its properties and assets from those of others;

(xvi) maintain its properties, assets, books, records and accounts separate from those of any Affiliate or any other Person;

(xvii) except as contemplated herein with respect to the other Seller, not hold itself or its credit or assets out to be responsible for the debts or obligations of any other Person;

(xviii) not enter into any transaction with an Affiliate of Seller except on commercially reasonable terms similar to those available to unaffiliated parties in an arm's-length transaction;

(xix) maintain a sufficient number of employees in light of contemplated business operations;

(xx) use separate stationary, invoices and checks bearing its own name;

(xxi) allocate fairly and reasonably any overhead for shared office space and for services performed by an employee of an Affiliate;

(xxii) except as contemplated herein with respect to the other Seller, not pledge its assets to secure the obligations of any other Person;

(xxiii) not form, acquire or hold any Subsidiary or own any equity interest in any other entity, except, subject to Buyer's prior written consent, as may be required to maintain REIT compliance;

(xxiv) except as contemplated herein with respect to the other Seller, not guarantee any obligation of any Person, including any Affiliate or become obligated for the debts of any other Person; and

(xxv) (A) in the case of CT Legacy JPM SPV, LLC, comply with the Special Purpose Provisions (as defined therein) in its limited liability company agreement and (B) in the case of CT Legacy Cayman, Ltd., comply with Section 3 of its Amended and Restated Memorandum of Association and Articles 150 and 151 of its Amended and Restated Articles of Association dated on or about December 30, 2011."

(f) Article 9 of the Repurchase Agreement is hereby amended by deleting Articles 9(l), (m) and (n) in their entirety and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

"(l) from and after December 15, 2011, and through and including December 14, 2012, permit the aggregate Repurchase Price of all Purchased Assets under this Agreement plus the aggregate repurchase price of all purchased assets related to the JPMCB Repurchase Agreement to exceed an amount equal to \$110,000,000;

(m) from and after December 15, 2012, and through and including December 14, 2013, permit the aggregate Repurchase Price of all Purchased Assets under this Agreement plus the aggregate repurchase price of all purchased assets related to the JPMCB Repurchase Agreement to exceed an amount equal to \$65,000,000;

(n) from and after December 15, 2013, and through and including December 14, 2014, permit the aggregate Repurchase Price of all Purchased Assets under this Agreement plus the aggregate repurchase price of all purchased assets related to the JPMCB Repurchase Agreement to exceed an amount equal to \$30,000,000;"

SECTION 5. Amendment to the Custodial Agreement. The term "Seller" as that term is used in the Custodial Agreement shall be amended to include "CT LEGACY CAYMAN, LTD.". The obligations of Legacy and Joinder Party, as a Seller, under Section 7 and Section 13 (as to the first two (2) paragraphs) of the Custodial Agreement shall be joint and several. Joinder Party hereby agrees to be bound by all of the terms and conditions set forth in the Custodial Agreement, including, but not limited to, Section 13 of the Custodial Agreement with respect to the liability and indemnification obligations of a "Seller" and Section 7 of the Custodial Agreement with respect to the fees and expenses of the Custodian.

SECTION 6. Amendment to the Servicing Agreement. The term “Seller” as that term is used in the Servicing Agreement shall be amended to include “CT LEGACY CAYMAN, LTD.”. The obligations of Legacy and Joinder Party, as a Seller, under Section 6.02 of the Servicing Agreement shall be joint and several. Joinder Party hereby agrees to be bound by all of the terms and conditions set forth in the Servicing Agreement.

SECTION 7. Amendment to the Depository Agreement. The term “Seller” as that term is used in the Custodial Agreement shall be amended to include “CT LEGACY CAYMAN, LTD.”. The obligations of Legacy and Joinder Party, as a Seller, under Section 18 of the Depository Agreement shall be joint and several. Joinder Party hereby agrees to be bound by all of the terms and conditions set forth in the Depository Agreement.

SECTION 8. Amendment to the Master Agreement. The term “Party B” as that term is used in the Master Agreement shall be amended to include “CT LEGACY CAYMAN, LTD.”. The obligations of Legacy and Joinder Party, as Party B, of the Master Agreement shall be joint and several. Joinder Party hereby agrees to be bound by all of the terms and conditions set forth in the Master Agreement.

SECTION 9. Amendment to the Guarantee Agreement. The term “Seller” as that term is used in that certain Guarantee Agreement dated as of March 31, 2011, by Guarantor in favor of Buyer (the “Guarantee Agreement”), shall be amended to include “CT LEGACY CAYMAN, LTD.”.

SECTION 10. Guarantor’s Continuing Obligations. Although consent of the Guarantor is not required as a condition to the effectiveness of this Amendment, the Guarantor hereby acknowledges the Joinder Party as a Seller under the Repurchase Agreement and the Guarantor hereby affirms and confirms its obligations under the Guarantee Agreement. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, the Guarantor acknowledges and agrees that the “Obligations” as defined in the Guarantee Agreement shall additionally include the due and punctual payment and performance when due, whether at stated maturity, by acceleration or otherwise, of all of the following: (a) all payment obligations owing by the Joinder Party to Buyer under or in connection with the Repurchase Agreement or any other Governing Agreements; (b) any and all extensions, renewals, modifications, amendments or substitutions of the foregoing; (c) all expenses, including, without limitation, reasonable attorneys’ fees and disbursements, that are incurred by Buyer in the enforcement of any of the foregoing or any obligation of Guarantor hereunder; and (d) any other obligations of the Joinder Party with respect to Buyer under each of the Repurchase Documents.

SECTION 11. Assignment. Subject to the terms of the Repurchase Agreement, the Joinder Party does hereby sell, assign and convey to Buyer, its successors and assigns, all of the right, title and interest of the Joinder Party in, to and under the Collateral and Buyer accepts such assignment from the Joinder Party and assumes all of the obligations of the Joinder Party arising on and after the date hereof under the Collateral.

SECTION 12. Precautionary Pledge of Collateral. In accordance with the Repurchase Agreement, the Joinder Party hereby reaffirms the terms and conditions of Article 5 of the Repurchase Agreement.

SECTION 13. Signature of Repurchase Documents. This Joinder and Amendment is intended to be the equivalent of a signature page to the Repurchase Documents. The Joinder Party acknowledges that its obligations as a party to the Repurchase Documents are unconditional and are not subject to the execution of the Repurchase Documents by any other party. Buyer and Servicer are authorized to rely on this Joinder and Amendment as evidence that the Joinder Party has joined in all the Repurchase Documents and all obligations thereunder and are fully obligated thereunder.

SECTION 14. Certain Actions by Buyer. Buyer shall have the right to (1) renew, modify, amend, waive, extend, or accelerate any obligations arising under the Repurchase Documents, (2) pursue some or all of its remedies against Sellers or the Joinder Party, (3) add, release, or substitute any collateral given to Buyer as security under the Repurchase Documents, or (4) release Sellers or the Joinder Party from liability. Buyer may take any of the foregoing actions without consent or confirmation by the Joinder Party, and no such action shall limit, restrict, waive, discharge, or otherwise affect the Joinder Party's liability under this Joinder and Amendment. If Buyer and Sellers agree to any modification or amendment of the Repurchase Documents, then the Joinder Party shall be bound by such agreement whether or not the Joinder Party consents and agrees thereto. This Section 14 shall not in any way affect, modify or impair Servicer's rights or remedies under the Repurchase Documents.

SECTION 15. Incorporation by Reference. All the Repurchase Documents, as they now exist and as they may be amended or modified in the future (whether or not the Joinder Party is a party to such amendment), are incorporated by reference in this Joinder and Amendment as if set forth in full.

SECTION 16. JURY TRIAL WAIVER. TO THE MAXIMUM EXTENT PERMITTED BY LAW, THE JOINDER PARTY HEREBY KNOWINGLY, VOLUNTARILY AND INTENTIONALLY WAIVES THE RIGHT TO A TRIAL BY JURY IN RESPECT OF ANY LITIGATION BASED ON THIS JOINDER AND AMENDMENT OR THE REPURCHASE DOCUMENTS. THIS WAIVER IS A MATERIAL INDUCEMENT TO BUYER TO ENTER INTO THE TRANSACTIONS.

SECTION 17. Security. This Joinder and Amendment, and all obligations of the Joinder Party under the Repurchase Documents, are secured by all security documents delivered pursuant to the Repurchase Agreement.

SECTION 18. Inducement. The Joinder Party acknowledges that this Joinder and Amendment is being executed and delivered to Buyer to induce Buyer to enter into the Transactions and, but for this Joinder and Amendment, Buyer would not be willing to enter into such Transactions.

SECTION 19. Conditions Precedent. This Joinder and Amendment shall become effective on the date on which Buyer shall have received a legal opinion from counsel to the Sellers dated as of the date hereof addressed to Buyer and its successors and assigns as to (a) the enforceability of the Repurchase Agreement, as amended by this Joinder and Amendment, and (b) the Joinder Party's authority to execute, deliver and perform its obligations under the Repurchase Agreement, as amended by this Joinder and Amendment, in each case, in form and substance acceptable to Buyer in its reasonable discretion.

SECTION 20. Representations and Warranties. On and as of the date first above written, each of Sellers hereby represents and warrants to Buyer that (a) it is in compliance with all the terms and provisions set forth in the Repurchase Documents on its part to be observed or performed, (b) no Default or Event of Default under the Repurchase Agreement has occurred and is continuing, and (c) no Seller has any, and each hereby waives all, defenses, rights of setoff, claims, counterclaims or causes of action of any kind or description against the Buyer arising under or in respect of the Repurchase Agreement or any other Repurchase Document. Each Seller hereby confirms and reaffirms the representations and warranties contained in the Repurchase Agreement and all of the other Repurchase Documents (unless any such representation or warranty relates solely to an earlier date, then as of such earlier date).

SECTION 21. Binding Effect; No Partnership. The provisions of the Repurchase Documents and this Joinder and Amendment shall be binding upon and inure to the benefit of the parties hereto and their respective successors and permitted assigns. Nothing herein contained shall be deemed or construed to create a partnership or joint venture between any of the parties hereto.

SECTION 22. Further Agreements. Sellers and the Joinder Party each agree to execute and deliver such additional documents, instruments or agreements as may be reasonably requested by Buyer and as may be necessary or appropriate to effectuate the purposes of this Joinder and Amendment.

SECTION 23. Acknowledgement by Sellers and Joinder Party. Sellers and Joinder Party hereby agree to this Joinder and Amendment and all its terms and conditions. Sellers and Joinder Party shall perform and be bound by all obligations and covenants of the Joinder Party under this Joinder and Amendment. All such obligations and covenants shall also constitute obligations and covenants of Sellers and Joinder Party under the Repurchase Documents. Any breach or default by the Joinder Party under this Joinder and Amendment or any Repurchase Document shall constitute a breach or default by Sellers and Joinder Party under the Repurchase Documents.

SECTION 24. General Release. For good and valuable consideration, the receipt and sufficiency of which are hereby acknowledged, each Seller, for: (i) itself, (ii) any parent or Subsidiary thereof, and (iii) the respective partners, officers, directors, shareholders, successors and assigns of all of the foregoing persons and entities,

(a) reaffirms the Repurchase Agreement and the other Transaction Documents and acknowledges that the security interests granted to Buyer in the Repurchase Agreement (including, without limitation, the security interest granted to Buyer in the event that any court or other forum re-characterizes any Transaction under the Repurchase Agreement as a loan) are continuing and in full force and effect in favor of Buyer;

(b) acknowledges that (i) as of the date hereof, the aggregate Repurchase Price of all Purchased Assets is \$ [_____] and (ii) all amounts owing under the Repurchase Agreement and the other Transaction Documents shall be due and payable on the applicable date provided for therein;

(c) hereby releases and forever discharges Buyer and each of its subsidiaries, affiliates, its past, present and future officers, directors, agents, employees, partners, managers, shareholders, servants, attorneys and representatives, as well as their, successors, assigns, their respective heirs, legal representatives, legatees, predecessors-in-interest, successors and assigns, of and from any and all actions, claims, demands, damages, debts, suits, contracts, agreements, losses, liabilities, indebtedness, causes of action either at law or in equity, obligations of whatever kind or nature, accounts, defenses, and offsets against liabilities and obligations, whether known or unknown, direct or indirect, new or existing, by reason of any matter, cause or thing whatsoever occurring on or prior to the date hereof arising out of or relating to any matter or thing whatever, including without limitation, such claims and defenses as fraud, misrepresentation, breach of duty, mistake, duress, usury, claims pertaining to so-called "lender liability," and claims pertaining to creditor's rights, which such party ever had, now has, or might hereafter have against the other, jointly or severally, for or by reason of any matter, act, omission, cause or thing whatsoever occurring, on or prior to the date of this Joinder and Amendment, that is related to, in whole or in part, directly or indirectly, the Transactions, the Repurchase Agreement, the Transaction Documents and this Joinder and Amendment; and

(d) warrants, represents and acknowledges that it has no defenses to the payment of, nor any right to set off against, all or any of the JPMCF Repurchase Obligations set forth in the Transaction Documents, nor any counterclaims or other rights of action against Buyer of any kind whatsoever, including, without limitation, any right to contest any of the following: the enforceability, applicability or validity of any provisions of the Transaction Documents, Buyer's right to all proceeds of the Scheduled Assets, the existence, validity, enforceability, or perfection of any security interest or mortgage in favor of Buyer, the conduct of Buyer in administering the Transaction Documents and any legal fees and expenses incurred by the Buyer under the Repurchase Agreement, the other Transaction Documents or this Joinder and Amendment.

SECTION 25. Limited Effect. Except as expressly amended and modified by this Joinder and Amendment, the Repurchase Agreement shall continue to be, and shall remain, in full force and effect in accordance with its respective terms; provided, however, that upon the Amendment Effective Date, all references in the Repurchase Agreement to the "Transaction Documents" shall be deemed to include, in any event, this Joinder and Amendment. Each reference to Repurchase Agreement in any of the Transaction Documents shall be deemed to be a reference to the Repurchase Agreement as amended hereby.

SECTION 26. Override Provision. Notwithstanding any provision in the Repurchase Agreement to the contrary, which are hereby *pro tanto* superseded and modified or replaced *mutatis mutandis* to the extent of any inconsistency, the provisions in this Joinder and Amendment shall apply from and after the date hereof.

SECTION 27. Counterparts. This Joinder and Amendment may be executed by each of the parties hereto on any number of separate counterparts, each of which shall be an original and all of which taken together shall constitute one and the same instrument. Delivery of an executed counterpart of a signature page to this Joinder and Amendment in Portable Document Format (PDF) or by facsimile transmission shall be effective as delivery of a manually executed original counterpart thereof.

SECTION 28. GOVERNING LAW. THIS JOINDER AND AMENDMENT SHALL BE GOVERNED BY, AND CONSTRUED IN ACCORDANCE WITH, THE LAWS OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK.

[SIGNATURES FOLLOW]

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have caused this Joinder and Amendment to be duly executed and delivered as of the day and year first above written.

SELLERS:

CT LEGACY JPM SPV, LLC , a Delaware limited liability

By: /s/ Douglas Armer

Name: Douglas Armer

Title: Director

CT LEGACY CAYMAN, LTD. , an exempted company incorporated with limited liability under the laws of the Cayman Islands

By: /s/ Douglas Armer

Name: Douglas Armer

Title: Director

GUARANTOR :

CT LEGACY ASSET, LLC , a Delaware limited liability company

By: /s/ Douglas Armer

Name: Douglas Armer

Title: Director

[SIGNATURES CONTINUE ON FOLLOWING PAGE]

Signature Page to Joinder No. 1 and Amendment No. 1 to Master Repurchase Agreement

BUYER:

JPMORGAN CHASE FUNDING INC., a
Delaware corporation

By: /s/ Jonathan M. Smith

Name: Jonathan M. Smith

Title: Managing Director

[SIGNATURES CONTINUE ON FOLLOWING PAGE]

Signature Page to Joinder No. 1 and Amendment No. 1 to Master Repurchase Agreement

ACKNOWLEDGED AND AGREED TO
BY:

**CUSTODIAN AND SECURITIES
INTERMEDIARY :**

Each of Custodian and Securities Intermediary executes this Joinder and Amendment in its respective capacity as custodian or securities intermediary, as applicable, and for the limited purpose of recognizing Joinder Party as a party under the Custodial Agreement, as more specifically provided in this Joinder and Amendment.

U.S. BANK, NATIONAL ASSOCIATION, AS SUCCESSOR-IN-INTEREST TO BANK OF AMERICA, NATIONAL ASSOCIATION , not in its individual capacity but solely as Custodian

By:/s/ Jose A. Galarza

Name: Jose A. Galarza

Title: Vice President

U.S. BANK, NATIONAL ASSOCIATION, AS SUCCESSOR-IN-INTEREST TO BANK OF AMERICA, NATIONAL ASSOCIATION , not in its individual capacity but solely as Securities Intermediary

By:/s/ Jose A. Galarza

Name: Jose A. Galarza

Title: Vice President

[SIGNATURES CONTINUE ON FOLLOWING PAGE]

Signature Page to Joinder No. 1 and Amendment No. 1 to Master Repurchase Agreement

SERVICER:

Servicer executes this Joinder and Amendment in its capacity as servicer and for the limited purpose set forth in Sections 1 (c) and 6 hereof to recognize Joinder Party as a party under the Servicing Agreement, as more specifically provided in this Joinder and Amendment.

MIDLAND LOAN SERVICES, A DIVISION OF PNC BANK, NATIONAL ASSOCIATION , as successor by merger with Midland Loan Services, Inc., not in its individual capacity but solely as Servicer

By: /s/ Cynthia A. Bicknell

Name: Cynthia A. Bicknell
Title: Senior Vice President

[SIGNATURES CONTINUE ON FOLLOWING PAGE]

Signature Page to Joinder No. 1 and Amendment No. 1 to Master Repurchase Agreement

DEPOSITORY:

Depository executes this Joinder and Amendment solely in its capacity as depository and for the limited purposes set forth in Sections 1(d) and 7 hereof to recognize Joinder Party as a party under the Depository Agreement.

PNC BANK, NATIONAL ASSOCIATION, a national banking association, not in its individual capacity but solely as Depository

By: /s/ James Hasken

Name: James Hasken

Title: Vice President

[SIGNATURES CONTINUE ON FOLLOWING PAGE]

Signature Page to Joinder No. 1 and Amendment No. 1 to Master Repurchase Agreement

HEDGE COUNTERPARTY:

Hedge Counterparty executes this Joinder and Amendment in its capacity as hedge counterparty and for the limited purpose of recognizing Joinder Party as a party under the Master Agreement, as amended, as more specifically provided in this Joinder and Amendment.

JPMORGAN CHASE BANK, N.A. , not in its individual capacity but solely as Hedge Counterparty

By: /s/ Jonathan M. Strain

Name: Jonathan M. Strain

Title: Managing Director

Signature Page to Joinder No. 1 and Amendment No. 1 to Master Repurchase Agreement

Exhibit A

(Documents dated June 27, 2007 unless otherwise noted)

1. [***]
2. [***]
3. [***]
4. [***]
5. [***]
6. [***]
7. [***]
8. [***]
9. [***]

Signature Page to Joinder No. 1 and Amendment No. 1 to Master Repurchase Agreement

[***] Information has been omitted and filed separately with the Securities and Exchange Commission. Confidential treatment has been requested with respect to the omitted portions.

Schedule A

[*] Asset Documents**

(Documents dated June 27, 2007 unless otherwise noted)

1. [***]
2. [***]
3. [***]
4. [***]
5. [***]
6. [***]
7. [***]
8. [***]
9. [***]
10. [***]
11. [***]
12. [***]
13. [***]
14. [***]

Signature Page to Joinder No. 1 and Amendment No. 1 to Master Repurchase Agreement

[***] Information has been omitted and filed separately with the Securities and Exchange Commission. Confidential treatment has been requested with respect to the omitted portions.

15. [***]

16. [***]

17. [***]

(Documents below dated as of April 11, 2007 unless otherwise noted)

18. [***]

19. [***]

20. [***]

21. [***]

22. [***]

23. [***]

24. [***]

25. [***]

Signature Page to Joinder No. 1 and Amendment No. 1 to Master Repurchase Agreement

[***] Information has been omitted and filed separately with the Securities and Exchange Commission. Confidential treatment has been requested with respect to the omitted portions.

- 26. [***]
- 27. [***]
- 28. [***]
- 29. [***]
- 30. [***]
- 31. [***]
- 32. [***]
- 33. [***]

Signature Page to Joinder No. 1 and Amendment No. 1 to Master Repurchase Agreement

[***] Information has been omitted and filed separately with the Securities and Exchange Commission. Confidential treatment has been requested with respect to the omitted portions.

**AMENDMENT NO. 2 TO
AMENDED AND RESTATED MASTER REPURCHASE AGREEMENT**

AMENDMENT NO. 2 TO AMENDED AND RESTATED MASTER REPURCHASE AGREEMENT, dated as of February [], 2012 (this "Amendment"), by and among CT LEGACY CAYMAN, LTD., an exempted company incorporated with limited liability under the laws of the Cayman Islands and CT LEGACY JPM SPV, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company, as sellers (collectively, the "Sellers"), CT LEGACY ASSET, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company (the "Guarantor") and JPMORGAN CHASE FUNDING INC., as buyer ("Buyer").

RECITALS

WHEREAS, Sellers and Buyer have entered into that certain Amended and Restated Master Repurchase Agreement, dated as of March 31, 2011 as amended by that certain Joinder No. 1 and Amendment No. 1 to Amended and Restated Master Repurchase Agreement, dated as of September 30, 2011 (as may be further amended, restated, supplemented or otherwise modified and in effect from time to time, the "Repurchase Agreement"). Capitalized terms used but not otherwise defined herein shall have the meanings specified therefor in the Repurchase Agreement;

WHEREAS, Sellers and Buyer have agreed, subject to the terms and conditions hereof, that the Repurchase Agreement shall be amended as set forth in this Amendment.

NOW THEREFORE, in consideration of the premises and for other good and valuable consideration, the receipt of which is hereby acknowledged, Sellers and Buyer agree as follows:

SECTION 1. Amendments to Repurchase Agreement.

(a) Article 2 of the Repurchase Agreement is hereby modified by adding the following new defined term "JPMCB Purchased Assets":

"JPMCB Purchased Assets" shall have the meaning specified in Article 10(y) of this Agreement.

(b) Article 2 of the Repurchase Agreement is hereby modified by deleting clause (i) of the defined term "Applicable Spread" in its entirety and inserting the following in lieu thereof:

(i) with respect to each Purchased Asset and so long as no Event of Default shall have occurred and be continuing, the incremental *per annum* rate of five hundred fifty (550) basis points; *provided, however*, that (a) such incremental *per annum* rate shall be increased by fifty (50) basis points if, as of June 30, 2012, the aggregate Repurchase Price of all Purchased Assets plus the aggregate repurchase price of all JPMCB Purchased Assets exceeds an amount equal to \$90,000,000 and (b) such incremental *per annum* rate shall be increased by fifty (50) basis points if, as of December 31, 2012, the aggregate Repurchase Price of all Purchased Assets plus the aggregate repurchase price of all JPMCB Purchased Assets exceeds an amount equal to \$60,000,000; and

(c) Article 2 of the Repurchase Agreement is hereby modified by deleting the defined term "Facility Amount" in its entirety and inserting the following in lieu thereof:

"Facility Amount" shall mean, with respect to this Agreement and the JPMCB Agreement in the aggregate, \$[123,977,075].

(a) Section 3 of the Repurchase Agreement is hereby modified by deleting the first sentence of Section 3(f) and replacing it in its entirety with the following:

On the Termination Date (including any Early Repurchase Date) for any Transaction, termination of the Transaction will be effected by transfer to Seller or its agent of the Purchased Assets being repurchased and any Income in respect thereof received by Buyer (and not previously credited or transferred to, or applied to the obligations of, Seller pursuant to Article 4 of this Agreement) against the simultaneous transfer of the Repurchase Price to an account of Buyer. Buyer shall cooperate with Seller in good faith to execute any reasonably required revocations of Redirection Letters prepared by Seller with respect to such Purchased Assets, it being understood for the avoidance of doubt that Buyer shall not have any responsibility to prepare, deliver or otherwise administer any such revocations.

(b) Sections 9(l), (m) and (n) of the Repurchase Agreement are hereby modified by amended and restated in their entirety to read as follows:

(l) from and after December 31, 2012, and through and including June 29, 2013, permit the aggregate Repurchase Price of all Purchased Assets plus the aggregate repurchase price of all JPMCB Purchased Assets to exceed an amount equal to \$100,000,000;

(m) from and after June 30, 2013, and through and including December 30, 2013, permit the aggregate Repurchase Price of all Purchased Assets plus the aggregate repurchase price of all JPMCB Purchased Assets to exceed an amount equal to \$80,000,000;

(n) from and after December 31, 2013, and through and including December 14, 2014 (which is the day prior to the Maturity Date), permit the aggregate Repurchase Price of all Purchased Assets plus the aggregate repurchase price of all JPMCB Purchased Assets to exceed an amount equal to \$40,000,000;

(c) Article 10 of the Repurchase Agreement is hereby modified by inserting the following as new Sections 10(x) and (y):

(x) Seller shall provide written notice to Buyer within one (1) Business Day of the receipt of any capital contributions of any kind or binding commitments thereof.

(y) If at any time the Seller receives any capital contributions of any kind, it shall (within three (3) Business Days of receipt) (i) make a payment of some or all of such amount to Buyer to reduce the Repurchase Price of one or more Purchased Assets and/or the repurchase price of one or more purchased assets related to the JPMCF Repurchase Agreement (the “JPMCF Purchased Assets”) and/or (ii) deliver a certification to Buyer that Seller will use all of such received capital contribution not paid pursuant to clause (i) above either to (A) make protective advances with respect to one or more Purchased Assets and/or JPMCF Purchased Assets or (B) make capital contributions in respect of CNL Hotel JV, LLC. Payments made to Buyer pursuant to subparagraph (i) above shall be applied in the order of priority set forth in Article 4; provided, however, that the Buyer shall apply such payments to reduce the Repurchase Price of one or more Purchased Assets and/or the repurchase price of one or more JPMCF Purchased Assets in its sole and absolute discretion.

SECTION 2. Conditions Precedent. This Amendment shall become effective on the date (the “Amendment Effective Date”) on which (1) all the representations and warranties made by Sellers in this Amendment are true and correct and (2) Buyer shall have received:

(a) this Amendment, executed and delivered by a duly authorized officer of each of Sellers and Buyer; and

(b) for the account of Buyer, payment and reimbursement for all of Buyer’s corresponding costs and expenses incurred in connection with this Amendment, all prior amendments and modifications to the Repurchase Agreement, any other documents prepared in connection herewith and therewith and the transactions contemplated hereby and thereby.

SECTION 3. Representations and Warranties. On and as of the date first above written, each of the Sellers hereby represents and warrants to Buyer that (a) it is in compliance with all the terms and provisions set forth in the Repurchase Documents on its part to be observed or performed, (b) no Default or Event of Default under the Repurchase Agreement has occurred and is continuing, and (c) no Seller has any, and each hereby waives all, defenses, rights of setoff, claims, counterclaims or causes of action of any kind or description against the Buyer arising under or in respect of the Repurchase Agreement or any other Repurchase Document. Each Seller hereby confirms and reaffirms the representations and warranties contained in the Repurchase Agreement and all of the other Repurchase Documents (unless any such representation or warranty relates solely to an earlier date, then as of such earlier date).

SECTION 4. Binding Effect; No Partnership. The provisions of the Repurchase Documents and this Joinder and Amendment shall be binding upon and inure to the benefit of the parties hereto and their respective successors and permitted assigns. Nothing herein contained shall be deemed or construed to create a partnership or joint venture between any of the parties hereto.

SECTION 5. Limited Effect. Except as expressly amended and modified by this Amendment, the Repurchase Agreement shall continue to be, and shall remain, in full force and effect in accordance with its respective terms; provided, however, that upon the Amendment Effective Date, all references in the Repurchase Agreement to the “Transaction Documents” shall be deemed to include, in any event, this Amendment. Each reference to Repurchase Agreement in any of the Transaction Documents shall be deemed to be a reference to the Repurchase Agreement as amended hereby.

SECTION 6. Counterparts. This Amendment may be executed by each of the parties hereto on any number of separate counterparts, each of which shall be an original and all of which taken together shall constitute one and the same instrument. Delivery of an executed counterpart of a signature page to this Amendment in Portable Document Format (PDF) or by facsimile transmission shall be effective as delivery of a manually executed original counterpart thereof.

SECTION 7. GOVERNING LAW. THIS AMENDMENT SHALL BE GOVERNED BY, AND CONSTRUED IN ACCORDANCE WITH, THE LAWS OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK.

[SIGNATURES FOLLOW]

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have caused this Amendment to be duly executed and delivered as of the day and year first above written.

SELLERS:

CT LEGACY JPM SPV, LLC , a Delaware limited liability

By: /s/ Douglas Armer

Name: Douglas Armer

Title: Director

CT LEGACY CAYMAN, LTD. ,
an exempted company incorporated with limited liability under the laws of the Cayman Islands

By: /s/ Douglas Armer

Name: Douglas Armer

Title: Director

GUARANTOR :

CT LEGACY ASSET, LLC , a Delaware limited liability company

By: /s/ Douglas Armer

Name: Douglas Armer

Title: Director

Signature Page to Amendment No. 2 to JPMCF Amended and Restated Master Repurchase Agreement

JPMORGAN CHASE FUNDING INC.,
as Buyer

By: /s/ Kunal K. Singh

Name: Kunal K. Singh

Title: Vice President

Signature Page to Amendment No. 2 to JPMCF Amended and Restated Master Repurchase Agreement

Entity	Jurisdiction of Incorporation	D/B/A Jurisdiction
Bellevue C2 Holding, LLC	Delaware	
Capital Trust RE CDO 2004-1 Corp.	Delaware	
Capital Trust RE CDO 2004-1 Ltd.	Cayman Islands	
Capital Trust RE CDO 2005-1 Ltd.	Cayman Islands	
Capital Trust RE CDO Depositor	Delaware	
CNL Hotel JV, LLC	Delaware	
CT CDO III Corp.	Delaware	
CT CDO III Ltd.	Cayman Islands	
CT CDO IV Corp.	Delaware	
CT CDO IV Ltd.	Cayman Islands	
CT CDO IV, LLC	Delaware	
CT High Grade Mezzanine Manager, LLC	Delaware	
CT High Grade Partners II Manager, LLC	Delaware	
CT High Grade Partners II MM, LLC	Delaware	
CT Investment Management Co., LLC	Delaware	
CT Legacy Asset, LLC	Delaware	
CT Legacy Cayman, Ltd.	Cayman Islands	
CT Legacy Citi SPV, LLC	Delaware	
CT Legacy Holdings, LLC	Delaware	
CT Legacy JPM SPV, LLC (converted from CT BSI Funding Corp.)	Delaware	
CT Legacy Manager, LLC	Delaware	
CT Legacy MS SPV, LLC	Delaware	
CT Legacy REIT Holdings, LLC	Delaware	
CT Legacy REIT Mezz Borrower, Inc.	Delaware	
CT Legacy Series 1 Note Issuer, LLC	Delaware	
CT Legacy Series 2 Note Issuer, LLC	Delaware	
CT Large Loan Manager, LLC	Delaware	
CT OPI GP, LLC	Delaware	
CT OPI Investor, LLC	Delaware	
CT OPI Manager, LLC	Delaware	
CT Public Preferred Trust I	Maryland	
CT Public Preferred Trust II	Maryland	
CT Public Preferred Trust III	Maryland	
CT RE CDO 2004-1 Sub, LLC	Delaware	
CT RE CDO 2005-1 Corp.	Delaware	
CT RE CDO 2005-1 Sub, LLC	Delaware	
CT XLC Holding, LLC	Delaware	
CTIMCO Employee Sub, LLC	Delaware	
CTIMCO Operating Subsidiary, LLC	Delaware	

Consent of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

We consent to the incorporation by reference in the Registration Statements on Forms S-3 (Nos. 333-103662, 333-106970, 333-147954, and 333-151331) of Capital Trust, Inc. and Subsidiaries and in the related Prospectuses and on Forms S-8 (Nos. 333-39743, 333-72725, 333-120145, and 333-144929) pertaining to: (i) the Second Amended and Restated 1997 Long Term Incentive Stock Plan, Amended and Restated 1997 Non-Employee Director Stock Plan; (ii) the 1998 Employee Stock Purchase Plan, 1998 Non-Employee Stock Purchase Plan, and Stock Purchase Loan Plan; (iii) the Amended and Restated 2004 Long-Term Incentive Plan; and (iv) the Amended and Restated 2007 Long-Term Incentive Plan of Capital Trust, Inc. and Subsidiaries of our reports dated February 14, 2012, with respect to the consolidated financial statements and schedule of Capital Trust, Inc. and Subsidiaries, and the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting of Capital Trust, Inc. and Subsidiaries, included in this Annual Report (Form 10-K) for the year ended December 31, 2011.

/s/ Ernst & Young LLP

New York, New York
February 14, 2012

**CERTIFICATION
PURSUANT TO 17 CFR 240.13a-14
PROMULGATED UNDER
SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

I, Stephen D. Plavin, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this annual report on Form 10-K of Capital Trust, Inc.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and we have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: February 14, 21012

/s/ Stephen D. Plavin

Stephen D. Plavin
Chief Executive Officer

**CERTIFICATION
PURSUANT TO 17 CFR 240.13a-14
PROMULGATED UNDER
SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

I, Geoffrey G. Jervis, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this annual report on Form 10-K of Capital Trust, Inc.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and we have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: February 14, 21012

/s/ Geoffrey G. Jervis
Geoffrey G. Jervis
Chief Financial Officer

**CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO
18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350,
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO
SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

In connection with the Annual Report of Capital Trust, Inc. (the “Company”) on Form 10-K for the fiscal year December 31, 2011 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the “Report”), I, Stephen D. Plavin, Chief Executive Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

1. The Report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
2. The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

/s/ Stephen D. Plavin

Stephen D. Plavin
Chief Executive Officer
February 14, 2012

This certification accompanies each Report pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 and shall not, except to the extent required by the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, be deemed filed by the Company for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.

A signed original of this written statement required by Section 906 has been provided by the Company and will be retained by the Company and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.

**CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO
18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350,
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO
SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

In connection with the Annual Report of Capital Trust, Inc. (the “Company”) on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ending December 31, 2011 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the “Report”), I, Geoffrey G. Jervis, Chief Financial Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

1. The Report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
2. The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

/s/ Geoffrey G. Jervis

Geoffrey G. Jervis
Chief Financial Officer
February 14, 2012

This certification accompanies each Report pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 and shall not, except to the extent required by the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, be deemed filed by the Company for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.

A signed original of this written statement required by Section 906 has been provided by the Company and will be retained by the Company and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.